

1990

CENSUS OF  
POPULATION  
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SERIES CPH (3)

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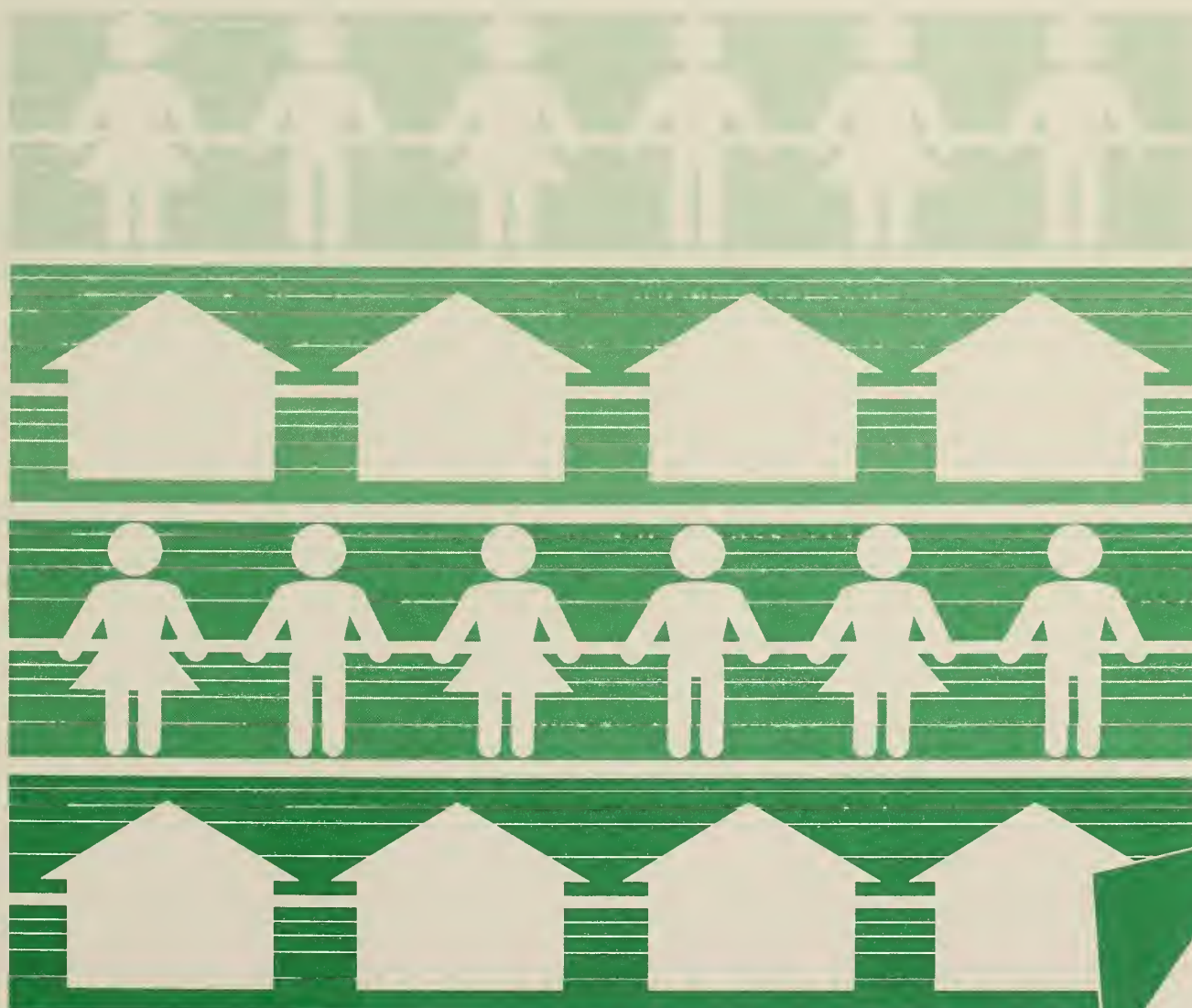
CENSUS '90



1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
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Characteristics for  
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# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Decennial Planning Division, **Susan M. Miskura**, Chief, coordinated and directed all census operations. **Patricia A. Berman**, Assistant Division Chief for Content and Data Products, directed the development and implementation of the 1990 Census Tabulation and Publication Program. Other assistant division chiefs were **Robert R. Bair**, **Rachel F. Brown**, **James L. Dinwiddie**, **Allan A. Stephenson**, and **Edwin B. Wagner, Jr.** The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Cheryl R. Landman**, **Adolfo L. Paez**, **A. Edward Pike**, and **William A. Starr**. Other important contributors were **Linda S. Brudvig**, **Cindy S. Easton**, **Avis L. Foote**, **Carolyn R. Hay**, **Douglas M. Lee**, **Gloria J. Porter**, and **A. Nishea Quash**.

The Decennial Operations Division, **Arnold A. Jackson**, Chief, was responsible for processing and tabulating census data. Assistant division chiefs were: **Donald R. Dalzell**, **Kenneth A. Riccini**, **Billy E. Stark**, and **James E. Steed**. Processing offices were managed by **Alfred Cruz, Jr.**, **Earle B. Knapp, Jr.**, **Judith N. Petty**, **Mark M. Taylor**, **Russell L. Valentine, Jr.**, **Carol A. Van Horn**, and **C. Kemble Worley**. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Jonathan G. Ankers**, **Sharron S. Baucom**, **Catharine W. Burt**, **Vickie L. Cotton**, **Robert J. Hemmig**, **George H. McLaughlin**, **Carol M. Miller**, **Lorraine D. Neece**, **Peggy S. Payne**, **William L. Peil**, **Cotty A. Smith**, **Dennis W. Stoudt**, and **Richard R. Warren**. Other important contributors were **Eleanor I. Banks**, **Miriam R. Barton**, **Danny L. Burkhead**, **J. Kenneth Butler, Jr.**, **Albert A. Csellar**, **Donald H. Danbury**, **Judith A. Dawson**, **Donald R. Dwyer**, **Beverly B. Fransen**, **Katherine H. Gilbert**, **Lynn A. Hollabaugh**, **Ellen B. Katzoff**, **Randy M. Klear**, **Norman W. Larsen**, **Peter J. Long**, **Sue Love**, **Patricia O. Madson**, **Mark J. Matsko**, **John R. Murphy**, **Dan E. Philipp**, **Eugene M. Rashlich**, **Willie T. Robertson**, **Barbara A. Rosen**, **Sharon A. Schoch**, **Imelda B. Severdia**, **Diane J. Simmons**, **Emmett F. Spiers**, **Johanne M. Stovall**, **M. Lisa Sylla**, and **Jess D. Thompson**.

The Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division, **Daniel H. Weinberg**, Chief, developed the questionnaire content, designed the data tabulations, and reviewed the data for the economic and housing characteristics. **Gordon W. Green, Jr.**, Assistant Division Chief for Economic Characteristics, and **Leonard J. Norry**, Assistant Division Chief for Housing Characteristics, directed the development of this work. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **William A. Downs**, **Peter J. Fronczek**, **Patricia A. Johnson**, **Enrique J. Lamas**, **Charles T. Nelson**, and **Thomas S. Scopp**. Other important contributors were **Eleanor F. Baugher**, **Jeanne C. Benetti**, **Robert L. Bennefield**, **Robert W. Bonnette**, **William S. Chapin**, **Higinio Feliciano**, **Timothy S. Grall**, **Cynthia J. Harpine**, **Selwyn Jones**, **Mary C. Kirk**, **Richard G. Kreinsen**, **Gordon H. Lester**, **Mark S. Littman**, **Wilfred T. Masumura**, **John M. McNeil**, **Diane C. Murphy**, **George F. Patterson**, **Thomas J. Palumbo**, **Kirby G. Posey**, **John Priebe**, **Anne D. Smoler**, and **Carmina F. Young**.

The Population Division, **Paula J. Schneider**, Chief, developed the questionnaire content, designed the data tabulations, and reviewed the data for the demographic and social characteristics of the population. **Philip N. Fulton**, Assistant Division Chief for Census Programs, directed the development of this work. Other assistant division chiefs were **Nampeo R. McKenney** and **Arthur J. Norton**. The following branch and staff chiefs made significant contributions: **Jorge H. del Pinal**, **Campbell J. Gibson**, **Roderick J. Harrison**, **Donald J. Hernandez**, **Jane H. Ingold**, **Martin T. O'Connell**, **Marie Pees**, **J. Gregory Robinson**, **Phillip A. Salopek**, **Paul M. Siegel**, **Robert C. Speaker**, **Gregory K. Spencer**, and **Cynthia M. Taeuber**. Other important contributors were **Celia G. Boertlein**, **Rosalind R. Bruno**, **Janice A. Costanzo**, **Rosemarie C. Cowan**, **Arthur R. Cresce**, **Larry G. Curran**, **Carmen DeNavas**, **Robert O. Grymes**, **Kristin A. Hansen**, **Mary C. Hawkins**, **Rodger V. Johnson**, **Michael J. Levin**, **Edna L. Paisano**, **Sherry B. Pollock**, **Stanley J. Rolark**, **A. Dianne Schmidley**, **Denise I. Smith**, and **Nancy L. Sweet**.

The Data User Services Division, **Gerard C. Iannelli**, then Chief, directed the development of data product dissemination and information to increase awareness, understanding, and use of census data. **Marie G. Argana**, Assistant Chief for Data User Services, directed preparation of electronic data products and their dissemination. **Alfonso E. Mirabal**, Assistant Chief for Group Information and Advisory Services, directed activities related to the National Services Program, State Data Centers, and preparation of training materials. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Deborah D. Barrett**, **Frederick G. Bohme**, **Larry W.**

**Carbaugh**, **James P. Curry**, **Samuel H. Johnson**, **John C. Kavalunas**, and **Forrest B. Williams**. Other important contributors were **Molly Abramowitz**, **Celestin J. Aguigui**, **Barbara J. Aldrich**, **Delores A. Baldwin**, **Albert R. Barros**, **Geneva A. Burns**, **Carmen D. Campbell**, **James R. Clark**, **Virginia L. Collins**, **George H. Dailey, Jr.**, **Barbara L. Hatchl**, **Theresa C. Johnson**, **Paul T. Manka**, **John D. McCall**, **Jo Ann Norris**, **David M. Pemberton**, **Sarabeth Rodriguez**, **Charles J. Wade**, **Joyce J. Ware**, and **Gary M. Young**.

The Geography Division, **Robert W. Marx**, Chief, directed and coordinated the census mapping and geographic activities. **Jack R. George**, Assistant Division Chief for Geoprocessing, directed the planning and development of the TIGER System and related software. **Robert A. LaMacchia**, Assistant Division Chief for Planning, directed the planning and implementation of processes for defining 1990 census geographic areas. **Silla G. Tomasi**, Assistant Division Chief for Operations, managed the planning and implementation of 1990 census mapping applications using the TIGER System. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Frederick R. Broome**, **Charles E. Dingman**, **Linda M. Franz**, **David E. Galdi**, **Dan N. Harding**, **Donald I. Hirschfeld**, **David B. Meixler**, **Peter Ronsonen**, **Joel Sobel**, **Brian Swanhart**, and **Richard Trois**. Other important contributors were **Gerard Boudriault**, **Desmond J. Carron**, **Anthony W. Costanzo**, **Paul W. Daisey**, **Beverly A. Davis**, **Carl S. Hantman**, **Christine J. Kinnear**, **Terence D. McDowell**, **Linda M. Pike**, **Rose J. A. Quarato**, **Lourdes Ramirez**, **Gavin H. Shaw**, **Daniel L. Sweeney**, **Timothy F. Trainor**, **Phyllis S. Willette**, and **Walter E. Yergen**.

The Statistical Support Division, **John H. Thompson**, Chief, directed the application of mathematical statistical techniques in the design and conduct of the census. **John S. Linebarger**, Assistant Division Chief for Quality Assurance, directed the development and implementation of operational and software quality assurance. **Henry F. Woltman**, Assistant Division Chief for Census Design, directed the development and implementation of sample design, disclosure avoidance, weighting, and variance estimation. **Howard Hogan** and **David V. Bateman** were contributing assistant division chiefs. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Florence H. Abramson**, **Deborah H. Griffin**, **Richard A. Griffin**, **Lawrence I. Iskow**, and **Michael L. Mersch**. Other important contributors were **Linda A. Flores-Baez**, **Larry M. Bates**, **Somonica L. Green**, **James E. Hartman**, **Steven D. Jarvis**, **Alfredo Navarro**, **Eric L. Schindler**, **Carolyn T. Swan**, and **Glenn D. White**.

The 1990 Census Redistricting Data Office, **Marshall L. Turner, Jr.**, Chief, assisted by **Cathy L. Talbert**, directed the development and implementation of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program.

The Administrative and Publications Services Division, **Walter C. Odom**, Chief, provided direction for the census administrative services, publications, printing, and graphics functions. **Michael G. Garland** was a contributing assistant division chief. The following branch and staff chiefs made significant contributions: **Bernard E. Baymler**, **Albert W. Cosner**, **Gary J. Laufer**, **Gerald A. Mann**, **Clement B. Nettles**, **Russell Price**, and **Barbara J. Stanard**. Other important contributors were **Barbara M. Abbott**, **Robert J. Brown**, **David M. Coontz**, and **John T. Overby**.

The Data Preparation Division, **Joseph S. Harris**, Chief, provided management of a multi-operational facility including kit preparation, procurement, warehousing and supply, and census processing activities. **Plummer Alston, Jr.**, and **Patricia M. Clark** were assistant division chiefs.

The Field Division, **Stanley D. Matchett**, Chief, directed the census data collection and associated field operations. **Richard L. Bitzer**, **Richard F. Blass**, **Karl K. Kindel**, and **John W. Marshall** were assistant division chiefs. Regional office directors were **William F. Adams**, **John E. Bell**, **LaVerne Collins**, **Dwight P. Dean**, **Arthur G. Dukakis**, **Sheila H. Grimm**, **William F. Hill**, **James F. Holmes**, **Stanley D. Moore**, **Marvin L. Postma**, **John E. Reeder**, and **Leo C. Schilling**.

The Personnel Division, **David P. Warner**, Chief, provided management direction and guidance to the staffing, planning pay systems, and employee relations programs for the census. **Colleen A. Woodard** was the assistant chief.

The Technical Services Division, **C. Thomas DiNenna**, Chief, designed, developed, deployed, and produced automated technology for census data processing.

1990 CPH-3-166

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**1990 Census of  
Population and Housing  
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Characteristics for  
Census Tracts and Block  
Numbering Areas  
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Issued April 1993



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Jeffrey Mayer, Acting Under Secretary  
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## INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

## HOW TO FIND RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN DETAIL AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, the subjects shown in this report by race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for specific race groups or persons of Hispanic origin. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

### TABLE FINDING GUIDE

#### Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B.]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	8	7
Ancestry .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Class of worker .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Count adjustment .....	1	2	3	4	5	8	7
Disability .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children .....	1	2	3	4	5	8	7
Fertility .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin .....	8, 18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Household type and relationship .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Journey to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons) .....	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Urban, rural, and farm residence (housing units) .....	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacancy characteristics .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

... Not applicable for this report.



## Parts of a Statistical Table

The *heading* consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table. In some tables showing racial and Hispanic origin groups, the headnote includes information that data are presented only when certain population-size criteria (thresholds) are met. (For more information on thresholds, see the “User Notes” section.)

The *boxhead* is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a spanner appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

In the stub, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a sidehead. The sidehead, similar to a spanner, describes and classifies the stub entries following it. The use of indentation in a stub indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total. The unit of measure, such as dollars, is shown when it is not clear from the general wording of the data line.

The *data field* is that part of the table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the boxhead to the bottom of the table and from the right of the stub to the right-hand edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in appendix A. Subject-matter terms are defined in appendix B.

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A dash “-” represents zero, a figure that rounds to less than 0.1, or a percent that rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots “...” mean not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.
- The prefix “r” indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger “†” next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a State is shown in the “User Notes” section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing*

[illegible]



*Unit Counts* report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

## CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY TABLES

A listing of all the census tract reports in this series and information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1980 and 1990 for the area covered in this report appear on page IV-1, directly before the statistical tables.

The census tract comparability table shows the 1980 components of 1990 census tracts and 1990 components of 1980 census tracts, as relevant, for: (1) 1980 census tracts that were split into two or more 1990 census tracts; (2) 1980 census tracts that were combined into new 1990 census tracts; (3) 1980 census tracts in areas with new

numbering systems for 1990; and (4) those census tracts with boundary changes between 1980 and 1990 that affected 2.5 percent or more of the population of the census tract.

A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if: (1) no change occurred between 1980 and 1990; (2) boundary revisions affected fewer than 2.5 percent of the persons and that was the only change that occurred to that census tract; (3) the area has block numbering areas for 1990; or (4) an area where census tracts were defined for the first time in 1990.

## USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. They present information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

## CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

**Appendix A**—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

**Appendix D**—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

**Appendix E**—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.





# TABLE FINDING GUIDE

## Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. Tables 1 through 15 show 100-percent characteristics. Tables 16 through 45 show sample characteristics. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry .....	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Count adjustment .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Disability .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin .....	8, 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons) .....	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vacancy characteristics .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
<b>LAND AREA</b> .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.



# USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division  
Customer Services  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233  
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

Population Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

## ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

### GENERAL

#### User Note 1

**Age Reporting**—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

#### User Note 2

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

#### User Note 3

This report series (CPH-3) includes 100-percent and sample data for population and housing characteristics. Tables 1 through 8 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data and tables 9 through 15 show 100-percent housing data. Tables 16 through 31 show sample data on social and economic characteristics and tables 32 through 45 show sample housing data.

#### User Note 4

Persons or householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. References indicating this information were inadvertently omitted from some tables in this report series.

#### User Note 5

Electrostatic-plotter copies of Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps are no longer sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. Printed copies of maps are obtainable through the Superintendent of Documents. The availability of selected products and information on certain services described in appendix F of this report series has changed. For current information about various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; reference materials; and sources of assistance, see appendix F in the 1990 CP-2 or CH-2 report series.

#### User Note 6

The data shown in selected products for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in



data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

## User Note 7

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

## User Note 8

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused



by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

User Note 9

**Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds**—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the

White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following figure shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the “Other race” population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the “Other race” population below the State level.

User Note 10

**Thresholds in CPH-3**—For this report series, the threshold and complementary threshold of 400 persons used to present characteristics for racial and Hispanic origin groups are applied separately for 100-percent and sample data. Therefore, the geographic coverage may differ between tables showing 100-percent data and tables showing sample data.

Figure. Example of Threshold and Complementary Threshold

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, <i>and</i> there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	100	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (or any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.





# LIST OF CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1	United States	56	Not Assigned		<b>Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY CMSA:</b>
2	Alabama	57	Not Assigned	100A	Buffalo, NY PMSA
3	Alaska	58	Abilene, TX MSA	100B	Niagara Falls, NY PMSA
4	Arizona	59	Aguadilla, PR MSA		
5	Arkansas	60	Albany, GA MSA	101	Burlington, NC MSA
6	California			102	Burlington, VT MSA
7	Colorado	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY MSA	103	Canton, OH MSA
8	Connecticut	62	Albuquerque, NM MSA	104	Casper, WY MSA
9	Delaware	63	Alexandria, LA MSA	105	Cedar Rapids, IA MSA
10	Not Assigned	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ MSA		
11	Florida	65	Altoona, PA MSA	106	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA
12	Georgia			107	Charleston, SC MSA
13	Hawaii	66	Amarillo, TX MSA	108	Charleston, WV MSA
14	Idaho	67	Anchorage, AK MSA	109	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA
15	Illinois	68	Anderson, IN MSA	110	Charlottesville, VA MSA
16	Indiana	69	Anderson, SC MSA	111	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA
17	Iowa	70	Anniston, AL MSA	112	Cheyenne, WY MSA
18	Kansas				<b>Chicago-Gary-Lake County, IL-IN-WI CMSA:</b>
19	Kentucky	71	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI MSA		
20	Louisiana	72	Arecibo, PR MSA	113A	Aurora-Elgin, IL PMSA
		73	Asheville, NC MSA	113B	Chicago, IL PMSA
21	Maine	74	Athens, GA MSA	113C	Gary-Hammond, IN PMSA
22	Maryland	75	Atlanta, GA MSA	113D	Joliet, IL PMSA
23	Massachusetts			113E	Kenosha, WI PMSA
24	Michigan	76	Atlantic City, NJ MSA	113F	Lake County, IL PMSA
25	Minnesota	77	Augusta, GA-SC MSA		
26	Mississippi	78	Austin, TX MSA	114	Chico, CA MSA
27	Missouri	79	Bakersfield, CA MSA		
28	Montana	80	Baltimore, MD MSA		<b>Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA:</b>
29	Nebraska			115A	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA
30	Nevada	81	Bangor, ME MSA	115B	Hamilton-Middletown, OH PMSA
31	New Hampshire	82	Baton Rouge, LA MSA		
32	Not Assigned	83	Battle Creek, MI MSA		
33	New Mexico	84	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX MSA	116	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA
34	New York	85	Bellingham, WA MSA		
35	North Carolina				<b>Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH CMSA:</b>
36	North Dakota	86	Benton Harbor, MI MSA		
37	Ohio	87	Billings, MT MSA	117A	Akron, OH PMSA
38	Oklahoma	88	Biloxi-Gulfport, MS MSA	117B	Cleveland, OH PMSA
39	Oregon	89	Binghamton, NY MSA	117C	Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA
40	Pennsylvania	90	Birmingham, AL MSA		
41	Rhode Island	91	Bismarck, ND MSA	118	Colorado Springs, CO MSA
42	South Carolina	92	Bloomington, IN MSA	119	Columbia, MO MSA
43	South Dakota	93	Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	120	Columbia, SC MSA
44	Tennessee	94	Boise City, ID MSA	121	Columbus, GA-AL MSA
45	Texas		<b>Boston-Lawrence-Salem, MA-NH CMSA:</b>	122	Columbus, OH MSA
		95A	Boston, MA PMSA	123	Corpus Christi, TX MSA
46	Utah	95B	Brockton, MA PMSA	124	Cumberland, MD-WV MSA
47	Vermont	95C	Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH PMSA		
48	Virginia			<b>Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA:</b>	
49	Washington	95D	Lowell, MA-NH PMSA	125A	Dallas, TX PMSA
50	West Virginia	95E	Nashua, NH PMSA	125B	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA
		95F	Salem-Gloucester, MA PMSA		
51	Wisconsin			126	Danville, VA MSA
52	Wyoming	96	Bradenton, FL MSA	127	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, IA-IL MSA
53	Puerto Rico	97	Bremerton, WA MSA	128	Dayton-Springfield, OH MSA
54	Not Assigned	98	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA	129	Daytona Beach, FL MSA
55	Virgin Islands	99	Bryan-College Station, TX MSA	130	Decatur, AL MSA
				131	Decatur, IL MSA



Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Denver-Boulder, CO CMSA:</b>	179	Indianapolis, IN MSA	230	Midland, TX MSA
132A	Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	180	Iowa City, IA MSA		<b>Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA:</b>
132B	Denver, CO PMSA	181	Jackson, MI MSA		Milwaukee, WI PMSA
133	Des Moines, IA MSA	182	Jackson, MS MSA	231A	Racine, WI PMSA
	<b>Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI CMSA:</b>	183	Jackson, TN MSA		
134A	Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	184	Jacksonville, FL MSA	232	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA
134B	Detroit, MI PMSA	185	Jacksonville, NC MSA	233	Mobile, AL MSA
135	Dothan, AL MSA	186	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NY MSA	234	Modesto, CA MSA
136	Dubuque, IA MSA	187	Janesville-Beloit, WI MSA	235	Monroe, LA MSA
137	Duluth, MN-WI MSA	188	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA	236	Montgomery, AL MSA
138	Eau Claire, WI MSA	189	Johnstown, PA MSA	237	Muncie, IN MSA
139	El Paso, TX MSA	190	Joplin, MO MSA	238	Muskegon, MI MSA
140	Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA	191	Kalamazoo, MI MSA	239	Naples, FL MSA
141	Elmira, NY MSA	192	Kankakee, IL MSA	240	Nashville, TN MSA
142	Enid, OK MSA	193	Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	241	New Bedford, MA MSA
143	Erie, PA MSA	194	Killeen-Temple, TX MSA	242	New Haven-Meriden, CT MSA
144	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA	195	Knoxville, TN MSA	243	New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA
145	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	196	Kokomo, IN MSA	244	New Orleans, LA MSA
146	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA	197	La Crosse, WI MSA		<b>New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT CMSA:</b>
147	Fayetteville, NC MSA	198	Lafayette, LA MSA	245A	Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA
148	Fayetteville-Springdale, AR MSA	199	Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN MSA	245B	Bridgeport-Milford, CT PMSA
149	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	200	Lake Charles, LA MSA	245C	Danbury, CT PMSA
150	Flint, MI MSA	201	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL MSA	245D	Jersey City, NJ PMSA
151	Florence, AL MSA	202	Lancaster, PA MSA	245E	Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ PMSA
152	Florence, SC MSA	203	Lansing-East Lansing, MI MSA	245F	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA
153	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	204	Laredo, TX MSA	245G	Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA
154	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL MSA	205	Las Cruces, NM MSA	245H	New York, NY PMSA
155	Fort Pierce, FL MSA	206	Las Vegas, NV MSA	245I	Newark, NJ PMSA
156	Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA	207	Lawrence, KS MSA	245J	Norwalk, CT PMSA
157	Fort Walton Beach, FL MSA	208	Lawton, OK MSA	245K	Orange County, NY PMSA
158	Fort Wayne, IN MSA	209	Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	245L	Stamford, CT PMSA
159	Fresno, CA MSA	210	Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	246	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA MSA
160	Gadsden, AL MSA	211	Lima, OH MSA	247	Ocala, FL MSA
161	Gainesville, FL MSA	212	Lincoln, NE MSA	248	Odessa, TX MSA
162	Glens Falls, NY MSA	213	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR MSA	249	Oklahoma City, OK MSA
163	Grand Forks, ND MSA	214	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	250	Olympia, WA MSA
164	Grand Rapids, MI MSA		<b>Los Angeles-Anaheim-Riverside, CA CMSA:</b>	251	Omaha, NE-IA MSA
165	Great Falls, MT MSA	215A	Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA PMSA	252	Orlando, FL MSA
166	Greeley, CO MSA	215B	Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA	253	Owensboro, KY MSA
167	Green Bay, WI MSA	215C	Oxnard-Ventura, CA PMSA	254	Panama City, FL MSA
168	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC MSA	215D	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA	255	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH MSA
169	Greenville-Spartanburg, SC MSA	216	Louisville, KY-IN MSA	256	Pascagoula, MS MSA
170	Hagerstown, MD MSA	217	Lubbock, TX MSA	257	Pensacola, FL MSA
171	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA MSA	218	Lynchburg, VA MSA	258	Peoria, IL MSA
	<b>Hartford-New Britain-Middletown, CT CMSA:</b>	219	Macon-Warner Robins, GA MSA		<b>Philadelphia-Wilmington-Trenton, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA:</b>
172A	Bristol, CT PMSA	220	Madison, WI MSA	259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
172B	Hartford, CT PMSA	221	Manchester, NH MSA	259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
172C	Middletown, CT PMSA	222	Mansfield, OH MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA
172D	New Britain, CT PMSA	223	Mayagüez, PR MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
173	Hickory-Morganton, NC MSA	224	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA	260	Phoenix, AZ MSA
174	Honolulu, HI MSA	225	Medford, OR MSA	261	Pine Bluff, AR MSA
175	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	226	Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL MSA		<b>Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA CMSA:</b>
	<b>Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA:</b>	227	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA	262A	Beaver County, PA PMSA
176A	Brazoria, TX PMSA	228	Merced, CA MSA	262B	Pittsburgh, PA PMSA
176B	Galveston-Texas City, TX PMSA		<b>Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA:</b>	263	Pittsfield, MA MSA
176C	Houston, TX PMSA	229A	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL PMSA	264	Ponce, PR MSA
177	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA	229B	Miami-Hialeah, FL PMSA	265	Portland, ME MSA
178	Huntsville, AL MSA				

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA CMSA:</b>	292	San Antonio, TX MSA	315	Stockton, CA MSA
266A	Portland, OR PMSA	293	San Diego, CA MSA	316	Syracuse, NY MSA
266B	Vancouver, WA PMSA		<b>San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA:</b>	317	Tallahassee, FL MSA
		294A	Oakland, CA PMSA	318	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA
267	Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME MSA	294B	San Francisco, CA PMSA	319	Terre Haute, IN MSA
268	Poughkeepsie, NY MSA	294C	San Jose, CA PMSA	320	Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR MSA
	<b>Providence-Pawtucket-Fall River, RI-MA CMSA:</b>	294D	Santa Cruz, CA PMSA	321	Toledo, OH MSA
269A	Fall River, MA-RI PMSA	294E	Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA PMSA		
269B	Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro, RI-MA PMSA	294F	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA PMSA	322	Topeka, KS MSA
269C	Providence, RI PMSA		<b>San Juan-Caguas, PR CMSA:</b>	323	Tucson, AZ MSA
		295A	Caguas, PR PMSA	324	Tulsa, OK MSA
270	Provo-Orem, UT MSA	295B	San Juan, PR PMSA	325	Tuscaloosa, AL MSA
271	Pueblo, CO MSA			326	Tyler, TX MSA
272	Raleigh-Durham, NC MSA	296	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA MSA	327	Utica-Rome, NY MSA
273	Rapid City, SD MSA	297	Santa Fe, NM MSA		
274	Reading, PA MSA	298	Sarasota, FL MSA	328	Victoria, TX MSA
		299	Savannah, GA MSA	329	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA MSA
275	Redding, CA MSA	300	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA MSA	330	Waco, TX MSA
276	Reno, NV MSA		<b>Seattle-Tacoma, WA CMSA:</b>	331	Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA
277	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA MSA	301A	Seattle, WA PMSA	332	Waterbury, CT MSA
278	Richmond-Petersburg, VA MSA	301B	Tacoma, WA PMSA		
279	Roanoke, VA MSA			333	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA MSA
		302	Sharon, PA MSA	334	Wausau, WI MSA
280	Rochester, MN MSA	303	Sheboygan, WI MSA	335	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL MSA
281	Rochester, NY MSA	304	Sherman-Denison, TX MSA	336	Wheeling, WV-OH MSA
282	Rockford, IL MSA	305	Shreveport, LA MSA	337	Wichita, KS MSA
283	Sacramento, CA MSA	306	Sioux City, IA-NE MSA		
284	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI MSA			338	Wichita Falls, TX MSA
		307	Sioux Falls, SD MSA	339	Williamsport, PA MSA
285	St. Cloud, MN MSA	308	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN MSA	340	Wilmington, NC MSA
286	St. Joseph, MO MSA	309	Spokane, WA MSA	341	Worcester, MA MSA
287	St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	310	Springfield, IL MSA	342	Yakima, WA MSA
288	Salem, OR MSA	311	Springfield, MO MSA		
289	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA MSA	312	Springfield, MA MSA	343	York, PA MSA
		313	State College, PA MSA	344	Youngstown-Warren, OH MSA
290	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA	314	Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV MSA	345	Yuba City, CA MSA
291	San Angelo, TX MSA			346	Yuma, AZ MSA



# Table A. Census Tract Comparability: 1990 to 1980

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1990 tract	1980 tract
<b>WELD COUNTY, CO</b>	
16 -----	16
	17 (pt.)
	25.01 (pt.)
	25.02 (pt.)
17 -----	17 (pt.)
19.01 -----	19.01 (pt.)
19.02 -----	19.01 (pt.)
	19.02
25.01 -----	25.01 (pt.)
25.02 -----	25.02 (pt.)

Table B. **Census Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1990**

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1980 tract	1990 tract
WELD COUNTY, CO	
16 -----	16 (pt.)
17 -----	16 (pt.)
	17
19.01 -----	19.01
	19.02 (pt.)
19.02 -----	19.02 (pt.)
25.01 -----	16 (pt.)
	25.01
25.02 -----	16 (pt.)
	25.02





**Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County			
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers -----	10 341.3	10 341.3	.9	2.9	73.6	1.5	4.7	3.4	92.8	1.9
Square miles -----	3 992.8	3 992.8	.3	1.1	28.4	.6	1.8	1.3	35.8	.7
AGE										
All persons -----	131 821	131 821	17	4	60 536	-	1 023	1 570	3 933	2 761
Under 5 years -----	10 389	10 389	-	-	4 515	-	101	174	434	163
5 to 9 years -----	11 009	11 009	-	-	4 448	-	123	124	351	120
10 to 14 years -----	10 119	10 119	1	-	3 887	-	101	133	296	92
15 to 19 years -----	10 945	10 945	3	-	5 691	-	100	115	260	198
20 to 24 years -----	11 943	11 943	2	-	7 817	-	109	157	312	698
25 to 34 years -----	21 649	21 649	-	1	9 752	-	159	272	675	475
35 to 44 years -----	20 180	20 180	3	1	8 606	-	140	207	577	241
45 to 54 years -----	12 614	12 614	4	1	5 036	-	65	112	378	122
55 to 64 years -----	9 519	9 519	2	1	4 019	-	65	96	307	104
65 to 74 years -----	7 518	7 518	-	-	3 535	-	39	92	220	136
75 to 84 years -----	4 496	4 496	1	-	2 301	-	19	75	108	210
85 years and aver -----	1 440	1 440	1	-	929	-	2	13	15	202
3 and 4 years -----	4 298	4 298	-	-	1 871	-	36	62	176	57
16 years and aver -----	98 429	98 429	16	4	46 983	-	689	1 116	2 798	2 371
18 years and aver -----	94 808	94 808	15	4	45 583	-	636	1 072	2 696	2 337
21 years and aver -----	86 406	86 406	11	4	39 920	-	576	986	2 532	2 008
60 years and over -----	18 016	18 016	2	1	8 727	-	89	221	484	600
62 years and over -----	16 128	16 128	2	-	7 933	-	71	205	426	580
Median -----	30.5	30.5	42.5	45.0	28.9	-	24.3	27.8	29.3	26.6
Female -----	66 732	66 732	8	2	31 180	-	457	742	1 995	1 406
Under 5 years -----	5 094	5 094	-	-	2 180	-	51	82	239	72
5 to 9 years -----	5 366	5 366	-	-	2 207	-	53	53	183	58
10 to 14 years -----	4 909	4 909	1	-	1 874	-	47	62	132	40
15 to 19 years -----	5 583	5 583	2	-	3 033	-	49	49	126	93
20 to 24 years -----	6 013	6 013	-	-	3 937	-	44	73	164	326
25 to 34 years -----	10 863	10 863	-	1	4 813	-	63	123	349	197
35 to 44 years -----	9 969	9 969	1	-	4 293	-	56	90	293	97
45 to 54 years -----	6 292	6 292	3	1	2 576	-	30	55	182	67
55 to 64 years -----	4 869	4 869	-	-	2 168	-	31	54	158	55
65 to 74 years -----	4 124	4 124	-	-	2 012	-	23	50	108	87
75 to 84 years -----	2 684	2 684	1	-	1 424	-	9	42	54	155
85 years and over -----	966	966	-	-	663	-	1	9	7	159
3 and 4 years -----	2 128	2 128	-	-	912	-	18	29	101	23
16 years and over -----	50 485	50 485	7	2	24 581	-	303	534	1 413	1 231
18 years and over -----	48 701	48 701	6	2	23 894	-	271	516	1 370	1 217
21 years and over -----	44 235	44 235	5	2	20 776	-	244	482	1 283	1 057
60 years and over -----	10 125	10 125	1	-	5 176	-	47	127	239	431
62 years and over -----	9 157	9 157	1	-	4 756	-	38	117	212	420
Median -----	31.1	31.1	44.5	38.0	29.9	-	23.1	28.8	29.0	29.5
Male -----	65 089	65 089	9	2	29 356	-	566	828	1 938	1 355
Median age -----	29.9	29.9	42.5	51.5	28.0	-	24.6	27.3	29.7	24.9
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons -----	131 821	131 821	17	4	60 536	-	1 023	1 570	3 933	2 761
In households -----	127 661	127 661	17	4	56 728	-	989	1 570	3 865	2 482
Householder -----	47 470	47 470	6	2	22 647	-	273	561	1 402	1 124
Family householder -----	33 763	33 763	6	2	14 350	-	216	381	1 064	466
Nonfamily householder -----	13 707	13 707	-	-	8 297	-	57	180	338	658
Living alone -----	10 564	10 564	-	-	6 107	-	44	152	270	402
Spouse -----	27 792	27 792	5	2	11 351	-	149	261	810	323
Child -----	41 668	41 668	3	-	16 806	-	403	545	1 374	451
Other relatives -----	4 344	4 344	2	-	1 818	-	113	110	101	81
Nonrelatives -----	6 387	6 387	1	-	4 106	-	51	93	178	503
Institutionalized persons -----	1 162	1 162	-	-	902	-	-	-	56	257
Other persons in group quarters -----	2 998	2 998	-	-	2 906	-	34	-	12	22
Persons per household -----	2.69	2.69	2.83	2.00	2.50	-	3.62	2.80	2.76	2.21
Persons per family -----	3.19	3.19	2.67	2.00	3.09	-	4.08	3.40	3.15	2.83
Persons 65 years and over -----	13 454	13 454	2	-	6 765	-	60	180	343	548
In households -----	12 760	12 760	2	-	6 174	-	60	180	337	311
Householder -----	8 668	8 668	1	-	4 271	-	42	131	220	232
Nonfamily householder -----	3 875	3 875	-	-	2 075	-	18	62	78	140
Living alone -----	3 767	3 767	-	-	2 012	-	17	62	72	138
Spouse -----	3 354	3 354	1	-	1 596	-	9	40	104	71
Other relatives -----	604	604	-	-	236	-	8	9	7	7
Nonrelatives -----	134	134	-	-	71	-	1	-	6	1
Institutionalized persons -----	673	673	-	-	578	-	-	-	4	237
Other persons in group quarters -----	21	21	-	-	13	-	-	-	2	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families -----	33 763	33 763	6	2	14 350	-	216	381	1 064	466
With own children under 18 years -----	17 728	17 728	1	-	7 315	-	126	204	587	209
Number of own children under 18 years -----	34 415	34 415	1	-	13 883	-	330	432	1 159	373
Married-couple families -----	27 792	27 792	5	2	11 351	-	149	261	810	323
With own children under 18 years -----	13 884	13 884	1	-	5 352	-	88	135	387	137
Number of own children under 18 years -----	27 451	27 451	1	-	10 306	-	230	288	768	257
Female householder, no husband present -----	4 343	4 343	-	-	2 295	-	46	88	192	101
With own children under 18 years -----	2 949	2 949	-	-	1 584	-	30	54	153	55
Number of own children under 18 years -----	5 499	5 499	-	-	2 952	-	83	118	321	94
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over -----	48 941	48 941	9	2	22 767	-	392	594	1 411	1 150
Never married -----	14 369	14 369	3	-	8 192	-	139	186	388	615
Now married, except separated -----	29 074	29 074	5	2	12 003	-	189	304	835	371
Separated -----	743	743	-	-	325	-	4	19	22	18
Widowed -----	872	872	-	-	398	-	7	7	28	27
Divorced -----	3 883	3 883	1	-	1 849	-	53	78	138	119
Females 15 years and aver -----	51 363	51 363	7	2	24 919	-	306	545	1 441	1 236
Never married -----	12 131	12 131	2	-	7 515	-	69	106	295	457
Now married, except separated -----	28 749	28 749	5	2	11 812	-	166	280	834	366
Separated -----	979	979	-	-	521	-	9	20	53	19
Widowed -----	4 602	4 602	-	-	2 477	-	28	71	90	278
Divorced -----	4 902	4 902	-	-	2 594	-	34	68	169	116



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	16.2	4.8	62.6	6.8	6.0	169.4	176.4	269.7	389.6
Square miles .....	6.3	1.8	24.2	2.6	2.3	65.4	68.1	104.1	150.4
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>10 272</b>	<b>5 157</b>	<b>4 755</b>	<b>5 387</b>	<b>4 108</b>	<b>4 113</b>	<b>8 764</b>	<b>9 620</b>	<b>7 172</b>
Under 5 years .....	1 115	431	283	544	292	311	834	740	576
5 to 9 years .....	1 034	413	368	562	361	370	868	827	675
10 to 14 years .....	726	363	391	493	367	358	809	775	662
15 to 19 years .....	687	369	345	336	272	307	668	753	544
20 to 24 years .....	1 352	364	284	226	197	183	569	499	373
25 to 34 years .....	2 123	956	690	1 060	560	583	1 583	1 572	1 125
35 to 44 years .....	1 395	713	934	1 147	910	726	1 361	1 658	1 193
45 to 54 years .....	653	423	651	455	486	409	791	1 165	806
55 to 64 years .....	515	398	417	277	335	352	575	822	538
65 to 74 years .....	395	379	267	206	236	293	447	477	402
75 to 84 years .....	230	240	109	69	81	182	200	275	232
85 years and over .....	47	108	16	12	11	39	59	57	46
3 and 4 years .....	440	190	123	231	149	128	365	319	228
16 years and over .....	7 279	3 866	3 627	3 712	3 037	3 017	6 101	7 117	5 138
18 years and over .....	7 045	3 746	3 497	3 572	2 912	2 873	5 808	6 791	4 892
21 years and over .....	6 406	3 503	3 309	3 401	2 772	2 724	5 475	6 425	4 637
60 years and over .....	925	923	581	419	474	703	983	1 157	939
62 years and over .....	832	846	513	364	410	620	868	1 012	820
Median .....	26.1	31.6	35.2	30.5	35.1	34.3	29.1	32.9	32.1
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>5 422</b>	<b>2 661</b>	<b>2 395</b>	<b>2 723</b>	<b>2 133</b>	<b>2 077</b>	<b>4 324</b>	<b>4 762</b>	<b>3 566</b>
Under 5 years .....	567	195	148	269	140	159	411	373	274
5 to 9 years .....	508	212	185	267	175	185	419	399	324
10 to 14 years .....	365	165	213	239	186	165	393	368	320
15 to 19 years .....	367	181	160	149	147	153	327	347	259
20 to 24 years .....	760	177	135	119	117	95	287	250	186
25 to 34 years .....	1 136	483	339	578	313	301	772	791	578
35 to 44 years .....	697	366	482	577	464	351	644	828	597
45 to 54 years .....	348	225	312	226	245	193	392	565	384
55 to 64 years .....	273	201	216	149	169	174	285	399	276
65 to 74 years .....	228	228	140	110	122	165	246	249	203
75 to 84 years .....	142	148	56	33	50	109	115	162	133
85 years and over .....	31	80	9	7	5	27	33	31	32
3 and 4 years .....	214	91	68	122	72	60	173	160	97
16 years and over .....	3 925	2 048	1 811	1 912	1 604	1 546	3 032	3 560	2 592
18 years and over .....	3 800	1 988	1 746	1 855	1 542	1 470	2 893	3 407	2 468
21 years and over .....	3 444	1 873	1 658	1 771	1 458	1 391	2 714	3 229	2 347
60 years and over .....	543	556	300	224	254	397	521	614	510
62 years and over .....	491	520	268	189	224	350	467	545	441
Median .....	26.4	33.1	35.3	30.9	34.8	34.5	29.3	33.4	32.5
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>4 850</b>	<b>2 496</b>	<b>2 360</b>	<b>2 664</b>	<b>1 975</b>	<b>2 036</b>	<b>4 440</b>	<b>4 858</b>	<b>3 606</b>
Median age .....	25.8	29.8	35.0	30.2	35.4	34.2	28.8	32.4	31.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>10 272</b>	<b>5 157</b>	<b>4 755</b>	<b>5 387</b>	<b>4 108</b>	<b>4 113</b>	<b>8 764</b>	<b>9 620</b>	<b>7 172</b>
In households .....	10 243	5 048	4 755	5 387	4 108	4 113	8 758	9 596	7 088
Householder .....	3 969	1 988	1 789	1 828	1 515	1 491	2 849	3 413	2 420
Family householder .....	2 540	1 354	1 361	1 510	1 198	1 155	2 284	2 648	1 976
Nonfamily householder .....	1 429	634	428	318	317	336	565	765	444
Living alone .....	1 014	515	348	251	258	307	474	609	374
Spouse .....	1 828	1 055	1 214	1 320	1 102	1 025	1 842	2 213	1 694
Child .....	3 448	1 597	1 471	2 014	1 362	1 431	3 281	3 202	2 536
Other relatives .....	349	161	124	83	42	95	476	401	247
Nonrelatives .....	649	247	157	142	87	71	310	367	191
Institutionalized persons .....	—	109	—	—	—	—	—	6	84
Other persons in group quarters .....	29	—	—	—	—	—	6	18	—
Persons per household .....	2.58	2.54	2.66	2.95	2.71	2.76	3.07	2.81	2.93
Persons per family .....	3.21	3.08	3.06	3.26	3.09	3.21	3.45	3.20	3.27
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>672</b>	<b>727</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>680</b>
In households .....	666	621	392	287	328	514	706	809	672
Householder .....	456	438	245	181	218	353	470	523	453
Nonfamily householder .....	227	230	63	54	77	167	200	213	178
Living alone .....	222	226	62	52	73	163	194	206	173
Spouse .....	162	157	128	89	98	139	168	207	180
Other relatives .....	32	17	16	17	8	19	54	70	34
Nonrelatives .....	16	9	3	—	4	3	14	9	5
Institutionalized persons .....	—	106	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Other persons in group quarters .....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>2 540</b>	<b>1 354</b>	<b>1 361</b>	<b>1 510</b>	<b>1 198</b>	<b>1 155</b>	<b>2 284</b>	<b>2 648</b>	<b>1 976</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1 588	671	618	928	641	597	1 316	1 360	1 056
Number of own children under 18 years .....	3 035	1 300	1 161	1 750	1 176	1 196	2 703	2 568	2 123
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 828</b>	<b>1 055</b>	<b>1 214</b>	<b>1 320</b>	<b>1 102</b>	<b>1 025</b>	<b>1 842</b>	<b>2 213</b>	<b>1 694</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1 066	479	530	787	577	514	1 052	1 094	874
Number of own children under 18 years .....	2 065	942	1 017	1 520	1 075	1 051	2 198	2 116	1 793
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>554</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>197</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	435	162	61	115	54	56	192	181	129
Number of own children under 18 years .....	814	306	104	189	86	103	373	324	242
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>3 415</b>	<b>1 861</b>	<b>1 864</b>	<b>1 840</b>	<b>1 456</b>	<b>1 506</b>	<b>3 152</b>	<b>3 656</b>	<b>2 611</b>
Never married .....	1 073	490	446	369	257	305	805	900	608
Now married, except separated .....	1 907	1 111	1 239	1 334	1 118	1 056	1 978	2 278	1 759
Separated .....	55	33	24	22	7	18	67	66	41
Widowed .....	56	55	22	12	14	36	57	63	40
Divorced .....	324	172	133	103	60	91	245	349	163
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>3 982</b>	<b>2 089</b>	<b>1 849</b>	<b>1 948</b>	<b>1 632</b>	<b>1 568</b>	<b>3 101</b>	<b>3 622</b>	<b>2 648</b>
Never married .....	1 125	380	332	315	293	242	579	627	472
Now married, except separated .....	1 907	1 093	1 243	1 341	1 127	1 042	1 918	2 277	1 737
Separated .....	128	55	24	28	13	15	68	65	35
Widowed .....	264	303	90	77	94	166	248	272	216
Divorced .....	558	258	160	187	105	103	288	381	188

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County—Con.		Brighton city (pt.) Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.), Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	163.0	43.1	.9	2.9	1.5	.9	.6	1.8	1.6	2.3
Square miles .....	62.9	16.6	.3	1.1	.6	.3	.2	.7	.6	.9
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 646</b>	<b>5 383</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2 059</b>	<b>4 948</b>	—	<b>3 250</b>	<b>3 044</b>	<b>5 554</b>
Under 5 years .....	141	406	—	—	126	110	—	136	234	664
5 to 9 years .....	135	524	—	—	81	91	—	146	198	515
10 to 14 years .....	144	523	1	—	90	55	—	139	146	398
15 to 19 years .....	109	413	3	—	124	1 932	—	182	187	397
20 to 24 years .....	97	305	2	—	378	1 815	—	467	358	694
25 to 34 years .....	284	851	—	1	431	454	—	391	572	1 072
35 to 44 years .....	265	1 022	3	1	222	203	—	472	426	684
45 to 54 years .....	198	474	4	1	126	90	—	336	230	377
55 to 64 years .....	158	291	2	1	96	55	—	315	203	278
65 to 74 years .....	66	297	—	—	135	50	—	319	232	275
75 to 84 years .....	40	223	1	—	143	61	—	225	192	158
85 years and over .....	9	54	1	—	107	32	—	122	66	42
3 and 4 years .....	56	152	—	—	51	37	—	47	83	287
16 years and over .....	1 198	3 831	16	4	1 745	4 680	—	2 794	2 428	3 911
18 years and over .....	1 161	3 666	15	4	1 713	4 649	—	2 735	2 368	3 760
21 years and over .....	1 098	3 439	11	4	1 561	1 998	—	2 525	2 211	3 438
60 years and over .....	179	729	2	1	427	170	—	834	592	606
62 years and over .....	150	668	2	—	415	157	—	767	550	553
Median .....	32.6	31.7	42.5	45.0	29.4	20.4	—	38.3	31.8	25.9
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>786</b>	<b>2 773</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1 001</b>	<b>2 629</b>	—	<b>1 774</b>	<b>1 580</b>	<b>2 730</b>
Under 5 years .....	70	212	—	—	68	51	—	65	113	299
5 to 9 years .....	66	254	—	—	37	41	—	74	112	276
10 to 14 years .....	70	256	1	—	39	34	—	65	77	177
15 to 19 years .....	47	207	2	—	62	1 175	—	96	89	183
20 to 24 years .....	49	143	—	—	169	909	—	244	179	339
25 to 34 years .....	129	456	—	1	154	189	—	215	273	513
35 to 44 years .....	134	503	1	—	91	84	—	243	211	316
45 to 54 years .....	92	244	3	1	54	37	—	186	116	194
55 to 64 years .....	69	151	—	—	57	27	—	167	117	149
65 to 74 years .....	32	174	—	—	85	25	—	187	135	171
75 to 84 years .....	23	140	1	—	108	38	—	140	109	90
85 years and over .....	5	33	—	—	77	19	—	92	49	23
3 and 4 years .....	33	85	—	—	26	21	—	24	39	122
16 years and over .....	574	2 004	7	2	851	2 499	—	1 549	1 259	1 948
18 years and over .....	554	1 920	6	2	830	2 480	—	1 523	1 227	1 876
21 years and over .....	523	1 809	5	2	755	891	—	1 404	1 157	1 734
60 years and over .....	86	433	1	—	292	93	—	514	353	356
62 years and over .....	76	399	1	—	286	86	—	476	331	324
Median .....	32.8	32.5	44.5	38.0	32.9	20.0	—	39.8	32.7	26.6
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>860</b>	<b>2 610</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1 058</b>	<b>2 319</b>	—	<b>1 476</b>	<b>1 464</b>	<b>2 824</b>
Median age .....	32.4	30.5	42.5	51.5	28.2	20.8	—	36.2	30.8	25.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>1 646</b>	<b>5 383</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2 059</b>	<b>4 948</b>	—	<b>3 250</b>	<b>3 044</b>	<b>5 554</b>
In households .....	1 646	5 269	17	4	1 871	2 010	—	3 126	3 038	5 538
Householder .....	580	1 893	6	2	1 032	910	—	1 392	1 303	2 017
Family householder .....	463	1 410	6	2	289	278	—	810	779	1 300
Nonfamily householder .....	117	483	—	—	743	632	—	582	524	717
Living alone .....	92	402	—	—	622	322	—	398	409	548
Spouse .....	416	1 188	5	2	186	179	—	683	599	836
Child .....	557	1 922	3	—	376	298	—	643	762	1 897
Other relatives .....	34	99	2	—	84	50	—	63	101	383
Nonrelatives .....	59	167	1	—	193	573	—	345	273	405
Institutionalized persons .....	—	114	—	—	188	128	—	100	6	11
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	2 810	—	24	—	5
Persons per household .....	2.84	2.78	2.83	2.00	1.81	2.21	—	2.25	2.33	2.75
Persons per family .....	3.17	3.28	2.67	2.00	3.24	2.90	—	2.71	2.88	3.40
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>115</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>2</b>	—	<b>385</b>	<b>143</b>	—	<b>666</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>475</b>
In households .....	115	491	2	—	384	100	—	553	490	475
Householder .....	77	349	1	—	329	69	—	371	325	343
Nonfamily householder .....	28	173	—	—	275	43	—	180	140	178
Living alone .....	28	172	—	—	270	40	—	173	133	168
Spouse .....	30	125	1	—	39	17	—	144	142	107
Other relatives .....	8	16	—	—	13	6	—	27	15	17
Nonrelatives .....	—	1	—	—	3	8	—	11	8	8
Institutionalized persons .....	—	83	—	—	1	43	—	100	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>463</b>	<b>1 410</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>278</b>	—	<b>810</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>1 300</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	236	865	1	—	142	154	—	285	340	781
Number of own children under 18 years .....	459	1 642	1	—	294	256	—	492	611	1 588
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>416</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>179</b>	—	<b>683</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>836</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	207	693	1	—	86	91	—	224	229	462
Number of own children under 18 years .....	411	1 361	1	—	182	157	—	395	420	948
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>28</b>	<b>174</b>	—	—	<b>69</b>	<b>73</b>	—	<b>99</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>351</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	18	138	—	—	38	53	—	53	85	258
Number of own children under 18 years .....	31	226	—	—	82	83	—	84	150	535
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>646</b>	<b>1 879</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>2 189</b>	—	<b>1 259</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>1 999</b>
Never married .....	158	456	3	—	449	1 794	—	414	408	717
Now married, except separated .....	421	1 217	5	2	267	233	—	709	627	956
Separated .....	11	27	—	—	24	22	—	8	23	62
Widowed .....	7	27	—	—	33	18	—	43	21	40
Divorced .....	49	152	1	—	132	122	—	85	109	224
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>580</b>	<b>2 051</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>857</b>	<b>2 503</b>	—	<b>1 570</b>	<b>1 278</b>	<b>1 978</b>
Never married .....	77	375	2	—	300	2 130	—	442	329	518
Now married, except separated .....	419	1 224	5	2	218	210	—	699	629	891
Separated .....	7	33	—	—	32	25	—	16	30	111
Widowed .....	34	204	—	—	182	53	—	251	142	183
Divorced .....	43	215	—	—	125	85	—	162	148	275



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	3.6	2.3	4.7	1.5	1.5	2.7	2.6	1.5	1.5	2.5
Square miles .....	1.4	.9	1.8	.6	.6	1.1	1.0	.6	.6	1.0
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>940</b>	<b>1 566</b>	<b>1 679</b>	<b>2 562</b>	<b>2 805</b>	<b>3 706</b>	<b>4 856</b>	<b>3 880</b>	<b>3 045</b>	<b>4 778</b>
Under 5 years .....	96	174	219	145	174	404	266	242	158	402
5 to 9 years .....	116	123	185	103	205	378	378	240	224	375
10 to 14 years .....	91	132	127	79	165	223	411	207	259	329
15 to 19 years .....	99	115	108	189	167	285	365	208	244	327
20 to 24 years .....	104	157	151	674	238	788	561	373	127	348
25 to 34 years .....	149	270	348	432	409	682	670	605	365	890
35 to 44 years .....	128	207	228	217	322	415	880	500	508	660
45 to 54 years .....	53	112	131	103	317	218	471	361	478	385
55 to 64 years .....	55	96	82	94	350	156	347	392	326	367
65 to 74 years .....	30	92	61	120	288	100	292	404	197	355
75 to 84 years .....	17	75	35	206	146	50	184	272	98	234
85 years and over .....	2	13	4	200	24	7	31	76	61	106
3 and 4 years .....	36	62	94	49	63	150	136	86	74	179
16 years and over .....	628	1 114	1 123	2 222	2 228	2 665	3 726	3 160	2 350	3 598
18 years and over .....	576	1 070	1 083	2 189	2 169	2 577	3 582	3 084	2 252	3 490
21 years and over .....	518	984	1 009	1 873	2 052	2 224	3 332	2 914	2 128	3 267
60 years and over .....	73	221	138	576	629	231	700	952	504	878
62 years and over .....	56	205	120	556	565	207	620	877	437	805
Median .....	23.6	27.8	26.4	26.4	36.3	23.0	31.8	36.0	38.3	31.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>417</b>	<b>740</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>1 316</b>	<b>1 418</b>	<b>2 009</b>	<b>2 567</b>	<b>2 064</b>	<b>1 572</b>	<b>2 466</b>
Under 5 years .....	50	82	123	65	87	201	122	119	75	183
5 to 9 years .....	48	52	102	51	90	191	192	113	114	189
10 to 14 years .....	44	62	51	30	72	105	208	108	133	151
15 to 19 years .....	48	49	46	88	66	173	195	118	123	161
20 to 24 years .....	41	73	82	315	127	443	291	190	53	169
25 to 34 years .....	57	122	182	181	187	366	349	287	207	442
35 to 44 years .....	51	90	123	88	168	240	463	248	261	342
45 to 54 years .....	26	55	67	59	174	116	239	195	239	207
55 to 64 years .....	25	54	43	50	190	85	197	226	171	185
65 to 74 years .....	17	50	31	80	159	56	165	236	95	215
75 to 84 years .....	9	42	16	151	86	30	120	175	55	144
85 years and over .....	1	9	3	158	12	3	26	49	46	78
3 and 4 years .....	18	29	58	20	30	69	68	45	35	84
16 years and over .....	272	533	585	1 166	1 153	1 492	2 004	1 711	1 221	1 906
18 years and over .....	241	515	568	1 153	1 130	1 441	1 938	1 663	1 172	1 853
21 years and over .....	215	481	530	997	1 076	1 232	1 790	1 576	1 116	1 747
60 years and over .....	38	127	70	417	344	136	425	578	269	529
62 years and over .....	30	117	60	406	313	122	376	543	236	497
Median .....	22.1	28.8	26.5	29.7	39.3	23.2	33.3	38.7	38.3	33.4
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>523</b>	<b>826</b>	<b>810</b>	<b>1 246</b>	<b>1 387</b>	<b>1 697</b>	<b>2 289</b>	<b>1 816</b>	<b>1 473</b>	<b>2 312</b>
Median age .....	24.3	27.3	26.3	24.5	33.2	22.8	30.1	33.6	38.3	29.9
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>940</b>	<b>1 566</b>	<b>1 679</b>	<b>2 562</b>	<b>2 805</b>	<b>3 706</b>	<b>4 856</b>	<b>3 880</b>	<b>3 045</b>	<b>4 778</b>
In households .....	906	1 566	1 679	2 283	2 805	3 706	4 856	3 869	2 942	4 669
Householder .....	243	560	585	1 045	1 094	1 556	1 971	1 717	1 049	1 870
Family householder .....	193	380	450	419	812	837	1 244	1 041	875	1 256
Nonfamily householder .....	50	180	135	626	282	719	727	676	174	614
Living alone .....	37	152	104	378	207	488	526	540	138	502
Spouse .....	128	261	320	295	687	493	1 024	854	789	977
Child .....	378	543	648	393	789	1 194	1 451	970	980	1 448
Other relatives .....	107	110	42	66	91	140	103	122	39	145
Nonrelatives .....	50	92	84	484	144	323	307	206	85	229
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	257	—	—	—	—	103	109
Other persons in group quarters .....	34	—	—	22	—	—	—	11	—	—
Persons per household .....	3.73	2.80	2.87	2.18	2.56	2.38	2.46	2.25	2.80	2.50
Persons per family .....	4.18	3.41	3.24	2.80	2.93	3.18	3.07	2.87	3.07	3.05
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>49</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>507</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>695</b>
In households .....	49	180	100	289	458	157	507	752	265	589
Householder .....	35	131	62	218	294	114	346	522	171	417
Nonfamily householder .....	15	62	21	137	98	63	182	255	46	226
Living alone .....	14	62	18	135	95	62	180	248	45	222
Spouse .....	6	40	31	63	142	33	139	201	80	149
Other relatives .....	7	9	4	7	21	8	20	24	10	14
Nonrelatives .....	1	—	3	1	1	2	2	5	4	9
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	237	—	—	—	—	91	106
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>193</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>812</b>	<b>837</b>	<b>1 244</b>	<b>1 041</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>1 256</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	116	203	288	187	314	550	662	407	405	616
Number of own children under 18 years .....	310	430	562	327	595	1 058	1 206	732	769	1 190
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>128</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>1 024</b>	<b>854</b>	<b>789</b>	<b>977</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	79	135	182	125	244	285	501	307	344	436
Number of own children under 18 years .....	211	288	352	231	458	555	952	570	656	859
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>45</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>218</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	30	54	79	48	54	234	129	80	44	150
Number of own children under 18 years .....	83	118	171	78	111	442	211	127	83	279
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>362</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>1 065</b>	<b>1 092</b>	<b>1 189</b>	<b>1 756</b>	<b>1 467</b>	<b>1 154</b>	<b>1 729</b>
Never married .....	136	186	153	583	289	522	560	406	255	450
Now married, except separated .....	167	304	327	335	711	526	1 041	878	806	1 030
Separated .....	4	19	7	16	11	16	12	18	5	33
Widowed .....	6	7	9	26	19	17	21	28	24	53
Divorced .....	49	77	59	105	62	108	122	137	64	163
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>275</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>1 170</b>	<b>1 169</b>	<b>1 512</b>	<b>2 045</b>	<b>1 724</b>	<b>1 250</b>	<b>1 943</b>
Never married .....	66	106	119	441	202	614	555	362	211	342
Now married, except separated .....	144	280	328	334	707	529	1 047	882	801	1 012
Separated .....	9	20	23	16	16	58	29	20	12	52
Widowed .....	24	71	33	274	122	74	184	265	121	291
Divorced .....	32	67	90	105	122	237	230	195	105	246

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Northglenn city (pt.) Weld County
	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>								
Square kilometers .....	13.6	6.0	6.0	5.9	3.2	5.7	—	1.5
Square miles .....	5.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.2	2.2	—	.6
<b>AGE</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 273</b>	<b>5 371</b>	<b>4 108</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>39</b>	—	—
Under 5 years .....	117	544	292	5	3	4	—	—
5 to 9 years .....	158	561	361	4	5	1	—	—
10 to 14 years .....	170	492	367	3	—	4	—	—
15 to 19 years .....	152	334	272	1	—	3	—	—
20 to 24 years .....	155	224	197	6	—	2	—	—
25 to 34 years .....	376	1 059	560	10	3	4	—	—
35 to 44 years .....	464	1 142	910	9	2	7	—	—
45 to 54 years .....	294	452	486	10	—	6	—	—
55 to 64 years .....	184	277	335	8	—	3	—	—
65 to 74 years .....	139	205	236	2	—	3	—	—
75 to 84 years .....	52	69	81	2	—	1	—	—
85 years and over .....	12	12	11	—	—	1	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	52	231	149	2	2	1	—	—
16 years and over .....	1 794	3 698	3 037	48	5	29	—	—
18 years and over .....	1 735	3 558	2 912	48	5	28	—	—
21 years and over .....	1 649	3 389	2 772	44	5	27	—	—
60 years and over .....	290	418	474	7	—	7	—	—
62 years and over .....	260	363	410	4	—	6	—	—
Median .....	35.2	30.5	35.1	35.5	8.3	37.5	—	—
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 125</b>	<b>2 713</b>	<b>2 133</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>18</b>	—	—
Under 5 years .....	61	269	140	3	2	2	—	—
5 to 9 years .....	75	266	175	3	5	1	—	—
10 to 14 years .....	92	238	186	1	—	—	—	—
15 to 19 years .....	66	147	147	1	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 years .....	71	118	117	5	—	2	—	—
25 to 34 years .....	190	577	313	5	2	2	—	—
35 to 44 years .....	228	576	464	2	—	4	—	—
45 to 54 years .....	135	224	245	6	—	2	—	—
55 to 64 years .....	102	149	169	3	—	2	—	—
65 to 74 years .....	73	109	122	—	—	1	—	—
75 to 84 years .....	26	33	50	1	—	1	—	—
85 years and over .....	6	7	5	—	—	—	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	29	122	72	—	1	—	—	—
16 years and over .....	885	1 904	1 604	23	2	14	—	—
18 years and over .....	856	1 847	1 542	23	2	14	—	—
21 years and over .....	816	1 765	1 458	20	2	14	—	—
60 years and over .....	154	223	254	1	—	3	—	—
62 years and over .....	137	188	224	1	—	3	—	—
Median .....	35.3	30.9	34.8	29.0	6.5	38.0	—	—
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 148</b>	<b>2 658</b>	<b>1 975</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>21</b>	—	—
Median age .....	35.0	30.2	35.4	37.5	35.0	36.5	—	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 273</b>	<b>5 371</b>	<b>4 108</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>39</b>	—	—
In households .....	2 273	5 371	4 108	60	13	39	—	—
Householder .....	928	1 820	1 515	23	3	14	—	—
Family householder .....	650	1 505	1 198	20	2	12	—	—
Nonfamily householder .....	278	315	317	3	1	2	—	—
Living alone .....	223	249	258	3	1	2	—	—
Spouse .....	589	1 317	1 102	19	2	11	—	—
Child .....	627	2 010	1 362	17	8	12	—	—
Other relatives .....	45	83	42	—	—	2	—	—
Nonrelatives .....	84	141	87	1	—	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.45	2.95	2.71	2.61	4.33	2.79	—	—
Persons per family .....	2.94	3.27	3.09	2.60	6.00	3.08	—	—
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>203</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	—	—
In households .....	203	286	328	4	—	5	—	—
Householder .....	120	180	218	3	—	3	—	—
Nonfamily householder .....	23	53	77	1	—	—	—	—
Living alone .....	22	51	73	1	—	—	—	—
Spouse .....	73	89	98	1	—	2	—	—
Other relatives .....	9	17	8	—	—	—	—	—
Nonrelatives .....	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>650</b>	<b>1 505</b>	<b>1 198</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	—	—
With own children under 18 years .....	284	926	641	7	2	5	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	509	1 748	1 176	12	8	10	—	—
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>589</b>	<b>1 317</b>	<b>1 102</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	—	—
With own children under 18 years .....	246	786	577	6	2	5	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	451	1 519	1 075	9	8	10	—	—
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>42</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	—	—
With own children under 18 years .....	26	115	54	—	—	—	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	40	189	86	—	—	—	—	—
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>931</b>	<b>1 834</b>	<b>1 456</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>16</b>	—	—
Never married .....	237	368	257	4	—	4	—	—
Now married, except separated .....	605	1 331	1 118	19	2	11	—	—
Separated .....	16	22	7	—	—	—	—	—
Widowed .....	7	12	14	—	—	—	—	—
Divorced .....	66	101	60	2	1	1	—	—
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>897</b>	<b>1 940</b>	<b>1 632</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>	—	—
Never married .....	168	312	293	4	—	1	—	—
Now married, except separated .....	603	1 338	1 127	19	2	12	—	—
Separated .....	11	28	13	—	—	—	—	—
Widowed .....	38	75	94	—	—	—	—	—
Divorced .....	77	187	105	—	—	1	—	—



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>								
Square kilometers .....	1.1	1.1	88.1	.4	13.5	2.3	48.9	.8
Square miles .....	.4	.4	34.0	.1	5.2	.9	18.9	.3
<b>AGE</b>								
All persons .....	83	4	2 254	199	6 566	379	2 482	16
Under 5 years .....	5	—	215	18	711	29	166	—
5 to 9 years .....	7	1	166	17	656	38	210	1
10 to 14 years .....	10	1	169	13	503	34	221	1
15 to 19 years .....	1	—	152	9	402	42	193	2
20 to 24 years .....	5	—	161	24	564	16	129	2
25 to 34 years .....	10	2	327	43	1 441	66	314	1
35 to 44 years .....	12	—	349	24	980	53	470	5
45 to 54 years .....	12	—	247	19	435	38	357	3
55 to 64 years .....	10	—	225	10	359	31	233	—
65 to 74 years .....	9	—	159	16	295	24	128	1
75 to 84 years .....	2	—	73	4	180	6	57	—
85 years and over .....	—	—	11	2	40	2	4	—
3 and 4 years .....	—	—	82	8	290	11	71	—
16 years and over .....	61	2	1 675	149	4 614	268	1 833	14
18 years and over .....	60	2	1 613	148	4 468	256	1 762	14
21 years and over .....	58	2	1 523	135	4 182	236	1 660	12
60 years and over .....	16	—	346	24	694	45	291	1
62 years and over .....	15	—	306	24	625	41	253	1
Median .....	37.1	20.5	33.3	29.4	28.5	29.5	35.2	36.5
<b>Female</b>								
Under 5 years .....	40	2	1 126	90	3 413	195	1 270	10
5 to 9 years .....	1	—	116	7	366	12	87	—
10 to 14 years .....	5	1	81	7	317	23	110	1
15 to 19 years .....	3	—	81	10	260	14	121	1
20 to 24 years .....	1	—	80	5	194	20	94	2
25 to 34 years .....	3	—	82	11	317	8	64	1
35 to 44 years .....	6	1	167	16	770	41	149	1
45 to 54 years .....	5	—	170	9	457	24	254	1
55 to 64 years .....	4	—	115	8	232	18	177	2
65 to 74 years .....	6	—	115	5	188	16	114	—
75 to 84 years .....	6	—	77	7	172	13	67	1
85 years and over .....	—	—	38	4	112	4	30	—
3 and 4 years .....	—	—	43	3	145	7	39	—
16 years and over .....	31	1	828	65	2 433	142	926	8
18 years and over .....	30	1	802	64	2 359	135	890	8
21 years and over .....	29	1	753	60	2 212	126	842	6
60 years and over .....	9	—	169	14	407	27	146	1
62 years and over .....	8	—	152	14	369	23	131	1
Median .....	36.0	19.5	32.3	27.5	28.7	29.9	35.3	27.5
<b>Male</b>								
Under 5 years .....	43	2	1 128	109	3 153	184	1 212	6
Median age .....	38.3	22.0	33.8	30.3	28.2	29.0	34.9	39.0
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
All persons .....	83	4	2 254	199	6 566	379	2 482	16
In households .....	83	4	2 186	199	6 537	379	2 482	16
Householder .....	30	1	817	79	2 413	118	861	8
Family householder .....	23	1	614	47	1 703	98	711	5
Nonfamily householder .....	7	—	203	32	710	20	150	3
Living alone .....	7	—	166	24	526	13	125	2
Spouse .....	21	—	490	28	1 335	78	625	3
Child .....	25	2	726	58	2 254	149	844	4
Other relatives .....	6	—	59	15	209	16	79	—
Nonrelatives .....	1	1	94	19	326	18	73	1
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	56	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	12	—	29	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.77	4.00	2.68	2.52	2.71	3.21	2.88	2.00
Persons per family .....	3.26	3.00	3.08	3.15	3.23	3.48	3.18	2.40
Persons 65 years and over .....	11	—	243	22	515	32	189	1
In households .....	11	—	237	22	509	32	189	1
Householder .....	7	—	158	14	342	21	125	1
Nonfamily householder .....	3	—	57	3	164	4	40	1
Living alone .....	3	—	54	3	160	4	40	1
Spouse .....	3	—	73	8	129	8	55	—
Other relatives .....	1	—	3	—	24	3	7	—
Nonrelatives .....	—	—	3	—	14	—	2	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	2	—	6	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
Families .....	23	1	614	47	1 703	98	711	5
With own children under 18 years .....	10	1	299	22	1 038	55	334	2
Number of own children under 18 years .....	20	2	597	46	1 977	110	652	2
Married-couple families .....	21	—	490	28	1 335	78	625	3
With own children under 18 years .....	9	—	205	12	781	43	284	1
Number of own children under 18 years .....	19	—	416	26	1 510	83	566	1
Female householder, no husband present .....	1	—	93	12	269	17	59	1
With own children under 18 years .....	—	—	74	7	201	12	35	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	—	150	16	372	27	64	—
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
Males 15 years and over .....	30	1	856	85	2 226	132	933	6
Never married .....	3	—	235	32	551	40	209	1
Now married, except separated .....	22	—	508	36	1 381	81	634	3
Separated .....	—	—	15	2	39	—	8	—
Widowed .....	1	—	19	1	39	2	15	—
Divorced .....	4	1	79	14	216	9	67	2
Females 15 years and over .....	31	1	848	66	2 470	146	952	8
Never married .....	3	—	176	16	511	38	164	3
Now married, except separated .....	22	—	506	32	1 378	81	640	3
Separated .....	—	—	30	3	70	3	13	—
Widowed .....	4	—	57	4	190	12	52	2
Divorced .....	2	1	79	11	321	12	83	—

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.							
	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>								
Square kilometers .....	—	163.5	240.6	170.4	324.7	175.5	154.6	265.2
Square miles .....	—	63.1	92.9	65.8	125.4	67.8	59.7	102.4
<b>AGE</b>								
All persons .....	—	4 053	3 113	4 355	2 923	8 747	2 841	9 616
Under 5 years .....	—	306	222	362	228	834	186	740
5 to 9 years .....	—	366	277	428	276	868	224	827
10 to 14 years .....	—	355	295	395	283	808	241	775
15 to 19 years .....	—	306	245	360	211	665	216	753
20 to 24 years .....	—	177	155	259	151	567	162	499
25 to 34 years .....	—	573	499	721	485	1 583	481	1 571
35 to 44 years .....	—	717	492	713	440	1 358	406	1 657
45 to 54 years .....	—	399	358	448	332	787	418	1 164
55 to 64 years .....	—	344	264	304	224	573	271	821
65 to 74 years .....	—	291	191	212	180	447	161	477
75 to 84 years .....	—	180	90	120	90	199	63	275
85 years and over .....	—	39	25	33	23	58	12	57
3 and 4 years .....	—	126	98	156	97	365	65	319
16 years and over .....	—	2 969	2 261	3 093	2 088	6 085	2 142	7 113
18 years and over .....	—	2 825	2 154	2 951	1 995	5 793	2 053	6 787
21 years and over .....	—	2 680	2 037	2 754	1 893	5 464	1 943	6 421
60 years and over .....	—	696	445	509	397	981	359	1 156
62 years and over .....	—	616	379	458	341	866	301	1 012
Median .....	—	34.3	32.7	30.4	31.8	29.1	33.0	32.9
<b>Female</b>								
Under 5 years .....	—	2 047	1 540	2 164	1 460	4 316	1 403	4 760
5 to 9 years .....	—	156	105	179	115	411	83	373
10 to 14 years .....	—	182	135	212	128	419	101	399
15 to 19 years .....	—	164	139	184	135	392	125	368
20 to 24 years .....	—	152	120	168	124	325	103	347
25 to 34 years .....	—	90	70	126	73	287	83	250
35 to 44 years .....	—	296	254	362	260	772	245	790
45 to 54 years .....	—	349	252	362	209	643	198	828
55 to 64 years .....	—	187	174	220	164	389	217	564
65 to 74 years .....	—	171	133	153	105	285	118	399
75 to 84 years .....	—	165	98	112	89	246	83	249
85 years and over .....	—	108	48	63	46	114	42	162
3 and 4 years .....	—	27	12	23	12	33	5	31
16 years and over .....	—	60	50	84	50	173	31	160
18 years and over .....	—	1 523	1 133	1 544	1 058	3 025	1 069	3 558
21 years and over .....	—	1 447	1 080	1 486	1 003	2 887	1 023	3 405
60 years and over .....	—	1 371	1 030	1 398	940	2 709	973	3 227
62 years and over .....	—	396	225	271	191	520	176	614
Median .....	—	34.9	193	241	165	466	151	545
Male .....	—	2 006	1 573	2 191	1 463	4 431	1 438	4 856
Median age .....	—	34.1	32.3	29.9	32.4	28.8	32.7	32.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
All persons .....	—	4 053	3 113	4 355	2 923	8 747	2 841	9 616
In households .....	—	4 053	3 113	4 355	2 923	8 741	2 841	9 592
Householder .....	—	1 468	1 068	1 431	1 003	2 843	974	3 411
Family householder .....	—	1 135	872	1 180	809	2 278	800	2 646
Nonfamily householder .....	—	333	196	251	194	565	174	765
Living alone .....	—	304	167	209	171	474	136	609
Spouse .....	—	1 006	771	1 018	691	1 837	706	2 211
Child .....	—	1 414	1 096	1 662	1 039	3 278	936	3 202
Other relatives .....	—	95	109	140	124	474	138	401
Nonrelatives .....	—	70	69	104	66	309	87	367
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	18
Persons per household .....	—	2.76	2.91	3.04	2.91	3.07	2.92	2.81
Persons per family .....	—	3.22	3.27	3.39	3.29	3.45	3.23	3.20
Persons 65 years and over .....	—	510	306	365	293	704	236	809
In households .....	—	510	306	365	293	704	236	809
Householder .....	—	350	185	240	192	469	151	523
Nonfamily householder .....	—	166	62	85	64	200	55	213
Living alone .....	—	162	61	83	62	194	53	206
Spouse .....	—	138	90	107	79	167	64	207
Other relatives .....	—	19	28	15	20	54	21	70
Nonrelatives .....	—	3	3	3	2	14	—	9
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
Families .....	—	1 135	872	1 180	809	2 278	800	2 646
With own children under 18 years .....	—	590	472	638	433	1 315	366	1 360
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	1 184	891	1 328	858	2 702	716	2 568
Married-couple families .....	—	1 006	771	1 018	691	1 837	706	2 211
With own children under 18 years .....	—	508	410	541	362	1 051	322	1 094
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	1 042	779	1 141	738	2 197	642	2 116
Female householder, no husband present .....	—	84	67	124	74	298	60	287
With own children under 18 years .....	—	56	43	77	49	192	31	181
Number of own children under 18 years .....	—	103	82	158	86	373	55	324
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
Males 15 years and over .....	—	1 481	1 158	1 581	1 054	3 143	1 096	3 654
Never married .....	—	301	269	377	202	802	244	900
Now married, except separated .....	—	1 037	795	1 060	721	1 973	733	2 276
Separated .....	—	18	14	19	22	67	22	66
Widowed .....	—	36	19	27	27	57	15	63
Divorced .....	—	89	61	98	82	244	82	349
Females 15 years and over .....	—	1 545	1 161	1 589	1 082	3 094	1 094	3 620
Never married .....	—	238	186	277	194	577	185	627
Now married, except separated .....	—	1 023	794	1 054	719	1 913	729	2 275
Separated .....	—	15	19	23	19	68	8	65
Widowed .....	—	166	89	119	75	248	83	272
Divorced .....	—	103	73	116	75	288	89	381



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.						
	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
<b>LAND AREA</b>							
Square kilometers .....	386.5	157.3	43.1	290.7	1 436.6	4 933.7	1 363.9
Square miles .....	149.2	60.7	16.6	112.2	554.7	1 904.9	526.6
<b>AGE</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>7 159</b>	<b>1 607</b>	<b>5 383</b>	<b>3 419</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>1 807</b>	<b>3 419</b>
Under 5 years .....	573	137	406	282	70	137	247
5 to 9 years .....	670	134	524	332	66	136	337
10 to 14 years .....	662	140	523	315	59	139	289
15 to 19 years .....	544	106	413	231	50	110	240
20 to 24 years .....	373	95	305	165	43	104	168
25 to 34 years .....	1 122	280	851	557	138	269	562
35 to 44 years .....	1 191	258	1 022	539	122	251	511
45 to 54 years .....	806	192	474	345	93	225	421
55 to 64 years .....	538	155	291	275	89	181	299
65 to 74 years .....	402	63	297	221	67	149	193
75 to 84 years .....	232	39	223	128	30	85	118
85 years and over .....	46	8	54	29	12	21	34
3 and 4 years .....	226	55	152	125	31	51	99
16 years and over .....	5 133	1 169	3 831	2 439	636	1 368	2 483
18 years and over .....	4 887	1 133	3 666	2 333	615	1 322	2 369
21 years and over .....	4 632	1 071	3 439	2 216	586	1 270	2 257
60 years and over .....	939	172	729	514	149	334	489
62 years and over .....	820	144	668	458	134	298	433
Median .....	32.1	32.5	31.7	32.3	34.5	35.4	32.9
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>3 557</b>	<b>768</b>	<b>2 773</b>	<b>1 691</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>867</b>	<b>1 643</b>
Under 5 years .....	272	68	212	126	41	76	108
5 to 9 years .....	319	65	254	152	30	54	164
10 to 14 years .....	320	69	256	163	24	70	135
15 to 19 years .....	259	47	207	99	28	53	120
20 to 24 years .....	186	47	143	84	23	47	81
25 to 34 years .....	576	127	456	294	66	132	268
35 to 44 years .....	597	130	503	264	54	121	245
45 to 54 years .....	384	90	244	167	45	108	203
55 to 64 years .....	276	67	151	129	44	86	140
65 to 74 years .....	203	31	174	119	34	65	101
75 to 84 years .....	133	22	140	74	12	47	60
85 years and over .....	32	5	33	20	6	8	18
3 and 4 years .....	96	33	85	62	18	35	42
16 years and over .....	2 590	560	2 004	1 226	308	656	1 207
18 years and over .....	2 466	540	1 920	1 180	294	632	1 147
21 years and over .....	2 345	509	1 809	1 133	279	606	1 094
60 years and over .....	510	83	433	282	75	158	241
62 years and over .....	441	73	399	250	68	142	219
Median .....	32.5	32.7	32.5	32.5	33.0	35.2	33.2
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>3 602</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>2 610</b>	<b>1 728</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>1 776</b>
Median age .....	31.6	32.3	30.5	31.9	35.5	35.4	32.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>							
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>7 159</b>	<b>1 607</b>	<b>5 383</b>	<b>3 419</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>1 807</b>	<b>3 419</b>
In households .....	7 075	1 607	5 269	3 419	839	1 790	3 409
Householder .....	2 417	566	1 893	1 217	315	683	1 199
Family householder .....	1 974	451	1 410	954	231	530	933
Nonfamily householder .....	443	115	483	263	84	153	266
Living alone .....	373	90	402	224	72	136	227
Spouse .....	1 692	405	1 188	822	209	482	816
Child .....	2 528	545	1 922	1 187	265	555	1 168
Other relatives .....	247	32	99	95	22	38	126
Nonrelatives .....	191	59	167	98	28	32	100
Institutionalized persons .....	84	—	114	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	17	10
Persons per household .....	2.93	2.84	2.78	2.81	2.66	2.62	2.84
Persons per family .....	3.26	3.18	3.28	3.21	3.15	3.03	3.26
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>680</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>345</b>
In households .....	672	110	491	378	109	255	345
Householder .....	453	74	349	263	73	174	232
Nonfamily householder .....	178	28	173	120	31	56	97
Living alone .....	173	28	172	116	30	54	96
Spouse .....	180	28	125	102	29	75	90
Other relatives .....	34	8	16	12	5	6	22
Nonrelatives .....	5	—	1	1	2	—	1
Institutionalized persons .....	8	—	83	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>							
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 974</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>1 410</b>	<b>954</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>933</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1 054	231	865	499	103	238	487
Number of own children under 18 years .....	2 115	449	1 642	1 018	216	462	976
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 692</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>822</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>816</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	872	202	693	411	87	220	423
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 785	401	1 361	845	188	435	853
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>197</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>69</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	129	18	138	63	9	12	38
Number of own children under 18 years .....	242	31	226	125	17	21	75
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>							
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 608</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>1 879</b>	<b>1 240</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>728</b>	<b>1 310</b>
Never married .....	608	154	456	259	74	158	299
Now married, except separated .....	1 757	410	1 217	842	218	497	863
Separated .....	41	11	27	18	1	6	22
Widowed .....	40	7	27	24	8	22	25
Divorced .....	162	48	152	97	31	45	101
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 646</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>2 051</b>	<b>1 250</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>667</b>	<b>1 236</b>
Never married .....	472	76	375	167	44	89	196
Now married, except separated .....	1 735	407	1 224	842	217	490	846
Separated .....	35	7	33	21	3	5	18
Widowed .....	216	34	204	113	28	62	95
Divorced .....	188	42	215	107	20	21	81

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 15
AGE										
All persons	117 247	117 247	53 936	595	770	3 301	2 315	8 583	4 647	3 682
Under 5 years	8 661	8 661	3 710	60	55	325	110	847	381	259
5 to 9 years	9 398	9 398	3 788	64	45	277	80	797	341	319
10 to 14 years	8 677	8 677	3 298	56	42	243	59	575	317	311
15 to 19 years	9 495	9 495	4 991	58	52	206	163	548	317	257
20 to 24 years	10 366	10 366	6 919	64	70	240	617	1 157	323	140
25 to 34 years	19 004	19 004	8 495	97	134	568	367	1 780	857	526
35 to 44 years	18 293	18 293	7 778	77	98	506	200	1 196	643	658
45 to 54 years	11 623	11 623	4 625	38	62	340	99	569	382	386
55 to 64 years	8 870	8 870	3 788	40	62	276	88	470	381	336
65 to 74 years	7 127	7 127	3 393	25	75	204	127	376	363	280
75 to 84 years	4 348	4 348	2 239	15	66	103	205	222	236	179
85 years and over	1 385	1 385	912	1	9	13	200	46	106	37
3 and 4 years	3 620	3 620	1 576	24	19	135	39	333	170	107
16 years and over	88 887	88 887	42 528	410	617	2 413	2 058	6 273	3 534	2 746
18 years and over	85 800	85 800	41 358	381	600	2 333	2 034	6 084	3 430	2 624
21 years and over	78 422	78 422	36 288	346	557	2 206	1 739	5 547	3 219	2 503
60 years and over	17 144	17 144	8 405	60	178	443	578	874	898	679
62 years and over	15 374	15 374	7 664	49	168	391	561	790	821	600
Median	31.5	31.5	30.0	24.8	34.1	31.1	27.6	27.3	32.3	35.4
Female	59 772	59 772	28 029	265	370	1 688	1 212	4 565	2 432	1 878
Under 5 years	4 248	4 248	1 779	26	21	177	52	434	176	133
5 to 9 years	4 592	4 592	1 898	33	20	147	40	400	178	154
10 to 14 years	4 219	4 219	1 593	26	19	110	26	286	147	143
15 to 19 years	4 876	4 876	2 685	24	25	103	78	295	157	132
20 to 24 years	5 283	5 283	3 526	25	34	131	292	661	160	78
25 to 34 years	9 635	9 635	4 248	41	61	294	150	960	438	277
35 to 44 years	9 109	9 109	3 909	32	43	261	81	595	336	319
45 to 54 years	5 807	5 807	2 367	18	32	165	54	299	207	187
55 to 64 years	4 538	4 538	2 047	18	35	141	48	252	193	163
65 to 74 years	3 919	3 919	1 930	14	38	101	82	215	216	159
75 to 84 years	2 608	2 608	1 392	7	36	52	151	138	146	107
85 years and over	938	938	655	1	6	6	158	30	78	26
3 and 4 years	1 796	1 796	763	11	7	76	15	161	82	50
16 years and over	45 946	45 946	22 463	179	304	1 231	1 092	3 403	1 895	1 432
18 years and over	44 431	44 431	21 894	164	296	1 197	1 080	3 303	1 844	1 361
21 years and over	40 462	40 462	19 058	147	277	1 125	938	2 996	1 741	1 296
60 years and over	9 681	9 681	5 000	31	98	220	417	514	538	384
62 years and over	8 773	8 773	4 608	25	92	195	408	466	502	340
Median	32.1	32.1	31.0	24.8	36.3	30.7	31.6	27.4	33.8	35.6
Male	57 475	57 475	25 907	330	400	1 613	1 103	4 018	2 215	1 804
Median age	30.8	30.8	29.0	24.8	33.0	31.6	25.3	27.1	30.7	35.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	117 247	117 247	53 936	595	770	3 301	2 315	8 583	4 647	3 682
In households	113 434	113 434	50 436	568	770	3 236	2 037	8 558	4 538	3 682
Householder	43 299	43 299	20 669	169	336	1 216	976	3 453	1 840	1 374
Family householder	30 460	30 460	12 917	127	199	909	374	2 130	1 234	1 055
Nonfamily householder	12 839	12 839	7 752	42	137	307	602	1 323	606	319
Living alone	9 956	9 956	5 737	36	121	249	374	937	492	295
Spouse	25 590	25 590	10 468	83	149	720	272	1 595	975	960
Child	35 731	35 731	14 340	225	208	1 090	304	2 695	1 381	1 230
Other relatives	3 296	3 296	1 343	63	33	69	47	262	119	64
Nonrelatives	5 518	5 518	3 616	28	44	141	438	553	223	54
Institutionalized persons	1 090	1 090	857	-	-	53	256	-	109	-
Other persons in group quarters	2 723	2 723	2 643	27	-	12	22	25	-	-
Persons per household	2.62	2.62	2.44	3.38	2.28	2.65	2.07	2.48	2.46	2.68
Persons per family	3.12	3.12	3.02	3.94	2.95	3.06	2.64	3.14	3.00	3.13
Persons 65 years and over	12 860	12 860	6 544	41	150	320	532	644	705	496
In households	12 182	12 182	5 962	41	150	314	295	639	599	496
Householder	8 279	8 279	4 129	29	108	207	224	437	427	340
Nonfamily householder	3 731	3 731	2 008	14	55	75	139	220	225	162
Living alone	3 630	3 630	1 947	13	55	69	137	215	221	160
Spouse	3 232	3 232	1 553	7	34	99	65	158	151	135
Other relatives	549	549	212	4	8	3	6	28	12	19
Nonrelatives	122	122	68	1	-	5	-	16	9	2
Institutionalized persons	658	658	569	-	-	4	237	-	106	-
Other persons in group quarters	20	20	13	-	-	2	-	5	-	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	30 460	30 460	12 917	127	199	909	374	2 130	1 234	1 055
With own children under 18 years	15 463	15 463	6 329	71	85	473	151	1 275	588	526
Number of own children under 18 years	29 448	29 448	11 781	181	157	912	250	2 358	1 127	1 030
Married-couple families	25 487	25 487	10 420	84	145	716	273	1 582	968	952
With own children under 18 years	12 287	12 287	4 711	46	57	320	101	879	420	460
Number of own children under 18 years	23 925	23 925	8 933	118	105	634	180	1 666	826	924
Female householder, no husband present	3 661	3 661	1 935	29	38	147	74	420	212	73
With own children under 18 years	2 448	2 448	1 314	20	22	116	39	324	143	48
Number of own children under 18 years	4 346	4 346	2 347	56	42	225	55	571	256	79
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	43 798	43 798	20 381	235	318	1 202	972	2 919	1 677	1 345
Never married	12 467	12 467	7 195	86	87	304	527	893	425	246
Now married, except separated	26 410	26 410	10 904	104	159	738	302	1 637	1 013	971
Separated	616	616	256	1	10	14	15	48	28	14
Widowed	803	803	372	5	6	23	25	53	52	34
Divorced	3 502	3 502	1 654	39	56	123	103	288	159	80
Females 15 years and over	46 713	46 713	22 759	180	310	1 254	1 094	3 445	1 931	1 448
Never married	10 747	10 747	6 773	39	53	246	403	964	337	207
Now married, except separated	26 392	26 392	10 852	93	159	740	308	1 656	1 011	974
Separated	774	774	424	9	8	36	12	91	50	11
Widowed	4 364	4 364	2 373	18	48	84	272	248	291	158
Divorced	4 436	4 436	2 337	21	42	148	99	486	242	98



Table 2. **General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.				Greeley city, Weld County				
	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 451</b>	<b>8 763</b>	<b>6 703</b>	<b>4 982</b>	<b>1 631</b>	<b>4 388</b>	<b>4 615</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>766</b>
Under 5 years.....	581	659	522	360	72	75	541	55	55
5 to 9 years.....	620	715	624	470	50	69	421	60	44
10 to 14 years.....	548	672	616	471	52	35	307	53	41
15 to 19 years.....	458	676	497	381	78	1 759	323	57	52
20 to 24 years.....	353	434	329	287	323	1 665	569	60	70
25 to 34 years.....	1 162	1 433	1 056	757	354	360	894	90	132
35 to 44 years.....	1 058	1 536	1 126	964	169	171	577	71	98
45 to 54 years.....	456	1 095	772	455	93	68	312	28	62
55 to 64 years.....	444	784	506	272	82	49	239	32	62
65 to 74 years.....	347	455	388	295	116	48	246	17	75
75 to 84 years.....	175	257	225	218	137	58	144	13	66
85 years and over.....	49	47	42	52	105	31	42	1	9
3 and 4 years.....	261	280	208	131	26	25	234	24	19
16 years and over.....	4 595	6 575	4 829	3 589	1 449	4 198	3 288	364	615
18 years and over.....	4 391	6 282	4 606	3 437	1 436	4 177	3 166	336	598
21 years and over.....	4 174	5 956	4 378	3 226	1 314	1 748	2 905	302	555
60 years and over.....	782	1 095	906	715	392	163	551	46	178
62 years and over.....	691	955	789	657	382	151	507	36	168
Median.....	31.0	33.6	32.5	32.5	30.8	20.4	26.5	24.1	34.2
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>3 222</b>	<b>4 383</b>	<b>3 341</b>	<b>2 563</b>	<b>799</b>	<b>2 359</b>	<b>2 276</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>368</b>
Under 5 years.....	284	335	251	195	41	34	241	25	21
5 to 9 years.....	293	353	296	224	23	33	219	29	19
10 to 14 years.....	268	323	299	231	16	21	140	25	19
15 to 19 years.....	227	315	234	189	40	1 075	155	23	25
20 to 24 years.....	186	225	164	130	145	845	279	22	34
25 to 34 years.....	576	729	549	407	125	145	429	37	60
35 to 44 years.....	516	771	567	474	62	74	265	29	43
45 to 54 years.....	329	538	366	231	38	30	155	15	32
55 to 64 years.....	212	381	260	141	51	23	131	13	35
65 to 74 years.....	199	235	195	173	76	25	154	9	38
75 to 84 years.....	105	152	129	137	105	35	85	7	36
85 years and over.....	27	26	31	31	77	19	23	1	6
3 and 4 years.....	124	142	89	78	15	13	100	11	7
16 years and over.....	2 323	3 317	2 445	1 869	716	2 268	1 647	155	303
18 years and over.....	2 231	3 178	2 329	1 795	708	2 255	1 589	141	295
21 years and over.....	2 114	3 018	2 226	1 693	644	787	1 469	125	276
60 years and over.....	424	580	492	426	277	89	331	24	98
62 years and over.....	383	514	424	393	272	83	301	19	92
Median.....	31.2	33.9	32.9	33.1	35.9	20.0	27.2	24.1	36.5
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>3 229</b>	<b>4 380</b>	<b>3 362</b>	<b>2 419</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>2 029</b>	<b>2 339</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>398</b>
Median age.....	30.8	33.3	32.0	31.5	28.7	20.8	25.8	24.2	33.1
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>6 451</b>	<b>8 763</b>	<b>6 703</b>	<b>4 982</b>	<b>1 631</b>	<b>4 388</b>	<b>4 615</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>766</b>
In households.....	6 451	8 741	6 635	4 876	1 465	1 718	4 601	510	766
Householder.....	2 227	3 172	2 291	1 784	890	805	1 736	144	335
Family householder.....	1 744	2 444	1 866	1 320	202	228	1 094	108	198
Nonfamily householder.....	483	728	425	464	688	577	642	36	137
Living alone.....	419	581	359	388	577	291	493	30	121
Spouse.....	1 467	2 076	1 613	1 117	143	150	711	67	149
Child.....	2 312	2 824	2 338	1 738	216	212	1 540	212	206
Other relatives.....	249	345	223	89	55	32	278	60	33
Nonrelatives.....	196	324	170	148	161	519	336	27	43
Institutionalized persons.....	—	6	68	106	166	114	11	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	16	—	—	—	2 556	3	27	—
Persons per household.....	2.90	2.75	2.89	2.75	1.64	2.13	2.65	3.55	2.28
Persons per family.....	3.31	3.14	3.23	3.25	2.99	2.71	3.31	4.15	2.95
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>571</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>565</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>150</b>
In households.....	571	759	648	487	357	95	432	31	150
Householder.....	375	491	346	346	307	65	314	22	108
Nonfamily householder.....	169	201	171	171	259	39	159	11	55
Living alone.....	164	195	166	170	254	36	151	10	55
Spouse.....	144	195	172	125	37	16	98	4	34
Other relatives.....	43	67	34	15	10	6	13	4	8
Nonrelatives.....	9	6	5	1	3	8	7	1	—
Institutionalized persons.....	—	—	7	78	1	42	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 744</b>	<b>2 444</b>	<b>1 866</b>	<b>1 320</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>1 094</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>198</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	965	1 224	978	793	79	115	635	64	84
Number of own children under 18 years.....	1 912	2 255	1 956	1 486	159	181	1 299	169	155
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 458</b>	<b>2 064</b>	<b>1 610</b>	<b>1 124</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>707</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>145</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	789	993	815	644	47	63	374	40	57
Number of own children under 18 years.....	1 598	1 884	1 662	1 244	96	103	766	107	105
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>202</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>38</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	129	163	115	120	23	43	213	20	22
Number of own children under 18 years.....	224	272	216	197	50	64	449	56	42
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 325</b>	<b>3 345</b>	<b>2 446</b>	<b>1 768</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>1 938</b>	<b>1 670</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>317</b>
Never married.....	534	796	552	430	376	1 620	591	86	87
Now married, except separated.....	1 509	2 115	1 665	1 148	206	181	802	86	159
Separated.....	48	58	35	23	16	17	44	1	10
Widowed.....	42	57	37	26	29	17	32	4	6
Divorced.....	192	319	157	141	111	103	201	36	55
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 377</b>	<b>3 372</b>	<b>2 495</b>	<b>1 913</b>	<b>719</b>	<b>2 271</b>	<b>1 676</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>309</b>
Never married.....	402	575	425	340	253	1 951	440	37	53
Now married, except separated.....	1 507	2 140	1 654	1 154	168	171	754	76	159
Separated.....	39	51	30	27	20	23	89	9	8
Widowed.....	197	253	208	197	174	48	162	15	48
Divorced.....	232	353	178	195	104	78	231	19	41

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.		Remainder of Weld County						
	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 17	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 136</b>	<b>4 355</b>	<b>5 447</b>	<b>3 624</b>	<b>3 888</b>	<b>6 438</b>	<b>8 760</b>	<b>6 690</b>	<b>4 982</b>
Under 5 years .....	310	356	537	254	299	581	659	519	360
5 to 9 years .....	289	317	508	316	364	620	715	619	470
10 to 14 years .....	171	295	404	308	345	548	672	616	471
15 to 19 years .....	244	288	304	256	316	456	676	497	381
20 to 24 years .....	706	310	451	135	229	352	434	329	287
25 to 34 years .....	558	805	1 222	516	641	1 162	1 432	1 053	757
35 to 44 years .....	361	598	835	649	656	1 056	1 536	1 124	964
45 to 54 years .....	199	353	370	376	410	652	1 094	772	455
55 to 64 years .....	146	354	324	322	277	442	783	506	272
65 to 74 years .....	97	344	279	278	204	347	455	388	295
75 to 84 years .....	48	230	174	177	116	174	257	225	218
85 years and over .....	7	105	39	37	31	48	47	42	52
3 and 4 years .....	111	160	222	105	129	261	280	206	131
16 years and over .....	2 336	3 320	3 937	2 699	2 810	4 582	6 572	4 824	3 589
18 years and over .....	2 263	3 223	3 821	2 577	2 687	4 379	6 279	4 601	3 437
21 years and over .....	1 947	3 027	3 600	2 460	2 517	4 164	5 953	4 373	3 226
60 years and over .....	219	860	655	672	479	780	1 094	906	715
62 years and over .....	199	787	591	596	436	689	955	789	657
Median .....	23.4	32.4	29.8	35.4	31.2	31.0	33.6	32.5	32.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 731</b>	<b>2 278</b>	<b>2 834</b>	<b>1 850</b>	<b>1 950</b>	<b>3 216</b>	<b>4 381</b>	<b>3 332</b>	<b>2 563</b>
Under 5 years .....	156	165	278	130	151	284	335	249	195
5 to 9 years .....	152	162	248	152	185	293	353	291	224
10 to 14 years .....	80	136	206	142	162	268	323	299	231
15 to 19 years .....	148	144	147	131	145	226	315	234	189
20 to 24 years .....	408	154	253	74	112	186	225	164	130
25 to 34 years .....	307	403	653	272	325	576	728	547	407
35 to 44 years .....	206	317	389	317	335	515	771	567	474
45 to 54 years .....	106	192	193	181	206	326	537	366	231
55 to 64 years .....	81	179	171	160	139	212	381	260	141
65 to 74 years .....	54	207	161	159	107	199	235	195	173
75 to 84 years .....	30	142	108	106	61	104	152	129	137
85 years and over .....	3	77	27	26	22	27	26	31	31
3 and 4 years .....	51	76	110	50	69	124	142	88	78
16 years and over .....	1 328	1 781	2 075	1 410	1 410	2 317	3 315	2 443	1 869
18 years and over .....	1 285	1 734	2 018	1 339	1 361	2 226	3 176	2 327	1 795
21 years and over .....	1 093	1 638	1 903	1 277	1 287	2 109	3 016	2 224	1 693
60 years and over .....	131	516	383	383	255	423	580	492	426
62 years and over .....	118	484	348	339	231	382	514	424	393
Median .....	23.5	34.0	30.1	35.7	31.7	31.2	33.9	32.9	33.1
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 405</b>	<b>2 077</b>	<b>2 613</b>	<b>1 774</b>	<b>1 938</b>	<b>3 222</b>	<b>4 379</b>	<b>3 358</b>	<b>2 419</b>
Median age .....	23.2	30.6	29.6	35.1	30.8	30.8	33.3	32.0	31.5
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 136</b>	<b>4 355</b>	<b>5 447</b>	<b>3 624</b>	<b>3 888</b>	<b>6 438</b>	<b>8 760</b>	<b>6 690</b>	<b>4 982</b>
In households .....	3 136	4 246	5 422	3 624	3 888	6 438	8 738	6 622	4 876
Householder .....	1 373	1 740	2 080	1 351	1 318	2 222	3 171	2 288	1 784
Family householder .....	707	1 152	1 423	1 035	1 076	1 739	2 443	1 864	1 320
Nonfamily householder .....	666	588	657	316	242	483	728	424	464
Living alone .....	450	481	487	292	201	419	581	358	388
Spouse .....	432	909	1 163	942	940	1 462	2 074	1 611	1 117
Child .....	933	1 278	1 762	1 214	1 425	2 309	2 824	2 330	1 738
Other relatives .....	113	112	149	64	115	249	345	223	89
Nonrelatives .....	285	207	268	53	90	196	324	170	148
Institutionalized persons .....	—	109	—	—	—	—	6	68	106
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	25	—	—	—	16	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.30	2.43	2.60	2.68	2.95	2.90	2.75	2.89	2.75
Persons per family .....	3.13	2.98	3.14	3.14	3.30	3.31	3.14	3.22	3.25
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>152</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>565</b>
In households .....	152	573	487	492	351	569	759	648	487
Householder .....	111	408	326	337	230	374	491	437	346
Nonfamily householder .....	62	221	158	161	84	169	201	171	171
Living alone .....	61	217	154	159	82	164	195	166	170
Spouse .....	33	144	125	134	104	143	195	172	125
Other relatives .....	6	12	22	19	14	43	67	34	15
Nonrelatives .....	2	9	14	2	3	9	6	5	1
Institutionalized persons .....	—	106	—	—	—	—	—	7	78
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>707</b>	<b>1 152</b>	<b>1 423</b>	<b>1 035</b>	<b>1 076</b>	<b>1 739</b>	<b>2 443</b>	<b>1 864</b>	<b>1 320</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	454	546	821	519	568	964	1 224	976	793
Number of own children under 18 years .....	812	1 051	1 546	1 019	1 137	1 911	2 255	1 948	1 486
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>437</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>1 145</b>	<b>933</b>	<b>932</b>	<b>1 453</b>	<b>2 063</b>	<b>1 608</b>	<b>1 124</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	247	387	632	454	480	788	993	813	644
Number of own children under 18 years .....	440	768	1 226	916	977	1 597	1 884	1 654	1 244
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>223</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>153</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	181	134	143	48	68	129	163	115	120
Number of own children under 18 years .....	319	238	252	79	131	224	272	216	197
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 023</b>	<b>1 572</b>	<b>1 896</b>	<b>1 320</b>	<b>1 428</b>	<b>2 318</b>	<b>3 344</b>	<b>2 443</b>	<b>1 768</b>
Never married .....	440	397	453	242	330	532	796	552	430
Now married, except separated .....	459	944	1 178	952	968	1 504	2 114	1 663	1 148
Separated .....	13	28	35	14	17	48	58	35	23
Widowed .....	16	51	37	34	26	42	57	37	26
Divorced .....	95	152	193	78	87	192	319	156	141
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 343</b>	<b>1 815</b>	<b>2 102</b>	<b>1 426</b>	<b>1 452</b>	<b>2 371</b>	<b>3 370</b>	<b>2 493</b>	<b>1 913</b>
Never married .....	555	309	409	203	238	401	575	425	340
Now married, except separated .....	465	943	1 191	956	971	1 502	2 138	1 652	1 154
Separated .....	44	48	47	11	18	39	51	30	27
Widowed .....	70	283	178	158	114	197	253	208	197
Divorced .....	209	232	277	98	111	232	353	178	195



**Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County	
		Total	Greeley city
AGE			
All persons -----	567	567	408
Under 5 years-----	51	51	27
5 to 9 years-----	49	49	32
10 to 14 years-----	38	38	19
15 to 19 years-----	81	81	70
20 to 24 years-----	111	111	102
25 to 34 years-----	102	102	81
35 to 44 years-----	68	68	46
45 to 54 years-----	33	33	21
55 to 64 years-----	15	15	4
65 to 74 years-----	8	8	1
75 to 84 years-----	9	9	5
85 years and over -----	2	2	—
3 and 4 years -----	21	21	13
16 years and over -----	423	423	327
18 years and over -----	409	409	319
21 years and over -----	321	321	233
60 years and over -----	24	24	7
62 years and over -----	23	23	7
Median -----	22.5	22.5	22.2
Female -----	243	243	166
Under 5 years-----	26	26	15
5 to 9 years-----	24	24	16
10 to 14 years-----	24	24	12
15 to 19 years-----	27	27	24
20 to 24 years-----	48	48	44
25 to 34 years-----	38	38	28
35 to 44 years-----	25	25	16
45 to 54 years-----	14	14	7
55 to 64 years-----	7	7	1
65 to 74 years-----	4	4	—
75 to 84 years-----	4	4	3
85 years and over -----	2	2	—
3 and 4 years -----	11	11	8
16 years and over -----	169	169	123
18 years and over -----	164	164	120
21 years and over -----	133	133	90
60 years and over -----	11	11	4
62 years and over -----	11	11	4
Median -----	21.6	21.6	21.4
Male -----	324	324	242
Median age -----	23.4	23.4	23.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP			
All persons -----	567	567	408
In households -----	453	453	300
Householder -----	173	173	123
Family householder -----	94	94	58
Nonfamily householder -----	79	79	65
Living alone -----	57	57	46
Spouse -----	45	45	26
Child -----	152	152	89
Other relatives -----	19	19	6
Nonrelatives -----	64	64	56
Institutionalized persons -----	23	23	18
Other persons in group quarters -----	91	91	90
Persons per household -----	2.41	2.41	2.24
Persons per family -----	3.15	3.15	3.03
Persons 65 years and over -----	19	19	6
In households -----	17	17	6
Householder -----	14	14	6
Nonfamily householder -----	9	9	4
Living alone -----	9	9	4
Spouse -----	2	2	—
Other relatives -----	1	1	—
Nonrelatives -----	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons -----	2	2	—
Other persons in group quarters -----	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN			
Families -----	94	94	58
With own children under 18 years-----	65	65	44
Number of own children under 18 years -----	137	137	81
Married-couple families -----	63	63	39
With own children under 18 years-----	44	44	29
Number of own children under 18 years -----	94	94	53
Female householder, no husband present -----	21	21	11
With own children under 18 years-----	14	14	10
Number of own children under 18 years -----	36	36	22
MARITAL STATUS			
Males 15 years and over -----	260	260	207
Never married-----	154	154	135
Now married, except separated -----	75	75	46
Separated -----	6	6	6
Widowed -----	4	4	2
Divorced -----	21	21	18
Females 15 years and over -----	169	169	123
Never married-----	91	91	79
Now married, except separated -----	47	47	29
Separated -----	6	6	3
Widowed -----	7	7	3
Divorced -----	18	18	9

Table 4. **General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>AGE</b>		
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>785</b>	<b>785</b>
Under 5 years .....	85	85
5 to 9 years .....	90	90
10 to 14 years .....	61	61
15 to 19 years .....	77	77
20 to 24 years .....	62	62
25 to 34 years .....	148	148
35 to 44 years .....	118	118
45 to 54 years .....	66	66
55 to 64 years .....	44	44
65 to 74 years .....	22	22
75 to 84 years .....	11	11
85 years and over .....	1	1
3 and 4 years .....	40	40
16 years and over .....	536	536
18 years and over .....	504	504
21 years and over .....	463	463
60 years and over .....	49	49
62 years and over .....	41	41
Median .....	26.4	26.4
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>394</b>	<b>394</b>
Under 5 years .....	44	44
5 to 9 years .....	44	44
10 to 14 years .....	32	32
15 to 19 years .....	40	40
20 to 24 years .....	26	26
25 to 34 years .....	77	77
35 to 44 years .....	57	57
45 to 54 years .....	38	38
55 to 64 years .....	20	20
65 to 74 years .....	11	11
75 to 84 years .....	5	5
85 years and over .....	—	—
3 and 4 years .....	21	21
16 years and over .....	265	265
18 years and over .....	253	253
21 years and over .....	231	231
60 years and over .....	22	22
62 years and over .....	18	18
Median .....	27.0	27.0
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>391</b>	<b>391</b>
Median age .....	25.9	25.9
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>		
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>785</b>	<b>785</b>
In households .....	765	765
Householder .....	246	246
Family householder .....	187	187
Nonfamily householder .....	59	59
Living alone .....	45	45
Spouse .....	133	133
Child .....	281	281
Other relatives .....	42	42
Nonrelatives .....	63	63
Institutionalized persons .....	3	3
Other persons in group quarters .....	17	17
Persons per household .....	3.02	3.02
Persons per family .....	3.41	3.41
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>34</b>	<b>34</b>
In households .....	34	34
Householder .....	24	24
Nonfamily householder .....	10	10
Living alone .....	10	10
Spouse .....	7	7
Other relatives .....	3	3
Nonrelatives .....	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>		
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>187</b>	<b>187</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	124	124
Number of own children under 18 years .....	239	239
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>137</b>	<b>137</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	86	86
Number of own children under 18 years .....	169	169
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>34</b>	<b>34</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	30	30
Number of own children under 18 years .....	61	61
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>		
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>275</b>	<b>275</b>
Never married .....	87	87
Now married, except separated .....	148	148
Separated .....	3	3
Widowed .....	6	6
Divorced .....	31	31
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>274</b>	<b>274</b>
Never married .....	70	70
Now married, except separated .....	138	138
Separated .....	10	10
Widowed .....	11	11
Divorced .....	45	45



**Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County	
		Total	Greeley city
AGE			
All persons	1 133	1 133	607
Under 5 years	81	81	35
5 to 9 years	98	98	50
10 to 14 years	98	98	52
15 to 19 years	127	127	86
20 to 24 years	102	102	81
25 to 34 years	185	185	119
35 to 44 years	167	167	93
45 to 54 years	82	82	42
55 to 64 years	69	69	25
65 to 74 years	106	106	22
75 to 84 years	8	8	2
85 years and over	10	10	—
3 and 4 years	37	37	16
16 years and aver	835	835	458
18 years and over	796	796	437
21 years and aver	704	704	363
60 years and aver	166	166	40
62 years and over	158	158	36
Median	28.5	28.5	25.0
Female	583	583	317
Under 5 years	44	44	18
5 to 9 years	45	45	22
10 to 14 years	46	46	26
15 to 19 years	75	75	52
20 to 24 years	56	56	44
25 to 34 years	92	92	61
35 to 44 years	91	91	50
45 to 54 years	42	42	20
55 to 64 years	38	38	13
65 to 74 years	47	47	11
75 to 84 years	3	3	—
85 years and over	4	4	—
3 and 4 years	24	24	10
16 years and over	435	435	242
18 years and aver	412	412	230
21 years and over	358	358	186
60 years and over	73	73	18
62 years and over	70	70	17
Median	27.9	27.9	24.5
Male	550	550	290
Median age	29.4	29.4	25.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP			
All persons	1 133	1 133	607
In households	1 079	1 079	556
Householder	366	366	195
Family householder	230	230	101
Nonfamily householder	136	136	94
Living alone	99	99	62
Spouse	233	233	98
Child	370	370	187
Other relatives	42	42	23
Nonrelatives	68	68	53
Institutionalized persons	2	2	1
Other persons in group quarters	52	52	50
Persons per household	2.49	2.49	2.45
Persons per family	3.07	3.07	3.22
Persons 65 years and over	124	124	24
In households	124	124	24
Householder	80	80	15
Nonfamily householder	21	21	5
Living alone	21	21	5
Spouse	36	36	6
Other relatives	6	6	2
Nonrelatives	2	2	1
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN			
Families	230	230	101
With own children under 18 years	107	107	58
Number of own children under 18 years	319	319	164
Married-couple families	196	196	79
With own children under 18 years	91	91	45
Number of own children under 18 years	266	266	129
Female householder, no husband present	27	27	19
With own children under 18 years	12	12	10
Number of own children under 18 years	44	44	30
MARITAL STATUS			
Males 15 years and over	408	408	219
Never married	151	151	99
Now married, except separated	218	218	100
Separated	5	5	4
Widowed	11	11	1
Divorced	23	23	15
Females 15 years and over	448	448	251
Never married	156	156	120
Now married, except separated	245	245	105
Separated	9	9	6
Widowed	18	18	7
Divarced	20	20	13

Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01
AGE										
All persons	27 502	27 502	12 327	885	1 002	1 051	540	2 532	1 391	443
Under 5 years	3 407	3 407	1 649	93	132	191	70	422	164	40
5 to 9 years	3 167	3 167	1 357	116	99	142	57	347	156	52
10 to 14 years	2 802	2 802	1 137	98	108	98	39	233	138	53
15 to 19 years	2 686	2 686	1 193	98	84	90	41	214	149	55
20 to 24 years	2 800	2 800	1 556	98	98	107	97	280	129	37
25 to 34 years	4 733	4 733	2 204	131	160	184	117	482	254	64
35 to 44 years	3 451	3 451	1 457	115	135	111	39	280	177	73
45 to 54 years	2 007	2 007	793	48	70	59	29	140	104	49
55 to 64 years	1 234	1 234	461	47	41	44	19	73	55	9
65 to 74 years	727	727	301	26	43	16	10	39	36	6
75 to 84 years	370	370	170	14	27	8	10	16	21	5
85 years and over	118	118	49	1	5	1	12	6	8	—
3 and 4 years	1 349	1 349	641	35	46	69	25	154	77	16
16 years and over	17 622	17 622	7 999	569	646	603	368	1 490	899	285
18 years and over	16 564	16 564	7 553	517	611	560	355	1 413	852	264
21 years and over	14 791	14 791	6 630	459	553	510	308	1 261	762	233
60 years and over	1 748	1 748	710	61	93	46	37	98	87	13
62 years and over	1 520	1 520	621	49	86	36	34	84	82	12
Median	22.8	22.8	22.4	22.0	23.8	20.2	23.1	20.9	23.5	22.0
Female	13 300	13 300	5 932	406	466	538	241	1 325	695	226
Under 5 years	1 663	1 663	794	50	64	111	29	216	77	21
5 to 9 years	1 513	1 513	665	49	40	78	25	162	84	26
10 to 14 years	1 381	1 381	553	46	52	37	18	128	74	34
15 to 19 years	1 267	1 267	575	48	35	38	14	107	71	27
20 to 24 years	1 265	1 265	684	39	43	55	42	144	56	17
25 to 34 years	2 292	2 292	1 034	54	72	100	50	266	134	30
35 to 44 years	1 646	1 646	702	47	62	55	18	152	84	41
45 to 54 years	971	971	391	25	32	28	17	77	49	21
55 to 64 years	625	625	240	23	23	24	9	37	27	4
65 to 74 years	407	407	179	16	23	8	4	23	23	3
75 to 84 years	211	211	92	9	17	3	8	8	12	2
85 years and over	59	59	23	—	3	1	7	5	4	—
3 and 4 years	652	652	307	17	22	45	12	78	39	9
16 years and over	8 517	8 517	3 836	258	302	303	167	798	446	137
18 years and over	8 010	8 010	3 620	227	288	287	165	758	419	127
21 years and over	7 174	7 174	3 180	201	266	265	143	686	378	113
60 years and over	948	948	398	36	54	21	23	56	51	5
62 years and over	826	826	348	29	49	17	21	48	48	5
Median	23.1	23.1	22.5	20.8	24.9	20.6	24.1	21.6	23.9	21.0
Male	14 202	14 202	6 395	479	536	513	299	1 207	696	217
Median age	22.6	22.6	22.3	22.5	23.1	19.9	22.3	20.0	23.3	22.9
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	27 502	27 502	12 327	885	1 002	1 051	540	2 532	1 391	443
In households	27 141	27 141	12 014	881	1 002	1 041	525	2 529	1 386	443
Householder	7 588	7 588	3 532	221	292	283	165	743	389	122
Family householder	6 213	6 213	2 718	186	232	240	112	602	307	103
Nonfamily householder	1 375	1 375	814	35	60	43	53	141	82	19
Living alone	980	980	554	23	46	31	26	99	57	14
Spouse	4 288	4 288	1 693	124	148	145	63	360	223	85
Child	11 823	11 823	5 032	386	411	508	186	1 176	595	184
Other relatives	2 013	2 013	904	101	84	51	39	126	97	31
Nonrelatives	1 429	1 429	853	49	67	54	72	124	82	21
Institutionalized persons	144	144	111	—	—	9	15	—	5	—
Other persons in group quarters	217	217	202	4	—	1	—	3	—	—
Persans per household	3.48	3.48	3.32	4.00	3.42	3.54	3.10	3.26	3.40	3.40
Persans per family	3.82	3.82	3.73	4.32	3.74	3.75	3.51	3.61	3.77	3.75
Persans 65 years and over	1 215	1 215	520	41	75	25	32	61	65	11
In households	1 177	1 177	488	41	75	25	17	60	60	11
Householder	780	780	330	30	53	14	9	34	36	7
Nonfamily householder	309	309	154	11	21	6	2	9	14	2
Living alone	291	291	147	11	21	6	1	9	14	2
Spouse	255	255	105	5	18	6	6	13	14	4
Other relatives	122	122	48	6	4	4	2	12	10	—
Nonrelatives	20	20	5	—	—	1	—	1	—	—
Institutionalized persons	37	37	32	—	—	—	15	—	5	—
Other persons in group quarters	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	6 213	6 213	2 718	186	232	240	112	602	307	103
With own children under 18 years	4 182	4 182	1 843	117	143	183	71	446	197	70
Number of own children under 18 years	9 742	9 742	4 209	314	334	452	160	1 040	480	153
Married-couple families	4 340	4 340	1 733	124	152	141	63	358	211	86
With own children under 18 years	2 930	2 930	1 157	82	92	105	44	252	132	58
Number of own children under 18 years	6 918	6 918	2 640	218	213	263	99	600	325	131
Female householder, no husband present	1 337	1 337	737	44	60	76	34	200	72	13
With own children under 18 years	973	973	557	29	41	64	21	167	56	10
Number of own children under 18 years	2 285	2 285	1 330	81	102	164	54	377	139	20
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	9 383	9 383	4 264	317	353	308	205	711	473	153
Never married	3 353	3 353	1 690	120	119	117	100	246	171	54
Now married, except separated	4 983	4 983	2 046	161	186	147	82	394	242	92
Separated	240	240	118	3	15	12	6	10	12	—
Widowed	122	122	54	3	2	7	3	4	7	1
Divorced	685	685	356	30	31	25	14	57	41	6
Females 15 years and over	8 743	8 743	3 920	261	310	312	169	819	460	145
Never married	2 398	2 398	1 180	64	67	86	61	241	130	41
Now married, except separated	4 569	4 569	1 821	139	158	150	67	381	231	89
Separated	386	386	210	8	13	25	9	53	14	3
Widowed	526	526	242	22	37	11	17	22	33	3
Divorced	864	864	467	28	35	40	15	122	52	9



**Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.						Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 14.02	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>498</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>3 413</b>	<b>1 748</b>	<b>1 676</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>3 373</b>
Under 5 years .....	70	75	389	176	212	72	84	28	65	493
5 to 9 years .....	60	72	381	207	202	88	53	17	42	400
10 to 14 years .....	41	69	383	206	185	86	55	17	28	316
15 to 19 years .....	29	75	305	171	167	68	56	131	49	280
20 to 24 years .....	34	55	317	126	134	35	95	124	64	453
25 to 34 years .....	102	98	613	264	253	134	130	72	106	607
35 to 44 years .....	97	98	474	244	211	111	72	22	48	353
45 to 54 years .....	28	41	210	158	122	39	48	19	35	204
55 to 64 years .....	20	33	174	101	103	35	27	5	21	124
65 to 74 years .....	10	20	117	50	49	18	40	2	15	96
75 to 84 years .....	5	6	40	35	27	7	13	5	4	44
85 years and over .....	2	5	10	10	11	2	6	2	1	3
3 and 4 years .....	23	30	167	80	76	24	34	9	15	212
16 years and over .....	322	419	2 197	1 116	1 041	436	474	379	337	2 117
18 years and over .....	312	386	2 065	1 052	963	405	455	367	319	2 006
21 years and over .....	288	342	1 891	960	873	373	413	203	282	1 790
60 years and over .....	20	43	245	136	139	46	71	9	30	196
62 years and over .....	17	38	215	120	117	35	69	9	24	175
Median .....	26.3	23.1	23.9	24.5	22.7	24.8	24.8	20.6	24.3	22.1
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>243</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>1 644</b>	<b>819</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>1 591</b>
Under 5 years .....	34	42	194	90	100	32	41	12	30	217
5 to 9 years .....	25	40	189	86	98	46	25	5	23	209
10 to 14 years .....	21	35	180	103	89	46	28	10	13	143
15 to 19 years .....	15	33	152	71	78	30	26	79	22	119
20 to 24 years .....	15	21	147	52	72	19	37	47	27	199
25 to 34 years .....	50	45	297	122	128	70	41	27	42	294
35 to 44 years .....	50	46	204	118	101	57	33	7	23	167
45 to 54 years .....	12	16	101	70	57	22	20	9	17	105
55 to 64 years .....	13	14	92	50	56	19	16	3	10	59
65 to 74 years .....	6	9	60	31	25	11	23	—	10	60
75 to 84 years .....	1	5	22	21	15	5	6	4	1	19
85 years and over .....	1	2	6	5	5	1	3	—	1	—
3 and 4 years .....	13	15	79	42	29	11	15	6	4	87
16 years and over .....	161	186	1 054	527	518	228	200	174	150	1 003
18 years and over .....	155	174	985	497	481	213	188	168	143	956
21 years and over .....	141	153	894	456	438	199	171	73	126	867
60 years and over .....	10	22	124	79	75	27	37	4	18	105
62 years and over .....	8	20	108	72	61	21	36	4	14	97
Median .....	27.0	20.8	23.5	25.8	23.4	25.8	23.8	19.9	23.7	22.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>255</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>1 769</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>1 782</b>
Median age .....	25.5	24.4	24.1	23.3	22.0	22.9	25.3	21.5	24.6	21.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>498</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>3 413</b>	<b>1 748</b>	<b>1 676</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>3 373</b>
In households .....	498	647	3 407	1 743	1 662	686	614	236	478	3 373
Householder .....	162	169	905	475	449	189	213	77	149	961
Family householder .....	136	143	789	406	395	160	131	40	105	757
Nonfamily householder .....	26	26	116	69	54	29	82	37	44	204
Living alone .....	21	18	85	52	44	19	64	21	30	143
Spouse .....	89	114	557	300	291	127	66	22	69	431
Child .....	210	304	1 480	760	728	321	238	74	173	1 434
Other relatives .....	20	35	319	143	130	27	60	21	40	305
Nonrelatives .....	17	25	146	65	64	22	37	42	47	242
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	65	17	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	6	4	—	—	—	191	—	—
Persons per household .....	3.14	3.62	3.75	3.55	3.67	3.40	2.88	2.97	3.06	3.46
Persons per family .....	3.47	3.94	3.97	3.80	3.89	3.64	3.79	4.03	3.53	3.81
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>17</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>143</b>
In households .....	17	31	167	95	86	23	58	7	20	143
Householder .....	11	21	117	64	56	16	43	5	13	101
Nonfamily householder .....	3	6	42	25	21	8	28	2	6	49
Living alone .....	3	4	40	22	20	8	27	2	6	45
Spouse .....	3	9	26	24	26	3	8	2	6	32
Other relatives .....	3	—	16	4	4	4	7	—	1	6
Nonrelatives .....	—	1	8	3	—	—	—	—	—	4
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>136</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>789</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>757</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	90	97	528	256	262	120	79	28	63	540
Number of own children under 18 years .....	171	244	1 197	607	624	266	188	57	131	1 209
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>107</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>440</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	74	74	402	196	198	86	44	20	38	307
Number of own children under 18 years .....	140	199	924	476	493	201	102	40	78	672
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>20</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>239</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	13	12	90	36	52	27	24	7	17	190
Number of own children under 18 years .....	24	27	204	87	106	50	64	16	39	456
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>164</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>1 179</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>1 142</b>
Never married .....	40	86	377	204	167	62	128	139	78	451
Now married, except separated .....	107	130	674	333	329	129	107	41	81	542
Separated .....	2	6	39	16	15	6	9	6	5	46
Widowed .....	4	2	19	8	3	2	7	2	3	18
Divorced .....	11	16	70	58	26	16	31	18	23	85
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>163</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>1 081</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>1 022</b>
Never married .....	40	48	275	121	139	57	62	133	41	279
Now married, except separated .....	93	114	607	315	308	125	76	27	78	474
Separated .....	4	5	40	18	14	12	18	5	8	76
Widowed .....	7	11	71	41	37	16	18	5	9	65
Divorced .....	19	13	88	45	39	24	31	6	17	128

**Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.								Remainder of Weld County	
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>857</b>	<b>1 002</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>1 172</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>1 622</b>
Under 5 years.....	91	132	98	54	174	41	152	70	93	248
5 to 9 years.....	113	99	82	42	138	50	130	60	60	209
10 to 14 years.....	91	108	57	30	77	54	112	41	41	156
15 to 19 years.....	98	84	56	36	76	42	116	29	34	138
20 to 24 years.....	97	98	54	86	130	45	119	34	53	150
25 to 34 years.....	127	160	102	96	167	60	219	102	82	315
35 to 44 years.....	110	135	55	33	78	74	151	97	56	202
45 to 54 years.....	46	70	29	18	35	36	79	28	30	105
55 to 64 years.....	45	41	18	14	21	17	43	20	26	52
65 to 74 years.....	24	43	7	5	8	5	25	10	9	31
75 to 84 years.....	14	27	4	8	6	6	19	5	4	10
85 years and over.....	1	5	—	12	—	1	7	2	1	6
3 and 4 years.....	35	46	36	17	65	17	74	23	33	89
16 years and over.....	553	646	315	303	509	279	753	322	288	981
18 years and over.....	501	611	285	290	480	259	712	312	275	933
21 years and over.....	444	553	263	250	414	235	640	288	247	847
60 years and over.....	58	93	21	29	26	19	68	20	25	72
62 years and over.....	46	86	16	26	19	14	63	17	20	65
Median.....	21.9	23.8	18.4	23.0	19.4	22.7	23.3	26.3	21.2	21.9
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>394</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>847</b>
Under 5 years.....	49	64	58	23	86	18	73	34	53	130
5 to 9 years.....	48	40	48	19	66	19	69	25	30	96
10 to 14 years.....	44	52	16	11	39	29	63	21	21	89
15 to 19 years.....	48	35	24	12	50	18	55	15	14	57
20 to 24 years.....	39	43	33	39	60	21	52	15	22	84
25 to 34 years.....	51	72	54	42	91	37	112	50	46	175
35 to 44 years.....	45	62	29	14	53	39	71	50	26	99
45 to 54 years.....	24	32	16	13	16	16	38	12	12	61
55 to 64 years.....	22	23	9	7	9	10	22	13	15	28
65 to 74 years.....	15	23	4	2	5	4	15	6	4	18
75 to 84 years.....	9	17	1	6	3	4	11	1	2	5
85 years and over.....	—	3	—	7	—	—	3	1	1	5
3 and 4 years.....	17	22	25	9	32	6	37	13	20	46
16 years and over.....	250	302	166	140	279	144	368	161	137	519
18 years and over.....	219	288	153	138	259	139	346	155	134	499
21 years and over.....	193	266	143	119	224	127	313	141	122	462
60 years and over.....	34	54	10	18	14	13	40	10	11	42
62 years and over.....	27	49	7	16	11	8	37	8	10	37
Median.....	20.7	24.9	20.0	24.2	19.8	25.6	23.2	27.0	20.8	22.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>463</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>775</b>
Median age.....	22.6	23.1	17.7	22.0	18.6	21.0	23.3	25.5	21.7	20.8
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>857</b>	<b>1 002</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>1 172</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>1 622</b>
In households.....	853	1 002	562	419	910	431	1 167	498	479	1 619
Householder.....	216	292	144	136	282	126	331	162	139	461
Family householder.....	181	232	132	88	214	97	256	136	108	388
Nonfamily householder.....	35	60	12	48	68	29	75	26	31	73
Living alone.....	23	46	9	21	47	21	51	21	22	52
Spouse.....	118	148	84	51	94	75	187	89	61	266
Child.....	372	411	288	140	440	181	488	210	220	736
Other relatives.....	98	84	24	29	45	23	83	20	27	81
Nonrelatives.....	49	67	22	63	49	26	78	17	32	75
Institutionalized persons.....	—	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	9	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3
Persons per household.....	3.97	3.42	3.66	3.01	3.17	3.30	3.35	3.14	3.41	3.32
Persons per family.....	4.29	3.74	3.77	3.47	3.64	3.80	3.73	3.47	3.74	3.60
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>39</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>47</b>
In households.....	39	75	11	10	14	12	46	17	14	46
Householder.....	29	53	6	5	8	8	28	11	8	26
Nonfamily householder.....	11	21	1	2	3	6	14	3	5	6
Living alone.....	11	21	1	1	3	6	14	3	5	6
Spouse.....	5	18	3	3	3	2	11	3	3	10
Other relatives.....	5	4	1	2	3	2	7	3	3	9
Nonrelatives.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Institutionalized persons.....	—	—	—	15	—	—	5	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>181</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>388</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	113	143	104	56	163	71	166	90	79	283
Number of own children under 18 years.....	304	334	259	121	403	149	408	171	193	637
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>119</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>258</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	78	92	61	36	70	53	110	74	44	182
Number of own children under 18 years.....	208	213	156	79	189	112	274	140	107	411
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>44</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>103</b>
With own children under 18 years.....	29	41	37	17	83	12	47	13	27	84
Number of own children under 18 years.....	81	102	93	39	192	29	118	24	71	185
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>309</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>477</b>
Never married.....	118	119	56	84	102	46	142	40	61	144
Now married, except separated.....	156	186	81	62	112	74	204	107	66	282
Separated.....	3	15	5	6	4	—	12	2	7	6
Widowed.....	3	2	3	3	1	1	5	4	4	3
Divorced.....	29	31	10	11	15	16	36	11	15	42
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>253</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>532</b>
Never married.....	63	67	45	56	107	40	103	40	41	134
Now married, except separated.....	133	158	85	52	102	80	193	93	65	279
Separated.....	8	13	12	7	26	6	12	4	13	27
Widowed.....	21	37	6	14	5	6	26	7	5	17
Divorced.....	28	35	22	13	47	17	45	19	18	75



Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>647</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>1 292</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>3 409</b>	<b>1 747</b>	<b>1 676</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>718</b>
Under 5 years .....	75	36	147	74	389	176	212	72	76
5 to 9 years .....	72	47	147	79	381	207	202	88	94
10 to 14 years .....	69	42	138	78	382	206	185	86	86
15 to 19 years .....	75	59	148	73	304	171	167	68	64
20 to 24 years .....	55	35	100	53	316	126	134	35	54
25 to 34 years .....	98	60	204	118	613	264	253	134	109
35 to 44 years .....	98	58	174	82	473	243	211	111	78
45 to 54 years .....	41	46	122	94	210	158	122	39	78
55 to 64 years .....	33	40	58	32	174	101	103	35	40
65 to 74 years .....	20	17	31	17	117	50	49	18	23
75 to 84 years .....	6	12	21	9	40	35	27	7	13
85 years and over .....	5	9	2	5	10	10	11	2	3
3 and 4 years .....	30	14	71	33	167	80	76	24	33
16 years and over .....	419	326	829	469	2 194	1 115	1 041	436	448
18 years and over .....	386	298	766	434	2 062	1 051	963	405	419
21 years and over .....	342	265	685	397	1 890	959	873	373	380
60 years and over .....	43	58	78	44	245	136	139	46	58
62 years and over .....	38	48	67	38	215	120	117	35	49
Median .....	23.1	26.9	23.1	25.0	23.9	24.4	22.7	24.8	23.4
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>308</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>1 642</b>	<b>819</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>337</b>
Under 5 years .....	42	13	69	36	194	90	100	32	36
5 to 9 years .....	40	21	64	34	189	86	98	46	40
10 to 14 years .....	35	21	59	44	179	103	89	46	43
15 to 19 years .....	33	27	66	42	151	71	78	30	27
20 to 24 years .....	21	10	44	22	147	52	72	19	27
25 to 34 years .....	45	31	93	59	297	122	128	70	58
35 to 44 years .....	46	28	93	36	204	118	101	57	33
45 to 54 years .....	16	26	55	50	101	70	57	22	33
55 to 64 years .....	14	20	29	11	92	50	56	19	19
65 to 74 years .....	9	9	18	8	60	31	25	11	13
75 to 84 years .....	5	8	14	6	22	21	15	5	6
85 years and over .....	2	3	1	3	6	5	5	1	2
3 and 4 years .....	15	6	34	16	79	42	29	11	18
16 years and over .....	186	158	395	230	1 053	527	518	228	214
18 years and over .....	174	144	370	210	984	497	481	213	202
21 years and over .....	153	134	338	188	894	456	438	199	184
60 years and over .....	22	28	46	21	124	79	75	27	32
62 years and over .....	20	24	38	19	108	72	61	21	27
Median .....	20.8	30.6	25.1	23.4	23.5	25.8	23.4	25.8	23.7
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>339</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>1 767</b>	<b>928</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>381</b>
Median age .....	24.4	21.9	21.3	25.3	24.1	23.3	22.0	22.9	22.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>647</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>1 292</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>3 409</b>	<b>1 747</b>	<b>1 676</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>718</b>
In households .....	647	461	1 292	714	3 403	1 742	1 662	686	718
Householder .....	169	128	330	192	904	474	449	189	198
Family householder .....	143	108	297	169	788	405	395	160	170
Nonfamily householder .....	26	20	33	23	116	69	54	29	28
Living alone .....	18	18	29	19	85	52	44	19	24
Spouse .....	114	90	226	131	557	300	291	127	128
Child .....	304	196	621	317	1 480	760	728	321	330
Other relatives .....	35	31	83	56	317	143	130	27	40
Nonrelatives .....	25	16	32	18	145	65	64	22	22
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	1	14	9	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	6	4	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	3.62	3.36	3.87	3.64	3.75	3.55	3.67	3.40	3.58
Persons per family .....	3.94	3.69	4.09	3.91	3.97	3.81	3.89	3.64	3.88
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>31</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>39</b>
In households .....	31	38	54	31	167	95	86	23	39
Householder .....	21	22	29	20	117	64	56	16	31
Nonfamily householder .....	6	8	8	6	42	25	21	8	13
Living alone .....	4	8	8	5	40	22	20	8	12
Spouse .....	9	8	16	4	26	24	26	3	5
Other relatives .....	—	6	9	7	16	4	4	4	3
Nonrelatives .....	1	2	—	—	8	3	—	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>143</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>170</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	97	62	193	113	528	256	262	120	105
Number of own children under 18 years .....	244	141	486	251	1 197	607	624	266	273
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>107</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>133</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	74	54	158	95	402	196	198	86	82
Number of own children under 18 years .....	199	118	402	214	924	476	493	201	220
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>17</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>23</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	12	4	30	12	90	36	52	27	15
Number of own children under 18 years .....	27	15	72	28	204	87	106	50	34
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>240</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>1 177</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>244</b>
Never married .....	86	63	155	75	376	204	167	62	68
Now married, except separated .....	130	98	262	150	674	332	329	129	149
Separated .....	6	3	6	4	39	16	15	6	4
Widowed .....	2	4	3	5	19	8	3	2	6
Divorced .....	16	6	21	12	69	58	26	16	17
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>191</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>1 080</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>218</b>
Never married .....	48	36	107	65	274	121	139	57	44
Now married, except separated .....	114	99	243	138	607	315	308	125	133
Separated .....	5	8	12	6	40	18	14	12	6
Widowed .....	11	11	22	15	71	41	37	16	17
Divorced .....	13	8	29	13	88	45	39	24	18

Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02
AGE										
All persons	101 977	101 977	46 879	544	2 835	2 132	7 494	3 683	4 225	4 814
Under 5 years	6 789	6 789	2 773	42	239	89	659	262	233	463
5 to 9 years	7 638	7 638	2 988	25	204	62	663	240	306	491
10 to 14 years	7 139	7 139	2 654	25	195	46	479	223	329	443
15 to 19 years	7 988	7 988	4 305	28	163	151	446	217	283	302
20 to 24 years	8 879	8 879	6 041	57	202	577	1 045	230	241	190
25 to 34 years	16 500	16 500	7 291	105	486	334	1 585	682	610	947
35 to 44 years	16 387	16 387	6 960	70	461	191	1 076	521	844	1 035
45 to 54 years	10 435	10 435	4 159	39	317	89	497	315	593	424
55 to 64 years	8 153	8 153	3 509	50	257	83	439	338	405	253
65 to 74 years	6 662	6 662	3 200	49	199	123	353	336	261	193
75 to 84 years	4 098	4 098	2 119	46	99	198	211	219	104	63
85 years and over	1 309	1 309	880	8	13	189	41	100	16	10
3 and 4 years	2 866	2 866	1 195	16	104	31	271	111	103	201
16 years and over	79 080	79 080	37 967	447	2 161	1 928	5 621	2 908	3 286	3 348
18 years and over	76 595	76 595	37 057	439	2 104	1 908	5 474	2 837	3 181	3 220
21 years and over	70 177	70 177	32 497	412	1 994	1 630	5 000	2 686	3 027	3 074
60 years and over	16 036	16 036	7 947	124	427	556	819	828	567	393
62 years and over	14 394	14 394	7 251	116	379	539	741	756	501	341
Median	32.8	32.8	31.4	33.8	33.3	28.0	28.3	34.8	36.4	31.0
Female	52 283	52 283	24 604	267	1 437	1 125	3 968	1 932	2 126	2 445
Under 5 years	3 334	3 334	1 343	18	126	41	334	118	119	229
5 to 9 years	3 753	3 753	1 492	13	103	32	336	119	153	238
10 to 14 years	3 438	3 438	1 273	10	93	21	228	91	174	215
15 to 19 years	4 176	4 176	2 359	14	85	76	243	109	130	130
20 to 24 years	4 622	4 622	3 146	29	109	275	602	120	116	104
25 to 34 years	8 372	8 372	3 664	47	247	136	841	341	304	526
35 to 44 years	8 156	8 156	3 500	28	235	75	526	276	433	517
45 to 54 years	5 235	5 235	2 145	22	153	47	262	174	286	212
55 to 64 years	4 177	4 177	1 902	29	131	45	235	171	211	134
65 to 74 years	3 659	3 659	1 816	27	99	80	202	201	137	103
75 to 84 years	2 460	2 460	1 324	24	50	146	133	136	54	31
85 years and over	901	901	640	6	6	151	26	76	9	6
3 and 4 years	1 432	1 432	588	7	54	10	128	52	56	104
16 years and over	41 128	41 128	20 255	223	1 097	1 029	3 039	1 577	1 650	1 731
18 years and over	39 891	39 891	19 808	219	1 071	1 018	2 959	1 545	1 598	1 681
21 years and over	36 368	36 368	17 217	207	1 007	882	2 684	1 471	1 525	1 612
60 years and over	9 074	9 074	4 742	71	214	403	482	500	295	211
62 years and over	8 235	8 235	4 375	66	191	394	438	467	263	178
Median	33.2	33.2	32.4	36.3	32.9	32.6	28.3	36.9	36.4	31.3
Male	49 694	49 694	22 275	277	1 398	1 007	3 526	1 751	2 099	2 369
Median age	32.3	32.3	30.4	33.1	33.6	25.6	28.3	32.6	36.3	30.7
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	101 977	101 977	46 879	544	2 835	2 132	7 494	3 683	4 225	4 814
In households	98 364	98 364	43 558	544	2 780	1 869	7 470	3 579	4 225	4 814
Householder	39 113	39 113	18 678	255	1 105	921	3 137	1 568	1 634	1 645
Family householder	27 052	27 052	11 393	140	815	341	1 878	1 026	1 237	1 356
Nonfamily householder	12 061	12 061	7 285	115	290	580	1 259	542	397	289
Living alone	9 383	9 383	5 415	101	235	362	893	450	323	228
Spouse	23 115	23 115	9 492	108	658	252	1 425	819	1 115	1 216
Child	29 125	29 125	11 400	130	846	248	2 178	975	1 251	1 768
Other relatives	2 243	2 243	867	25	50	38	215	61	93	61
Nonrelatives	4 768	4 768	3 121	26	121	410	515	156	132	124
Institutionalized persons	990	990	771	—	44	241	—	104	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	2 623	2 623	2 550	—	11	22	24	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.54	2.54	2.35	2.14	2.56	2.04	2.41	2.32	2.61	2.93
Persons per family	3.04	3.04	2.93	2.91	2.97	2.60	3.08	2.86	3.01	3.24
Persons 65 years and over	12 069	12 069	6 199	103	311	510	605	655	381	266
In households	11 416	11 416	5 641	103	305	288	600	554	381	266
Householder	7 775	7 775	3 910	76	200	220	416	398	238	168
Nonfamily householder	3 528	3 528	1 905	40	70	138	215	215	61	50
Living alone	3 438	3 438	1 849	40	64	137	210	211	60	48
Spouse	3 057	3 057	1 482	22	97	63	149	140	124	85
Other relatives	472	472	184	5	3	5	20	7	16	13
Nonrelatives	112	112	65	—	5	—	15	9	3	—
Institutionalized persons	633	633	545	—	4	222	—	101	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	20	20	13	—	2	—	5	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	27 052	27 052	11 393	140	815	341	1 878	1 026	1 237	1 356
With own children under 18 years	13 262	13 262	5 315	59	400	132	1 100	460	534	828
Number of own children under 18 years	24 047	24 047	9 341	97	694	201	1 909	796	974	1 545
Married-couple families	23 069	23 069	9 451	103	663	253	1 429	829	1 110	1 196
With own children under 18 years	10 743	10 743	4 088	41	280	88	784	338	460	704
Number of own children under 18 years	20 066	20 066	7 438	74	502	147	1 412	603	860	1 351
Female householder, no husband present	2 925	2 925	1 506	26	114	62	339	158	86	128
With own children under 18 years	1 920	1 920	989	13	88	33	257	102	50	101
Number of own children under 18 years	3 077	3 077	1 529	16	148	39	408	158	76	161
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	38 653	38 653	17 968	226	1 082	904	2 623	1 354	1 677	1 654
Never married	10 641	10 641	6 227	61	260	489	796	308	380	325
Now married, except separated	23 666	23 666	9 761	112	682	281	1 469	851	1 130	1 209
Separated	490	490	195	4	10	12	43	20	23	20
Widowed	732	732	340	4	19	24	51	48	21	8
Divorced	3 124	3 124	1 445	45	111	98	264	127	123	92
Females 15 years and over	41 758	41 758	20 496	226	1 115	1 031	3 070	1 604	1 680	1 763
Never married	9 423	9 423	6 095	37	206	380	852	243	286	271
Now married, except separated	23 768	23 768	9 804	116	676	288	1 479	849	1 139	1 233
Separated	570	570	298	7	28	8	70	41	20	24
Widowed	4 041	4 041	2 219	33	78	259	238	269	87	70
Divorced	3 956	3 956	2 080	33	127	96	431	202	148	165



Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.					Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
<b>AGE</b>									
All persons	3 410	5 170	7 747	5 445	4 619	1 320	4 217	2 504	2 103
Under 5 years	230	431	557	358	324	41	70	162	164
5 to 9 years	292	473	603	469	425	26	64	146	112
10 to 14 years	284	408	553	475	429	32	30	114	77
15 to 19 years	225	349	575	372	340	62	1 707	135	106
20 to 24 years	125	247	368	238	267	274	1 613	284	230
25 to 34 years	479	952	1 287	862	704	289	331	447	448
35 to 44 years	620	863	1 390	972	900	134	161	373	319
45 to 54 years	364	566	997	678	431	73	61	193	169
55 to 64 years	316	381	712	432	254	66	48	180	150
65 to 74 years	267	299	423	349	279	92	47	217	176
75 to 84 years	176	156	237	205	215	130	55	188	113
85 years and over	32	45	45	35	51	101	30	65	39
3 and 4 years	96	190	235	149	123	16	25	68	71
16 years and over	2 560	3 772	5 918	4 059	3 355	1 219	4 044	2 050	1 731
18 years and over	2 454	3 617	5 660	3 893	3 223	1 208	4 027	2 009	1 695
21 years and over	2 350	3 464	5 388	3 730	3 032	1 102	1 664	1 892	1 598
60 years and over	650	689	1 011	795	681	352	158	561	406
62 years and over	574	605	882	698	631	342	146	526	374
Median	35.9	32.5	34.5	34.5	33.0	32.1	20.3	34.1	32.8
Female	1 744	2 585	3 884	2 719	2 371	678	2 282	1 331	1 101
Under 5 years	115	208	279	174	174	27	32	79	81
5 to 9 years	142	224	304	225	203	11	32	84	64
10 to 14 years	129	199	258	230	206	10	18	62	32
15 to 19 years	116	169	275	178	172	34	1 045	67	60
20 to 24 years	73	137	196	113	122	130	825	145	135
25 to 34 years	255	466	656	445	376	110	135	223	211
35 to 44 years	299	427	698	492	439	48	69	186	142
45 to 54 years	176	284	491	323	219	31	27	98	86
55 to 64 years	158	182	346	218	131	40	22	106	87
65 to 74 years	153	172	216	176	163	61	25	125	110
75 to 84 years	104	92	140	118	135	102	33	108	70
85 years and over	24	25	25	27	31	74	19	48	23
3 and 4 years	43	89	117	68	72	11	13	35	34
16 years and over	1 342	1 912	2 994	2 054	1 747	629	2 198	1 090	913
18 years and over	1 280	1 845	2 871	1 967	1 680	622	2 186	1 065	890
21 years and over	1 223	1 761	2 735	1 891	1 587	565	755	1 013	839
60 years and over	369	376	531	432	405	254	87	335	249
62 years and over	326	338	469	377	377	249	81	317	225
Median	36.2	32.7	34.6	34.9	33.5	37.8	20.0	35.3	32.9
Male	1 666	2 585	3 863	2 726	2 248	642	1 935	1 173	1 002
Median age	35.7	32.3	34.3	34.1	32.3	29.6	20.8	33.2	32.7
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
All persons	3 410	5 170	7 747	5 445	4 619	1 320	4 217	2 504	2 103
In households	3 410	5 170	7 730	5 378	4 516	1 204	1 644	2 498	2 089
Householder	1 303	1 882	2 899	1 954	1 687	794	781	1 133	1 022
Family householder	995	1 448	2 210	1 567	1 240	150	216	663	528
Nonfamily householder	308	434	689	387	447	644	565	470	494
Living alone	287	377	551	327	377	543	284	370	391
Spouse	898	1 247	1 885	1 391	1 047	115	142	522	395
Child	1 107	1 741	2 399	1 790	1 573	129	191	567	440
Other relatives	56	150	254	117	68	21	27	60	75
Nonrelatives	46	150	293	126	141	145	503	216	157
Institutionalized persons	—	—	5	67	103	116	100	6	11
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	12	—	—	—	2 473	—	3
Persons per household	2.64	2.77	2.69	2.75	2.71	1.52	2.12	2.23	2.09
Persons per family	3.11	3.19	3.08	3.10	3.22	2.74	2.68	2.76	2.81
Persons 65 years and over	475	500	705	589	545	323	132	470	328
In households	475	500	705	582	468	323	91	470	328
Householder	327	326	454	395	333	283	62	312	238
Nonfamily householder	160	150	185	157	165	244	39	134	126
Living alone	158	146	181	153	164	240	36	127	120
Spouse	127	132	182	152	122	31	15	136	75
Other relatives	19	36	64	30	12	6	6	14	11
Nonrelatives	2	6	5	5	1	3	8	8	4
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	7	77	—	41	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
Families	995	1 448	2 210	1 567	1 240	150	216	663	528
With own children under 18 years	489	774	1 086	784	738	56	109	269	230
Number of own children under 18 years	933	1 458	1 921	1 484	1 352	98	168	459	361
Married-couple families	902	1 239	1 877	1 384	1 064	110	140	524	387
With own children under 18 years	430	640	885	668	602	37	60	186	149
Number of own children under 18 years	836	1 238	1 608	1 286	1 138	74	96	331	267
Female householder, no husband present	67	153	225	121	137	27	56	104	107
With own children under 18 years	44	98	142	75	109	13	41	65	64
Number of own children under 18 years	75	157	232	135	174	17	59	101	72
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Males 15 years and over	1 246	1 904	2 991	2 053	1 653	591	1 853	976	826
Never married	215	409	684	436	391	305	1 557	319	251
Now married, except separated	911	1 267	1 919	1 419	1 080	150	168	539	403
Separated	12	28	50	26	21	14	15	16	14
Widowed	34	34	52	36	25	26	16	18	21
Divorced	74	166	286	136	136	96	97	84	137
Females 15 years and over	1 358	1 954	3 043	2 090	1 788	630	2 200	1 106	924
Never married	190	294	503	326	311	230	1 896	281	228
Now married, except separated	914	1 272	1 936	1 417	1 085	134	163	543	406
Separated	10	26	45	21	20	13	19	21	33
Widowed	154	170	230	178	187	162	47	133	116
Divorced	90	192	329	148	185	91	75	128	141

Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Remainder of Weld County	
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>540</b>	<b>1 092</b>	<b>2 047</b>	<b>2 700</b>	<b>4 333</b>	<b>3 528</b>	<b>4 798</b>	<b>1 743</b>	<b>4 794</b>
Under 5 years .....	42	117	87	220	219	245	463	122	439
5 to 9 years .....	24	99	60	232	327	228	490	105	431
10 to 14 years .....	24	69	43	138	343	216	442	126	341
15 to 19 years .....	28	49	147	195	310	209	300	114	251
20 to 24 years .....	57	96	564	646	503	224	188	106	399
25 to 34 years .....	103	243	315	492	603	652	946	243	1 093
35 to 44 years .....	70	169	173	324	786	495	1 030	292	752
45 to 54 years .....	39	101	83	176	427	302	421	216	321
55 to 64 years .....	50	62	79	134	327	320	253	195	305
65 to 74 years .....	49	52	112	92	283	323	192	147	261
75 to 84 years .....	46	31	196	44	175	215	63	68	167
85 years and over .....	8	4	188	7	30	99	10	9	34
3 and 4 years .....	16	55	31	81	117	103	201	49	190
16 years and over .....	445	792	1 851	2 089	3 380	2 790	3 334	1 369	3 532
18 years and over .....	437	783	1 832	2 035	3 261	2 724	3 206	1 321	3 439
21 years and over .....	410	733	1 560	1 754	3 039	2 575	3 062	1 261	3 246
60 years and over .....	124	114	541	204	671	802	392	313	615
62 years and over .....	116	101	524	188	596	734	340	278	553
Median .....	34.0	29.1	27.7	23.9	32.9	34.8	31.0	36.7	30.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>265</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>1 085</b>	<b>1 484</b>	<b>2 299</b>	<b>1 850</b>	<b>2 435</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>2 484</b>
Under 5 years .....	18	63	40	111	101	110	229	63	223
5 to 9 years .....	12	53	31	122	172	111	237	50	214
10 to 14 years .....	10	34	18	62	173	88	214	59	166
15 to 19 years .....	14	21	73	117	168	105	128	64	126
20 to 24 years .....	29	49	267	376	265	116	103	60	226
25 to 34 years .....	46	126	129	263	308	322	525	121	578
35 to 44 years .....	28	91	70	180	408	266	516	144	346
45 to 54 years .....	22	50	44	96	221	167	210	103	166
55 to 64 years .....	29	32	43	76	185	161	134	99	159
65 to 74 years .....	27	27	75	51	158	196	102	72	151
75 to 84 years .....	24	15	144	27	114	133	31	35	106
85 years and over .....	6	3	151	3	26	75	6	3	23
3 and 4 years .....	7	31	10	36	60	47	104	23	92
16 years and over .....	222	410	995	1 179	1 821	1 515	1 723	687	1 860
18 years and over .....	218	406	985	1 149	1 764	1 485	1 673	665	1 810
21 years and over .....	206	379	850	978	1 629	1 412	1 606	628	1 706
60 years and over .....	71	59	395	122	405	484	210	155	360
62 years and over .....	66	52	386	111	361	455	177	139	327
Median .....	36.5	29.0	32.8	23.9	34.2	37.0	31.3	36.2	30.6
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>275</b>	<b>528</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>1 216</b>	<b>2 034</b>	<b>1 678</b>	<b>2 363</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>2 310</b>
Median age .....	33.2	29.3	25.3	23.9	31.0	32.5	30.6	37.7	30.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>540</b>	<b>1 092</b>	<b>2 047</b>	<b>2 700</b>	<b>4 333</b>	<b>3 528</b>	<b>4 798</b>	<b>1 743</b>	<b>4 794</b>
In households .....	540	1 092	1 784	2 700	4 333	3 424	4 798	1 688	4 770
Householder .....	254	435	874	1 237	1 808	1 509	1 637	670	1 900
Family householder .....	139	312	320	601	1 123	980	1 351	503	1 277
Nonfamily householder .....	115	123	554	636	685	529	286	167	623
Living alone .....	101	95	344	430	495	443	226	140	463
Spouse .....	108	231	237	383	938	778	1 213	427	1 042
Child .....	128	346	237	718	1 240	935	1 764	500	1 460
Other relatives .....	25	18	34	93	73	59	61	32	122
Nonrelatives .....	25	62	402	269	274	143	123	59	246
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	241	—	—	104	—	44	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	11	24
Persons per household .....	2.13	2.60	2.05	2.20	2.40	2.30	2.93	2.53	2.55
Persons per family .....	2.91	3.02	2.59	3.02	3.01	2.86	3.25	2.94	3.11
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>103</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>496</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>462</b>
In households .....	103	87	274	143	488	536	265	218	457
Householder .....	76	54	211	106	335	385	167	146	310
Nonfamily householder .....	40	20	135	60	175	211	49	50	155
Living alone .....	40	17	134	59	173	207	47	47	151
Spouse .....	22	28	58	30	135	135	85	69	119
Other relatives .....	5	3	5	5	16	7	13	—	15
Nonrelatives .....	—	2	—	2	2	9	—	3	13
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	222	—	—	101	—	4	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	5
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>139</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>1 123</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>1 351</b>	<b>503</b>	<b>1 277</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	58	181	126	371	573	437	826	219	729
Number of own children under 18 years .....	95	293	195	621	1 028	760	1 543	401	1 288
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>103</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>938</b>	<b>786</b>	<b>1 193</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>1 047</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	41	120	84	208	441	317	703	160	576
Number of own children under 18 years .....	74	194	141	352	827	571	1 350	308	1 060
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>26</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>160</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	13	41	31	143	109	100	101	47	114
Number of own children under 18 years .....	16	71	39	230	167	154	161	77	178
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>225</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>861</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>1 591</b>	<b>1 298</b>	<b>1 648</b>	<b>689</b>	<b>1 702</b>
Never married .....	61	93	474	402	501	299	324	167	394
Now married, except separated .....	112	243	265	401	955	808	1 206	439	1 068
Separated .....	4	2	10	11	12	20	20	8	32
Widowed .....	4	6	23	16	20	48	8	13	35
Divorced .....	44	49	89	91	103	123	90	62	173
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>225</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>996</b>	<b>1 189</b>	<b>1 853</b>	<b>1 541</b>	<b>1 755</b>	<b>701</b>	<b>1 881</b>
Never married .....	37	73	369	492	496	232	268	133	360
Now married, except separated .....	116	237	272	411	954	807	1 230	439	1 068
Separated .....	7	11	8	30	22	40	24	17	40
Widowed .....	33	27	258	69	175	264	68	51	169
Divorced .....	32	66	89	187	206	198	165	61	244



Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
<b>AGE</b>									
All persons	3 352	2 614	3 028	2 150	5 157	7 744	5 432	4 619	2 645
Under 5 years	225	184	210	150	431	557	355	324	200
5 to 9 years	289	228	276	190	473	603	464	425	234
10 to 14 years	281	252	254	199	408	553	475	429	228
15 to 19 years	224	184	211	137	347	575	372	340	161
20 to 24 years	120	118	158	96	246	368	238	267	109
25 to 34 years	469	433	510	357	952	1 286	859	704	437
35 to 44 years	611	428	534	351	861	1 390	970	900	456
45 to 54 years	354	311	323	236	562	996	678	431	262
55 to 64 years	308	217	243	184	379	711	432	254	229
65 to 74 years	265	165	179	153	299	423	349	279	188
75 to 84 years	174	78	99	79	155	237	205	215	115
85 years and over	32	16	31	18	44	45	35	51	26
3 and 4 years	94	83	84	62	190	235	147	123	89
16 years and over	2 513	1 904	2 242	1 578	3 759	5 915	4 054	3 355	1 947
18 years and over	2 407	1 825	2 164	1 520	3 605	5 657	3 888	3 223	1 874
21 years and over	2 307	1 741	2 049	1 455	3 454	5 385	3 725	3 032	1 797
60 years and over	643	374	427	336	687	1 010	795	681	444
62 years and over	570	318	388	288	603	882	698	631	397
Median	35.9	33.3	33.1	33.7	32.5	34.5	34.5	33.0	34.0
Female	1 716	1 305	1 542	1 077	2 579	3 882	2 710	2 371	1 331
Under 5 years	112	91	107	75	208	279	172	174	89
5 to 9 years	140	113	144	89	224	304	220	203	111
10 to 14 years	128	117	124	89	199	258	230	206	120
15 to 19 years	115	93	101	81	168	275	178	172	69
20 to 24 years	69	59	82	50	137	196	113	122	56
25 to 34 years	250	219	266	196	466	655	443	376	229
35 to 44 years	297	220	267	170	426	698	492	439	230
45 to 54 years	170	148	165	112	281	490	323	219	131
55 to 64 years	155	111	121	89	182	346	218	131	107
65 to 74 years	153	85	94	78	172	216	176	163	103
75 to 84 years	103	40	49	39	91	140	118	135	68
85 years and over	24	9	22	9	25	25	27	31	18
3 and 4 years	43	43	49	32	89	117	67	72	43
16 years and over	1 320	960	1 140	808	1 906	2 992	2 052	1 747	992
18 years and over	1 258	921	1 108	773	1 840	2 869	1 965	1 680	959
21 years and over	1 204	881	1 052	732	1 756	2 733	1 889	1 587	931
60 years and over	368	192	223	163	375	531	432	405	247
62 years and over	325	164	202	140	337	469	377	377	220
Median	36.2	33.3	33.2	33.0	32.7	34.6	35.0	33.5	34.6
Male	1 636	1 309	1 486	1 073	2 578	3 862	2 722	2 248	1 314
Median age	35.6	33.2	33.1	34.3	32.2	34.3	34.1	32.3	33.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
All persons	3 352	2 614	3 028	2 150	5 157	7 744	5 432	4 619	2 645
In households	3 352	2 614	3 028	2 150	5 157	7 727	5 365	4 516	2 645
Householder	1 280	926	1 091	794	1 877	2 898	1 951	1 687	997
Family householder	975	753	873	627	1 443	2 209	1 565	1 240	764
Nonfamily householder	305	173	218	167	434	689	386	447	234
Living alone	284	146	180	148	377	551	326	377	198
Spouse	880	673	785	540	1 242	1 883	1 389	1 047	682
Child	1 091	892	1 027	701	1 738	2 399	1 782	1 573	843
Other relatives	56	72	56	67	150	254	117	68	53
Nonrelatives	45	51	69	48	150	293	126	141	70
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	5	67	103	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.65	2.86	2.79	2.76	2.77	2.69	2.75	2.71	2.66
Persons per family	3.11	3.21	3.15	3.14	3.19	3.08	3.10	3.22	3.07
Persons 65 years and over	471	259	309	250	498	705	589	545	329
In households	471	259	309	250	498	705	582	468	329
Householder	324	159	209	164	325	454	395	333	225
Nonfamily householder	159	54	77	57	150	185	157	165	105
Living alone	157	53	75	56	146	181	153	164	102
Spouse	126	78	91	71	131	182	152	122	94
Other relatives	19	21	6	13	36	64	30	12	9
Nonrelatives	2	1	3	2	6	5	5	1	1
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	77	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
Families	975	753	873	627	1 443	2 209	1 565	1 240	764
With own children under 18 years	482	408	439	317	773	1 086	782	738	385
Number of own children under 18 years	922	747	828	590	1 457	1 921	1 476	1 352	732
Married-couple families	883	675	770	543	1 234	1 876	1 382	1 064	671
With own children under 18 years	424	355	378	264	639	885	666	602	322
Number of own children under 18 years	828	659	728	508	1 237	1 608	1 278	1 138	613
Female householder, no husband present	67	54	77	56	153	225	121	137	70
With own children under 18 years	44	39	46	37	98	142	75	109	47
Number of own children under 18 years	75	67	83	57	157	232	135	174	90
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
Males 15 years and over	1 221	966	1 121	787	1 897	2 990	2 050	1 653	972
Never married	211	200	220	122	407	684	436	391	186
Now married, except separated	892	686	789	557	1 262	1 918	1 417	1 080	675
Separated	12	11	13	18	28	50	26	21	14
Widowed	34	14	24	21	34	52	36	25	18
Divorced	72	55	75	69	166	286	135	136	79
Females 15 years and over	1 336	984	1 167	824	1 948	3 041	2 088	1 788	1 011
Never married	186	144	168	127	293	503	326	311	120
Now married, except separated	896	687	804	562	1 267	1 934	1 415	1 085	697
Separated	10	11	11	13	26	45	21	20	14
Widowed	154	78	97	60	170	230	178	187	95
Divorced	90	64	87	62	192	329	148	185	85

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County				Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County									
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city (pt.)	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	
RACE															
All persons	131 821	131 821	17	4	60 536	-	1 023	1 570	3 933	2 761	10 272	5 157	4 755	5 387	
White	117 247	117 247	13	3	53 936	-	595	770	3 301	2 315	8 583	4 647	4 463	5 175	
Black	567	567	-	-	408	-	2	8	9	27	69	37	13	15	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	785	785	-	-	366	-	13	14	24	18	102	32	25	30	
American Indian	759	759	-	-	343	-	11	14	24	18	101	31	25	30	
Eskimo	10	10	-	-	8	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	
Aleut	16	16	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Asian or Pacific Islander	1 133	1 133	-	-	607	-	6	2	19	35	96	28	55	33	
Asian	1 043	1 043	-	-	556	-	1	1	19	32	83	24	50	32	
Chinese	132	132	-	-	117	-	-	-	6	11	4	-	10	4	
Filipino	64	64	-	-	44	-	-	-	-	2	23	11	7	17	
Japanese	515	515	-	-	181	-	-	-	12	7	6	1	4	-	
Asian Indian	33	33	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	
Korean	158	158	-	-	104	-	-	-	1	6	12	7	21	9	
Vietnamese	22	22	-	-	12	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	
Cambodian	14	14	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	
Hmong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Laotian	21	21	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	15	2	-	-	
Thai	36	36	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	1	4	1	3	4	
Other Asian	48	48	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	3	1	2	3	1	
Pacific Islander	90	90	-	-	51	-	5	1	-	3	13	4	5	1	
Hawaiian	66	66	-	-	38	-	-	1	-	3	12	2	5	1	
Samoan	7	7	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Guamanian	13	13	-	-	6	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Pacific Islander	4	4	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	
Other race	12 089	12 089	4	1	5 219	-	407	776	580	366	1 422	413	199	134	
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons	131 821	131 821	17	4	60 536	-	1 023	1 570	3 933	2 761	10 272	5 157	4 755	5 387	
Hispanic origin (of any race)	27 502	27 502	4	1	12 327	-	885	1 002	1 051	540	2 532	1 391	443	498	
Mexican	22 981	22 981	4	1	10 253	-	730	888	942	437	1 952	1 227	382	354	
Puerto Rican	67	67	-	-	31	-	-	-	1	3	7	1	-	-	
Cuban	28	28	-	-	22	-	-	1	-	1	4	-	-	3	
Other Hispanic	4 426	4 426	-	-	2 021	-	155	113	108	99	569	163	60	141	
Not of Hispanic origin	104 319	104 319	13	3	48 209	-	138	568	2 882	2 221	7 740	3 766	4 312	4 889	
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons	131 821	131 821	17	4	60 536	-	1 023	1 570	3 933	2 761	10 272	5 157	4 755	5 387	
White	117 247	117 247	13	3	53 936	-	595	770	3 301	2 315	8 583	4 647	4 463	5 175	
Hispanic origin	15 270	15 270	-	-	7 057	-	469	226	466	183	1 089	964	238	361	
Not of Hispanic origin	101 977	101 977	13	3	46 879	-	126	544	2 835	2 132	7 494	3 683	4 225	4 814	
Black	567	567	-	-	408	-	2	8	9	27	69	37	13	15	
Hispanic origin	58	58	-	-	39	-	-	2	2	2	10	9	-	-	
Not of Hispanic origin	509	509	-	-	369	-	2	6	7	25	59	28	13	15	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	785	785	-	-	366	-	13	14	24	18	102	32	25	30	
Hispanic origin	192	192	-	-	97	-	5	8	3	2	37	8	8	5	
Not of Hispanic origin	593	593	-	-	269	-	8	6	21	16	65	24	17	25	
Asian or Pacific Islander	1 133	1 133	-	-	607	-	6	2	19	35	96	28	55	33	
Hispanic origin	70	70	-	-	22	-	6	1	-	-	7	2	-	-	
Not of Hispanic origin	1 063	1 063	-	-	585	-	-	-	19	35	89	26	55	33	
Other race	12 089	12 089	4	1	5 219	-	407	776	580	366	1 422	413	199	134	
Hispanic origin	11 912	11 912	4	1	5 112	-	405	765	580	353	1 389	408	197	132	
Not of Hispanic origin	177	177	-	-	107	-	2	11	-	13	33	5	2	2	



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.							Brighton city (pt.) Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.) Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02			Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01
RACE															
All persons															
White	4 108	4 113	8 764	9 620	7 172	1 646	5 383	17	4	2 059	4 948	—	3 250	3 044	
Black	3 976	3 682	6 451	8 763	6 703	1 611	4 982	13	3	1 631	4 388	—	3 118	2 738	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	10	7	30	25	2	2	18	—	—	18	122	—	16	19	
American Indian	4	13	56	84	33	1	28	—	—	19	26	—	16	18	
Eskimo	4	13	56	83	33	1	28	—	—	19	23	—	16	18	
Aleut	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	
Asian or Pacific Islander	56	35	117	40	13	4	31	—	—	25	136	—	33	—	
Asian	54	34	113	35	13	3	29	—	—	24	120	—	32	21	
Chinese	6	—	—	3	—	—	5	—	—	9	39	—	7	—	
Filipino	17	23	103	6	1	—	2	—	—	1	8	—	4	—	
Japanese	—	—	—	11	10	2	7	—	—	3	29	—	12	4	
Asian Indian	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	7	—	1	—	
Korean	15	4	4	9	2	—	7	—	—	1	20	—	7	—	
Vietnamese	—	3	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	
Cambodian	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Thai	7	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	
Other Asian	3	3	2	—	—	1	8	—	—	1	7	—	—	—	
Pacific Islander	2	1	4	5	—	1	—	—	—	1	5	—	1	—	
Hawaiian	2	1	4	2	—	—	2	—	—	1	16	—	1	—	
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	13	—	1	—	
Guamanian	—	—	—	3	—	1	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	
Other race	62	376	2 110	708	421	28	324	4	1	366	276	—	67	247	
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons															
Hispanic origin (of any race)	4 108	4 113	8 764	9 620	7 172	1 646	5 383	17	4	2 059	4 948	—	3 250	3 044	
Mexican	189	647	3 413	1 748	1 676	140	695	4	1	679	444	—	172	478	
Puerto Rican	149	562	2 988	1 356	1 443	128	575	4	1	572	345	—	133	425	
Cuban	5	1	6	10	—	—	3	—	—	3	9	—	1	3	
Other Hispanic	32	84	419	382	232	12	116	—	—	103	88	—	38	50	
Not of Hispanic origin	3 919	3 466	5 351	7 872	5 496	1 506	4 688	13	3	1 380	4 504	—	3 078	2 566	
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons															
White	4 108	4 113	8 764	9 620	7 172	1 646	5 383	17	4	2 059	4 948	—	3 250	3 044	
Hispanic origin	3 976	3 682	6 451	8 763	6 703	1 611	4 982	13	3	1 631	4 388	—	3 118	2 738	
Not of Hispanic origin	122	272	1 281	1 016	1 258	115	363	—	—	311	171	—	107	234	
Black	3 854	3 410	5 170	7 747	5 445	1 496	4 619	13	3	1 320	4 217	—	3 011	2 504	
Hispanic origin	10	7	30	25	2	2	18	—	—	18	122	—	16	19	
Not of Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	10	7	29	25	2	2	16	—	—	16	2	—	15	—	
Hispanic origin	4	13	56	84	33	1	28	—	—	19	26	—	16	18	
Not of Hispanic origin	2	1	14	28	4	—	6	—	—	1	7	—	5	—	
Asian or Pacific Islander	56	35	117	40	13	4	31	—	—	25	136	—	33	13	
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	19	—	16	—	
Not of Hispanic origin	4	1	16	3	—	1	2	—	—	25	136	—	33	22	
Other race	52	34	101	37	13	3	29	—	—	1	2	—	—	1	
Hispanic origin	62	376	2 110	708	421	28	324	4	1	366	276	—	67	247	
Not of Hispanic origin	61	373	2 101	701	414	24	322	4	1	364	262	—	64	238	
	1	3	9	7	7	4	2	—	—	2	14	—	3	9	

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Greeley city, Weld County—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)
RACE															
All persons		5 554	940	1 566	1 679	2 562	2 805	3 706	4 856	3 880	3 045	4 778	2 273	5 371	4 108
White		4 615	537	766	1 412	2 217	2 506	3 136	4 587	3 609	2 909	4 355	2 171	5 159	3 976
Black		26	2	8	4	19	15	38	23	15	10	36	12	15	10
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		45	11	14	16	17	18	47	14	30	4	24	11	30	4
American Indian		39	9	14	16	17	15	46	8	30	3	23	11	30	4
Eskimo		—	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
Aleut		6	—	—	—	—	3	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander		33	6	2	10	35	24	32	52	29	24	28	27	33	56
Asian		32	1	1	10	32	20	29	45	28	24	24	27	32	54
Chinese		10	—	—	6	11	1	4	4	3	3	1	6	1	6
Filipino		4	—	—	—	2	5	4	3	5	3	—	3	—	1
Japanese		8	—	—	4	7	12	5	24	9	14	11	5	17	17
Asian Indian		5	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	5
Korean		5	—	—	—	6	1	4	—	8	2	7	8	9	15
Vietnamese		—	—	1	—	1	1	—	3	—	—	—	1	—	—
Cambodian		—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai		—	—	—	—	1	—	4	—	3	—	2	—	—	—
Other Asian		—	1	—	—	3	—	—	7	—	1	2	1	4	7
Pacific Islander		—	5	1	—	3	4	3	7	1	—	4	1	1	3
Hawaiian		1	—	—	—	3	4	2	7	1	—	2	—	1	2
Samoan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian		—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander		—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race		835	384	776	237	274	242	453	180	196	99	335	52	134	62
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		5 554	940	1 566	1 679	2 562	2 805	3 706	4 856	3 880	3 045	4 778	2 273	5 371	4 108
Hispanic origin (of any race)		3 373	857	1 002	562	434	371	910	431	384	242	1 172	128	498	189
Mexican		2 760	712	888	519	346	314	769	335	289	205	1 031	107	354	149
Puerto Rican		2	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	3	—	1	—	—	5
Cuban		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic		611	145	113	43	86	57	140	88	92	32	140	21	141	32
Not of Hispanic origin		2 181	83	564	1 117	2 128	2 434	2 796	4 425	3 496	2 803	3 606	2 145	4 873	3 919
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		5 554	940	1 566	1 679	2 562	2 805	3 706	4 856	3 880	3 045	4 778	2 273	5 371	4 108
White		4 615	537	766	1 412	2 217	2 506	3 136	4 587	3 609	2 909	4 355	2 171	5 159	3 976
Hispanic origin		2 512	465	226	320	170	134	436	254	194	145	352	68	361	122
Not of Hispanic origin		2 103	72	540	1 092	2 047	2 372	2 700	4 333	3 415	2 764	3 528	2 103	4 798	3 854
Black		26	2	8	4	19	15	38	23	15	10	36	12	15	10
Hispanic origin		15	—	2	2	1	—	3	2	—	—	9	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		11	2	6	2	18	15	35	21	15	10	27	12	15	10
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		45	11	14	16	17	18	47	14	31	3	24	11	30	4
Hispanic origin		23	4	8	3	2	18	20	1	4	—	4	8	5	2
Not of Hispanic origin		22	7	6	13	15	18	27	13	27	3	20	3	25	2
Asian or Pacific Islander		33	6	2	10	35	24	32	52	29	24	28	27	33	56
Hispanic origin		3	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	4
Not of Hispanic origin		30	6	2	10	35	24	30	52	29	24	26	27	33	52
Other race		835	384	776	237	274	242	453	180	196	99	335	52	134	62
Hispanic origin		820	382	765	237	261	237	449	174	186	97	330	52	132	61
Not of Hispanic origin		15	2	11	—	13	5	4	6	10	2	5	—	2	1



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.				Northglenn city (pt.), Weld County	Remainder of Weld County								
	Tract 21 (pt.)		Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)		Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)
	Tract 15 (pt.)													
RACE														
All persons	60	13	39			83	4	2 254	199	6 566	379	2 482	16	
White	58	13	35			58	4	1 889	98	5 447	292	2 292	16	
Black								5	8	31	1	1		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	2					2		8	1	55	8	14		
American Indian	2					2		8	1	55	8	14		
Eskimo														
Aleut														
Asian or Pacific Islander								9		64		28		
Asian								9		54		23		
Chinese												4		
Filipino										4		1		
Japanese								8		18		2		
Asian Indian										6		1		
Korean								1		8		13		
Vietnamese										1				
Cambodian										2				
Hmong														
Laotian										15				
Thai														
Other Asian														
Pacific Islander										10		2		
Hawaiian										10		5		
Samoan														
Guamanian														
Other Pacific Islander														
Other race			4			23		343	92	969	78	147		
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	60	13	39			83	4	2 254	199	6 566	379	2 482	16	
Hispanic origin (of any race)			1			28		489	106	1 622	219	315		
Mexican						18		423	91	1 183	196	275		
Puerto Rican								1	2	6		1		
Cuban										4				
Other Hispanic			1			10		65	13	429	23	39		
Not of Hispanic origin	60	13	38			55	4	1 765	93	4 944	160	2 167	16	
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	60	13	39			83	4	2 254	199	6 566	379	2 482	16	
White	58	13	35			58	4	1 889	98	5 447	292	2 292	16	
Hispanic origin						4		146	13	653	137	170		
Not of Hispanic origin	58	13	35			54	4	1 743	85	4 794	155	2 122	16	
Black								5	8	31	1	1		
Hispanic origin										7				
Not of Hispanic origin								5	7	24	1	1		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	2					2		8	1	55	8	14		
Hispanic origin						1				17	4			
Not of Hispanic origin	2					1		8	1	38	4	14		
Asian or Pacific Islander								9		64		28		
Hispanic origin										5				
Not of Hispanic origin														
Other race			4			23		343	92	969	78	147		
Hispanic origin						23		343	92	940	78	145		
Not of Hispanic origin			3							29	2	2		

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Remainder of Weld County—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
RACE															
All persons		4 053	3 113	4 355	2 923	8 747	2 841	9 616	7 159	1 607	5 383	3 419	839	1 807	3 419
White		3 624	2 970	3 888	2 641	6 438	2 664	8 760	6 690	1 576	4 982	3 209	819	1 731	3 207
Black		7	2	7	6	30	6	25	2	2	18	1	4	16	6
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		11	23	11	18	56	23	84	33	1	28	18	4	15	5
American Indian		11	23	11	18	56	23	83	33	1	28	17	4	15	5
Eskimo		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander		35	32	26	41	117	14	40	13	4	31	38	—	7	27
Asian		34	29	26	36	113	14	35	13	3	29	37	—	6	26
Chinese		—	—	2	—	2	—	6	1	—	5	—	—	—	2
Filipino		—	—	2	—	2	—	6	1	—	5	—	—	—	2
Japanese		23	28	19	35	103	11	11	10	2	7	32	—	5	20
Asian Indian		—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean		4	—	2	1	4	—	9	2	—	7	1	—	1	—
Vietnamese		3	—	1	—	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai		1	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian		3	1	1	—	2	—	—	—	1	8	2	—	—	1
Pacific Islander		1	3	—	5	4	—	5	—	1	2	1	—	1	—
Hawaiian		1	3	—	—	4	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Samoan		—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian		—	—	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race		376	86	423	217	2 106	134	707	421	24	324	153	15	53	174
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		4 053	3 113	4 355	2 923	8 747	2 841	9 616	7 159	1 607	5 383	3 419	839	1 807	3 419
Hispanic origin (of any race)		647	461	1 292	714	3 409	364	1 747	1 676	139	695	718	48	89	392
Mexican		562	401	1 100	605	2 984	295	1 355	1 443	128	575	652	30	62	345
Puerto Rican		1	2	3	1	6	—	10	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
Cuban		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic		84	58	189	108	419	69	382	232	11	116	66	18	27	47
Not of Hispanic origin		3 406	2 652	3 063	2 209	5 338	2 477	7 869	5 483	1 468	4 688	2 701	791	1 718	3 027
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		4 053	3 113	4 355	2 923	8 747	2 841	9 616	7 159	1 607	5 383	3 419	839	1 807	3 419
White		3 624	2 970	3 888	2 641	6 438	2 664	8 760	6 690	1 576	4 982	3 209	819	1 731	3 207
Hispanic origin		272	356	860	491	1 281	233	1 016	1 258	115	363	564	33	35	213
Not of Hispanic origin		3 352	2 614	3 028	2 150	5 157	2 431	7 744	5 432	1 461	4 619	2 645	786	1 696	2 994
Black		7	2	7	6	30	6	25	2	2	18	1	1	—	6
Hispanic origin		—	—	4	2	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	2
Not of Hispanic origin		—	—	3	4	29	6	25	2	2	16	1	1	—	4
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		11	23	11	18	56	23	84	33	1	28	18	4	16	5
Hispanic origin		—	—	—	5	14	—	28	4	—	6	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		10	11	11	13	42	23	56	29	1	22	17	4	14	5
Asian or Pacific Islander		35	32	26	41	117	14	40	13	4	31	38	—	7	27
Hispanic origin		1	9	8	—	16	—	3	—	1	2	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		34	23	18	41	101	14	37	13	3	29	38	—	7	24
Other race		376	86	423	217	2 106	134	707	421	24	324	153	15	53	174
Hispanic origin		373	84	420	216	2 097	131	700	414	23	322	153	15	52	174
Not of Hispanic origin		3	2	3	1	9	3	7	7	1	2	—	—	1	—



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County			
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8
All housing units.....	51 138	51 138	7	2	23 991	-	317	610	1 474	1 224
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	47 470	47 470	6	2	22 647	-	273	561	1 402	1 124
Owner-occupied housing units.....	29 040	29 040	4	1	12 198	-	149	293	846	294
Percent of occupied housing units.....	61.2	61.2	66.7	50.0	53.9	-	54.6	52.2	60.3	26.2
White.....	27 298	27 298	4	1	11 521	-	91	204	795	271
Black.....	48	48	-	-	20	-	-	1	1	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	109	109	-	-	36	-	1	1	2	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	184	184	-	-	71	-	-	-	4	-
Other race.....	1 401	1 401	-	-	550	-	57	87	44	21
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	3 551	3 551	-	-	1 350	-	109	133	83	32
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	25 151	25 151	4	1	10 720	-	38	156	757	260
Renter-occupied housing units.....	18 430	18 430	2	1	10 449	-	124	268	556	830
White.....	16 001	16 001	1	-	9 148	-	78	132	421	705
Black.....	125	125	-	-	103	-	-	3	2	9
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	137	137	-	-	80	-	1	5	3	11
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	182	182	-	-	124	-	1	-	4	16
Other race.....	1 985	1 985	1	1	994	-	44	128	126	89
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	4 037	4 037	1	1	2 182	-	112	159	200	133
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	13 962	13 962	1	-	7 958	-	12	99	348	661
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	3 668	3 668	1	-	1 344	-	44	49	72	100
For sale only.....	671	671	-	-	225	-	-	5	14	19
For rent.....	1 251	1 251	-	-	691	-	36	29	23	63
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	285	285	-	-	110	-	6	5	13	9
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	175	175	-	-	49	-	-	1	2	2
For migrant workers.....	159	159	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-
Other vacant.....	1 127	1 127	1	-	267	-	2	9	19	7
Boarded up.....	67	67	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	525	525	-	-	387	-	5	9	25	31
2 rooms.....	1 944	1 944	-	-	1 265	-	29	46	16	98
3 rooms.....	4 546	4 546	1	-	2 775	-	49	73	99	222
4 rooms.....	10 875	10 875	2	1	5 274	-	109	197	358	404
5 rooms.....	9 986	9 986	-	1	3 775	-	76	131	434	191
6 rooms.....	7 521	7 521	2	-	2 765	-	31	74	234	99
7 rooms.....	5 703	5 703	-	-	2 389	-	6	38	131	75
8 or more rooms.....	10 038	10 038	2	-	5 361	-	12	42	177	104
Median, all housing units.....	5.3	5.3	5.8	4.5	5.1	-	4.2	4.4	5.1	4.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.6	5.6	6.1	4.5	5.6	-	4.3	4.7	5.3	4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.5	5.2	-	4.3	4.5	5.1	4.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.2	6.2	5.0	5.0	6.7	-	4.7	4.9	5.4	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.0	3.9	-	3.9	4.0	4.6	3.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	31 789	31 789	7	1	12 510	-	139	403	730	506
1, attached.....	1 322	1 322	-	-	963	-	9	8	12	49
2.....	1 563	1 563	-	-	1 214	-	14	25	11	278
3 or 4.....	2 206	2 206	-	-	1 474	-	15	45	9	102
5 to 9.....	2 552	2 552	-	-	1 430	-	13	26	210	105
10 to 19.....	2 484	2 484	-	-	2 182	-	5	16	17	92
20 to 49.....	1 584	1 584	-	-	1 563	-	-	-	-	61
50 or more.....	558	558	-	-	558	-	-	-	-	-
Mobile home or trailer.....	6 623	6 623	-	1	1 821	-	117	70	480	15
Other.....	457	457	-	-	276	-	5	17	5	16
Occupied housing units.....	47 470	47 470	6	2	22 647	-	273	561	1 402	1 124
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	10 564	10 564	-	-	6 107	-	44	152	270	402
2 persons.....	15 533	15 533	3	2	7 612	-	62	144	469	389
3 persons.....	8 082	8 082	1	-	3 614	-	43	99	257	154
4 persons.....	7 834	7 834	2	-	3 236	-	42	68	242	110
5 persons.....	3 466	3 466	-	-	1 318	-	33	50	104	38
6 or more persons.....	1 991	1 991	-	-	760	-	49	48	60	31
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.35	2.35	2.50	2.00	2.19	-	3.21	2.39	2.42	1.91
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.43	2.43	2.17	2.00	2.36	-	2.76	2.26	2.28	1.97
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.17	2.17	4.00	2.00	1.92	-	3.63	2.60	2.84	1.89
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	45 414	45 414	5	2	21 796	-	195	490	1 330	1 088
1.01 to 1.50.....	1 352	1 352	1	-	527	-	40	38	54	18
1.51 or more.....	704	704	-	-	324	-	38	33	18	18
Mean.....	.47	.47	.52	.44	.44	-	.83	.59	.51	.49
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	20 366	20 366	3	-	9 871	-	70	235	359	244
Less than \$20,000.....	254	254	-	-	59	-	2	10	6	7
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	1 746	1 746	1	-	613	-	29	110	19	74
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	5 532	5 532	-	-	2 364	-	22	91	124	122
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	6 496	6 496	1	-	3 425	-	11	21	100	38
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	3 092	3 092	-	-	1 791	-	6	-	58	3
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	2 272	2 272	1	-	1 114	-	-	3	43	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	647	647	-	-	327	-	-	-	4	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	178	178	-	-	90	-	-	-	4	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	90	90	-	-	56	-	-	-	1	-
\$300,000 or more.....	59	59	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars).....	66 800	66 800	67 500	-	69 800	-	43 300	39 700	66 500	45 600
Mean (dollars).....	75 700	75 700	69 200	-	78 900	-	45 600	41 500	73 000	46 000
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	16 623	16 623	1	-	10 352	-	124	261	461	825
Median contract rent (dollars).....	305	305	725	-	312	-	228	261	198	314
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	316	316	725	-	326	-	231	259	207	326
With meals included in rent.....	132	132	-	-	123	-	2	1	-	3
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	763	763	-	-	796	-	313	263	-	254
No meals included in rent.....	15 579	15 579	1	-	10 059	-	121	246	428	817
No cash rent.....	912	912	-	-	170	-	1	14	33	5

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>4 228</b>	<b>2 147</b>	<b>1 907</b>	<b>1 887</b>	<b>1 574</b>	<b>1 613</b>	<b>3 097</b>	<b>3 763</b>	<b>2 585</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units .....	3 969	1 988	1 789	1 828	1 515	1 491	2 849	3 413	2 420
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 027	1 262	1 290	1 458	1 210	960	1 820	2 672	1 652
Percent of occupied housing units .....	51.1	63.5	72.1	79.8	79.9	64.4	63.9	78.3	68.3
White .....	1 852	1 179	1 239	1 408	1 177	913	1 502	2 529	1 591
Black .....	6	1	1	5	1	—	6	8	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	14	6	5	5	2	—	8	13	6
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	13	4	10	7	11	7	35	8	4
Other race .....	142	72	35	33	19	38	269	114	51
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	281	221	78	120	40	67	473	316	249
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	1 715	1 030	1 196	1 322	1 155	883	1 300	2 328	1 393
Renter-occupied housing units .....	1 942	726	499	370	305	531	1 029	741	768
White .....	1 601	661	457	355	292	461	725	643	700
Black .....	23	10	7	2	2	2	1	2	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	21	5	3	2	—	1	7	9	7
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	17	6	7	1	3	6	10	2	1
Other race .....	280	44	25	10	8	61	286	85	60
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	462	168	44	42	17	102	432	159	200
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	1 422	538	438	323	283	420	582	571	561
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units .....	<b>259</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>165</b>
For sale only .....	34	18	18	23	27	17	49	130	34
For rent .....	140	65	71	11	12	19	79	71	47
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	19	1	8	18	9	3	13	45	18
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	8	3	—	1	7	9	8	5	15
For migrant workers .....	—	2	—	—	—	16	16	2	3
Other vacant .....	58	70	21	6	4	58	83	97	48
Boarded up .....	2	1	—	1	—	6	16	6	2
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room .....	48	5	9	3	2	12	20	16	4
2 rooms .....	298	81	38	15	8	70	125	69	34
3 rooms .....	484	218	160	40	81	96	318	183	124
4 rooms .....	1 367	614	245	197	167	240	663	807	441
5 rooms .....	839	553	280	243	172	309	717	954	580
6 rooms .....	467	224	286	345	217	300	497	719	484
7 rooms .....	356	160	233	372	262	231	323	476	379
8 or more rooms .....	369	292	656	672	665	355	434	539	539
Median, all housing units .....	4.4	4.8	6.3	6.8	7.0	5.8	5.1	5.3	5.7
Mean, all housing units .....	4.8	5.2	6.5	6.9	7.0	6.0	5.3	5.6	6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	4.5	4.8	6.4	6.8	7.1	5.9	5.2	5.4	5.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.3	5.3	7.3	7.1	7.6	6.4	5.6	5.6	6.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.9	4.1	4.7	4.3	4.7	4.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached .....	1 692	906	1 077	1 519	1 087	1 406	2 078	2 313	2 152
1, attached .....	66	44	90	163	204	31	65	66	27
2 .....	99	78	20	35	19	14	81	15	26
3 or 4 .....	143	59	70	115	28	46	119	82	56
5 to 9 .....	524	117	49	15	21	28	107	2	21
10 to 19 .....	515	90	209	31	154	29	36	3	52
20 to 49 .....	234	93	29	—	58	—	21	—	—
50 or more .....	55	59	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	875	628	354	1	—	52	558	1 260	246
Other .....	25	73	9	8	3	7	32	22	5
Occupied housing units .....	<b>3 969</b>	<b>1 988</b>	<b>1 789</b>	<b>1 828</b>	<b>1 515</b>	<b>1 491</b>	<b>2 849</b>	<b>3 413</b>	<b>2 420</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person .....	1 014	515	348	251	258	307	474	609	374
2 persons .....	1 264	673	658	544	544	495	780	1 101	798
3 persons .....	659	323	302	384	252	213	520	667	427
4 persons .....	623	288	309	421	330	301	565	615	468
5 persons .....	282	111	114	174	104	118	291	280	212
6 or more persons .....	127	78	58	54	27	57	219	141	141
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.27	2.21	2.33	2.81	2.42	2.39	2.83	2.50	2.59
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.42	2.29	2.47	2.89	2.70	2.39	2.80	2.45	2.47
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.11	2.04	1.79	2.47	1.80	2.36	2.88	2.79	2.83
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less .....	3 786	1 896	1 762	1 811	1 506	1 436	2 542	3 268	2 317
1.01 to 1.50 .....	125	68	19	13	7	33	197	106	81
1.51 or more .....	58	24	8	4	2	22	110	39	22
Mean .....	.53	.48	.40	.43	.38	.46	.57	.49	.48
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	<b>1 252</b>	<b>675</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>1 371</b>	<b>1 107</b>	<b>785</b>	<b>1 186</b>	<b>1 489</b>	<b>1 147</b>
Less than \$20,000 .....	9	12	—	1	—	9	12	21	16
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	122	56	11	5	1	75	107	109	166
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	566	355	20	160	3	233	364	343	342
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	475	224	86	689	110	210	413	460	242
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	60	19	183	411	422	118	154	205	134
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	20	6	330	94	377	75	116	251	185
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	—	3	184	11	110	37	18	77	46
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	—	—	47	—	34	16	2	15	10
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	—	—	25	—	32	8	—	3	2
\$300,000 or more .....	—	—	16	—	18	4	—	5	4
Median (dollars) .....	58 000	56 100	120 200	75 700	101 800	64 500	63 600	68 800	63 500
Mean (dollars) .....	57 800	56 200	133 300	77 900	122 200	79 400	68 900	81 200	75 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	<b>1 926</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>557</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	295	310	395	416	434	254	308	354	271
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	294	302	426	422	463	271	308	361	288
With meals included in rent .....	2	—	1	—	1	2	1	—	2
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	169	—	413	—	625	107	875	—	287
Na meals included in rent .....	1 886	693	444	352	297	304	830	564	490
Na cash rent .....	38	22	11	10	2	63	74	71	65



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.		Brighton city (pt.) Weld County	8roomfield city (pt.), Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
All housing units.....	627	2 020	7	2	1 134	1 003	—	1 448	1 389	2 198
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	580	1 893	6	2	1 032	910	—	1 392	1 303	2 017
Percent of occupied housing units.....	348	1 174	4	1	135	142	—	860	632	831
White.....	60.0	62.0	66.7	50.0	13.1	15.6	—	61.8	48.5	41.2
Black.....	344	1 124	4	1	112	133	—	845	617	740
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	3	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	3	1	4
Other race.....	4	42	—	—	21	4	—	7	13	84
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	7	98	—	—	40	10	—	18	35	293
White, nat of Hispanic origin.....	341	1 068	4	1	93	127	—	834	595	532
Renter-occupied housing units.....	232	719	2	1	897	768	—	532	671	1 186
White.....	226	660	1	—	778	672	—	500	583	996
Black.....	—	2	—	—	3	12	—	5	7	8
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	1	—	—	7	5	—	4	5	12
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	5	—	—	12	30	—	6	6	10
Other race.....	5	51	1	1	97	49	—	17	70	160
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	31	91	1	1	173	67	—	36	114	668
White, nat of Hispanic origin.....	200	619	1	—	701	654	—	481	538	490
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	47	127	1	—	102	93	—	56	86	181
For sale only.....	3	19	—	—	10	4	—	12	25	28
For rent.....	9	81	—	—	68	60	—	20	41	89
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	4	7	—	—	7	1	—	3	6	7
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	4	3	—	—	3	3	—	5	2	4
For migrant workers.....	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	23	17	1	—	14	25	—	16	12	53
Boarded up.....	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	1	4	—	—	155	24	—	20	9	54
2 rooms.....	10	48	—	—	234	100	—	50	43	178
3 rooms.....	32	203	1	—	314	233	—	110	209	304
4 rooms.....	99	422	2	1	189	306	—	226	312	829
5 rooms.....	127	339	—	1	88	128	—	182	193	406
6 rooms.....	113	330	2	—	59	76	—	179	168	187
7 rooms.....	87	242	—	—	40	40	—	176	131	112
8 or more rooms.....	158	432	2	—	55	96	—	505	324	128
Median, all housing units.....	5.9	5.5	5.8	4.5	3.1	4.0	—	6.3	5.1	4.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.2	5.8	6.1	4.5	3.4	4.4	—	6.4	5.7	4.4
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	6.0	5.6	5.0	4.5	3.1	4.0	—	6.4	5.2	4.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.7	6.5	5.0	5.0	6.1	6.5	—	7.6	7.1	4.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.1	4.1	4.5	4.0	2.9	3.8	—	4.1	4.0	3.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	521	1 451	7	1	227	230	—	903	776	958
1, attached.....	3	14	—	—	18	11	—	57	19	75
2.....	11	12	—	—	77	102	—	103	244	198
3 or 4.....	5	99	—	—	114	180	—	128	124	192
5 to 9.....	—	336	—	—	125	120	—	80	92	206
10 to 19.....	—	82	—	—	115	122	—	58	56	219
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	212	108	—	88	59	60
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	215	62	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	85	10	—	1	3	46	—	—	—	257
Other.....	2	16	—	—	28	22	—	31	19	33
Occupied housing units.....	580	1 893	6	2	1 032	910	—	1 392	1 303	2 017
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	92	402	—	—	622	322	—	398	409	548
2 persons.....	202	556	3	2	223	314	—	560	467	543
3 persons.....	109	324	1	—	66	144	—	220	186	338
4 persons.....	98	378	2	—	55	69	—	148	140	292
5 persons.....	52	163	—	—	30	36	—	48	57	157
6 or more persons.....	27	70	—	—	36	25	—	18	44	139
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.48	2.48	2.50	2.00	1.50—	1.92	—	2.03	2.02	2.35
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.49	2.86	2.17	2.00	2.41	1.99	—	2.16	2.17	2.25
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.45	2.06	4.00	2.00	1.50—	1.91	—	1.74	1.79	2.44
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	565	1 847	5	2	975	872	—	1 376	1 270	1 778
1.01 to 1.50.....	11	33	1	—	27	22	—	12	24	134
1.51 or more.....	4	13	—	—	30	16	—	4	9	105
Mean.....	.45	.48	.52	.44	.53	.50	—	.35	.41	.62
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	175	1 074	3	—	96	99	—	788	541	581
Less than \$20,000.....	4	4	—	—	3	—	—	1	5	23
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	8	53	1	—	34	13	—	9	48	200
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	19	280	—	—	36	53	—	102	168	287
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	24	473	1	—	17	24	—	268	217	61
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	35	188	—	—	5	6	—	184	84	5
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	65	63	1	—	—	1	—	165	17	4
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	13	10	—	—	—	1	—	35	1	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	5	3	—	—	1	—	—	13	1	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	98 200	67 600	67 500	—	43 700	54 800	—	81 400	63 700	44 000
Mean (dollars).....	104 100	70 900	69 200	—	49 100	59 400	—	92 800	64 900	44 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	111	681	1	—	895	767	—	532	669	1 175
Median contract rent (dollars).....	317	290	725	—	252	288	—	364	285	241
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	305	305	725	—	310	310	—	371	306	237
With meals included in rent.....	—	1	—	—	100	2	—	1	2	5
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	237	—	—	889	769	—	1 250	163	170
No meals included in rent.....	80	658	1	—	782	758	—	518	661	1 154
No cash rent.....	31	22	—	—	13	7	—	13	6	16

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)
All housing units.....	287	609	615	1 136	1 111	1 662	2 031	1 774	1 067	2 011
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	243	560	585	1 045	1 094	1 556	1 971	1 717	1 049	1 870
Owner-occupied housing units.....	124	293	368	276	817	549	1 024	838	882	1 173
Percent of occupied housing units.....	51.0	52.3	62.9	26.4	74.7	35.3	52.0	48.8	84.1	62.7
White.....	69	204	337	258	786	514	987	812	850	1 103
Black.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	4	1	3	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	1	1	—	2	4	3	1	1	5
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	2	2	3	2	8	8	5	4
Other race.....	55	87	28	16	26	29	22	16	23	60
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	106	133	50	26	48	64	63	53	54	180
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	17	156	316	248	763	482	945	775	818	982
Renter-occupied housing units.....	119	267	217	769	277	1 007	947	879	167	697
White.....	75	131	168	668	218	859	893	816	158	637
Black.....	—	3	1	6	5	17	8	5	2	10
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	5	3	11	4	11	1	6	—	4
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	—	1	16	4	6	12	3	1	6
Other race.....	43	128	44	68	46	114	33	49	6	40
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	110	159	94	110	54	218	63	74	9	151
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	9	98	119	626	208	755	863	790	155	527
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	44	49	30	91	17	106	60	57	18	141
For sale only.....	—	5	5	19	4	10	9	10	7	14
For rent.....	36	29	8	55	8	53	36	27	3	63
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	6	5	9	9	2	4	9	8	2	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	1	—	2	—	5	3	8	2	3
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Other vacant.....	2	9	8	6	3	34	3	4	4	60
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	5	9	3	28	1	44	13	6	—	4
2 rooms.....	29	46	5	90	8	238	73	43	1	73
3 rooms.....	46	73	42	205	9	282	317	151	15	205
4 rooms.....	104	197	162	372	177	518	290	450	56	594
5 rooms.....	67	130	237	182	136	290	290	338	87	499
6 rooms.....	22	74	93	92	199	136	219	202	155	201
7 rooms.....	5	38	38	71	144	87	240	131	234	149
8 or more rooms.....	9	42	35	96	437	67	589	453	519	286
Median, all housing units.....	4.1	4.4	4.9	4.2	6.7	4.0	5.6	5.2	7.4	4.8
Mean, all housing units.....	4.2	4.7	5.1	4.5	6.9	4.1	6.0	5.8	7.5	5.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	4.2	4.5	4.9	4.2	6.7	4.0	5.7	5.2	7.5	4.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	4.5	4.9	5.1	5.3	7.3	4.9	7.6	7.1	7.6	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.8	4.0	4.7	3.9	4.6	3.6	3.9	4.2	6.2	4.0
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	115	403	158	470	978	294	1 119	939	899	842
1, attached.....	6	8	2	46	9	12	47	77	81	42
2.....	14	25	1	270	1	27	3	7	—	75
3 or 4.....	15	45	2	70	50	54	140	77	20	56
5 to 9.....	13	26	94	100	33	108	130	52	49	117
10 to 19.....	5	16	2	92	40	492	197	273	11	90
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	61	—	234	218	343	—	93
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	55	167	—	—	59
Mobile home or trailer.....	114	69	354	13	—	383	1	1	—	571
Other.....	5	17	2	14	—	3	9	5	7	66
Occupied housing units.....	243	560	585	1 045	1 094	1 556	1 971	1 717	1 049	1 870
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	37	152	104	378	207	488	526	540	138	502
2 persons.....	52	144	167	363	446	499	681	649	406	639
3 persons.....	37	99	129	144	201	241	310	249	174	299
4 persons.....	40	67	109	100	149	193	310	175	218	263
5 persons.....	31	50	51	34	54	99	94	69	89	98
6 or more persons.....	46	25	25	26	37	36	50	35	24	69
Median, occupied housing units.....	3.38	2.39	2.67	1.90	2.26	2.08	2.17	1.99	2.45	2.18
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	3.06	2.26	2.43	1.96	2.18	2.28	2.64	2.15	2.45	2.25
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.66	2.59	3.08	1.88	2.74	1.98	1.70	1.77	2.43	2.01
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	166	489	553	1 020	1 071	1 476	1 950	1 689	1 047	1 792
1.01 to 1.50.....	39	38	28	11	18	60	13	20	—	59
1.51 or more.....	38	33	4	14	5	20	8	8	2	19
Mean.....	.88	.59	.57	.48	.37	.57	.41	.39	.37	.48
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	49	235	99	229	768	214	945	773	798	633
Less than \$20,000.....	2	10	2	5	—	1	1	2	1	2
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	29	110	9	67	17	8	6	14	1	42
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	13	91	76	117	345	97	106	276	83	346
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	3	21	8	37	297	95	432	432	446	219
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	2	—	—	3	43	10	260	45	177	17
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	—	3	3	—	44	3	134	4	54	4
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	1	—	13	—	6	—	22	3
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	8	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—
Median (dollars).....	33 900	39 700	49 300	46 100	60 900	60 100	76 500	62 800	73 900	56 600
Mean (dollars).....	38 600	41 500	51 900	46 600	68 000	60 700	80 600	62 900	82 100	57 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	119	260	209	765	276	1 003	942	869	163	689
Median contract rent (dollars).....	225	261	191	317	323	280	348	361	484	310
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	225	259	219	332	372	278	348	382	481	304
With meals included in rent.....	2	1	—	3	—	1	3	1	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars).....	313	263	—	254	—	50	362	1 250	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	116	245	201	757	270	988	926	849	160	676
No cash rent.....	1	14	8	5	6	14	13	19	3	13



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Northglenn city (pt.) Weld County
	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)
All housing units .....	1 016	1 879	1 574	26	3	18	—	—
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>								
Occupied housing units .....	928	1 820	1 515	23	3	14	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	573	1 453	1 210	11	—	7	—	—
Percent of occupied housing units .....	61.7	79.8	79.9	47.8	—	50.0	—	—
White .....	556	1 403	1 177	11	—	7	—	—
Black .....	1	5	1	—	—	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut .....	2	5	2	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	7	7	11	—	—	—	—	—
Other race .....	7	33	19	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	17	120	40	—	—	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	547	1 317	1 155	11	—	7	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	355	367	305	12	3	7	—	—
White .....	331	352	292	12	3	6	—	—
Black .....	7	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	6	1	3	—	—	—	—	—
Other race .....	11	10	8	—	—	1	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	22	42	17	—	—	1	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	320	320	283	12	3	6	—	—
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>								
Vacant housing units .....	88	59	59	3	—	4	—	—
For sale only .....	13	23	27	—	—	—	—	—
For rent .....	67	11	12	1	—	4	—	—
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	5	18	9	—	—	—	—	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	—	1	7	—	—	—	—	—
For migrant workers .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Other vacant .....	3	6	4	1	—	—	—	—
Boarded up .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>								
1 room .....	7	3	2	—	—	—	—	—
2 rooms .....	31	14	8	—	—	1	—	—
3 rooms .....	135	40	81	2	1	4	—	—
4 rooms .....	122	197	167	1	1	4	—	—
5 rooms .....	101	240	172	4	—	5	—	—
6 rooms .....	131	345	217	9	—	1	—	—
7 rooms .....	118	369	262	3	—	1	—	—
8 or more rooms .....	371	671	665	7	1	5	—	—
Median, all housing units .....	6.4	6.8	7.0	6.2	4.0	5.1	—	—
Median, all housing units .....	6.4	6.9	7.0	6.6	5.7	5.9	—	—
Median, occupied housing units .....	6.6	6.8	7.1	6.2	4.0	5.5	—	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	8.0	7.1	7.6	6.3	—	6.0	—	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	3.9	4.9	4.1	6.1	4.0	5.3	—	—
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>								
1, detached .....	562	1 511	1 087	26	3	10	—	—
1, attached .....	86	163	204	—	—	—	—	—
2 .....	12	35	19	—	—	1	—	—
3 or 4 .....	63	115	28	—	—	1	—	—
5 to 9 .....	49	15	21	—	—	—	—	—
10 to 19 .....	209	31	154	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 49 .....	29	—	58	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	2	1	—	—	—	6	—	—
Other .....	4	8	3	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	928	1 820	1 515	23	3	14	—	—
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>								
1 person .....	223	249	258	3	1	2	—	—
2 persons .....	359	540	544	10	—	6	—	—
3 persons .....	138	382	252	4	—	1	—	—
4 persons .....	148	421	330	5	—	4	—	—
5 persons .....	42	174	104	1	—	—	—	—
6 or more persons .....	18	54	27	—	2	1	—	—
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.17	2.82	2.42	2.35	5.75	2.33	—	—
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.42	2.90	2.70	2.29	—	2.38	—	—
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	1.62	2.48	1.80	2.50	5.75	2.25	—	—
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>								
1.00 or less .....	924	1 803	1 506	23	2	14	—	—
1.01 to 1.50 .....	1	13	7	—	1	—	—	—
1.51 or more .....	3	4	2	—	—	—	—	—
Mean .....	.37	.43	.38	.39	.76	.42	—	—
<b>VALUE</b>								
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	541	1 369	1 107	3	—	3	—	—
Less than \$20,000 .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	—	5	1	—	—	—	—	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	5	160	3	—	—	—	—	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	49	688	110	—	—	1	—	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	116	410	422	—	—	2	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	205	94	377	2	—	—	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	122	11	110	1	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	25	—	34	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	9	—	32	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more .....	10	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	122 800	75 700	101 800	118 800	—	82 500	—	—
Mean (dollars) .....	134 600	77 900	122 200	129 200	—	77 500	—	—
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>								
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	347	361	300	6	—	5	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	416	416	434	363	—	313	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	457	423	463	363	—	319	—	—
With meals included in rent .....	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	413	—	625	—	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent .....	343	351	297	3	—	4	—	—
No cash rent .....	3	10	2	3	—	1	—	—

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)
All housing units.....	30	1	859	88	2 566	136	891	8
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>								
Occupied housing units.....	30	1	817	79	2 413	118	861	8
Owner-occupied housing units.....	25	—	478	18	1 478	89	717	5
Percent of occupied housing units.....	83.3	—	58.5	22.8	61.3	75.4	83.3	62.5
White.....	22	—	458	13	1 338	76	683	5
Black.....	—	—	1	—	6	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	1	—	10	1	3	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	2	—	11	—	3	—
Other race.....	2	—	16	5	113	12	28	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	3	—	33	6	217	41	61	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	21	—	441	12	1 233	48	649	5
Renter-occupied housing units.....	5	1	339	61	935	29	144	3
White.....	3	1	253	37	742	24	126	3
Black.....	—	—	1	3	6	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	—	—	10	1	3	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	3	—	11	—	1	—
Other race.....	1	—	82	21	166	4	14	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	2	—	106	23	244	17	22	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	3	1	229	35	667	11	118	3
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>								
Vacant housing units.....	—	—	42	9	153	18	30	—
For sale only.....	—	—	9	—	24	4	5	—
For rent.....	—	—	15	8	87	2	4	—
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	—	—	4	—	15	1	3	—
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	—	2	—	3	—	—	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	—	—	11	1	24	10	18	—
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>								
1 room.....	—	—	22	3	4	1	2	—
2 rooms.....	—	—	11	8	60	8	7	1
3 rooms.....	3	—	57	17	202	13	25	—
4 rooms.....	5	—	196	32	849	20	123	—
5 rooms.....	9	1	197	9	549	54	179	3
6 rooms.....	9	—	141	7	331	23	155	3
7 rooms.....	1	—	93	4	269	11	115	1
8 or more rooms.....	3	—	142	8	302	6	285	—
Median, all housing units.....	5.3	5.0	5.2	4.0	4.8	5.0	6.2	6.0
Mean, all housing units.....	5.5	5.0	5.5	4.3	5.2	5.0	6.6	6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	5.0	5.3	4.0	4.9	5.0	6.3	6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	—	6.0	5.5	5.5	5.2	6.6	7.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.7	4.1	4.6	4.9	4.8
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>								
1, detached.....	24	—	572	36	1 398	64	515	8
1, attached.....	3	—	10	3	54	2	4	—
2.....	—	—	10	8	72	3	8	—
3 or 4.....	—	—	7	32	89	3	7	—
5 to 9.....	—	—	116	5	416	—	—	—
10 to 19.....	—	—	15	—	23	—	—	—
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	3	1	126	2	492	57	352	—
Other.....	—	—	3	2	22	7	5	—
Occupied housing units.....	30	1	817	79	2 413	118	861	8
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>								
1 person.....	7	—	166	24	526	13	125	2
2 persons.....	10	—	302	26	765	34	299	4
3 persons.....	6	—	128	10	418	24	164	2
4 persons.....	2	1	133	10	430	25	161	—
5 persons.....	2	—	53	4	183	13	72	—
6 or more persons.....	3	—	35	5	91	9	40	—
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.30	4.00	2.30	2.10	2.39	3.00	2.54	2.00
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.05	—	2.19	2.05	2.47	3.02	2.53	2.25
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.33	4.00	2.64	2.13	2.25	2.88	2.56	1.75
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>								
1.00 or less.....	29	1	777	68	2 310	104	838	8
1.01 to 1.50.....	1	—	26	7	65	9	18	—
1.51 or more.....	—	—	14	4	38	5	5	—
Mean.....	.50	.80	.48	.58	.51	.64	.44	.33
<b>VALUE</b>								
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	21	—	260	15	1 038	42	361	2
Less than \$20,000.....	—	—	4	2	8	10	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	—	—	10	7	114	14	11	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	9	—	48	5	469	9	15	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	8	—	92	1	380	5	37	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	4	—	58	—	50	2	67	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	—	—	40	—	17	2	125	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	62	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	4	—	—	—	22	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	16	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Median (dollars).....	61 900	—	73 500	32 500	57 400	37 500	116 400	80 000
Mean (dollars).....	62 000	—	81 100	36 500	57 300	42 300	131 500	81 300
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>								
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	5	1	252	60	923	26	109	1
Median contract rent (dollars).....	363	338	201	225	302	206	309	288
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	358	337	197	249	313	238	320	287
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	—	287	—	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	5	1	227	60	898	17	101	1
No cash rent.....	—	—	25	—	24	9	8	—



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.							
	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)
All housing units	—	1 587	1 181	1 573	1 090	3 090	1 040	3 761
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER								
Occupied housing units	—	1 468	1 068	1 431	1 003	2 843	974	3 411
Owner-occupied housing units	—	949	737	1 028	711	1 816	782	2 671
Percent of occupied housing units	—	64.6	69.0	71.8	70.9	63.9	80.3	78.3
White	—	902	710	965	665	1 498	754	2 528
Black	—	—	—	—	—	6	2	8
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	2	5	2	2	8	5	13
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	7	6	3	12	35	4	8
Other race	—	38	16	58	32	269	17	114
Hispanic origin (of any race)	—	67	89	216	123	473	56	316
White, not of Hispanic origin	—	872	640	807	574	1 296	714	2 327
Renter-occupied housing units	—	519	331	403	292	1 027	192	740
White	—	449	314	353	266	724	173	643
Black	—	2	1	1	1	1	—	2
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	1	4	2	1	7	3	9
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	6	4	3	2	10	—	2
Other race	—	61	8	44	22	285	16	84
Hispanic origin (of any race)	—	102	39	114	69	431	28	158
White, not of Hispanic origin	—	408	286	284	220	581	161	571
VACANCY STATUS								
Vacant housing units	—	119	113	142	87	247	66	350
For sale only	—	17	21	19	17	49	17	130
For rent	—	18	15	24	16	79	11	71
Rented or sold, not occupied	—	3	11	8	5	13	8	45
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	—	9	4	8	5	8	2	5
For migrant workers	—	15	7	43	3	16	1	2
Other vacant	—	57	55	40	41	82	27	97
Boorded up	—	6	9	3	1	15	—	6
ROOMS								
1 room	—	12	3	9	9	20	5	16
2 rooms	—	70	14	69	20	125	14	69
3 rooms	—	94	58	62	37	317	38	183
4 rooms	—	239	258	257	205	661	203	806
5 rooms	—	305	268	348	305	717	260	953
6 rooms	—	291	206	271	203	495	232	719
7 rooms	—	228	134	234	142	323	134	476
8 or more rooms	—	348	240	323	169	432	154	539
Median, all housing units	—	5.8	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.1	5.5	5.3
Mean, all housing units	—	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.3	5.8	5.6
Median, occupied housing units	—	5.9	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units	—	6.4	5.9	6.2	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units	—	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.3	4.9	4.7
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								
1, detached	—	1 380	940	1 317	814	2 071	536	2 312
1, attached	—	31	4	30	4	65	4	66
2	—	14	11	14	4	81	—	15
3 or 4	—	46	49	42	24	119	—	82
5 to 9	—	28	—	23	13	107	—	2
10 to 19	—	29	1	30	—	36	—	3
20 to 49	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer	—	52	174	107	217	558	498	1 259
Other	—	7	2	10	14	32	2	22
Occupied housing units	—	1 468	1 068	1 431	1 003	2 843	974	3 411
PERSONS IN UNIT								
1 person	—	304	167	209	171	474	136	609
2 persons	—	485	331	440	322	777	349	1 099
3 persons	—	209	204	264	165	519	187	667
4 persons	—	296	226	279	192	563	147	615
5 persons	—	117	95	148	98	291	96	280
6 or more persons	—	57	45	91	55	219	59	141
Median, occupied housing units	—	2.39	2.68	2.75	2.55	2.83	2.51	2.50
Median, owner-occupied housing units	—	2.40	2.68	2.75	2.49	2.80	2.47	2.45
Median, renter-occupied housing units	—	2.36	2.67	2.75	2.71	2.88	2.80	2.80
PERSONS PER ROOM								
1.00 or less	—	1 413	1 037	1 343	963	2 537	935	3 266
1.01 to 1.50	—	33	23	53	31	196	28	106
1.51 or more	—	22	8	35	9	110	11	39
Mean	—	.46	.49	.50	.50	.57	.50	.49
VALUE								
Specified owner-occupied housing units	—	782	378	786	365	1 183	290	1 489
Less than \$20,000	—	9	20	11	4	12	2	21
\$20,000 to \$39,999	—	75	59	107	30	106	22	109
\$40,000 to \$59,999	—	233	125	383	122	364	44	343
\$60,000 to \$79,999	—	210	99	198	137	412	54	460
\$80,000 to \$99,999	—	118	35	49	40	154	72	205
\$100,000 to \$149,999	—	73	29	24	23	115	83	251
\$150,000 to \$199,999	—	36	10	12	5	18	10	77
\$200,000 to \$249,999	—	16	—	1	2	2	3	15
\$250,000 to \$299,999	—	8	1	—	1	—	—	3
\$300,000 or more	—	4	—	1	1	—	—	5
Median (dollars)	—	64 500	57 700	54 100	62 700	63 600	85 600	68 800
Mean (dollars)	—	79 200	63 400	59 200	68 500	68 900	87 100	81 200
CONTRACT RENT								
Specified renter-occupied housing units	—	363	212	305	193	904	144	635
Median contract rent (dollars)	—	253	256	293	297	308	368	354
Mean contract rent (dollars)	—	270	260	304	295	308	362	361
With meals included in rent	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)	—	107	—	—	—	87.5	213	—
No meals included in rent	—	301	172	254	154	829	113	564
No cash rent	—	60	40	51	39	74	30	71

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.						
	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
<b>All housing units</b> -----	<b>2 582</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>2 020</b>	<b>1 394</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>1 395</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>							
Occupied housing units-----	2 417	566	1 893	1 217	315	683	1 199
Owner-occupied housing units-----	1 652	341	1 174	751	213	458	744
Percent of occupied housing units-----	68.3	60.2	62.0	61.7	67.6	67.1	62.1
White-----	1 591	337	1 124	722	210	448	723
Black-----	—	—	3	—	—	—	2
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	6	—	3	3	1	6	1
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	4	—	2	11	—	1	4
Other race-----	51	4	42	15	2	3	14
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	249	7	98	101	4	9	32
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	1 393	334	1 068	636	208	443	705
Renter-occupied housing units-----	765	225	719	466	102	225	455
White-----	697	220	660	435	100	213	416
Black-----	—	—	2	—	—	—	2
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	7	1	1	4	—	1	1
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	1	—	5	5	—	1	4
Other race-----	60	4	51	22	2	10	32
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	200	30	91	97	4	11	65
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	558	194	619	361	98	211	384
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>							
Vacant housing units-----	<b>165</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>196</b>
For sale only-----	34	3	19	34	7	12	25
For rent-----	47	5	81	27	5	16	29
Rented or sold, not occupied-----	18	4	7	8	2	11	9
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use-----	15	4	3	6	7	26	19
For migrant workers-----	3	4	—	40	—	8	13
Other vacant-----	48	23	17	62	35	110	101
Boarded up-----	2	2	1	—	—	4	10
<b>ROOMS</b>							
1 room-----	4	1	4	4	2	8	9
2 rooms-----	34	9	48	52	5	13	42
3 rooms-----	123	31	203	131	23	62	91
4 rooms-----	440	95	422	262	76	168	281
5 rooms-----	580	122	339	358	101	232	321
6 rooms-----	484	112	330	244	79	170	252
7 rooms-----	379	86	242	141	36	93	170
8 or more rooms-----	538	153	432	202	49	120	229
Median, all housing units-----	5.7	5.9	5.5	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	6.0	6.2	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	5.8	6.0	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	6.3	6.7	6.5	5.7	5.6	5.6	6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	4.9	5.1	4.1	4.7	5.1	5.3	4.8
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>							
1, detached-----	2 149	511	1 451	1 080	295	686	1 112
1, attached-----	27	3	14	4	—	17	14
2-----	26	10	12	19	—	2	40
3 or 4-----	56	4	99	47	—	11	15
5 to 9-----	21	—	336	31	—	6	18
10 to 19-----	52	—	82	11	—	1	19
20 to 49-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer-----	246	79	10	193	74	138	163
Other-----	5	2	16	9	2	5	14
Occupied housing units-----	<b>2 417</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>1 893</b>	<b>1 217</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>1 199</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>							
1 person-----	373	90	402	224	72	136	227
2 persons-----	798	196	556	402	108	249	364
3 persons-----	427	108	324	225	49	129	238
4 persons-----	468	94	378	219	46	100	211
5 persons-----	212	52	163	92	28	51	98
6 or more persons-----	139	26	70	55	12	18	61
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.59	2.48	2.48	2.46	2.29	2.33	2.54
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.47	2.50	2.86	2.38	2.17	2.23	2.51
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.82	2.46	2.06	2.69	2.78	2.69	2.58
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>							
1.00 or less-----	2 315	551	1 847	1 154	303	665	1 147
1.01 to 1.50-----	80	11	33	40	8	16	40
1.51 or more-----	22	4	13	23	4	2	12
Median-----	.48	.45	.48	.50	.47	.45	.49
<b>VALUE</b>							
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	<b>1 147</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>1 074</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>413</b>
Less than \$20,000-----	16	4	4	18	9	30	11
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	166	8	53	110	20	44	67
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	342	19	280	180	31	19	128
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	242	23	473	97	19	8	114
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	134	33	188	34	5	5	47
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	185	65	63	23	4	4	31
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	46	13	10	9	—	—	9
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	10	5	3	1	—	—	4
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	2	—	—	1	—	—	1
\$300,000 or more-----	4	2	—	3	—	—	1
Median (dollars)-----	63 500	99 300	67 600	48 800	49 500	27 800	60 100
Median (dollars)-----	75 100	104 600	70 900	58 600	52 200	36 500	67 600
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>							
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	<b>557</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>681</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>304</b>
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	271	318	290	238	221	179	274
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	288	304	305	247	285	192	275
With meals included in rent-----	2	—	1	—	—	1	—
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	287	—	237	—	—	313	—
No meals included in rent-----	490	76	658	254	47	53	244
No cash rent-----	65	30	22	67	13	54	60



Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Weld County		Totals for split tracts /BNA's in Weld County											
Greeley, CO MSA		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	
Occupied housing units -----															
<b>TENURE</b>															
Owner-occupied housing units -----															
Percent of occupied housing units -----															
Renter-occupied housing units -----															
Percent of occupied housing units -----															
<b>ROOMS</b>															
1 room -----															
2 rooms -----															
3 rooms -----															
4 rooms -----															
5 rooms -----															
6 rooms -----															
7 rooms -----															
8 or more rooms -----															
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----															
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----															
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----															
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>															
1, detached -----															
2, attached -----															
3 or 4 -----															
5 to 9 -----															
10 to 19 -----															
20 to 49 -----															
50 or more -----															
Mobile home or trailer -----															
Other -----															
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>															
1 person -----															
2 persons -----															
3 persons -----															
4 persons -----															
5 persons -----															
6 or more persons -----															
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----															
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----															
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----															
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>															
1.00 or less -----															
1.01 to 1.50 -----															
1.51 or more -----															
Mean -----															
<b>VALUE</b>															
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----															
Less than \$20,000 -----															
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----															
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----															
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----															
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----															
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----															
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----															
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----															
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----															
\$300,000 or more -----															
Median (dollars) -----															
Mean (dollars) -----															
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>															
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----															
Median contract rent (dollars) -----															
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----															
With meals included in rent -----															
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----															
No meals included in rent -----															
No cash rent -----															

Table 10. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990** — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County					Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 17	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	890	805	1 736	144	335	1 373	1 740	1 351	1 318	2 222	3 171	2 288	1 784
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	112	133	740	69	204	514	1 103	902	965	1 498	2 528	1 591	1 124
Percent of occupied housing units -----	12.6	16.5	42.6	47.9	60.9	37.4	63.4	66.8	73.2	67.4	79.7	69.5	63.0
Renter-occupied housing units -----	778	672	996	75	131	859	637	449	353	724	643	697	660
Percent of occupied housing units -----	87.4	83.5	57.4	52.1	39.1	62.6	36.6	33.2	26.8	32.6	20.3	30.5	37.0
ROOMS													
1 room -----	122	23	39	1	2	40	2	1	3	14	10	2	2
2 rooms -----	184	74	109	10	18	199	54	38	18	55	49	24	42
3 rooms -----	256	181	238	17	38	216	177	160	44	187	140	93	170
4 rooms -----	147	236	660	51	105	422	504	641	194	399	636	356	320
5 rooms -----	61	103	339	35	80	237	419	252	304	536	771	501	307
6 rooms -----	48	65	155	19	41	115	177	289	243	289	646	393	306
7 rooms -----	28	35	93	4	23	80	139	217	239	265	421	359	228
8 or more rooms -----	44	88	103	7	28	64	268	265	297	373	498	517	409
Median, occupied housing units -----	3.0	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.0	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	6.1	6.5	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.3	6.4	6.2	5.8	5.7	6.3	6.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.6	4.0	4.2	5.0	4.4	4.7	5.0	4.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached -----	168	189	784	59	249	266	764	1 216	1 170	1 568	2 006	1 937	1 323
1, attached -----	13	11	57	2	2	12	39	46	19	38	53	25	13
2 -----	56	87	145	8	12	20	60	55	12	47	11	20	11
3 or 4 -----	85	147	151	10	10	42	47	69	37	68	59	46	80
5 to 9 -----	97	102	165	4	11	89	72	266	21	58	2	20	264
10 to 19 -----	82	103	163	3	1	385	77	18	13	32	3	72	2
20 to 49 -----	180	99	54	—	—	198	87	—	—	21	—	—	—
50 or more -----	189	36	—	—	—	50	58	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	—	22	210	57	43	309	523	399	66	373	1 020	197	8
Other -----	20	9	7	1	7	2	13	11	7	17	17	4	13
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person -----	577	291	493	30	121	450	481	487	201	419	581	358	388
2 persons -----	192	291	493	29	101	456	615	462	419	649	1 053	537	537
3 persons -----	45	121	277	19	54	201	183	352	250	398	618	403	307
4 persons -----	37	57	242	22	31	163	235	345	219	419	562	340	340
5 persons -----	21	29	129	21	17	80	128	142	101	226	247	189	148
6 or more persons -----	18	16	102	23	11	23	55	61	66	111	110	120	64
Median, occupied housing units -----	1.50	1.88	2.26	3.18	1.96	2.02	2.13	2.30	2.66	2.61	2.45	2.52	2.44
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.22	1.94	2.16	2.56	1.88	2.26	2.21	2.41	2.67	2.61	2.42	2.46	2.81
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	1.50	1.87	2.37	3.69	2.12	1.89	1.96	2.10	2.62	2.60	2.66	2.74	1.99
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less -----	869	781	1 560	112	316	1 318	1 686	2 023	1 266	2 082	3 069	2 206	1 753
1.01 to 1.50 -----	11	13	104	18	13	39	42	39	36	90	78	67	22
1.51 or more -----	10	11	72	14	6	16	12	11	16	50	24	15	9
Mean -----	.48	.47	.59	.78	.47	.54	.46	.49	.48	.52	.48	.47	.46
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	81	95	515	31	162	206	596	949	741	980	1 398	1 098	1 025
Less than \$20,000 -----	3	—	19	2	7	1	1	7	9	9	14	13	4
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	27	13	176	17	80	8	36	106	92	73	93	153	49
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	29	51	255	8	61	93	324	422	367	298	322	229	260
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	16	22	55	2	11	91	212	351	189	351	434	229	452
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	5	6	5	2	3	10	16	47	48	114	195	133	184
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	—	1	4	—	3	3	4	16	23	106	241	185	63
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	36	11	15	76	45	10
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	15	3	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	2	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	—
Median (dollars) -----	44 800	54 500	44 300	33 500	39 100	60 100	56 900	57 500	54 200	64 200	69 300	64 300	68 200
Mean (dollars) -----	50 700	59 500	45 000	40 100	41 400	60 800	57 500	80 200	59 700	70 200	82 500	76 100	71 400
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	776	671	990	75	128	856	631	730	263	625	542	499	625
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	255	288	239	233	274	285	309	304	277	315	358	293	289
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	323	312	237	229	275	287	301	317	308	320	368	295	305
With meals included in rent -----	99	2	3	2	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	2	2
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	895	769	171	313	119	845	619	287	107	875	—	287	237
No meals included in rent -----	665	664	971	73	119	771	619	259	220	588	480	441	605
No cash rent -----	12	5	16	—	9	11	12	22	43	36	62	56	19



Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County	
		Total	Greeley city
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	173	173	123
<b>TENURE</b>			
Owner-occupied housing units-----	48	48	20
Percent of occupied housing units-----	27.7	27.7	16.3
Renter-occupied housing units-----	125	125	103
Percent of occupied housing units-----	72.3	72.3	83.7
<b>ROOMS</b>			
1 room-----	4	4	4
2 rooms-----	9	9	9
3 rooms-----	30	30	27
4 rooms-----	54	54	39
5 rooms-----	29	29	15
6 rooms-----	14	14	8
7 rooms-----	10	10	6
8 or more rooms-----	23	23	15
Median, occupied housing units-----	4.3	4.3	4.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	6.4	6.4	7.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	4.0	4.0	3.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>			
1, detached-----	65	65	32
1, attached-----	8	8	7
2-----	8	8	8
3 or 4-----	15	15	11
5 to 9-----	25	25	21
10 to 19-----	26	26	26
20 to 49-----	10	10	10
50 or more-----	4	4	4
Mobile home or trailer-----	10	10	2
Other-----	2	2	2
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>			
1 person-----	57	57	46
2 persons-----	45	45	32
3 persons-----	34	34	24
4 persons-----	24	24	13
5 persons-----	11	11	7
6 or more persons-----	2	2	1
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.16	2.16	1.98
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.32	2.32	2.21
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.05	2.05	1.92
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>			
1.00 or less-----	166	166	118
1.01 to 1.50-----	6	6	5
1.51 or more-----	1	1	—
Mean-----	.55	.55	.54
<b>VALUE</b>			
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	37	37	16
Less than \$20,000-----	2	2	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	2	2	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	5	5	2
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	13	13	10
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	7	7	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	7	7	2
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	1	1	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more-----	—	—	—
Median (dollars)-----	74,400	74,400	72,500
Mean (dollars)-----	79,600	79,600	79,700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>			
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	122	122	102
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	318	318	315
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	317	317	317
With meals included in rent-----	—	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	119	119	99
No meals included in rent-----	3	3	3
No cash rent-----	—	—	—

Table 12. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>246</b>	<b>246</b>
<b>TENURE</b>		
Owner-occupied housing units-----	109	109
Percent of occupied housing units-----	44.3	44.3
Renter-occupied housing units-----	137	137
Percent of occupied housing units-----	55.7	55.7
<b>ROOMS</b>		
1 room-----	3	3
2 rooms-----	15	15
3 rooms-----	24	24
4 rooms-----	58	58
5 rooms-----	53	53
6 rooms-----	36	36
7 rooms-----	17	17
8 or more rooms-----	40	40
Median, occupied housing units-----	4.9	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	6.1	6.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	4.2	4.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>		
1, detached-----	135	135
1, attached-----	5	5
2-----	23	23
3 or 4-----	12	12
5 to 9-----	14	14
10 to 19-----	15	15
20 to 49-----	5	5
50 or more-----	2	2
Mobile home or trailer-----	35	35
Other-----	1	1
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>		
1 person-----	45	45
2 persons-----	59	59
3 persons-----	52	52
4 persons-----	48	48
5 persons-----	25	25
6 or more persons-----	17	17
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.87	2.87
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.95	2.95
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.81	2.81
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>		
1.00 or less-----	226	226
1.01 to 1.50-----	15	15
1.51 or more-----	5	5
Mean-----	.59	.59
<b>VALUE</b>		
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	<b>73</b>	<b>73</b>
Less than \$20,000-----	15	15
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	20	20
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	16	16
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	14	14
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	5	5
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	2	2
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	2	2
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	1	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	1	1
\$300,000 or more-----	61	61
Median (dollars)-----	300	300
Mean (dollars)-----	70	70
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>		
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	<b>129</b>	<b>129</b>
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	302	302
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	301	301
With meals included in rent-----	122	122
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	122	122
No meals included in rent-----	7	7
No cash rent-----	7	7



Table 13. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA		Weld County	
	Total	Greeley city	Total	Greeley city
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>366</b>	<b>195</b>		
<b>TENURE</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units .....	184	71		
Percent of occupied housing units .....	50.3	36.4		
Renter-occupied housing units .....	182	124		
Percent of occupied housing units .....	49.7	63.6		
<b>ROOMS</b>				
1 room .....	9	9		
2 rooms .....	22	20		
3 rooms .....	47	36		
4 rooms .....	83	45		
5 rooms .....	57	21		
6 rooms .....	43	14		
7 rooms .....	43	25		
8 or more rooms .....	62	25		
Median, occupied housing units .....	4.9	4.2		
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	6.3	6.8		
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	3.9	3.5		
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>				
1, detached .....	219	77		
1, attached .....	6	4		
2 .....	15	13		
3 or 4 .....	19	14		
5 to 9 .....	26	19		
10 to 19 .....	29	27		
20 to 49 .....	20	20		
50 or more .....	15	15		
Mobile home or trailer .....	13	2		
Other .....	4	2		
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>				
1 person .....	99	62		
2 persons .....	121	53		
3 persons .....	69	39		
4 persons .....	42	22		
5 persons .....	22	13		
6 or more persons .....	13	6		
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.19	2.17		
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.34	2.80		
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	1.99	1.85		
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>				
1.00 or less .....	350	186		
1.01 to 1.50 .....	10	6		
1.51 or more .....	6	3		
Mean .....	.56	.60		
<b>VALUE</b>				
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	<b>136</b>	<b>65</b>		
Less than \$20,000 .....	1	1		
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	11	2		
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	28	12		
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	50	27		
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	24	13		
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	12	5		
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	4	2		
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	3	3		
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	3	1		
\$300,000 or more .....	—	—		
Median (dollars) .....	68 600	70 500		
Mean (dollars) .....	81 100	86 800		
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>				
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	<b>162</b>	<b>123</b>		
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	299	301		
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	321	313		
With meals included in rent .....	—	—		
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	—	—		
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	152	121		
No meals included in rent .....	10	2		
No cash rent .....	—	—		

Table 14. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA		Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Weld County									
	Total	Greeley city	Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 15	Tract 19.01
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>7 588</b>	<b>3 532</b>	<b>7 588</b>	<b>3 532</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>743</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>905</b>
<b>TENURE</b>														
Owner-occupied housing units -----	3 551	1 350	3 551	1 350	109	133	83	32	281	221	78	120	67	473
Percent of occupied housing units -----	46.8	38.2	46.8	38.2	49.3	45.5	29.3	19.4	37.8	56.8	63.9	74.1	39.6	52.3
Renter-occupied housing units -----	4 037	2 182	4 037	2 182	112	159	200	133	462	168	44	42	102	432
Percent of occupied housing units -----	53.2	61.8	53.2	61.8	50.7	54.5	70.7	80.6	62.2	43.2	36.1	25.9	60.4	47.7
<b>ROOMS</b>														
1 room -----	116	63	116	63	5	7	15	2	8	1	1	2	3	10
2 rooms -----	493	280	493	280	24	33	2	14	43	24	3	3	11	77
3 rooms -----	903	476	903	476	31	30	27	26	100	43	12	4	24	136
4 rooms -----	2 157	1 066	2 157	1 066	74	74	79	74	256	95	23	25	46	257
5 rooms -----	1 638	657	1 638	657	59	64	96	21	175	117	23	22	45	184
6 rooms -----	575	380	575	380	17	42	41	8	75	25	10	32	8	109
7 rooms -----	742	376	742	376	7	19	16	9	43	39	23	45	13	69
8 or more rooms -----	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.1	5.5	6.4	4.5	4.4
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.6	4.5	5.2	5.4	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.9	6.9	5.1	5.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.1	3.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>														
1, detached -----	3 998	1 508	3 998	1 508	84	197	77	68	237	165	39	118	136	536
1, attached -----	186	111	186	111	6	4	4	10	9	9	3	13	3	26
2 -----	304	213	304	213	9	7	3	33	24	14	3	2	1	36
3 or 4 -----	473	288	473	288	9	27	1	15	39	10	6	21	9	54
5 to 9 -----	694	386	694	386	8	14	125	21	136	33	1	3	5	56
10 to 19 -----	491	440	491	440	3	14	14	12	128	34	9	4	1	11
20 to 49 -----	116	112	116	112	—	—	—	—	23	8	—	—	—	—
50 or more -----	20	20	20	20	—	—	—	—	142	109	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	1 243	426	1 243	426	100	24	59	4	4	4	59	1	14	168
Other -----	63	28	63	28	2	5	—	2	3	3	1	—	1	14
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>														
1 person -----	980	554	980	554	23	46	31	26	99	57	14	21	18	85
2 persons -----	1 575	769	1 575	769	44	59	50	55	176	75	26	35	35	167
3 persons -----	1 480	714	1 480	714	34	58	58	27	160	82	27	38	31	166
4 persons -----	604	688	604	688	40	48	74	27	146	83	24	43	42	214
5 persons -----	997	412	997	412	32	40	41	12	101	47	20	20	18	120
6 or more persons -----	952	395	952	395	48	41	29	18	61	45	11	5	25	153
Median, occupied housing units -----	3.34	3.12	3.34	3.12	3.74	3.21	3.53	2.56	3.10	3.26	3.28	3.16	3.51	3.66
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.46	3.32	3.46	3.32	3.58	3.09	3.27	2.42	3.19	3.39	3.50	3.25	3.63	3.81
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.22	2.97	3.22	2.97	3.86	3.36	3.64	2.61	3.05	2.93	3.00	2.90	3.39	3.51
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>														
1.00 or less -----	6 242	2 957	6 242	2 957	144	233	240	146	645	326	108	155	129	665
1.01 to 1.50 -----	824	337	824	337	39	28	29	11	66	44	9	5	22	148
1.51 or more -----	522	238	522	238	38	31	14	8	32	19	18	2	18	92
Mean -----	.73	.71	.73	.71	.95	.74	.78	.73	.74	.72	.64	.48	.82	.81
<b>VALUE</b>														
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	2 547	976	2 547	976	45	112	51	23	162	117	26	110	59	333
Less than \$20,000 -----	90	21	90	21	2	4	2	2	3	11	—	—	3	8
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	473	193	473	193	27	51	6	7	14	22	—	—	17	45
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	968	351	968	351	14	43	24	10	87	52	2	11	29	125
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	698	264	698	264	2	13	10	4	52	29	1	51	22	114
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	197	98	197	98	—	—	3	—	4	3	9	41	4	24
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	102	42	102	42	—	—	4	—	2	—	11	5	2	15
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	5	5	5	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	2	1	2
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	54 200	55 100	54 200	55 100	33 500	40 300	53 100	43 100	56 400	50 900	104 200	77 300	45 800	58 700
Mean (dollars) -----	57 200	58 600	57 200	58 600	35 800	41 800	63 600	43 800	55 700	48 900	111 900	79 300	51 700	59 600
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>														
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	3 836	2 163	3 836	2 163	112	154	188	131	461	166	39	42	79	410
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	265	252	265	252	228	229	143	279	293	307	371	375	227	278
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	260	247	260	247	232	247	160	282	280	298	379	357	227	266
With meals included in rent -----	16	12	16	12	1	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	196	190	196	190	263	263	—	287	50	—	—	—	50	—
No meals included in rent -----	3 573	2 130	3 573	2 130	263	148	180	130	453	160	35	42	58	371
No cash rent -----	247	21	247	21	1	5	8	—	7	6	4	—	20	39



Table 14. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990 —Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County												
	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County—Con.												
	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11
Occupied housing units -----	475	449	189	213	77	149	961	216	292	144	136	282	126
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	316	249	98	40	10	35	293	106	133	50	26	64	63
Percent of occupied housing units -----	66.5	55.5	51.9	18.8	13.0	23.5	30.5	49.1	45.5	34.7	19.1	22.7	50.0
Renter-occupied housing units -----	159	200	91	173	67	114	668	110	159	94	110	218	63
Percent of occupied housing units -----	33.5	44.5	48.1	81.2	87.0	76.5	69.5	50.9	54.5	65.3	80.9	77.3	50.0
ROOMS													
1 room -----	2	3	2	14	2	1	23	5	7	1	1	4	—
2 rooms -----	13	16	6	43	5	7	94	24	33	—	11	22	3
3 rooms -----	45	32	20	47	22	24	138	31	30	9	20	62	22
4 rooms -----	121	139	52	43	23	53	387	74	74	42	58	89	18
5 rooms -----	117	110	44	24	10	25	153	58	64	56	19	63	20
6 rooms -----	82	77	22	16	7	12	79	14	42	26	16	28	14
7 rooms -----	51	35	17	17	5	11	38	4	23	4	5	11	18
8 or more rooms -----	44	37	26	9	3	16	49	6	19	6	6	3	31
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.0	4.8	4.8	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.5	4.9	4.1	4.1	5.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.9	4.3	6.6	5.0	4.5	5.2	5.3	4.8	4.4	7.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.2	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.6	4.0	4.0	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached -----	307	305	135	69	22	63	360	80	197	31	56	37	71
1, attached -----	13	5	1	9	—	3	38	5	4	2	9	—	2
2 -----	3	10	3	21	5	28	82	9	7	—	31	8	—
3 or 4 -----	23	23	15	20	14	20	100	9	27	1	6	20	7
5 to 9 -----	—	14	26	17	10	30	129	8	14	63	18	22	14
10 to 19 -----	—	16	5	33	4	5	142	3	14	1	12	24	12
20 to 49 -----	—	—	—	31	4	—	6	—	—	—	—	23	12
50 or more -----	—	—	—	6	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	6
Mobile home or trailer -----	127	75	3	3	15	—	96	100	24	46	3	45	—
Other -----	2	1	1	4	1	—	8	2	5	—	1	1	2
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person -----	52	44	19	64	21	30	143	23	46	9	21	47	21
2 persons -----	93	92	34	54	15	36	175	44	59	23	48	66	27
3 persons -----	100	70	42	28	17	28	201	34	58	37	26	57	27
4 persons -----	107	106	58	24	10	30	196	39	48	38	19	48	24
5 persons -----	68	71	24	15	7	11	126	30	40	23	9	42	13
6 or more persons -----	55	66	12	28	7	14	120	46	41	14	13	22	14
Median, occupied housing units -----	3.42	3.67	3.49	2.29	2.65	2.80	3.31	3.68	3.21	3.58	2.48	2.99	3.06
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.35	3.77	3.56	3.38	3.83	2.78	3.49	3.50	3.09	3.43	2.70	3.12	3.59
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.56	3.52	3.34	2.08	2.39	2.82	3.23	3.83	3.36	3.68	2.45	2.95	2.31
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less -----	400	374	165	171	64	130	750	140	233	127	125	244	117
1.01 to 1.50 -----	48	54	19	19	7	15	116	38	28	15	6	31	7
1.51 or more -----	27	21	5	23	6	4	95	38	31	2	2	7	2
Mean -----	.70	.73	.70	.74	.74	.66	.82	.95	.74	.79	.71	.77	.58
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	220	202	93	32	5	32	206	42	112	26	18	23	62
Less than \$20,000 -----	9	9	1	1	—	—	10	2	4	2	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	23	54	8	10	2	7	71	27	51	3	5	3	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	56	88	33	16	2	6	99	12	43	19	10	10	—
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	92	39	38	4	1	13	25	1	13	2	3	10	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	23	9	11	1	—	4	1	—	—	—	—	10	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	15	2	1	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	7	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	63 800	46 200	61 300	43 600	46 300	65 000	43 300	32 000	40 300	47 900	45 000	56 300	71 800
Mean (dollars) -----	64 400	49 300	62 900	45 500	43 500	63 400	44 200	34 600	41 800	46 000	47 200	56 000	76 000
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	150	183	87	173	67	114	662	110	154	92	109	217	63
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	310	231	295	227	267	273	229	227	252	138	289	272	338
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	319	228	295	226	271	292	220	230	247	176	292	257	306
With meals included in rent -----	—	2	1	2	—	1	5	1	1	—	1	1	—
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	—	287	237	225	—	113	170	263	263	—	287	50	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	136	157	83	170	67	112	653	108	148	89	108	213	63
No meals included in rent -----	14	24	3	1	—	—	4	—	5	3	—	3	—
No cash rent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 14. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.		Remainder of Weld County										
	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
Occupied housing units -----	331	162	139	461	169	128	330	192	904	474	449	189	198
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	180	120	33	217	67	89	216	123	473	316	249	98	101
Percent of occupied housing units -----	54.4	74.1	23.7	47.1	39.6	69.5	65.5	64.1	52.3	66.7	55.5	51.9	51.0
Renter-occupied housing units -----	151	42	106	244	102	39	114	69	431	158	200	91	97
Percent of occupied housing units -----	45.6	25.9	76.3	52.9	60.4	30.5	34.5	35.9	47.7	33.3	44.5	48.1	49.0
ROOMS													
1 room -----	19	2	14	4	3	2	3	4	10	2	3	2	1
2 rooms -----	36	3	2	21	11	7	14	6	77	13	16	6	16
3 rooms -----	90	4	18	38	24	8	28	11	135	45	32	20	22
4 rooms -----	95	25	37	167	46	34	76	40	257	120	139	52	33
5 rooms -----	36	29	15	40	45	40	72	52	184	117	110	44	57
6 rooms -----	18	32	3	47	19	21	44	33	109	82	77	22	33
7 rooms -----	37	45	10	32	8	6	46	26	69	51	35	17	18
8 or more rooms -----	4.7	6.4	4.5	4.5	13	10	40	37	63	44	20	26	44
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.2	6.9	5.8	5.2	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.2	4.4	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.5	3.9	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached -----	131	118	46	200	136	88	248	135	535	306	305	135	140
1, attached -----	8	13	2	9	3	1	9	—	26	13	5	1	2
2 -----	12	2	3	16	1	4	5	—	36	3	10	3	7
3 or 4 -----	7	21	—	19	9	—	11	7	54	23	23	15	14
5 to 9 -----	33	3	62	114	5	—	5	6	56	—	14	26	2
10 to 19 -----	34	4	13	4	—	—	—	—	11	—	16	5	—
20 to 49 -----	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
50 or more -----	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	93	1	13	97	14	35	52	42	168	127	75	3	30
Other -----	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	2	14	2	1	1	3
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person -----	51	21	22	52	18	18	29	19	85	52	44	19	24
2 persons -----	63	35	27	110	35	31	59	34	167	92	92	34	46
3 persons -----	71	38	21	103	31	18	63	40	166	100	106	42	36
4 persons -----	74	43	36	98	42	31	65	44	213	107	106	58	38
5 persons -----	35	20	18	59	18	20	62	29	71	120	24	24	24
6 or more persons -----	37	5	15	39	25	10	52	26	153	55	66	12	30
Median, occupied housing units -----	3.23	3.16	3.48	3.17	3.51	3.33	3.72	3.57	3.66	3.43	3.67	3.49	3.31
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.34	3.25	2.80	3.21	3.63	2.96	3.68	3.68	3.81	3.35	3.77	3.56	2.84
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.92	2.90	3.60	3.13	3.39	3.85	3.81	3.33	3.50	3.57	3.52	3.34	3.67
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less -----	281	155	113	401	129	114	265	166	665	399	374	165	161
1.01 to 1.50 -----	36	5	14	35	22	9	36	19	147	48	54	19	21
1.51 or more -----	14	2	12	25	18	5	29	7	92	27	21	5	16
Mean -----	.71	.48	.77	.72	.82	.73	.72	.70	.81	.70	.73	.70	.72
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	90	110	25	139	59	56	183	87	333	220	202	93	81
Less than \$20,000 -----	1	—	—	3	3	12	3	1	8	9	9	1	4
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	10	—	3	11	17	22	40	7	45	23	54	8	22
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	48	11	5	77	29	17	90	36	125	56	88	33	43
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	29	51	8	42	2	4	43	34	114	92	39	38	10
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	2	41	3	4	4	1	5	7	24	23	9	11	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	—	5	4	2	2	—	1	2	15	15	2	2	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	—	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	2	2	1	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	53 800	77 300	71 300	56 400	45 800	31 900	50 900	59 400	58 700	63 800	46 200	61 300	43 800
Mean (dollars) -----	54 400	79 300	81 900	55 700	51 700	35 200	52 100	59 300	59 600	64 400	49 300	62 900	45 800
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	149	42	96	244	79	31	102	51	410	150	183	87	83
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	310	375	147	301	227	238	264	247	278	310	231	295	197
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	304	357	144	300	227	223	266	257	266	319	228	295	207
With means included in rent -----	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	148	42	91	240	50	21	82	39	371	136	157	83	63
No means included in rent -----	1	—	5	4	20	10	20	12	39	14	24	3	20



Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Weld County										
	Greeley, CO MSA	Total	Greeley city	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20
Occupied housing units -----	39 113	39 113	18 678	255	1 105	921	3 137	1 568	1 634	1 645	1 303	1 882	2 899
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	25 151	25 151	10 720	156	757	260	1 715	1 030	1 196	1 322	883	1 300	2 328
Percent of occupied housing units -----	64.3	64.3	57.4	61.2	68.5	28.2	54.7	65.7	73.2	80.4	67.8	69.1	80.3
Renter-occupied housing units -----	13 962	13 962	7 958	99	348	661	1 422	538	438	323	420	582	571
Percent of occupied housing units -----	35.7	35.7	42.6	38.8	31.5	71.8	45.3	34.3	26.8	19.6	32.2	30.9	19.7
ROOMS													
1 room -----	326	326	282	2	7	28	37	2	6	1	7	8	9
2 rooms -----	1 144	1 144	829	10	12	70	226	44	28	12	47	33	46
3 rooms -----	3 060	3 060	2 000	34	62	173	342	153	118	36	52	140	117
4 rooms -----	7 340	7 340	3 664	86	250	285	965	450	185	164	153	316	172
5 rooms -----	7 385	7 385	2 786	55	321	144	594	377	229	203	240	454	703
6 rooms -----	6 100	6 100	2 252	31	181	72	362	167	246	301	266	350	588
7 rooms -----	4 829	4 829	2 036	15	116	63	298	129	214	314	215	232	314
8 or more rooms -----	8 929	8 929	4 829	22	156	86	313	246	608	614	323	349	472
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.5	5.5	5.4	4.4	5.2	4.2	4.5	4.9	6.5	6.8	6.1	5.5	5.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	6.3	6.3	6.9	4.7	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	7.4	7.1	6.5	5.8	5.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.1	4.7	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2	5.0	4.9	4.6	4.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached -----	25 543	25 543	10 417	181	606	391	1 364	707	988	1 338	1 153	1 342	1 821
2 -----	1 040	1 040	796	2	7	36	53	33	82	145	24	29	47
3 -----	1 048	1 048	837	10	6	202	67	54	17	31	10	32	45
3 or 4 -----	1 503	1 503	1 046	6	8	70	92	41	58	84	36	53	45
5 to 9 -----	1 529	1 529	887	9	74	72	324	47	46	12	19	39	2
10 to 19 -----	1 689	1 689	1 493	1	2	72	339	47	128	27	27	24	3
20 to 49 -----	1 342	1 342	1 325	1	1	54	187	80	26	1	1	17	1
50 or more -----	481	481	481	1	1	55	49	55	1	1	1	1	1
Mobile home or trailer -----	4 689	4 689	1 256	40	397	10	650	492	281	8	28	332	954
Other -----	249	249	140	6	5	14	12	12	8	8	6	14	17
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person -----	9 383	9 383	5 415	101	235	362	893	450	323	228	287	377	551
2 persons -----	13 737	13 737	6 732	79	414	324	1 068	589	623	501	454	584	997
3 persons -----	6 449	6 449	2 810	38	196	121	468	237	267	340	176	343	560
4 persons -----	6 119	6 119	2 492	20	167	78	456	202	282	376	257	344	498
5 persons -----	2 415	2 415	876	10	63	24	173	57	92	151	97	169	209
6 or more persons -----	1 010	1 010	353	7	30	12	63	33	47	49	32	65	84
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.24	2.24	2.08	1.84	2.27	1.80	2.13	2.07	2.29	2.77	2.30	2.47	2.40
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.36	2.36	2.29	1.76	2.21	1.91	2.34	2.15	2.44	2.87	2.35	2.47	2.38
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	1.97	1.97	1.73	1.98	2.44	1.76	1.90	1.83	1.72	2.39	2.15	2.44	2.55
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less -----	38 445	38 445	18 428	244	1 077	905	3 059	1 543	1 621	1 635	1 288	1 817	2 829
1.01 to 1.50 -----	496	496	171	9	24	7	53	21	10	8	11	48	58
1.51 or more -----	172	172	79	2	4	9	25	4	3	2	4	17	12
Mean -----	.43	.43	.40	.44	.45	.45	.49	.43	.39	.42	.42	.48	.46
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	17 578	17 578	8 788	119	305	219	1 067	553	864	1 247	716	825	1 255
Less than \$20,000 -----	160	160	37	5	4	5	6	1	1	1	6	4	10
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	1 244	1 244	414	57	13	66	105	33	11	5	57	56	85
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	4 514	4 514	1 992	47	98	112	468	300	18	148	202	235	284
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	5 720	5 720	3 119	8	90	33	416	194	84	633	203	293	365
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	2 854	2 854	1 672	2	55	3	55	16	171	364	113	119	181
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	2 145	2 145	1 062	2	38	3	17	3	315	87	73	101	232
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	627	627	320	1	3	1	1	6	180	9	36	15	75
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	170	170	85	1	3	1	1	1	45	1	15	2	15
\$250,000 or more -----	87	87	55	1	1	1	1	1	24	1	8	3	5
Median (dollars) -----	57	57	32	39	68	45	58	57	120	75	66	66	70
Mean (dollars) -----	78 300	78 300	81 200	41 500	74 500	46 100	58 200	57 800	133 800	77 700	81 500	72 500	84 400
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	12 385	12 385	7 883	97	267	658	1 407	530	400	315	284	485	476
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	316	316	324	283	256	318	295	311	396	426	263	328	362
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	333	333	345	282	244	335	300	303	429	431	262	341	374
With meals included in rent -----	116	116	111	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	841	841	862	91	242	238	287	287	413	305	163	875	1000
No meals included in rent -----	11 621	11 621	7 631	91	242	652	1 376	514	392	305	242	450	422
No cash rent -----	648	648	141	6	25	4	30	16	7	10	41	34	54

Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County										
	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County—Con.										
	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11
Occupied housing units -----	1 954	1 687	794	781	1 133	1 022	254	435	874	1 237	1 808
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 393	1 068	93	127	595	532	156	316	248	482	945
Percent of occupied housing units -----	71.3	63.3	11.7	16.3	52.5	52.1	61.4	72.6	28.4	39.0	52.3
Renter-occupied housing units -----	561	619	701	654	538	490	98	119	626	755	863
Percent of occupied housing units -----	28.7	36.7	88.3	83.7	47.5	47.9	38.6	27.4	71.6	61.0	47.7
ROOMS											
1 room -----	—	1	117	21	6	26	2	2	26	37	13
2 rooms -----	12	38	166	73	31	51	10	5	65	194	67
3 rooms -----	76	161	234	175	158	134	34	29	164	196	274
4 rooms -----	250	301	128	229	234	354	86	107	269	378	259
5 rooms -----	419	279	51	98	146	222	54	172	139	198	250
6 rooms -----	377	292	38	63	146	101	31	62	67	99	193
7 rooms -----	333	220	19	34	113	66	15	32	73	209	209
8 or more rooms -----	487	395	41	88	299	68	22	26	82	62	543
Median, occupied housing units -----	6.1	5.7	3.0	4.0	5.4	4.3	4.4	4.9	4.2	4.0	5.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	6.4	6.6	6.1	6.7	7.2	4.9	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.0	7.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	5.2	4.1	2.8	3.8	4.0	3.8	4.0	4.7	3.8	3.5	3.9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached -----	1 715	1 251	135	183	665	532	181	112	371	243	1 007
1, attached -----	20	13	6	11	14	28	2	—	34	12	41
2 -----	12	8	48	84	185	89	10	1	196	18	3
3 or 4 -----	28	73	76	142	94	78	6	1	54	31	130
5 to 9 -----	6	253	92	99	56	58	9	26	71	79	104
10 to 19 -----	27	69	71	101	47	49	1	1	72	322	170
20 to 49 -----	—	—	162	97	54	49	—	—	54	187	190
50 or more -----	—	—	185	36	—	—	—	—	—	49	156
Mobile home or trailer -----	143	7	19	19	—	134	39	292	9	294	1
Other -----	3	13	19	9	18	5	6	2	13	2	6
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person -----	327	377	543	284	370	391	101	95	344	430	495
2 persons -----	703	519	166	286	429	363	79	141	305	426	647
3 persons -----	354	281	35	113	153	127	38	91	174	273	273
4 persons -----	360	316	29	55	108	91	19	70	76	138	279
5 persons -----	140	137	14	27	45	31	10	28	23	55	79
6 or more persons -----	70	57	7	16	28	19	7	10	12	14	35
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.42	2.40	1.50	1.87	1.96	1.83	1.83	2.37	1.80	1.94	2.13
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.39	2.76	2.07	1.89	2.14	1.91	1.76	2.29	1.90	2.21	2.52
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.58	1.95	1.50	1.87	1.65	1.71	1.96	2.63	1.77	1.79	1.66
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less -----	1 930	1 666	784	760	1 122	994	243	421	861	1 197	1 796
1.01 to 1.50 -----	23	13	5	12	8	18	9	12	5	27	6
1.51 or more -----	1	8	5	9	3	10	2	2	8	13	6
Mean -----	.43	.45	.45	.46	.38	.44	.44	.49	.45	.52	.40
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	939	973	64	91	507	370	119	72	209	189	868
Less than \$20,000 -----	7	3	2	—	5	13	5	—	5	1	6
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	109	45	24	11	40	128	57	6	61	5	6
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	252	245	20	50	161	184	47	56	107	86	93
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	202	432	13	21	204	36	8	6	33	84	395
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	174	174	4	6	80	4	2	—	3	10	240
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	183	62	—	1	15	4	2	3	—	3	127
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	45	10	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	6
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	10	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	69 500	68 400	43 800	54 800	63 700	44 400	39 400	49 600	46 100	60 300	76 900
Mean (dollars) -----	80 800	71 700	50 900	60 200	65 100	44 900	41 500	54 000	46 500	61 200	81 000
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	369	586	699	653	536	485	96	114	623	752	858
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	294	290	256	288	288	257	281	297	321	282	349
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	317	306	334	313	310	258	281	257	340	285	352
With meals included in rent -----	—	—	98	2	1	—	—	—	2	—	3
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	—	—	903	769	213	—	—	—	238	—	362
No meals included in rent -----	328	567	589	646	530	473	90	109	617	742	842
No cash rent -----	41	19	12	5	5	12	6	5	4	10	13



Table 15. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990** — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.		Remainder of Weld County										
	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
Occupied housing units -----	1 509	1 637	670	1 900	1 280	926	1 091	794	1 877	2 898	1 951	1 687	997
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	982	1 317	441	1 233	872	640	807	574	1 296	2 327	1 393	1 068	636
Percent of occupied housing units -----	65.1	80.5	65.8	64.9	68.1	69.1	74.0	72.3	69.0	80.3	71.4	63.3	63.8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	527	320	229	667	408	286	284	220	581	571	558	619	361
Percent of occupied housing units -----	34.9	19.5	34.2	35.1	31.9	30.9	26.0	27.7	31.0	19.7	28.6	36.7	36.2
ROOMS													
1 room-----	2	1	5	—	7	1	1	2	8	9	—	1	—
2 rooms-----	44	11	7	32	47	5	12	7	33	46	12	38	20
3 rooms-----	150	36	33	146	51	37	28	18	140	117	75	161	70
4 rooms-----	437	164	143	587	152	174	141	141	314	572	249	301	182
5 rooms-----	352	200	149	396	236	202	248	228	454	702	419	279	253
6 rooms-----	155	301	119	263	112	172	212	152	348	588	377	292	193
7 rooms-----	125	311	84	225	213	115	182	104	232	392	220	220	111
8 or more rooms-----	244	613	130	251	316	220	259	142	348	472	486	395	168
Median, occupied housing units-----	4.8	6.8	5.5	5.0	6.1	5.8	6.0	5.5	6.1	5.5	6.1	5.7	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	5.3	7.1	6.0	5.6	6.5	6.1	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.7	6.4	6.6	5.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	4.0	5.0	4.7	4.1	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.0	4.6	4.8	5.2	4.1	4.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached-----	686	1 330	494	1 121	1 130	752	989	609	1 337	1 821	1 712	1 251	794
1, attached-----	32	145	7	41	24	3	16	3	29	47	20	13	3
2-----	54	31	5	49	10	10	7	4	32	10	12	8	9
3 or 4-----	41	84	7	61	36	42	20	14	53	45	28	73	36
5 to 9-----	47	12	48	245	19	—	9	3	39	2	6	253	7
10 to 19-----	47	27	1	17	27	—	—	—	24	3	27	69	7
20 to 49-----	80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—
50 or more-----	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer-----	455	—	105	356	28	117	43	153	332	953	143	7	137
Other-----	12	8	3	10	6	1	7	8	14	17	3	13	4
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person-----	443	226	140	463	284	146	180	148	377	551	326	377	198
2 persons-----	567	497	273	642	444	296	377	279	581	996	703	519	349
3 persons-----	225	338	105	310	172	183	199	124	354	560	354	281	180
4 persons-----	186	376	97	318	252	192	212	145	343	498	360	316	177
5 persons-----	56	151	35	118	96	75	85	69	169	209	140	137	68
6 or more persons-----	32	49	20	49	32	34	38	29	65	84	68	57	25
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.05	2.78	2.21	2.26	2.30	2.61	2.47	2.39	2.47	2.40	2.42	2.40	2.36
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.13	2.88	2.17	2.39	2.35	2.64	2.48	2.36	2.64	2.38	2.39	2.76	2.33
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	1.82	2.41	2.35	2.03	2.14	2.56	2.43	2.50	2.44	2.55	2.58	1.95	2.43
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less-----	1 485	1 627	656	1 862	1 265	910	1 069	780	1 812	2 828	1 928	1 666	971
1.01 to 1.50-----	20	8	12	26	11	13	16	12	48	58	22	13	19
1.51 or more-----	4	2	2	12	4	3	6	2	17	12	1	8	7
Mean-----	.43	.42	.43	.47	.42	.46	.45	.46	.48	.46	.43	.45	.47
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	538	1 245	233	878	713	317	599	271	822	1 255	939	973	384
Less than \$20,000-----	1	1	4	5	6	7	8	3	4	10	7	3	14
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	31	5	7	100	57	37	66	22	55	85	109	45	86
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	295	148	42	382	202	107	293	86	235	284	252	245	134
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	189	632	84	332	203	93	153	100	292	365	202	432	85
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	15	363	55	45	113	33	44	33	119	181	125	174	34
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	4	87	35	14	71	29	22	19	100	232	183	62	18
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	3	9	2	—	35	10	11	5	15	75	45	10	8
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	—	—	3	—	15	—	1	2	2	15	10	2	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	—	—	1	—	8	—	—	—	—	3	2	—	—
\$300,000 or more-----	—	—	—	—	3	—	1	1	—	5	4	—	3
Median (dollars)-----	57 000	75 500	73 700	57 700	65 900	61 300	55 300	63 700	66 100	70 800	69 500	68 400	49 900
Mean (dollars)-----	57 600	77 700	80 900	57 500	81 300	68 400	61 300	70 500	72 600	84 400	80 800	71 700	60 700
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	522	314	153	655	278	176	200	139	484	476	369	586	233
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	311	427	234	303	261	260	312	318	327	362	294	296	256
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	304	432	234	317	281	268	321	311	340	374	317	306	259
With meals included in rent-----	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	—	—	—	287	163	—	—	—	875	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent-----	510	304	133	634	239	148	169	112	449	422	328	567	187
No cash rent-----	12	10	20	20	38	28	31	27	34	54	41	19	46

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
		Brighton city (pt.)					Northglenn city (pt.)					Tract 6					Tract 7.01					Tract 7.02					Tract 8					Tract 10					Tract 13					Tract 14.01					Tract 14.02																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
		Broomfield city (pt.)					Greeley city					Tract 6					Tract 7.01					Tract 7.02					Tract 8					Tract 10					Tract 13					Tract 14.01					Tract 14.02																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
ANCESTRY		All persons		Ancestry specified		Single ancestry		Multiple ancestry		Ancestry unclassified or not reported		SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS		Total ancestries reported		Arab		Austrian		Belgian		Canadian		Czech		Danish		Dutch		English		Finnish		French (except Basque)		French Canadian		German		Greek		Hungarian		Irish		Italian		Lithuanian		Norwegian		Polish		Portuguese		Romanian		Russian		Scotch-Irish		Scottish		Slovak		Subsaharan African		Swedish		Swiss		Ukrainian		United States or American		Welsh		West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)		Yugoslavian		Other ancestries		PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS		Dominican (Dominican Republic)		Central American		Costa Rican		Guatemalan		Honduran		Nicaraguan		Panamanian		Salvadoran		Central American, origin not specified		South American		Argentinean		Chilean		Colombian		Ecuadorian		Peruvian		Venezuelan		Other South American																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
131 821	121 627	80 553	41 074	10 194	263 642	121	310	185	161	899	1 744	3 680	18 893	239	4 311	417	50 612	310	251	17 511	3 409	103	2 429	1 922	113	16	1 546	2 852	3 110	410	67	5 991	786	119	3 655	1 240	39	98	134 098	12	157	8	104	—	6	6	33	110	12	16	4	13	6	—	59	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—</



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County—Con.							Brighton city (pt.) Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.), Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02			Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01
<b>ANCESTRY</b>													
All persons	4 108	4 137	8 798	9 620	7 159	1 719	5 325	14	—	2 083	4 924	—	3 250
Ancestry specified	3 885	4 003	7 981	8 335	6 601	1 479	4 997	14	—	1 915	4 603	—	3 015
Single ancestry	2 005	2 975	5 886	5 331	4 646	1 152	3 273	14	—	1 389	2 817	—	1 737
Multiple ancestry	1 880	1 028	2 095	3 004	1 955	327	1 724	—	—	526	1 786	—	1 278
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	223	134	817	1 285	558	240	328	—	—	168	321	—	235
<b>SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS</b>													
Total ancestries reported	8 216	8 274	17 596	19 240	14 318	3 438	10 650	28	—	4 166	9 848	—	6 500
Aroh	—	2	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	7	56	—	—
Austrian	7	8	20	45	19	9	7	—	—	—	31	—	18
Belgian	—	26	9	47	11	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	7
Canadian	—	—	6	8	16	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	17
Czech	—	47	72	79	45	—	57	—	—	9	18	—	34
Danish	43	57	35	163	69	11	89	—	—	25	89	—	74
Orutch	93	92	245	267	239	32	107	7	—	60	152	—	48
English	144	526	942	1 327	1 015	195	568	—	—	198	641	—	147
Finnish	1 100	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	765
French (except Basque)	115	112	206	442	203	42	181	7	—	55	48	—	131
French Canadian	—	5	—	20	2	12	27	—	—	—	203	—	—
German	1 876	1 543	2 614	3 055	2 666	860	2 606	—	—	650	1 828	—	4
Greek	21	3	5	14	21	2	13	—	—	6	70	—	1 328
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	8
Irish	756	402	789	1 337	1 060	165	687	—	—	269	758	—	18
Italian	133	35	196	469	257	21	196	—	—	18	347	—	493
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	69
Norwegian	128	30	120	196	83	—	215	—	—	22	28	—	13
Polish	148	30	51	174	112	34	142	—	—	22	173	—	168
Portuguese	—	—	19	10	19	—	—	—	—	56	91	—	68
Romanian	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	7	14	—	6
Russian	53	45	27	60	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scotch-Irish	84	100	165	202	133	44	236	—	—	57	80	—	25
Scottish	167	128	155	263	109	28	126	—	—	23	91	—	117
Slovak	7	16	—	14	12	22	118	—	—	22	141	—	168
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	—	14	51	—	130
Swedish	204	289	245	343	274	71	237	—	—	—	10	—	6
Swiss	46	37	5	68	8	3	36	—	—	—	240	—	129
Ukrainian	6	—	13	16	27	2	—	—	—	13	24	—	23
United States or American	35	657	286	143	113	15	98	—	—	7	4	—	98
Welsh	100	37	47	96	43	2	73	—	—	10	149	—	75
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	10	2	11	2	—	—	—	—	—	17	74	—	53
Yugoslavian	—	15	—	33	—	3	6	—	—	—	5	—	—
Other ancestries	2 811	3 925	11 258	10 134	7 598	1 829	4 745	14	—	2 569	4 212	—	2 475
<b>PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS</b>													
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	1	—	42	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	6
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	1	—	42	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American, origin not specified	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Greeley city, Weld County—Con.														
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)
ANCESTRY														
All persons	5 554	949	1 464	1 772	2 575	2 792	3 706	4 856	3 929	2 996	4 778	2 248	5 370	4 108
Ancestry specified	5 348	914	1 310	1 609	2 215	2 574	3 334	4 571	3 764	2 782	4 467	2 129	5 086	3 885
Single ancestry	4 227	872	1 076	1 147	1 540	1 505	2 198	2 617	2 132	1 429	3 203	1 320	2 928	2 005
Multiple ancestry	1 121	42	234	462	675	1 069	1 136	1 954	1 632	1 353	1 264	809	2 158	1 880
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	206	35	154	163	360	218	372	285	165	214	311	119	284	223
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported	11 108	1 898	2 928	3 544	5 150	5 584	7 412	9 712	7 858	5 992	9 556	4 496	10 740	8 216
Arab	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	10	12	13	7	15	18	7
Austrian	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	10	15	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	3	—	—	—	—
Canadian	8	—	—	—	—	6	27	7	18	—	—	13	—	—
Czech	9	—	7	30	15	59	16	41	69	15	28	28	15	43
Danish	42	—	—	6	7	91	52	149	43	100	96	24	39	93
Dutch	37	—	15	48	48	59	204	101	144	103	101	18	217	144
English	516	8	40	111	390	599	274	965	820	658	763	399	861	1 100
Finnish	—	—	—	—	35	28	8	7	16	15	—	—	15	—
French (except Basque)	97	—	54	33	97	91	121	240	117	86	99	65	222	115
French Canadian	—	—	—	8	6	7	10	9	7	22	—	14	53	—
German	1 235	35	285	757	704	1 085	1 314	2 212	1 823	1 426	1 760	1 148	2 983	1 876
Greek	7	—	—	—	21	24	9	—	—	—	27	—	27	21
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	18	—	—
Irish	442	7	72	252	311	317	727	724	690	529	633	349	888	756
Italian	87	—	23	30	46	110	161	119	37	86	54	29	110	133
Jihuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	8	—	—	26	23	55	13	72	140	58	43	40	96	128
Polish	43	8	6	15	34	78	62	40	72	19	44	21	136	148
Portuguese	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Russian	15	—	13	24	27	21	23	59	42	37	104	13	60	53
Scottish-Irish	10	—	—	37	88	70	68	93	117	44	92	55	89	84
Scottish	49	7	12	28	76	124	66	141	89	115	62	104	208	167
Slovak	21	—	—	—	—	20	9	49	5	15	—	12	27	7
Subsaharan African	8	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish	152	—	21	23	105	119	77	424	283	202	225	152	213	204
Swiss	—	—	—	—	7	10	8	26	40	39	17	5	66	46
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	8	6
United States or American	65	—	35	12	124	62	48	142	78	58	140	52	111	35
Welsh	21	—	—	5	19	47	11	75	39	26	22	54	25	100
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	6	—	—	10	7	—	—	—	—	—	10
Other ancestries	8 175	1 821	2 335	2 072	2 934	2 450	4 036	3 867	3 012	2 242	5 244	1 843	4 174	2 811
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	55	26	—	—	8	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	24	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	—	31	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	31	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.				Northglenn city (pt.), Weld County	Remainder of Weld County								
	Tract 21 (pt.)		Tract 22,01 (pt.)	Tract 22,02 (pt.)		Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7,01 (pt.)	Tract 7,02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14,01 (pt.)	Tract 14,02 (pt.)	Tract 14,03 (pt.)
	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)												
ANCESTRY														
All persons	84	—	54	—	75	—	2 301	200	6 530	300	2 556	21	—	
Ancestry specified	84	—	54	—	75	—	2 027	194	6 199	300	2 427	21	—	
Single ancestry	43	—	49	—	75	—	1 408	146	3 877	256	1 430	14	—	
Multiple ancestry	41	—	5	—	—	—	619	48	2 322	44	997	7	—	
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	—	—	—	—	—	—	274	6	331	—	129	—	—	
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported	168	—	108	—	150	—	4 602	400	13 060	600	5 112	42	—	
Arab	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	8	—	—	—	—	
Austrian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Czech	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	16	—	11	—	—	
Danish	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	3	68	—	45	—	—	
Dutch	—	—	—	—	—	—	94	2	267	—	55	—	—	
English	7	—	6	—	20	—	238	8	971	6	325	—	—	
Finnish	7	—	—	—	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	
French (except Basque)	—	—	—	—	—	—	75	18	166	—	74	6	—	
French Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	97	—	—	—	—	
German	19	—	36	—	—	—	781	29	2 586	58	1 172	7	—	
Greek	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	61	—	—	—	—	
Irish	34	—	5	—	—	—	216	8	928	33	379	15	—	
Italian	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	168	—	61	—	—	
Lithuanian	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Norwegian	—	—	12	—	—	—	63	3	124	—	60	—	—	
Polish	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	3	30	—	62	—	—	
Portuguese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Russian	27	—	—	—	—	—	44	5	58	—	28	—	—	
Scotch-Irish	—	—	—	—	—	—	45	—	79	—	120	—	—	
Scottish	23	—	—	—	—	—	48	3	122	—	68	—	—	
Slovak	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	46	—	—	—	—	
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	—	—	—	—	
Swedish	—	—	—	—	18	—	156	18	197	—	199	—	—	
Swiss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	—	51	—	—	
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	—	—	
United States or American	—	—	—	—	—	—	88	11	167	—	135	—	—	
Welsh	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	—	33	—	30	—	—	
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other ancestries	43	—	49	—	112	—	2 549	288	6 691	485	2 198	14	—	
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Remainder of Weld County—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
ANCESTRY															
All persons		4 053	3 127	4 355	2 889	8 784	2 844	9 620	7 159	1 665	5 325	3 406	852	1 769	3 440
Ancestry specified		3 919	2 803	4 037	2 680	7 967	2 509	8 335	6 601	1 425	4 997	3 205	701	1 605	3 058
Single ancestry		2 932	1 954	2 721	1 908	5 872	1 558	5 331	4 646	1 103	3 273	2 358	430	1 052	2 259
Multiple ancestry		987	849	1 316	772	2 095	951	3 004	1 955	322	1 724	847	271	553	799
Ancestry unclassified or not reported		134	324	318	209	817	335	1 285	558	240	328	201	151	164	382
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported		8 106	6 254	8 710	5 778	17 568	5 688	19 240	14 318	3 330	10 650	6 812	1 704	3 538	6 880
Arab		2	4	—	18	6	—	4	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Austrian		8	16	3	4	20	6	45	19	9	7	8	—	—	—
Belgian		26	—	5	—	9	—	47	11	—	—	7	—	20	—
Canadian		—	6	4	4	6	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Czech		47	17	12	5	72	21	79	45	—	57	10	—	10	23
Danish		57	24	63	24	35	43	163	69	11	89	64	21	89	20
Dutch		92	84	96	66	238	114	267	239	32	107	101	34	47	61
English		519	378	540	449	942	361	1 327	1 015	189	568	457	209	288	426
Finnish		—	—	2	—	—	8	5	5	—	—	—	—	8	6
French (except Basque)		112	144	86	155	199	93	442	203	42	181	151	58	32	113
French Canadian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
German		5	3	17	—	—	12	20	2	12	27	15	—	—	12
Greek		1 524	1 402	1 700	928	2 614	1 008	3 055	2 666	824	2 606	1 174	256	892	1 621
Hungarian		—	9	—	—	—	9	14	21	2	13	—	6	—	6
Irish		3	3	13	2	5	8	14	9	2	13	8	—	16	—
Italian		368	293	454	401	789	529	1 337	1 060	160	687	378	165	236	392
Lithuanian		35	40	73	58	196	117	469	257	21	196	37	10	2	85
Lithuanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian		30	42	89	48	120	35	196	83	13	215	32	10	19	61
Polish		30	15	55	30	51	46	174	112	34	142	37	25	14	85
Portuguese		—	4	—	—	19	—	10	19	—	—	—	9	—	—
Romanian		—	—	4	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Russian		18	53	67	36	27	16	60	39	44	236	56	9	25	35
Scottish-Irish		100	55	95	66	165	95	202	133	28	126	90	51	58	98
Scottish		105	79	50	54	155	45	263	109	22	118	59	25	34	42
Slovak		16	—	14	—	—	7	14	12	—	33	14	—	—	—
Subsaharan African		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish		289	170	224	173	245	115	343	274	71	237	285	31	96	128
Swiss		37	24	10	13	5	2	68	8	3	36	10	—	21	46
Ukrainian		—	—	—	—	—	—	16	27	2	—	2	—	—	—
United States or American		657	137	74	21	286	115	143	113	15	98	122	4	73	162
Welsh		37	19	36	21	47	35	96	43	2	73	16	12	16	11
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)		2	—	—	—	11	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian		15	—	—	—	—	5	33	—	3	6	6	—	—	—
Other ancestries		3 882	3 187	4 796	3 194	11 244	2 784	10 134	7 598	1 780	4 745	3 641	759	1 576	3 412
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American		1	2	—	—	—	—	42	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
Costa Rican		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan		1	—	—	—	—	—	42	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
Central American, origin not specified		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American		—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Argentinean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Columbian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Ecuadorian		—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County				
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>											
All persons	131 821	131 821	14	-	60 536	-	1 024	1 464	4 073	2 775	
Native	125 944	125 944	14	-	57 684	-	641	1 271	3 963	2 643	
Foreign born	5 877	5 877	-	-	2 852	-	383	193	110	132	
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>											
Linguistically isolated households	1 391	1 391	-	-	733	-	81	38	23	24	
Persons 5 years and over	121 453	121 453	14	-	55 988	-	911	1 328	3 553	2 595	
In linguistically isolated households	3 544	3 544	-	-	1 688	-	211	106	30	61	
Speak a language other than English	18 866	18 866	-	-	8 144	-	740	652	557	378	
Do not speak English "very well"	6 719	6 719	-	-	3 162	-	367	245	104	153	
Speak Spanish	16 080	16 080	-	-	6 802	-	731	629	484	295	
Do not speak English "very well"	5 975	5 975	-	-	2 758	-	358	240	98	115	
Linguistically isolated	2 970	2 970	-	-	1 363	-	186	106	24	18	
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	534	534	-	-	381	-	-	-	-	62	
Do not speak English "very well"	205	205	-	-	142	-	-	-	-	31	
Linguistically isolated	151	151	-	-	122	-	-	-	-	24	
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>											
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	41 250	41 250	-	-	20 954	-	284	401	1 010	1 148	
Preprimary school	2 695	2 695	-	-	1 084	-	4	14	66	38	
Public school	2 067	2 067	-	-	667	-	4	14	51	18	
Elementary or high school	24 519	24 519	-	-	9 652	-	269	338	752	292	
Public school	23 415	23 415	-	-	9 055	-	258	335	694	292	
College	14 036	14 036	-	-	10 218	-	11	49	192	818	
Public college	13 310	13 310	-	-	9 860	-	11	49	186	801	
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>											
Persons 25 years and over	77 777	77 777	14	-	34 405	-	514	873	2 388	1 566	
Less than 9th grade	9 393	9 393	-	-	4 079	-	306	292	331	236	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	10 127	10 127	-	-	3 977	-	132	251	418	198	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	22 677	22 677	14	-	7 764	-	48	188	869	260	
Some college, no degree	16 314	16 314	-	-	7 561	-	7	59	426	381	
Associate degree	4 975	4 975	-	-	2 396	-	9	32	128	82	
Bachelor's degree	9 311	9 311	-	-	5 383	-	12	51	126	337	
Graduate or professional degree	4 980	4 980	-	-	3 245	-	-	-	90	72	
Percent high school graduate or higher	74.9	74.9	100.0	-	76.6	-	14.8	37.8	68.6	72.3	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	18.4	18.4	-	-	25.1	-	2.3	5.8	9.0	26.1	
<b>FERTILITY</b>											
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	285	285	-	-	234	-	694	561	797	85	
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 580	1 580	-	-	1 413	-	1 985	1 762	1 952	1 370	
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 100	2 100	-	-	2 029	-	3 314	3 598	2 225	1 491	
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>											
Persons 5 years and over	121 453	121 453	14	-	55 988	-	911	1 328	3 553	2 595	
Some house	55 739	55 739	14	-	21 806	-	183	593	1 518	710	
Different house in United States	64 254	64 254	-	-	33 247	-	641	691	2 030	1 803	
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	17 322	17 322	-	-	13 380	-	290	519	954	454	
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	16 208	16 208	-	-	3 462	-	144	41	401	188	
Different MSA/PMSA	21 570	21 570	-	-	11 277	-	178	73	370	852	
Not in an MSA/PMSA	9 154	9 154	-	-	5 128	-	29	58	305	309	
Abroad	1 460	1 460	-	-	935	-	87	44	5	82	
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>											
Urban population	81 894	81 894	14	-	60 359	-	949	1 464	2 950	2 775	
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	55 147	55 147	14	-	38 823	-	628	1 113	1 836	1 216	
Rural population	49 927	49 927	-	-	177	-	75	-	1 123	-	
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	25 400	25 400	-	-	12	-	38	-	352	-	
On farms	7 468	7 468	-	-	57	-	-	-	264	-	
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>											
Workers 16 years and over	61 935	61 935	7	-	28 731	-	346	611	1 648	1 199	
Car, truck, or van	54 354	54 354	7	-	25 359	-	299	536	1 511	972	
Drove alone	46 499	46 499	7	-	21 727	-	165	364	1 276	812	
Carpooled	7 855	7 855	-	-	3 632	-	134	172	235	160	
Public transportation (including taxicab)	269	269	-	-	186	-	-	-	18	14	
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	269	269	-	-	186	-	-	-	18	14	
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Walked	3 042	3 042	-	-	1 772	-	43	35	17	144	
Other means	1 022	1 022	-	-	572	-	-	34	21	51	
Worked at home	3 248	3 248	-	-	842	-	4	6	81	18	
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.09	1.00	-	1.09	-	1.38	1.21	1.09	1.10	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.8	18.8	30.0	-	15.8	-	18.7	12.2	16.1	14.1	
<b>Departure time for work:</b>											
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	5 278	5 278	-	-	1 982	-	48	68	186	70	
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	12 109	12 109	-	-	4 582	-	78	134	382	115	
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	18 535	18 535	7	-	8 753	-	84	157	457	313	
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	6 895	6 895	-	-	3 850	-	40	66	127	120	
All other times	15 870	15 870	-	-	8 722	-	92	180	415	563	
Worked in MSA of residence	47 671	47 671	-	-	26 037	-	314	597	1 540	1 099	
Greeley city	27 137	27 137	-	-	20 212	-	196	386	957	874	
Windsor town	1 429	1 429	-	-	261	-	-	5	-	2	
La Salle town	593	593	-	-	254	-	-	7	8	2	
Brighton city (pt.)	26	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fort Lupton city	1 047	1 047	-	-	126	-	-	-	17	-	
Remainder of Weld County	17 439	17 439	-	-	5 184	-	118	199	558	221	
Worked outside MSA of residence	14 264	14 264	7	-	2 694	-	32	14	108	100	
Denver city	2 269	2 269	-	-	408	-	-	-	20	19	
Brighton city (pt.)	1 142	1 142	-	-	41	-	-	-	7	5	
Remainder of Adams County	1 858	1 858	7	-	175	-	-	-	16	8	
Arapahoe County	573	573	-	-	175	-	-	7	-	13	
Jefferson County	898	898	-	-	155	-	-	-	-	19	
Boulder city	1 200	1 200	-	-	171	-	-	-	5	-	
Longmont city	1 424	1 424	-	-	167	-	32	-	-	-	
Remainder of Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	808	808	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	
Fort Collins city	1 643	1 643	-	-	493	-	-	-	18	9	
Loveland city	722	722	-	-	260	-	-	7	9	7	
Remainder of Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	631	631	-	-	138	-	-	-	-	-	
Cheyenne, WY MSA	158	158	-	-	63	-	-	-	20	-	
Logan County	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Morgan County	189	189	-	-	78	-	-	-	-	7	
Worked elsewhere	736	736	-	-	320	-	-	-	13	13	

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	10 236	5 078	4 804	5 391	4 108	4 137	8 798	9 620	7 159
Native	9 994	4 867	4 689	5 322	4 057	3 963	8 006	9 197	6 855
Foreign born	242	211	115	69	51	174	792	423	304
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	64	78	28	13	17	30	165	71	60
Persons 5 years and over	9 132	4 626	4 513	4 869	3 801	3 823	8 034	8 876	6 591
In linguistically isolated households	173	206	48	27	17	63	532	147	170
Speak a language other than English	1 247	718	551	351	163	628	2 439	1 133	1 122
Do not speak English "very well"	353	239	140	103	33	199	941	382	319
Speak Spanish	1 091	617	375	195	88	482	2 356	916	1 033
Do not speak English "very well"	306	231	88	45	33	180	914	324	310
Linguistically isolated	89	184	32	—	17	54	512	111	159
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	42	71	7	23	22	5	46	2	9
Do not speak English "very well"	20	—	—	—	—	5	21	2	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	5	14	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	3 376	1 152	1 419	1 701	1 355	1 203	2 795	2 609	2 068
Preprimary school	230	38	83	149	95	103	297	219	162
Public school	138	38	53	57	17	71	284	191	143
Elementary or high school	1 976	917	933	1 085	843	829	1 990	1 956	1 568
Public school	1 880	878	910	1 002	783	782	1 943	1 849	1 541
College	1 170	197	403	467	417	271	508	434	338
Public college	1 100	164	384	414	405	253	493	347	327
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	5 383	3 196	3 073	3 268	2 635	2 631	5 031	6 060	4 349
Less than 9th grade	584	526	159	190	37	270	1 014	571	663
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	953	616	248	179	94	269	758	974	563
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 461	1 015	721	799	531	798	1 550	2 249	1 452
Some college, no degree	1 148	588	802	900	638	497	971	1 272	863
Associate degree	531	213	267	326	169	199	233	371	190
Bachelor's degree	474	185	516	611	687	361	395	465	476
Graduate or professional degree	232	53	360	263	479	237	110	158	142
Percent high school graduate or higher	71.4	64.3	86.8	88.7	95.0	79.5	64.8	74.5	71.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	13.1	7.4	28.5	26.7	44.3	22.7	10.0	10.3	14.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	351	473	196	201	49	151	444	326	316
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 422	1 759	1 209	1 382	1 309	1 629	2 141	1 623	1 731
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 428	2 039	2 090	1 895	2 071	2 189	2 417	1 943	2 160
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	9 132	4 626	4 513	4 869	3 801	3 823	8 034	8 876	6 591
Same house	3 158	1 986	2 169	2 205	1 872	2 042	3 781	4 618	3 693
Different house in United States	5 916	2 558	2 320	2 625	1 905	1 744	4 049	4 183	2 865
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	2 139	1 442	812	1 330	947	376	25	29	196
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 319	306	551	247	174	899	1 737	1 671	1 190
Different MSA/PMSA	1 401	507	641	615	553	254	1 814	2 142	1 194
Not in an MSA/PMSA	1 057	303	316	433	231	215	473	341	285
Abroad	58	82	24	39	24	37	204	75	33
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	10 195	4 885	3 730	5 370	4 108	—	5 176	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	6 449	3 844	2 763	4 791	3 529	—	3 959	—	—
Rural population	41	193	1 074	21	—	4 137	3 622	9 620	7 159
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	10	107	266	—	—	2 646	1 228	6 171	3 742
On farms	—	—	73	—	—	653	401	540	908
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	4 878	2 171	2 668	2 879	2 247	1 947	3 786	4 669	3 308
Car, truck, or van	4 417	1 986	2 584	2 687	2 122	1 664	3 311	4 153	2 827
Drove alone	3 922	1 699	2 300	2 433	1 932	1 466	2 528	3 506	2 433
Carpooled	495	287	284	254	190	198	783	647	394
Public transportation (including taxicab)	61	11	—	37	—	6	11	11	7
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	61	11	—	37	—	6	11	11	7
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	168	50	20	32	29	97	198	133	129
Other means	115	36	30	21	26	56	12	75	85
Worked at home	117	88	34	102	70	124	254	297	260
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.07	1.09	1.06	1.06	1.05	1.07	1.16	1.09	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.2	16.8	19.1	18.2	16.6	15.7	23.2	26.1	24.0
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	404	237	223	181	70	139	392	512	358
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	845	457	486	540	373	476	780	1 314	925
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	1 465	532	947	1 100	997	691	1 131	1 114	816
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	494	306	378	399	445	193	363	362	269
All other times	1 553	551	600	557	292	324	866	1 070	680
Worked in MSA of residence	4 404	2 011	2 354	2 564	1 935	1 838	1 491	1 296	1 829
Greeley city	3 014	1 484	1 571	1 880	1 527	735	71	45	365
Windsor town	25	—	38	80	30	20	—	2	61
La Salle town	90	13	14	28	7	6	18	2	12
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	—	—
Fort Lupton city	39	10	31	7	—	5	642	41	18
Remainder of Weld County	1 236	504	700	569	371	1 072	741	1 206	1 373
Worked outside MSA of residence	474	160	314	315	312	109	2 295	3 373	1 479
Denver city	119	22	47	52	53	7	319	583	172
Brighton city (pt.)	8	8	11	5	—	—	589	78	18
Remainder of Adams County	29	18	35	25	10	4	605	417	51
Arapahoe County	12	33	29	8	18	—	150	75	16
Jefferson County	8	—	16	13	6	—	162	268	75
Boulder city	18	19	—	14	30	—	90	707	139
Longmont city	26	6	19	27	26	2	70	586	406
Remainder of Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	32	—	—	20	11	—	164	449	61
Fort Collins city	116	25	57	67	61	54	41	29	119
Loveland city	44	29	31	35	28	13	16	49	194
Remainder of Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	29	—	35	15	—	8	8	21	146
Cheyenne, WY MSA	—	—	—	14	21	2	—	12	6
Logan County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Morgan County	7	—	13	15	—	6	—	3	—
Worked elsewhere	26	—	21	5	48	13	81	96	71



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.		Brighton city (pt.), Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.), Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	1 719	5 325	14	—	2 083	4 924	—	3 250	3 044	5 554
Native	1 672	5 197	14	—	1 950	4 775	—	3 177	2 965	4 722
Foreign born	47	128	—	—	133	149	—	73	79	832
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	13	14	—	—	104	41	—	18	19	217
Persons 5 years and over	1 609	4 926	14	—	1 919	4 824	—	3 117	2 847	4 890
In linguistically isolated households	19	19	—	—	165	64	—	37	51	621
Speak a language other than English	175	524	—	—	482	377	—	115	315	2 292
Do not speak English "very well"	61	165	—	—	186	167	—	37	94	1 112
Speak Spanish	132	311	—	—	421	182	—	64	255	2 245
Do not speak English "very well"	50	89	—	—	172	68	—	27	88	1 085
Linguistically isolated	10	—	—	—	151	16	—	27	45	594
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	9	28	—	10	5	19
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	9	28	—	10	—	8
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	9	28	—	10	—	8
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	528	1 611	—	—	656	3 948	—	984	896	1 377
Preprimary school	22	167	—	—	31	37	—	36	74	78
Public school	11	156	—	—	25	30	—	36	60	67
Elementary or high school	397	1 134	—	—	171	188	—	328	409	1 017
Public school	382	1 122	—	—	171	188	—	259	358	973
College	109	310	—	—	454	3 723	—	620	413	282
Public college	96	238	—	—	447	3 672	—	591	401	248
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	1 040	3 171	14	—	1 215	981	—	2 179	1 956	2 846
Less than 9th grade	95	300	—	—	358	90	—	96	214	867
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	73	327	—	—	195	116	—	182	220	546
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	346	1 039	14	—	214	157	—	349	403	614
Some college, no degree	249	716	—	—	228	237	—	424	575	448
Associate degree	82	251	—	—	25	78	—	166	140	166
Bachelor's degree	136	305	—	—	136	158	—	535	276	125
Graduate or professional degree	59	233	—	—	59	145	—	427	128	80
Percent high school graduate or higher	83.8	80.2	100.0	—	54.5	79.0	—	87.2	77.8	50.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	18.8	17.0	—	—	16.0	30.9	—	44.1	20.7	7.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	624	285	—	—	313	23	—	62	100	1 007
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 689	1 475	—	—	1 405	983	—	903	1 069	1 534
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 388	1 976	—	—	1 511	1 886	—	1 372	2 101	2 433
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	1 609	4 926	14	—	1 919	4 824	—	3 117	2 847	4 890
Some house	817	2 354	14	—	363	372	—	1 445	1 060	1 642
Different house in United States	783	2 572	—	—	1 536	4 323	—	1 644	1 770	3 001
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	54	315	—	—	674	295	—	652	857	1 637
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	329	1 091	—	—	199	101	—	144	177	340
Different MSA/PMSA	328	805	—	—	470	3 124	—	539	433	718
Not in on MSA/PMSA	72	361	—	—	193	803	—	309	303	306
Abroad	9	—	—	—	20	129	—	28	17	247
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	32	5 030	14	—	2 083	4 924	—	3 250	3 044	5 554
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	3	3 955	14	—	690	690	—	2 162	1 838	3 005
Rural population	1 687	295	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	532	91	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	362	132	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	846	2 618	7	—	705	2 086	—	1 663	1 474	2 238
Car, truck, or van	695	2 377	7	—	583	1 173	—	1 365	1 288	2 047
Drove alone	647	2 075	7	—	482	1 009	—	1 182	1 123	1 443
Carpooled	48	302	—	—	101	164	—	183	165	604
Public transportation (including taxicab)	1	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	15
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	1	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	15
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	31	72	—	—	63	781	—	190	94	97
Other means	8	22	—	—	48	78	—	35	45	25
Worked at home	111	147	—	—	11	41	—	73	47	54
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.04	1.07	1.00	—	1.10	1.08	—	1.08	1.08	1.21
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	16.7	16.5	30.0	—	13.8	9.8	—	14.6	16.9	16.1
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	66	174	—	—	60	76	—	50	79	342
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	213	521	—	—	112	135	—	211	238	415
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	261	846	7	—	166	304	—	609	423	413
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	64	271	—	—	38	209	—	271	184	191
All other times	131	659	—	—	318	1 321	—	449	503	823
Worked in MSA of residence	613	1 899	—	—	661	1 892	—	1 520	1 297	2 067
Greeley city	125	439	—	—	570	1 662	—	1 340	986	1 466
Windsor town	65	887	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	9
Lo Solle town	2	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	13	5
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fort Lupton city	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	10	—	—
Remainder of Weld County	421	573	—	—	85	215	—	170	276	587
Worked outside MSA of residence	233	719	7	—	44	194	—	143	177	171
Denver city	—	29	—	—	—	31	—	56	7	14
Brighton city (pt.)	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	3	—
Remainder of Adams County	2	24	7	—	—	6	—	—	2	20
Arapahoe County	7	12	—	—	4	56	—	—	6	9
Jefferson County	—	18	—	—	6	13	—	5	41	—
Boulder city	2	11	—	—	5	13	—	—	15	14
Longmont city	—	6	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Fort Collins city	140	404	—	—	—	7	—	15	31	28
Loveland city	25	85	—	—	—	6	—	—	39	25
Remainder of Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	43	116	—	—	24	13	—	12	26	—
Cheyenne, WY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
Logan County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morgan County	—	—	—	—	5	7	—	—	—	11
Worked elsewhere	2	14	—	—	—	31	—	39	7	36

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	949	1 464	1 772	2 575	2 792	3 706	4 856	3 929	2 996	4 778
Native	576	1 271	1 707	2 466	2 704	3 597	4 773	3 816	2 932	4 602
Foreign born	373	193	65	109	88	109	83	113	64	176
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	81	38	6	21	—	35	28	17	12	58
Persons 5 years and over	836	1 328	1 532	2 407	2 635	3 302	4 596	3 696	2 815	4 344
In linguistically isolated households	211	106	6	49	—	83	41	27	17	150
Speak a language other than English	703	652	330	298	152	358	310	242	196	634
Do not speak English "very well"	347	245	58	123	50	142	121	66	35	200
Speak Spanish	694	629	269	217	111	311	258	109	108	533
Do not speak English "very well"	338	240	52	85	36	142	88	27	13	192
Linguistically isolated	186	106	—	6	—	58	15	9	—	133
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	62	15	16	27	43	24	71
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	31	8	—	14	23	11	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	24	—	—	14	18	11	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	264	401	564	1 085	828	1 459	1 715	968	1 011	1 060
Preprimary school	4	14	44	38	87	103	85	62	65	29
Public school	4	14	35	18	57	45	35	55	48	29
Elementary or high school	249	338	402	246	389	666	950	481	642	841
Public school	238	335	402	246	342	648	885	454	585	802
College	11	49	118	801	352	690	680	425	304	190
Public college	11	49	118	784	323	652	675	413	290	157
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	464	873	949	1 434	1 859	1 652	2 924	2 685	1 929	3 009
Less than 9th grade	300	292	171	190	121	121	205	255	76	471
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	109	251	178	157	171	371	239	273	84	566
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	27	188	380	228	487	328	527	908	320	963
Same college, no degree	7	59	115	370	446	378	716	594	478	565
Associate degree	9	32	52	82	108	213	192	95	168	206
Bachelor's degree	12	51	38	335	249	151	571	368	528	185
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	15	72	277	90	474	192	275	53
Percent high school graduate or higher	11.9	37.8	63.2	75.8	84.3	70.2	84.8	80.3	91.7	65.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	2.6	5.8	5.6	28.4	28.3	14.6	35.7	20.9	41.6	7.9
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	738	561	527	70	420	311	97	492	92	473
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 985	1 762	2 189	1 388	1 568	1 514	1 319	1 277	1 280	1 677
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	3 364	3 598	2 165	1 424	1 756	2 623	1 935	1 719	1 943	2 039
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	836	1 328	1 532	2 407	2 635	3 302	4 596	3 696	2 815	4 344
Same house	183	593	569	637	1 401	988	2 196	1 736	1 663	1 850
Different house in United States	566	691	963	1 697	1 206	2 276	2 364	1 944	1 136	2 419
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	282	519	541	439	524	818	702	862	476	1 387
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	77	41	68	159	166	331	330	319	133	278
Different MSA/PMSA	178	73	212	800	325	636	967	443	278	479
Nat in an MSA/PMSA	29	58	142	299	191	491	365	320	249	275
Abroad	87	44	—	73	28	38	36	16	16	75
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	949	1 464	1 772	2 575	2 792	3 706	4 856	3 929	2 996	4 778
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	628	1 113	1 367	1 122	2 307	1 438	3 402	2 638	2 645	3 737
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	310	611	685	1 124	1 333	1 846	2 653	1 850	1 584	2 089
Car, truck, or van	271	536	644	900	1 212	1 636	2 511	1 684	1 506	1 904
Drive alone	137	364	570	762	1 060	1 382	2 191	1 492	1 376	1 642
Carpooled	134	172	74	138	152	254	320	192	130	262
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	18	14	8	43	—	27	—	11
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	18	14	8	43	—	27	—	11
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	35	35	—	144	26	91	21	39	34	50
Other means	—	34	14	51	17	59	6	50	22	36
Worked at home	4	6	9	15	70	17	115	50	22	88
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.44	1.21	1.06	1.09	1.07	1.10	1.08	1.06	1.05	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.6	12.2	14.0	14.1	15.8	20.1	15.6	13.9	15.5	16.8
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	48	68	105	58	67	158	156	104	103	197
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	53	134	133	104	197	295	356	399	193	454
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	84	157	143	292	363	465	897	630	661	515
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	34	66	51	107	205	223	451	224	222	300
All other times	87	180	244	548	431	688	678	443	383	535
Worked in MSA of residence	278	597	649	1 026	1 212	1 667	2 372	1 755	1 408	1 935
Greeley city	168	386	477	837	956	1 213	1 891	1 363	1 192	1 438
Windsor town	—	5	—	—	22	—	20	36	19	—
La Salle town	—	7	—	—	7	62	48	18	17	13
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fort Lupton city	—	—	17	—	18	19	—	18	7	10
Remainder of Weld County	110	199	155	189	209	373	413	320	173	474
Worked outside MSA of residence	32	14	36	98	121	179	281	95	176	154
Denver city	—	—	12	19	5	58	41	13	5	22
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	5	—	—	9	—	5	8
Remainder of Adams County	—	—	—	8	5	20	7	9	32	18
Arapahoe County	—	7	—	13	6	—	—	—	—	33
Jefferson County	—	—	—	19	5	—	36	—	5	—
Boulder city	—	—	—	—	26	—	35	—	—	19
Langmont city	32	—	—	—	8	7	23	—	13	—
Remainder of Boulder-Langmont, CO PMSA	—	—	—	—	5	8	—	—	—	—
Fort Collins city	—	—	—	7	22	28	55	39	57	25
Lafayette city	—	7	9	7	7	28	6	12	10	29
Remainder of Fort Collins-Lafayette, CO MSA	—	—	—	—	6	7	14	—	12	—
Cheyenne, WY MSA	—	—	7	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
Lagan County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morgan County	—	—	—	7	—	7	14	—	6	—
Worked elsewhere	—	—	8	13	26	16	24	22	31	—



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Northglenn city (pt.) Weld County
	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	2 248	5 370	4 108	84	—	54	—	—
Native	2 155	5 301	4 057	84	—	54	—	—
Foreign born	93	69	51	—	—	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	8	13	17	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	2 133	4 848	3 801	64	—	54	—	—
In linguistically isolated households	16	27	17	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	174	351	163	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	43	103	33	—	—	—	—	—
Speak Spanish	113	195	88	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	27	45	33	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	7	23	22	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	655	1 694	1 355	14	—	20	—	—
Preprimary school	47	149	95	6	—	—	—	—
Public school	35	57	17	—	—	—	—	—
Elementary or high school	392	1 085	843	—	—	15	—	—
Public school	369	1 002	783	—	—	15	—	—
College	216	460	417	8	—	5	—	—
Public college	204	407	405	8	—	5	—	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	1 463	3 254	2 635	64	—	34	—	—
Less than 9th grade	25	190	37	—	—	—	—	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	40	179	94	—	—	6	—	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	324	799	531	6	—	11	—	—
Same college, no degree	382	886	638	15	—	—	—	—
Associate degree	124	326	169	28	—	17	—	—
Bachelor's degree	367	611	687	—	—	—	—	—
Graduate or professional degree	201	263	479	15	—	—	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	95.6	88.7	95.0	100.0	—	82.4	—	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	38.8	26.9	44.3	23.4	—	—	—	—
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	85	207	49	—	—	—	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 078	1 382	1 309	1 000	—	—	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 004	1 895	2 071	—	—	2 000	—	—
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	2 133	4 848	3 801	64	—	54	—	—
Same house	1 001	2 184	1 872	33	—	18	—	—
Different house in United States	1 114	2 625	1 905	31	—	36	—	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	416	1 330	947	16	—	6	—	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	148	247	174	—	—	30	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA	419	615	553	15	—	—	—	—
Nor in an MSA/PMSA	131	433	231	—	—	—	—	—
Abroad	18	39	24	—	—	—	—	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>								
Urban population	2 209	5 370	4 108	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 721	4 791	3 529	—	—	—	—	—
Rural population	39	—	—	84	—	54	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	57	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	1 259	2 871	2 247	64	—	39	—	—
Car, truck, or van	1 217	2 679	2 122	42	—	39	—	—
Drive alone	1 080	2 425	1 932	42	—	33	—	—
Carpooled	137	254	190	—	—	6	—	—
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	11	32	29	—	—	—	—	—
Other means	5	21	26	—	—	—	—	—
Worked at home	26	102	70	22	—	—	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.06	1.05	1.00	—	1.08	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.5	18.3	16.6	19.5	—	12.4	—	—
<b>Departure time for work:</b>								
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	53	181	70	7	—	—	—	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	240	540	373	—	—	—	—	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	487	1 100	997	20	—	27	—	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	230	399	445	—	—	—	—	—
All other times	223	549	292	15	—	12	—	—
Worked in MSA of residence	1 107	2 556	1 935	64	—	39	—	—
Greeley city	800	1 872	1 527	57	—	11	—	—
Windsor town	12	80	30	—	—	6	—	—
La Salle town	14	28	7	—	—	—	—	—
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fort Lupton city	14	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Weld County	267	569	371	7	—	22	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	152	315	312	—	—	—	—	—
Denver city	20	52	53	—	—	—	—	—
Brighton city (pt.)	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Adams County	13	25	10	—	—	—	—	—
Arapahoe County	15	8	18	—	—	—	—	—
Jefferson County	6	13	6	—	—	—	—	—
Boulder city	—	14	30	—	—	—	—	—
Langmont city	6	27	26	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Boulder—Langmont, CO PMSA	—	20	11	—	—	—	—	—
Fort Collins city	51	67	61	—	—	—	—	—
Lafayette city	12	35	28	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Fort Collins—Lafayette, CO MSA	9	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cheyenne, WY MSA	—	14	21	—	—	—	—	—
Lagan County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morgan County	6	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	14	5	48	—	—	—	—	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
<b>All persons</b>	<b>75</b>	—	<b>2 301</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>6 530</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>2 556</b>	<b>21</b>
Native	65	—	2 256	177	6 397	265	2 534	21
Foreign born	10	—	45	23	133	35	22	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	17	3	29	20	20	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	<b>75</b>	—	<b>2 021</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>5 830</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>2 380</b>	<b>21</b>
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	24	12	90	56	32	—
Speak a language other than English	37	—	227	80	889	84	377	—
Do not speak English "very well"	20	—	46	30	211	39	97	—
Speak Spanish	37	—	215	78	780	84	262	—
Do not speak English "very well"	20	—	46	30	164	39	61	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	24	12	31	51	32	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	26	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b>	<b>20</b>	—	<b>446</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>1 917</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>7</b>
Preprimary school	—	—	22	—	127	9	36	—
Public school	—	—	16	—	93	9	18	—
Elementary or high school	20	—	350	46	1 310	76	541	—
Public school	20	—	292	46	1 232	76	541	—
College	—	—	74	17	480	7	187	7
Public college	—	—	68	17	448	7	180	7
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b>	<b>50</b>	—	<b>1 439</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>3 731</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>1 610</b>	<b>14</b>
Less than 9th grade	6	—	160	46	463	55	134	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	23	—	240	41	582	50	208	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	21	—	489	32	1 133	52	397	—
Some college, no degree	—	—	311	11	770	23	420	14
Associate degree	—	—	76	—	318	7	143	—
Bachelor's degree	—	—	88	2	323	—	149	—
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	75	—	142	—	159	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	42.0	—	72.2	34.1	72.0	43.9	78.8	100.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	—	—	11.3	1.5	12.5	—	19.1	—
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	—	—	972	438	400	—	312	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	—	—	1 693	889	1 378	2 466	1 327	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	3 000	—	2 277	1 875	2 330	—	2 167	—
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	<b>75</b>	—	<b>2 021</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>5 830</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>2 380</b>	<b>21</b>
Some house	—	—	949	73	2 170	136	1 168	21
Different house in United States	75	—	1 067	106	3 640	139	1 206	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	8	—	413	15	1 321	55	396	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	67	—	333	29	988	28	403	—
Different MSA/PMSA	—	—	158	52	765	28	222	—
Not in on MSA/PMSA	—	—	163	10	566	28	185	—
Abroad	—	—	5	9	20	7	6	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>								
Urban population	—	—	1 178	200	6 489	107	1 521	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	469	94	5 011	107	1 042	—
Rural population	75	—	1 123	—	41	193	1 035	21
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	38	—	352	—	10	107	266	—
On farms	—	—	264	—	—	—	73	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	<b>36</b>	—	<b>963</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>3 032</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>1 409</b>	<b>8</b>
Car, truck, or van	28	—	867	72	2 781	82	1 367	8
Drove alone	28	—	706	50	2 540	57	1 220	8
Carpooled	—	—	161	22	241	25	147	—
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	8	—	17	—	77	—	9	—
Other means	—	—	7	—	56	—	25	—
Worked at home	—	—	72	3	100	—	8	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.00	—	1.11	1.20	1.05	1.23	1.06	1.00
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	11.1	—	17.7	13.2	18.6	15.9	19.7	6.0
<b>Departure time for work:</b>								
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	—	81	12	246	40	170	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	25	—	249	11	550	3	246	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	—	—	314	21	1 000	17	460	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	6	—	76	13	271	6	148	—
All other times	5	—	171	15	865	16	377	8
<b>Worked in MSA of residence</b>	<b>36</b>	—	<b>891</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>2 737</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>1 247</b>	<b>8</b>
Greeley city	28	—	480	37	1 801	46	771	8
Windsor town	—	—	—	2	25	—	26	—
La Salle town	—	—	8	2	28	—	—	—
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fort Lupton city	—	—	—	—	20	—	17	—
Remainder of Weld County	8	—	403	32	863	30	433	—
<b>Worked outside MSA of residence</b>	<b>72</b>	—	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>—</b>
Denver city	—	—	8	—	61	—	27	—
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	7	—	8	—	11	—
Remainder of Adams County	—	—	16	—	9	—	22	—
Arapahoe County	—	—	—	—	12	—	14	—
Jefferson County	—	—	—	—	8	—	10	—
Boulder city	—	—	5	—	18	—	—	—
Longmont city	—	—	—	—	19	6	13	—
Remainder of Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	—	—	—	—	24	—	—	—
Fort Collins city	—	—	18	2	88	—	6	—
Loveland city	—	—	—	—	16	—	19	—
Remainder of Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	—	—	—	—	22	—	26	—
Cheyenne, WY MSA	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
Logan County	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
Morgan County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	—	—	5	—	10	—	7	—



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.							
	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	—	4 053	3 127	4 355	2 889	8 784	2 844	9 620
Native	—	3 879	3 039	4 120	2 788	7 992	2 680	9 197
Foreign born	—	174	88	235	101	792	164	423
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	—	30	16	65	18	165	14	71
Persons 5 years and over	—	3 759	2 917	3 994	2 648	8 020	2 661	8 876
In linguistically isolated households	—	63	32	199	34	532	58	147
Speak a language other than English	—	628	346	911	499	2 439	293	1 133
Do not speak English "very well"	—	199	83	313	127	941	118	382
Speak Spanish	—	482	313	835	421	2 356	253	916
Do not speak English "very well"	—	180	81	293	127	914	112	324
Linguistically isolated	—	54	30	184	31	512	56	111
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	5	2	8	31	46	5	2
Do not speak English "very well"	—	5	—	6	—	21	2	2
Linguistically isolated	—	5	—	4	—	14	2	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	—	1 189	951	1 297	854	2 795	738	2 609
Preprimary school	—	97	86	105	52	297	57	219
Public school	—	71	77	99	45	284	57	191
Elementary or high school	—	829	698	949	590	1 990	571	1 956
Public school	—	782	683	929	580	1 943	561	1 849
College	—	263	167	243	212	508	110	434
Public college	—	245	162	233	161	493	98	347
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	—	2 567	1 938	2 556	1 752	5 017	1 820	6 060
Less than 9th grade	—	270	209	386	243	1 014	159	571
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	—	269	228	348	211	758	336	974
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	—	792	714	893	731	1 536	752	2 249
Some college, no degree	—	482	438	494	299	971	357	1 272
Associate degree	—	171	81	156	96	233	79	371
Bachelor's degree	—	361	184	194	155	395	94	465
Graduate or professional degree	—	222	84	85	17	110	43	158
Percent high school graduate or higher	—	79.0	77.5	71.3	74.1	64.7	72.8	74.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	—	22.7	13.8	10.9	9.8	10.1	7.5	10.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	—	151	316	335	316	444	340	326
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	—	1 682	1 865	1 635	1 698	2 141	1 594	1 623
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	—	2 189	1 930	2 127	2 205	2 417	2 168	1 943
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	—	3 759	2 917	3 994	2 648	8 020	2 661	8 876
Same house	—	2 009	1 760	2 406	1 824	3 767	1 385	4 618
Different house in United States	—	1 713	1 155	1 562	816	4 049	1 242	4 183
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	—	360	134	341	38	25	5	29
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	899	629	727	358	1 737	399	1 671
Different MSA/PMSA	—	239	161	265	343	1 814	696	2 142
Not in an MSA/PMSA	—	215	231	229	77	473	142	341
Abroad	—	37	2	26	8	204	34	75
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>								
Urban population	—	—	—	1 802	—	5 162	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	1 684	—	3 945	—	—
Rural population	—	4 053	3 127	2 553	2 889	3 622	2 844	9 620
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	2 646	1 388	1 579	1 712	1 228	1 255	6 171
On farms	—	596	715	420	456	401	272	540
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	—	1 883	1 527	2 046	1 371	3 779	1 364	4 669
Car, truck, or van	—	1 622	1 211	1 812	1 188	3 304	1 160	4 153
Drove alone	—	1 424	1 108	1 526	1 020	2 521	950	3 506
Carpooled	—	198	103	286	168	783	210	647
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	6	—	—	4	11	17	11
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	6	—	—	4	11	17	11
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	—	97	69	89	50	198	24	133
Other means	—	56	19	35	4	12	6	75
Worked at home	—	102	228	110	125	254	157	297
Persons per car, truck, or van	—	1.07	1.05	1.10	1.09	1.16	1.11	1.09
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	—	15.6	20.0	18.9	25.6	23.1	28.9	26.1
<b>Departure time for work:</b>								
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	—	132	146	198	244	392	187	512
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	—	476	318	456	360	780	311	1 314
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	—	671	395	645	343	1 124	310	1 114
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	—	193	154	203	96	363	118	362
All other times	—	309	286	434	203	866	281	1 070
Worked in MSA of residence	—	1 774	1 431	1 804	928	1 491	418	1 296
Greeley city	—	678	536	752	191	71	13	45
Windsor town	—	20	17	22	—	—	1	2
La Salle town	—	6	30	204	9	18	5	2
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	3	19	4	—
Fort Lupton city	—	5	—	28	68	642	50	41
Remainder of Weld County	—	1 065	848	798	657	741	345	1 206
Worked outside MSA of residence	—	109	96	242	443	2 288	946	3 373
Denver city	—	7	16	36	56	319	350	583
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	8	47	589	215	78
Remainder of Adams County	—	4	11	31	115	598	215	417
Arapahoe County	—	—	2	10	6	150	50	75
Jefferson County	—	—	2	16	65	162	43	268
Boulder city	—	—	2	19	27	90	6	707
Longmont city	—	2	14	35	76	70	13	586
Remainder of Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	—	—	—	—	19	164	26	449
Fort Collins city	—	54	13	14	13	41	2	29
Loveland city	—	13	10	10	5	16	—	49
Remainder of Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	—	8	1	22	2	8	3	21
Cheyenne, WY MSA	—	2	8	—	—	—	—	12
Ligon County	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Morgan County	—	6	11	4	—	—	—	3
Worked elsewhere	—	13	4	37	7	81	23	96

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.						
	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>							
All persons	7 159	1 665	5 325	3 406	852	1 769	3 440
Native	6 855	1 618	5 197	3 235	845	1 754	3 332
Foreign born	304	47	128	171	7	15	108
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>							
Linguistically isolated households	60	13	14	67	5	12	19
Persons 5 years and over	6 591	1 555	4 926	3 140	762	1 609	3 196
In linguistically isolated households	170	19	19	238	14	49	68
Speak a language other than English	1 122	175	524	520	30	86	322
Do not speak English "very well"	319	61	165	269	14	46	77
Speak Spanish	1 033	132	311	463	24	45	238
Do not speak English "very well"	310	50	89	256	10	37	74
Linguistically isolated	159	10	—	215	6	24	65
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	9	—	—	4	—	10	5
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	4	—	—	3
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	2 068	508	1 611	939	174	363	891
Preprimary school	162	22	167	55	17	9	72
Public school	143	11	156	49	17	6	58
Elementary or high school	1 568	382	1 134	753	99	301	704
Public school	1 541	367	1 122	744	99	299	654
College	338	104	310	131	58	53	115
Public college	327	91	238	122	47	53	106
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>							
Persons 25 years and over	4 349	1 006	3 171	2 080	562	1 170	2 147
Less than 9th grade	663	95	300	232	14	113	181
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	563	67	327	345	84	179	317
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 452	335	1 039	760	204	449	869
Some college, no degree	863	249	716	325	124	210	404
Associate degree	190	65	251	107	47	61	127
Bachelor's degree	476	136	305	225	76	128	172
Graduate or professional degree	142	59	233	86	13	30	77
Percent high school graduate or higher	71.8	83.9	80.2	72.3	82.6	75.0	76.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	14.2	19.4	17.0	15.0	15.8	13.5	11.6
<b>FERTILITY</b>							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	316	624	285	500	237	191	220
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 731	1 689	1 475	1 885	1 810	1 783	2 081
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 160	2 403	1 976	2 327	1 627	2 099	2 213
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>							
Persons 5 years and over	6 591	1 555	4 926	3 140	762	1 609	3 196
Same house	3 693	799	2 354	1 614	441	979	1 753
Different house in United States	2 865	747	2 572	1 483	321	630	1 436
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	196	48	315	163	21	31	28
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 190	299	1 091	831	110	283	674
Different MSA/PMSA	1 194	328	805	278	106	152	545
Not in on MSA/PMSA	285	72	361	211	84	164	189
Abroad	33	9	—	43	—	—	7
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>							
Urban population	—	32	5 030	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	3	3 955	—	—	—	—
Rural population	7 159	1 633	295	3 406	852	1 769	3 440
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	3 742	520	91	1 969	321	482	1 511
On farms	908	362	132	470	167	630	1 005
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>							
Workers 16 years and over	3 308	807	2 618	1 531	383	775	1 531
Car, truck, or van	2 827	656	2 377	1 239	319	572	1 343
Drive alone	2 433	614	2 075	1 090	256	496	1 137
Carpooled	394	42	302	149	63	76	206
Public transportation (including taxicab)	7	1	—	4	4	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	7	1	—	4	4	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	129	31	72	55	34	86	92
Other means	85	8	22	9	6	7	18
Worked at home	260	111	147	224	20	110	78
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.03	1.07	1.07	1.12	1.10	1.09
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.0	17.0	16.5	21.5	25.5	22.1	23.2
<b>Departure time for work:</b>							
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	358	66	174	91	23	55	169
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	925	213	521	221	78	130	340
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	816	234	846	515	150	280	520
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	269	64	271	178	51	82	121
All other times	680	119	659	302	61	118	303
Worked in MSA of residence	1 829	574	1 899	1 244	275	706	897
Greeley city	365	114	439	336	50	107	57
Windsor town	61	59	887	33	7	6	—
La Salle town	12	2	—	12	1	—	—
Brighton city (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fort Lupton city	18	—	—	6	2	—	24
Remainder of Weld County	1 373	399	573	857	215	593	816
Worked outside MSA of residence	1 479	233	719	287	108	69	634
Denver city	172	—	29	11	2	2	182
Brighton city (pt.)	18	9	—	—	—	—	111
Remainder of Adams County	51	2	24	—	3	—	158
Arapahoe County	16	7	12	5	4	—	35
Jefferson County	75	—	18	10	2	—	62
Boulder city	139	2	11	—	—	—	3
Longmont city	406	—	6	4	—	—	7
Remainder of Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	61	3	—	2	—	—	10
Fort Collins city	119	140	404	159	48	—	—
Loveland city	194	25	85	17	—	1	2
Remainder of Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	146	43	116	49	23	—	3
Cheyenne, WY MSA	6	—	—	8	24	22	—
Logan County	5	—	—	3	—	—	—
Morgan County	—	—	—	2	—	31	47
Worked elsewhere	71	2	14	17	2	13	14



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County			
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	98 204	98 204	14	-	46 860	-	710	1 064	2 806	2 341
In labor force	66 936	66 936	7	-	31 061	-	403	710	1 784	1 344
Percent of persons 16 years and over	68.2	68.2	50.0	-	66.3	-	56.8	66.7	63.6	57.4
Civilian labor force	66 893	66 893	7	-	31 044	-	403	710	1 784	1 338
Employed	63 113	63 113	7	-	29 282	-	352	627	1 648	1 241
Unemployed	3 780	3 780	-	-	1 762	-	51	83	136	97
Percent of civilian labor force	5.7	5.7	-	-	5.7	-	12.7	11.7	7.6	7.2
Not in labor force	31 268	31 268	7	-	15 799	-	307	354	1 022	997
Institutionalized persons	1 099	1 099	-	-	823	-	-	-	76	237
Enrolled in school	6 861	6 861	-	-	4 481	-	56	64	147	335
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	10 656	10 656	-	-	5 293	-	57	139	255	239
Females 16 years and over	50 280	50 280	7	-	24 526	-	301	492	1 423	1 218
In labor force	29 711	29 711	-	-	14 347	-	99	258	760	538
Percent of females 16 years and over	59.1	59.1	-	-	58.5	-	32.9	52.4	53.4	44.2
Civilian labor force	29 705	29 705	-	-	14 347	-	99	258	760	538
Employed	28 184	28 184	-	-	13 598	-	99	226	679	510
Unemployed	1 521	1 521	-	-	749	-	-	32	81	28
Percent of civilian labor force	5.1	5.1	-	-	5.2	-	-	12.4	10.7	5.2
With own children under 6 years	8 414	8 414	-	-	3 568	-	73	89	358	137
In labor force	5 252	5 252	-	-	2 221	-	21	42	211	68
With own children 6 to 17 years only	9 209	9 209	-	-	3 736	-	64	108	235	102
In labor force	7 204	7 204	-	-	3 004	-	24	70	158	60
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	12 404	12 404	-	-	5 372	-	118	145	617	194
All parents present in household in labor force	7 392	7 392	-	-	3 218	-	28	62	311	71
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	23 203	23 203	-	-	8 951	-	236	267	725	251
All parents present in household in labor force	16 617	16 617	-	-	6 537	-	65	175	445	110
Persons 16 to 19 years	8 803	8 803	-	-	4 823	-	76	93	195	165
Not enrolled in school	1 635	1 635	-	-	712	-	20	20	45	25
Unemployed or not in labor force	701	701	-	-	340	-	14	8	31	-
Not high school graduate	924	924	-	-	418	-	20	15	30	7
Employed	451	451	-	-	164	-	6	7	14	7
Unemployed	175	175	-	-	97	-	-	8	8	-
Not in labor force	298	298	-	-	157	-	14	-	8	-
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	63 113	63 113	7	-	29 282	-	352	627	1 648	1 241
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	6 266	6 266	7	-	3 463	-	8	21	225	101
Professional specialty occupations	7 096	7 096	-	-	4 114	-	-	25	88	147
Technicians and related support occupations	2 003	2 003	-	-	927	-	6	4	35	34
Sales occupations	6 587	6 587	-	-	3 709	-	-	39	102	134
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	9 539	9 539	-	-	4 611	-	15	32	241	156
Private household occupations	282	282	-	-	142	-	10	3	-	-
Protective service occupations	870	870	-	-	457	-	-	-	11	13
Service occupations, except protective and household	7 432	7 432	-	-	3 886	-	37	148	207	215
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	4 669	4 669	-	-	593	-	39	24	159	41
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	7 885	7 885	-	-	3 166	-	91	130	210	156
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4 209	4 209	-	-	1 576	-	38	50	87	89
Transportation and material moving occupations	3 345	3 345	-	-	1 186	-	18	37	158	87
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 930	2 930	-	-	1 452	-	90	114	125	68
Construction	3 941	3 941	-	-	1 572	-	23	53	125	77
Manufacturing	10 227	10 227	-	-	4 269	-	176	104	338	124
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	4 344	4 344	-	-	1 599	-	-	28	124	66
Wholesale and retail trade	13 658	13 658	-	-	7 347	-	52	248	320	403
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3 326	3 326	-	-	1 874	-	3	5	113	45
Business and repair services	3 130	3 130	-	-	1 257	-	6	35	59	50
Professional and related services	13 719	13 719	-	-	8 045	-	22	78	302	299
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	63 113	63 113	7	-	29 282	-	352	627	1 648	1 241
Private wage and salary workers	46 897	46 897	-	-	21 815	-	327	558	1 284	948
Government workers	9 722	9 722	7	-	5 263	-	5	46	213	221
Local government workers	4 965	4 965	7	-	2 537	-	-	25	129	120
Self-employed workers	6 146	6 146	-	-	2 018	-	20	23	146	72
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	74 613	74 613	7	-	35 589	-	449	717	1 962	1 622
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	56 522	56 522	7	-	25 399	-	351	519	1 564	1 089
50 to 52 weeks	38 544	38 544	7	-	16 151	-	171	240	1 127	546
40 to 49 weeks	5 928	5 928	-	-	2 982	-	34	118	178	135
27 to 39 weeks	4 129	4 129	-	-	1 914	-	21	58	157	99
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	8 790	8 790	-	-	5 098	-	41	96	177	270
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	84 448	84 448	14	-	39 878	-	647	906	2 418	1 791
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 326	2 326	-	-	1 115	-	39	65	131	36
With a mobility limitation	1 273	1 273	-	-	530	-	22	19	56	26
In labor force	346	346	-	-	182	-	10	11	10	9
With a self-care limitation	1 582	1 582	-	-	873	-	23	60	117	16
With a work disability	6 731	6 731	-	-	2 925	-	92	139	338	148
In labor force	3 237	3 237	-	-	1 376	-	41	55	96	70
Prevented from working	2 898	2 898	-	-	1 320	-	51	69	200	58
No work disability	77 717	77 717	14	-	36 953	-	555	767	2 080	1 643
In labor force	61 864	61 864	7	-	28 939	-	356	642	1 631	1 245
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	12 614	12 614	-	-	6 142	-	63	158	312	307
With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 049	2 049	-	-	1 212	-	34	32	79	74
With a mobility limitation	1 579	1 579	-	-	836	-	34	20	50	69
With a self-care limitation	1 116	1 116	-	-	733	-	11	18	54	15
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	3 496	3 496	-	-	1 819	-	54	54	176	81
Mean family income (dollars)	16 405	16 405	-	-	18 312	-	6 959	10 409	13 964	21 615
1 worker	9 284	9 284	7	-	3 911	-	51	129	363	126
Mean family income (dollars)	26 586	26 586	30 000	-	27 794	-	23 432	12 015	19 509	13 726
2 or more workers	21 277	21 277	-	-	8 883	-	128	182	574	258
Mean family income (dollars)	42 983	42 983	-	-	43 993	-	24 613	23 363	38 241	27 064

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over .....	7 201	3 727	3 646	3 772	3 043	3 029	6 078	7 119	5 136
In labor force .....	5 373	2 353	2 801	2 980	2 289	2 068	4 285	5 087	3 563
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	74.6	63.1	76.8	79.0	75.2	68.3	70.5	71.5	69.4
Civilian labor force .....	5 373	2 353	2 801	2 980	2 289	2 066	4 279	5 082	3 562
Employed .....	5 016	2 189	2 706	2 892	2 251	1 963	3 883	4 798	3 361
Unemployed .....	357	164	95	88	38	103	396	284	201
Percent of civilian labor force .....	6.6	7.0	3.4	3.0	1.7	5.0	9.3	5.6	5.6
Not in labor force .....	1 828	1 374	845	792	754	961	1 793	2 032	1 573
Institutionalized persons .....	—	116	—	—	—	—	—	—	82
Enrolled in school .....	369	148	127	152	181	145	294	343	249
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	575	555	274	306	276	445	569	702	576
Females 16 years and over .....	3 883	1 964	1 781	1 961	1 603	1 549	2 995	3 559	2 577
In labor force .....	2 614	1 010	1 248	1 468	1 075	878	1 779	2 210	1 524
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	67.3	51.4	70.1	74.9	67.1	56.7	59.4	62.1	59.1
Civilian labor force .....	2 614	1 010	1 248	1 468	1 075	878	1 773	2 210	1 524
Employed .....	2 491	976	1 186	1 423	1 058	840	1 629	2 096	1 451
Unemployed .....	123	34	62	45	17	38	144	114	73
Percent of civilian labor force .....	4.7	3.4	5.0	3.1	1.6	4.3	8.1	5.2	4.8
With own children under 6 years .....	800	371	259	491	260	224	707	625	482
In labor force .....	532	165	148	392	169	162	367	441	343
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	677	276	403	460	406	339	641	736	548
In labor force .....	521	208	355	407	320	253	480	601	404
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	1 293	549	356	621	369	384	958	887	693
All parents present in household in labor force .....	870	256	177	511	227	251	475	586	458
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	1 866	823	914	1 094	821	845	1 892	1 766	1 529
All parents present in household in labor force .....	1 393	472	759	910	595	590	1 213	1 299	1 125
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	497	192	273	285	227	245	495	594	426
Not enrolled in school .....	119	51	50	71	18	44	158	143	78
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	76	41	24	19	18	23	49	52	31
Not high school graduate .....	67	41	24	25	11	33	122	55	35
Employed .....	28	10	9	12	—	13	82	28	20
Unemployed .....	16	9	4	—	5	19	7	5	3
Not in labor force .....	23	22	11	13	6	1	33	22	12
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	5 016	2 189	2 706	2 892	2 251	1 963	3 883	4 798	3 361
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	451	118	421	432	470	151	331	397	310
Professional specialty occupations .....	508	123	400	435	518	262	275	395	302
Technicians and related support occupations .....	150	37	110	151	75	50	99	167	116
Sales occupations .....	549	250	332	359	451	170	322	423	269
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	942	340	389	519	415	341	536	770	409
Private household occupations .....	30	23	6	15	12	8	7	24	13
Protective service occupations .....	87	29	43	43	7	11	33	117	47
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	816	280	255	224	88	154	394	486	392
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	153	83	63	15	37	317	396	256	414
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	594	390	305	366	102	216	586	862	438
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	309	201	159	156	33	132	370	442	285
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	254	145	120	84	15	93	271	290	196
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	173	170	103	93	28	58	263	169	170
Construction .....	210	169	214	153	152	109	344	400	227
Manufacturing .....	764	468	391	474	176	290	584	1 118	753
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	314	209	199	193	110	105	361	509	262
Wholesale and retail trade .....	1 241	560	584	586	446	281	806	950	620
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	288	58	205	198	365	161	70	167	112
Business and repair services .....	236	109	99	136	60	95	338	299	183
Professional and related services .....	1 212	400	646	919	708	430	654	624	488
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	5 016	2 189	2 706	2 892	2 251	1 963	3 883	4 798	3 361
Private wage and salary workers .....	3 940	1 815	2 100	2 187	1 571	1 332	2 975	3 727	2 443
Government workers .....	810	147	389	508	472	306	520	613	384
Local government workers .....	404	119	154	299	214	172	272	314	234
Self-employed workers .....	258	184	217	191	202	316	358	441	520
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	5 737	2 623	2 919	3 172	2 457	2 313	4 603	5 462	3 848
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	4 371	2 074	2 312	2 438	1 896	1 826	3 722	4 390	3 064
50 to 52 weeks .....	2 835	1 481	1 781	1 889	1 519	1 318	2 434	3 336	2 196
40 to 49 weeks .....	712	198	208	191	154	178	397	392	254
27 to 39 weeks .....	367	153	147	168	128	72	295	241	264
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	671	264	298	440	295	234	366	479	448
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	6 557	2 971	3 310	3 414	2 715	2 499	5 401	6 299	4 371
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	241	66	51	73	23	34	157	134	189
With a mobility limitation .....	115	39	25	40	7	25	129	107	65
In labor force .....	32	11	8	33	—	2	50	26	22
With a self-care limitation .....	189	58	39	53	23	23	58	71	160
With a work disability .....	531	255	230	198	56	117	558	575	357
In labor force .....	258	113	158	141	41	59	353	273	193
Prevented from working .....	230	118	44	51	15	40	197	245	127
No work disability .....	6 026	2 716	3 080	3 216	2 659	2 382	4 843	5 724	4 014
In labor force .....	5 046	2 155	2 587	2 787	2 209	1 927	3 824	4 706	3 271
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	644	640	336	358	328	528	671	815	682
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	135	143	25	12	29	46	123	86	82
With a mobility limitation .....	98	64	12	6	11	46	104	81	67
With a self-care limitation .....	69	115	13	12	29	24	65	59	39
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers .....	283	160	74	76	83	110	217	229	129
Mean family income (dollars) .....	9 069	10 843	19 766	17 841	39 884	17 361	14 666	16 928	12 978
1 worker .....	942	441	360	389	268	207	603	686	576
Mean family income (dollars) .....	18 304	20 727	40 721	27 884	67 262	41 490	22 044	26 388	27 726
2 or more workers .....	1 314	797	918	1 082	906	835	1 476	1 736	1 221
Mean family income (dollars) .....	36 393	31 575	51 305	46 668	69 080	43 981	37 977	43 018	48 105



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.		Brighton city (pt.), Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.), Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over .....	1 253	3 781	14	—	1 766	4 651	—	2 788	2 434	3 922
In labor force .....	905	2 763	7	—	836	2 371	—	1 784	1 611	2 561
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	72.2	73.1	50.0	—	47.3	51.0	—	64.0	66.2	65.3
Civilian labor force .....	905	2 763	7	—	836	2 371	—	1 784	1 611	2 561
Employed .....	849	2 668	7	—	729	2 146	—	1 734	1 497	2 324
Unemployed .....	56	95	—	—	107	225	—	50	114	237
Percent of civilian labor force .....	6.2	3.4	—	—	12.8	9.5	—	2.8	7.1	9.3
Not in labor force .....	348	1 018	7	—	930	2 280	—	1 004	823	1 361
Institutionalized persons .....	—	118	—	—	180	86	—	99	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	65	131	—	—	200	1 976	—	235	79	214
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	77	366	—	—	348	99	—	442	438	390
Females 16 years and over .....	598	1 989	7	—	887	2 459	—	1 556	1 273	1 984
In labor force .....	343	1 287	—	—	392	1 284	—	877	698	1 023
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	57.4	64.7	—	—	44.2	52.2	—	56.4	54.8	51.6
Civilian labor force .....	343	1 287	—	—	392	1 284	—	877	698	1 023
Employed .....	333	1 248	—	—	347	1 220	—	851	638	908
Unemployed .....	10	39	—	—	45	64	—	26	60	115
Percent of civilian labor force .....	2.9	3.0	—	—	11.5	5.0	—	3.0	8.6	11.2
With own children under 6 years .....	95	375	—	—	112	105	—	53	190	498
In labor force .....	56	284	—	—	63	60	—	39	118	274
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	104	460	—	—	21	54	—	224	150	330
In labor force .....	72	387	—	—	21	47	—	195	113	226
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	117	500	—	—	188	112	—	144	237	786
All parents present in household in labor force .....	70	344	—	—	93	56	—	102	162	482
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	350	1 134	—	—	108	147	—	360	372	824
All parents present in household in labor force .....	215	885	—	—	65	104	—	297	246	554
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	99	294	—	—	100	1 944	—	135	142	342
Not enrolled in school .....	20	83	—	—	31	29	—	32	55	151
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	6	29	—	—	13	—	—	7	29	83
Not high school graduate .....	7	27	—	—	23	8	—	—	19	138
Employed .....	1	22	—	—	10	8	—	—	9	55
Unemployed .....	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	45
Not in labor force .....	3	5	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	38
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	849	2 668	7	—	729	2 146	—	1 734	1 497	2 324
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	72	235	7	—	78	120	—	247	151	85
Professional specialty occupations .....	79	324	—	—	47	304	—	387	181	99
Technicians and related support occupations .....	51	169	—	—	14	33	—	88	67	71
Sales occupations .....	76	234	—	—	106	274	—	252	167	193
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	130	354	—	—	123	402	—	226	289	254
Private household occupations .....	2	27	—	—	—	7	—	6	10	22
Protective service occupations .....	3	11	—	—	7	47	—	48	55	10
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	44	302	—	—	149	606	—	167	207	319
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	163	122	—	—	—	40	—	13	14	81
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	101	417	—	—	53	110	—	128	167	485
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	48	334	—	—	65	65	—	41	49	327
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	37	61	—	—	14	100	—	69	61	122
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	43	78	—	—	73	38	—	62	79	256
Construction .....	52	215	—	—	19	14	—	114	74	185
Manufacturing .....	161	714	—	—	143	162	—	165	161	764
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	62	134	—	—	22	24	—	82	106	98
Wholesale and retail trade .....	137	370	—	—	239	800	—	393	380	497
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	37	158	—	—	78	23	—	87	90	72
Business and repair services .....	49	169	—	—	42	60	—	59	141	185
Professional and related services .....	114	546	—	—	137	794	—	645	393	311
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	849	2 668	7	—	729	2 146	—	1 734	1 497	2 324
Private wage and salary workers .....	573	2 100	—	—	607	1 427	—	1 131	1 113	1 956
Government workers .....	97	300	7	—	91	669	—	479	256	235
Local government workers .....	51	204	7	—	34	102	—	262	132	146
Self-employed workers .....	170	263	—	—	31	36	—	111	114	121
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	976	2 921	7	—	1 194	4 097	—	2 005	1 698	2 843
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	760	2 219	7	—	806	1 990	—	1 394	1 230	2 191
50 to 52 weeks .....	608	1 632	7	—	369	364	—	897	854	1 273
40 to 49 weeks .....	85	185	—	—	132	244	—	173	149	261
27 to 39 weeks .....	14	175	—	—	49	205	—	91	130	146
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	89	350	—	—	189	796	—	351	274	308
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	1 122	3 224	14	—	1 218	4 444	—	2 130	1 940	3 491
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	60	43	—	—	63	74	—	26	98	174
With a mobility limitation .....	20	34	—	—	26	23	—	15	52	89
In labor force .....	11	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	30
With a self-care limitation .....	41	18	—	—	52	62	—	16	75	106
With a work disability .....	66	249	—	—	148	107	—	103	220	431
In labor force .....	43	146	—	—	33	68	—	55	112	124
Prevented from working .....	16	90	—	—	103	22	—	38	108	273
No work disability .....	1 056	2 975	14	—	1 070	4 337	—	2 027	1 720	3 060
In labor force .....	822	2 549	7	—	798	2 281	—	1 618	1 443	2 396
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	131	439	—	—	368	121	—	559	494	431
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	—	57	—	—	138	36	—	69	111	119
With a mobility limitation .....	—	57	—	—	117	26	—	58	72	82
With a self-care limitation .....	—	6	—	—	93	17	—	47	69	105
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers .....	28	85	—	—	68	39	—	105	186	186
Mean family income (dollars) .....	8 439	16 511	—	—	11 618	31 363	—	27 498	18 402	8 596
1 worker .....	132	364	7	—	75	72	—	153	232	368
Mean family income (dollars) .....	33 346	25 047	30 000	—	12 047	15 561	—	45 766	18 632	12 048
2 or more workers .....	321	960	—	—	123	193	—	528	373	771
Mean family income (dollars) .....	45 993	42 196	—	—	27 172	22 649	—	53 512	35 653	32 428

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
<b>Persons 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>655</b>	<b>1 064</b>	<b>1 124</b>	<b>2 190</b>	<b>2 216</b>	<b>2 629</b>	<b>3 698</b>	<b>3 250</b>	<b>2 277</b>	<b>3 537</b>
In labor force .....	367	710	763	1 256	1 458	2 019	2 736	2 007	1 649	2 236
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	56.0	66.7	67.9	57.4	65.8	76.8	74.0	61.8	72.4	63.2
Civilian labor force .....	367	710	763	1 250	1 458	2 019	2 736	2 000	1 645	2 236
Employed .....	316	627	685	1 166	1 340	1 868	2 695	1 914	1 619	2 101
Unemployed .....	51	83	78	84	118	151	41	86	26	135
Percent of civilian labor force .....	13.9	11.7	10.2	6.7	8.1	7.5	1.5	4.3	1.6	6.0
Not in labor force .....	288	354	361	934	758	610	962	1 243	628	1 301
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	237	—	—	—	—	105	116
Enrolled in school .....	56	64	46	321	86	159	195	165	137	141
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	57	139	79	227	352	141	484	696	179	523
<b>Females 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>277</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>1 155</b>	<b>1 156</b>	<b>1 481</b>	<b>1 947</b>	<b>1 738</b>	<b>1 204</b>	<b>1 861</b>
In labor force .....	94	258	364	510	652	1 107	1 300	925	764	969
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	33.9	52.4	59.5	44.2	56.4	74.7	66.8	53.2	63.5	52.1
Civilian labor force .....	94	258	364	510	652	1 107	1 300	925	764	969
Employed .....	94	226	307	484	604	1 017	1 275	888	759	946
Unemployed .....	—	32	57	26	48	90	25	37	5	23
Percent of civilian labor force .....	—	12.4	15.7	5.1	7.4	8.1	1.9	4.0	.7	2.4
With own children under 6 years .....	73	89	168	130	146	265	223	171	125	344
In labor force .....	21	42	112	68	106	184	158	91	99	158
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	57	108	91	80	155	228	463	226	249	249
In labor force .....	24	70	48	52	123	192	423	191	220	190
<b>Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies</b> .....	<b>118</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>524</b>
All parents present in household in labor force .....	28	62	152	71	136	312	233	132	143	243
<b>Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies</b> .....	<b>216</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>641</b>	<b>935</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>738</b>
All parents present in household in labor force .....	65	175	230	94	265	495	831	378	514	432
<b>Persons 16 to 19 years</b> .....	<b>76</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>192</b>
Not enrolled in school .....	20	20	21	23	24	68	48	17	10	51
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	14	8	13	—	10	48	12	9	6	41
Not high school graduate .....	20	15	21	5	10	34	20	17	6	41
Employed .....	6	7	8	5	—	13	13	8	—	10
Unemployed .....	—	8	8	—	5	7	—	—	—	9
Not in labor force .....	14	—	5	—	5	14	7	9	6	22
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
<b>Employed persons 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>316</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>1 166</b>	<b>1 340</b>	<b>1 868</b>	<b>2 695</b>	<b>1 914</b>	<b>1 619</b>	<b>2 101</b>
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	—	21	104	101	181	191	351	234	299	101
Professional specialty occupations .....	—	25	32	142	208	171	694	245	297	123
Technicians and related support occupations .....	6	4	9	34	58	58	38	71	34	37
Sales occupations .....	—	39	45	132	178	214	452	220	177	250
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	15	32	71	153	177	369	377	378	295	340
Private household occupations .....	10	3	—	—	—	9	4	—	15	23
Protective service occupations .....	—	—	6	13	6	47	33	26	50	29
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	37	148	119	203	183	341	330	236	159	280
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	39	24	15	36	36	40	49	29	32	63
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	86	130	104	121	144	174	153	218	127	371
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	32	50	54	82	80	106	38	95	57	194
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	11	37	85	86	40	62	101	94	41	135
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	80	114	41	63	49	86	75	68	36	155
Construction .....	23	53	23	58	18	73	136	130	69	163
Manufacturing .....	165	104	172	108	169	266	231	280	131	448
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	—	28	48	65	78	99	158	109	93	202
Wholesale and retail trade .....	34	248	189	393	353	503	693	480	311	546
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	3	5	25	45	75	102	207	118	173	46
Business and repair services .....	6	35	15	50	20	45	59	105	92	109
Professional and related services .....	15	78	145	289	390	504	928	491	547	395
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
<b>Employed persons 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>316</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>1 166</b>	<b>1 340</b>	<b>1 868</b>	<b>2 695</b>	<b>1 914</b>	<b>1 619</b>	<b>2 101</b>
Private wage and salary workers .....	297	558	577	900	941	1 461	1 810	1 403	1 125	1 727
Government workers .....	5	46	88	209	273	291	592	288	390	147
Local government workers .....	—	25	59	112	132	179	269	155	218	119
Self-employed workers .....	14	23	20	57	108	116	272	192	96	184
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989</b> .....	<b>413</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>787</b>	<b>1 514</b>	<b>1 574</b>	<b>2 169</b>	<b>2 952</b>	<b>2 193</b>	<b>1 807</b>	<b>2 502</b>
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	315	519	631	1 011	1 158	1 452	2 180	1 700	1 340	1 965
50 to 52 weeks .....	141	240	429	508	775	874	1 573	1 179	975	1 409
40 to 49 weeks .....	28	118	107	134	125	231	287	168	159	184
27 to 39 weeks .....	21	58	50	80	63	146	120	174	81	138
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	41	96	66	252	211	356	522	255	210	264
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years</b> .....	<b>592</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>1 033</b>	<b>1 654</b>	<b>1 769</b>	<b>2 474</b>	<b>3 192</b>	<b>2 452</b>	<b>1 939</b>	<b>2 813</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	39	65	64	12	34	104	17	121	53	46
With a mobility limitation .....	22	19	29	12	8	44	10	58	26	39
In labor force .....	10	11	4	9	—	19	—	17	13	11
With a self-care limitation .....	23	60	50	3	34	98	17	98	42	38
With a work disability .....	92	139	180	116	142	234	122	200	101	249
In labor force .....	41	55	70	66	58	124	67	88	66	107
Prevented from working .....	51	69	102	39	73	92	23	100	30	118
No work disability .....	500	767	853	1 538	1 627	2 240	3 070	2 252	1 838	2 564
In labor force .....	320	642	681	1 163	1 321	1 881	2 647	1 830	1 529	2 044
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>63</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>791</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>608</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	34	32	37	69	46	24	113	154	21	143
With a mobility limitation .....	34	20	18	64	46	11	73	101	21	64
With a self-care limitation .....	11	18	31	13	16	24	50	65	5	115
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers .....	54	54	104	75	95	116	132	228	58	131
Mean family income (dollars) .....	6 959	10 409	8 839	22 815	27 460	5 581	25 318	20 578	24 908	11 897
1 worker .....	35	129	130	102	284	376	279	238	188	409
Mean family income (dollars) .....	11 573	12 015	17 910	13 732	33 123	16 272	32 374	32 244	37 848	21 232
2 or more workers .....	123	182	244	235	444	359	883	631	577	773
Mean family income (dollars) .....	23 552	23 363	31 045	27 216	48 511	32 770	50 816	39 935	51 333	31 494



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Northglenn city (pt.) Weld County
	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	1 757	3 751	3 043	64	—	44	—	—
In labor force	1 340	2 965	2 289	64	—	39	—	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over	76.3	79.0	75.2	100.0	—	88.6	—	—
Civilian labor force	1 340	2 965	2 289	64	—	39	—	—
Employed	1 283	2 884	2 251	64	—	39	—	—
Unemployed	57	81	38	—	—	—	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	4.3	2.7	1.7	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	417	786	754	—	—	5	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	69	152	181	—	—	5	—	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	123	300	276	—	—	—	—	—
Females 16 years and over	848	1 940	1 603	36	—	17	—	—
In labor force	549	1 453	1 075	36	—	17	—	—
Percent of females 16 years and over	64.7	74.9	67.1	100.0	—	100.0	—	—
Civilian labor force	549	1 453	1 075	36	—	17	—	—
Employed	508	1 415	1 058	36	—	17	—	—
Unemployed	41	38	17	—	—	—	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	7.5	2.6	1.6	—	—	—	—	—
With own children under 6 years	109	491	260	16	—	—	—	—
In labor force	51	392	169	16	—	—	—	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	180	460	406	—	—	5	—	—
In labor force	137	407	320	—	—	5	—	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	129	621	369	20	—	—	—	—
All parents present in household in labor force	53	511	227	20	—	—	—	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	391	1 094	821	—	—	15	—	—
All parents present in household in labor force	272	910	595	—	—	15	—	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	120	278	227	—	—	10	—	—
Not enrolled in school	23	71	18	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	10	19	18	—	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	5	25	11	—	—	—	—	—
Employed	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	5	13	6	—	—	—	—	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 283	2 884	2 251	64	—	39	—	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	298	424	470	7	—	—	—	—
Professional specialty occupations	206	435	518	—	—	—	—	—
Technicians and related support occupations	73	151	75	—	—	6	—	—
Sales occupations	180	359	451	14	—	6	—	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	152	519	415	24	—	—	—	—
Private household occupations	6	15	12	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	30	43	7	—	—	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	79	224	88	—	—	11	—	—
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	6	15	37	14	—	10	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	127	366	102	—	—	—	—	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	52	156	33	—	—	—	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	23	84	15	—	—	6	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	51	93	28	5	—	—	—	—
Construction	115	153	152	—	—	—	—	—
Manufacturing	150	474	176	—	—	—	—	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	84	193	110	—	—	—	—	—
Wholesale and retail trade	244	586	446	12	—	—	—	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	149	198	365	7	—	6	—	—
Business and repair services	33	136	60	—	—	5	—	—
Professional and related services	327	919	708	23	—	6	—	—
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 283	2 884	2 251	64	—	39	—	—
Private wage and salary workers	956	2 187	1 571	35	—	33	—	—
Government workers	218	500	472	8	—	6	—	—
Local government workers	88	291	214	—	—	—	—	—
Self-employed workers	109	191	202	21	—	—	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 407	3 157	2 457	64	—	39	—	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 127	2 430	1 896	35	—	29	—	—
50 to 52 weeks	840	1 881	1 519	28	—	23	—	—
40 to 49 weeks	124	191	154	7	—	6	—	—
27 to 39 weeks	66	168	128	—	—	—	—	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	146	440	295	21	—	5	—	—
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 616	3 399	2 715	57	—	44	—	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	23	73	23	—	—	6	—	—
With a mobility limitation	5	40	7	—	—	6	—	—
In labor force	—	33	—	—	—	6	—	—
With a self-care limitation	23	53	23	—	—	—	—	—
With a work disability	82	198	56	—	—	5	—	—
In labor force	55	141	41	—	—	5	—	—
Prevented from working	13	51	15	—	—	—	—	—
No work disability	1 534	3 201	2 659	57	—	39	—	—
In labor force	1 273	2 772	2 209	57	—	34	—	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	141	352	328	7	—	—	—	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	25	12	29	—	—	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	12	6	11	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	13	12	29	—	—	—	—	—
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>								
No workers	29	76	83	—	—	—	—	—
Mean family income (dollars)	29 656	17 841	39 884	—	—	—	—	—
1 worker	184	389	268	—	—	—	—	—
Mean family income (dollars)	45 285	27 884	67 262	—	—	—	—	—
2 or more workers	419	1 074	906	28	—	17	—	—
Mean family income (dollars)	55 031	46 842	69 080	34 032	—	68 347	—	—

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	55	—	1 682	151	4 572	190	1 889	21
In labor force	36	—	1 021	88	3 354	117	1 461	15
Percent of persons 16 years and over	65.5	—	60.7	58.3	73.4	61.6	77.3	71.4
Civilian labor force	36	—	1 021	88	3 354	117	1 461	15
Employed	36	—	963	75	3 148	88	1 423	8
Unemployed	—	—	58	13	206	29	38	7
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	5.7	14.8	6.1	24.8	2.6	46.7
Not in labor force	19	—	661	63	1 218	73	428	6
Institutionalized persons	—	—	76	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	—	—	101	14	210	7	58	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	—	176	12	434	32	151	6
Females 16 years and over	24	—	811	63	2 402	103	933	21
In labor force	5	—	396	28	1 507	41	699	15
Percent of females 16 years and over	20.8	—	48.8	44.4	62.7	39.8	74.9	71.4
Civilian labor force	5	—	396	28	1 507	41	699	15
Employed	5	—	372	26	1 474	30	678	8
Unemployed	—	—	24	2	33	11	21	7
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	6.1	7.1	2.2	26.8	3.0	46.7
With own children under 6 years	—	—	190	7	535	27	150	—
In labor force	—	—	99	—	348	7	97	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	7	—	144	22	449	27	223	—
In labor force	—	—	110	8	329	18	218	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	—	—	320	8	807	25	227	—
All parents present in household in labor force	—	—	159	—	558	13	124	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	20	—	347	37	1 225	85	523	—
All parents present in household in labor force	—	—	215	16	898	40	487	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	—	—	121	5	284	—	153	7
Not enrolled in school	—	—	24	2	51	—	27	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	18	—	28	—	14	—
Not high school graduate	—	—	9	2	33	—	19	—
Employed	—	—	6	2	15	—	9	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	9	—	4	—
Not in labor force	—	—	3	—	9	—	6	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	36	—	963	75	3 148	88	1 423	8
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	8	—	121	—	260	17	123	8
Professional specialty occupations	—	—	56	5	337	—	194	—
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—	26	—	92	—	37	—
Sales occupations	—	—	57	2	335	—	152	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	—	—	170	3	573	—	237	—
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	5	—	40	—	13	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	—	—	88	12	475	—	176	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	144	5	113	20	57	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	5	—	106	35	420	19	178	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6	—	33	7	203	7	107	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	7	—	73	1	192	10	97	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10	—	84	5	87	15	52	—
Construction	—	—	102	19	137	6	99	—
Manufacturing	11	—	166	16	498	20	241	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	—	—	76	1	215	7	115	—
Wholesale and retail trade	18	—	131	10	738	14	340	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	—	—	88	—	186	12	56	—
Business and repair services	—	—	44	—	191	—	66	—
Professional and related services	7	—	157	10	708	5	319	—
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	36	—	963	75	3 148	88	1 423	8
Private wage and salary workers	30	—	707	48	2 479	88	1 144	—
Government workers	—	—	125	12	519	—	171	8
Local government workers	—	—	70	8	225	—	66	8
Self-employed workers	6	—	126	15	142	—	108	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	36	—	1 175	108	3 568	121	1 512	15
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	36	—	933	78	2 919	109	1 185	8
50 to 52 weeks	30	—	698	38	1 961	72	941	8
40 to 49 weeks	6	—	71	1	481	14	84	—
27 to 39 weeks	—	—	107	19	221	15	81	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	—	—	111	18	315	—	152	—
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	55	—	1 385	137	4 083	158	1 694	15
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	67	24	137	20	28	—
With a mobility limitation	—	—	27	14	71	—	20	—
In labor force	—	—	6	—	13	—	8	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	67	13	91	20	16	—
With a work disability	—	—	158	32	297	6	148	—
In labor force	—	—	26	4	134	6	103	—
Prevented from working	—	—	98	19	138	—	31	—
No work disability	55	—	1 227	105	3 786	152	1 546	15
In labor force	36	—	950	82	3 165	111	1 314	15
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	—	221	14	489	32	195	6
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	42	5	111	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	—	—	32	5	87	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	23	2	45	—	—	—
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>								
No workers	—	—	72	6	167	29	45	—
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	21 367	6 615	11 492	6 081	13 393	—
1 worker	16	—	233	24	566	32	176	—
Mean family income (dollars)	49 375	—	20 401	13 699	19 654	14 273	35 950	—
2 or more workers	5	—	330	23	955	24	499	8
Mean family income (dollars)	50 700	—	43 561	25 512	37 755	34 180	48 175	23 300



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.							
	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	—	2 965	2 280	3 086	2 103	6 064	2 130	7 119
In labor force	—	2 004	1 626	2 198	1 473	4 278	1 479	5 087
Percent of persons 16 years and over	—	67.6	71.3	71.2	70.0	70.5	69.4	71.5
Civilian labor force	—	2 002	1 623	2 193	1 473	4 272	1 475	5 082
Employed	—	1 899	1 552	2 079	1 400	3 876	1 380	4 798
Unemployed	—	103	71	114	73	396	95	284
Percent of civilian labor force	—	5.1	4.4	5.2	5.0	9.3	6.4	5.6
Not in labor force	—	961	654	888	630	1 786	651	2 032
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	—	145	78	147	118	294	92	343
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	445	247	309	196	569	191	702
Females 16 years and over	—	1 513	1 125	1 545	1 054	2 988	1 068	3 559
In labor force	—	842	689	955	641	1 779	623	2 210
Percent of females 16 years and over	—	55.7	61.2	61.8	60.8	59.5	58.3	62.1
Civilian labor force	—	842	689	955	641	1 773	623	2 210
Employed	—	804	641	899	604	1 629	579	2 096
Unemployed	—	38	48	56	37	144	44	114
Percent of civilian labor force	—	4.5	7.0	5.9	5.8	8.1	7.1	5.2
With own children under 6 years	—	208	173	295	221	707	144	625
In labor force	—	146	110	187	132	367	76	441
With own children 6 to 17 years only	—	339	297	341	197	641	221	736
In labor force	—	253	232	267	146	480	162	601
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	—	364	239	446	297	958	215	887
All parents present in household in labor force	—	231	152	255	175	475	105	586
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	—	845	697	920	535	1 892	558	1 766
All parents present in household in labor force	—	590	512	650	378	1 213	378	1 299
Persons 16 to 19 years	—	245	197	276	176	495	153	594
Not enrolled in school	—	44	26	69	36	158	51	143
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	23	6	22	4	49	21	52
Not high school graduate	—	33	14	34	25	122	29	55
Employed	—	13	11	22	22	82	15	28
Unemployed	—	19	—	10	—	7	3	5
Not in labor force	—	1	3	2	3	33	11	22
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	1 899	1 552	2 079	1 400	3 876	1 380	4 798
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	—	144	98	166	102	324	106	397
Professional specialty occupations	—	262	106	186	89	275	57	395
Technicians and related support occupations	—	50	39	39	56	99	41	167
Sales occupations	—	156	121	181	108	322	152	423
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	—	317	188	277	199	536	186	770
Private household occupations	—	8	11	—	12	7	2	24
Protective service occupations	—	11	28	50	14	33	19	117
Service occupations, except protective and household	—	154	167	216	160	394	124	486
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	303	328	316	239	396	174	256
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	—	216	208	245	170	586	215	862
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	—	132	71	165	77	370	113	442
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	93	144	145	110	271	129	290
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	—	53	43	93	64	263	62	169
Construction	—	109	89	126	106	344	105	400
Manufacturing	—	290	144	344	209	584	218	1 118
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	—	105	83	145	149	361	155	509
Wholesale and retail trade	—	269	255	403	260	806	316	950
Finance, insurance, and real estate	—	154	91	88	39	70	47	167
Business and repair services	—	95	92	76	35	338	65	299
Professional and related services	—	407	279	363	206	654	155	624
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	—	1 899	1 552	2 079	1 400	3 876	1 380	4 798
Private wage and salary workers	—	1 297	1 025	1 465	1 050	2 975	1 105	3 727
Government workers	—	298	218	334	150	513	153	613
Local government workers	—	172	118	231	95	265	64	314
Self-employed workers	—	295	304	265	181	358	119	441
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	—	2 249	1 769	2 368	1 607	4 596	1 586	5 462
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	—	1 791	1 395	1 892	1 293	3 715	1 299	4 390
50 to 52 weeks	—	1 290	1 036	1 343	888	2 427	931	3 336
40 to 49 weeks	—	171	91	158	166	397	117	392
27 to 39 weeks	—	72	105	149	84	295	79	241
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	—	213	184	225	154	366	94	479
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	—	2 442	1 991	2 723	1 846	5 387	1 893	6 299
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	34	24	92	49	157	33	134
With a mobility limitation	—	25	22	39	43	129	26	107
In labor force	—	2	4	4	8	50	2	26
With a self-care limitation	—	23	9	65	12	58	10	71
With a work disability	—	117	136	211	134	558	203	575
In labor force	—	59	55	92	61	353	88	273
Prevented from working	—	40	60	96	59	197	104	245
No work disability	—	2 325	1 855	2 512	1 712	4 829	1 690	5 724
In labor force	—	1 870	1 529	2 052	1 355	3 817	1 345	4 706
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	521	286	358	257	671	233	815
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	46	20	38	42	123	27	86
With a mobility limitation	—	46	20	36	42	104	27	81
With a self-care limitation	—	24	7	22	20	65	12	59
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>								
No workers	—	110	65	103	67	217	71	229
Mean family income (dollars)	—	17 361	17 418	14 361	13 225	14 666	14 451	16 928
1 worker	—	207	212	299	247	596	211	686
Mean family income (dollars)	—	41 490	22 259	22 942	24 075	21 950	29 486	26 388
2 or more workers	—	807	599	764	505	1 476	513	1 736
Mean family income (dollars)	—	44 326	41 330	41 345	45 572	37 977	42 843	43 018

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Can.					
	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>						
Persons 16 years and over -----	5 136	1 209	3 781	2 428	643	1 335
In labor force -----	3 563	866	2 763	1 599	416	819
Percent of persons 16 years and over -----	69.4	71.6	73.1	65.9	64.7	61.3
Civilian labor force -----	3 562	866	2 763	1 599	416	819
Employed -----	3 361	810	2 668	1 535	389	781
Unemployed -----	201	56	95	64	27	38
Percent of civilian labor force -----	5.6	6.5	3.4	4.0	6.5	4.6
Not in labor force -----	1 573	343	1 018	829	227	516
Institutionalized persons -----	82	—	118	—	—	—
Enrolled in school -----	249	60	131	106	48	71
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school -----	576	77	366	322	62	211
Females 16 years and over -----	2 577	581	1 989	1 213	313	666
In labor force -----	1 524	326	1 287	682	173	317
Percent of females 16 years and over -----	59.1	56.1	64.7	56.2	55.3	47.6
Civilian labor force -----	1 524	326	1 287	682	173	317
Employed -----	1 451	316	1 248	656	161	302
Unemployed -----	73	10	39	26	12	15
Percent of civilian labor force -----	4.8	3.1	3.0	3.8	6.9	4.7
With own children under 6 years -----	482	95	375	215	52	125
In labor force -----	343	56	284	123	28	82
With own children 6 to 17 years only -----	548	99	460	276	51	117
In labor force -----	404	67	387	194	41	75
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies -----	693	117	500	325	103	183
All parents present in household in labor force -----	458	70	344	172	45	99
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies -----	1 529	335	1 134	716	134	262
All parents present in household in labor force -----	1 125	200	885	467	84	188
Persons 16 to 19 years -----	426	89	294	178	40	82
Not enrolled in school -----	78	20	83	45	12	9
Unemployed or not in labor force -----	31	6	29	29	12	9
Not high school graduate -----	35	7	27	35	10	6
Employed -----	20	1	22	10	—	—
Unemployed -----	3	3	—	9	—	6
Not in labor force -----	12	3	5	16	10	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>						
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	3 361	810	2 668	1 535	389	781
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	310	72	235	147	42	36
Professional specialty occupations -----	302	79	324	124	30	50
Technicians and related support occupations -----	116	45	169	53	11	5
Sales occupations -----	269	70	234	108	14	53
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	409	130	354	224	66	84
Private household occupations -----	13	2	27	13	—	—
Protective service occupations -----	47	3	11	13	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	392	33	302	147	15	46
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	414	153	122	313	108	323
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	438	101	417	183	46	64
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	285	48	334	104	12	34
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	196	31	61	68	35	71
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	170	43	78	38	10	15
Construction -----	227	52	215	82	23	42
Manufacturing -----	753	161	714	239	38	37
Transportation, communications, and other utilities -----	262	62	134	61	39	62
Wholesale and retail trade -----	620	137	370	235	52	99
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	112	31	158	46	9	26
Business and repair services -----	183	44	169	74	17	20
Professional and related services -----	488	108	546	292	51	96
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>						
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	3 361	810	2 668	1 535	389	781
Private wage and salary workers -----	2 443	540	2 100	1 085	274	408
Government workers -----	384	91	300	221	75	72
Local government workers -----	234	51	204	108	39	35
Self-employed workers -----	520	170	263	220	40	295
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>						
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 -----	3 848	937	2 921	1 768	508	977
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	3 064	731	2 219	1 385	402	754
50 to 52 weeks -----	2 196	585	1 632	1 061	293	542
40 to 49 weeks -----	254	79	185	85	18	56
27 to 39 weeks -----	264	14	175	79	43	50
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks -----	448	84	350	210	55	67
<b>DISABILITY</b>						
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years -----	4 371	1 078	3 224	2 040	544	1 029
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	189	54	43	37	—	39
With a mobility limitation -----	65	14	34	31	—	39
In labor force -----	22	5	—	4	—	10
With a self-care limitation -----	160	41	18	11	—	9
With a work disability -----	357	61	249	182	16	145
In labor force -----	193	38	146	55	7	68
Prevented from working -----	127	16	90	110	4	48
Na work disability -----	4 014	1 017	2 975	1 858	528	884
In labor force -----	3 271	788	2 549	1 478	372	656
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over -----	682	131	439	388	99	306
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	82	—	57	40	9	46
With a mobility limitation -----	67	—	57	38	9	42
With a self-care limitation -----	39	—	6	12	6	20
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>						
No workers -----	129	28	85	96	18	58
Mean family income (dollars) -----	12 978	8 439	16 511	13 733	10 055	11 488
1 worker -----	576	132	364	328	56	132
Mean family income (dollars) -----	27 726	33 346	25 047	27 993	44 706	22 289
2 or more workers -----	1 221	304	960	554	176	337
Mean family income (dollars) -----	48 105	44 743	42 196	32 982	66 202	34 880



**Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County			
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	47 566	47 566	7	-	22 756	-	289	530	1 454	1 103
Less than \$5,000	2 844	2 844	-	-	1 769	-	52	60	105	127
\$5,000 to \$9,999	5 328	5 328	-	-	2 907	-	58	105	153	178
\$10,000 to \$14,999	5 195	5 195	-	-	2 619	-	54	84	220	228
\$15,000 to \$24,999	9 814	9 814	-	-	4 723	-	43	164	352	280
\$25,000 to \$34,999	8 290	8 290	7	-	3 624	-	35	77	283	117
\$35,000 to \$49,999	8 302	8 302	-	-	3 531	-	36	36	196	124
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5 563	5 563	-	-	2 487	-	5	-	94	41
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 264	1 264	-	-	583	-	-	4	29	-
\$100,000 or more	966	966	-	-	513	-	6	-	22	8
Median (dollars)	25 642	25 642	31 250	-	23 462	-	13 319	15 645	22 128	15 420
Mean (dollars)	31 105	31 105	30 000	-	29 886	-	18 859	17 149	26 179	19 869
Families	34 057	34 057	7	-	14 613	-	233	365	1 113	465
Median income (dollars)	30 800	30 800	31 250	-	30 705	-	13 922	14 963	24 617	20 268
Males 15 years and over, with income	45 801	45 801	7	-	21 218	-	343	519	1 284	1 064
Median income (dollars)	17 365	17 365	31 250	-	15 803	-	9 893	10 993	16 205	9 762
Percent year-round full-time workers	53.8	53.8	100.0	-	47.4	-	42.9	32.8	59.3	34.5
Median income (dollars)	24 886	24 886	31 250	-	25 234	-	15 750	14 531	22 942	18 850
Females 15 years and over, with income	43 242	43 242	-	-	21 542	-	230	401	1 211	1 129
Median income (dollars)	8 136	8 136	-	-	7 658	-	4 492	5 962	6 890	6 194
Percent year-round full-time workers	32.0	32.0	-	-	28.1	-	10.4	17.5	30.2	15.9
Median income (dollars)	16 691	16 691	-	-	16 950	-	9 643	13 409	14 844	15 903
Per capita income (dollars)	11 350	11 350	15 000	-	11 461	-	5 721	6 068	9 345	8 512
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	47 566	47 566	7	-	22 756	-	289	530	1 454	1 103
With earnings	40 108	40 108	7	-	18 666	-	207	415	1 228	864
Mean earnings (dollars)	30 962	30 962	30 000	-	29 479	-	22 860	17 469	25 233	18 528
With Social Security income	10 786	10 786	-	-	5 169	-	49	150	288	255
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 287	7 287	-	-	7 268	-	5 675	6 173	6 810	6 109
With public assistance income	3 189	3 189	-	-	1 722	-	52	84	200	78
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 443	3 443	-	-	3 625	-	4 724	2 599	3 753	3 641
With retirement income	5 613	5 613	-	-	2 695	-	51	33	146	148
Mean retirement income (dollars)	8 045	8 045	-	-	9 836	-	1 832	5 798	9 538	9 813
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	35 784	35 784	30 000	-	36 461	-	20 263	17 436	28 293	22 501
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 449	34 449	-	-	34 442	-	15 372	15 964	26 395	22 085
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	37 300	37 300	30 000	-	38 644	-	28 622	19 181	30 870	22 915
Married-couple families (dollars)	39 112	39 112	30 000	-	41 000	-	23 945	21 641	31 917	25 739
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	39 479	39 479	-	-	41 424	-	19 263	20 912	33 223	27 064
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 730	38 730	30 000	-	40 603	-	34 433	22 564	30 612	24 345
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	17 476	17 476	-	-	17 319	-	12 469	7 848	11 583	14 326
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	13 492	13 492	-	-	13 364	-	2 726	3 457	8 606	9 224
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	26 150	26 150	-	-	26 668	-	34 203	13 885	43 134	21 694
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	34 057	34 057	7	-	14 613	-	233	365	1 113	465
Householder worked in 1989	28 763	28 763	7	-	12 051	-	169	284	874	353
With related children under 18 years	18 870	18 870	-	-	7 898	-	164	226	671	237
With related children under 5 years	7 818	7 818	-	-	3 350	-	82	92	357	134
Married-couple families	28 165	28 165	7	-	11 626	-	162	247	904	312
Householder worked in 1989	24 230	24 230	7	-	9 775	-	126	207	749	242
With related children under 18 years	14 821	14 821	-	-	5 819	-	115	146	477	160
With related children under 5 years	6 330	6 330	-	-	2 506	-	61	42	228	108
Female householder, no husband present	4 270	4 270	-	-	2 264	-	42	95	174	110
Householder worked in 1989	3 093	3 093	-	-	1 634	-	20	58	90	75
With related children under 18 years	3 157	3 157	-	-	1 682	-	33	70	164	70
With related children under 5 years	1 167	1 167	-	-	685	-	21	45	114	26
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	19 388	19 388	-	-	12 004	-	156	275	473	1 112
Nonfamily householder	13 509	13 509	-	-	8 143	-	56	165	341	638
65 years and over	4 017	4 017	-	-	2 196	-	19	62	46	172
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	127 344	127 344	14	-	56 741	-	1 024	1 453	3 988	2 517
Persons under 18 years	36 405	36 405	-	-	14 672	-	360	436	1 370	464
Related children under 18 years	36 135	36 135	-	-	14 536	-	360	426	1 364	449
Related children 5 to 17 years	25 906	25 906	-	-	10 052	-	247	296	844	269
Persons 65 years and over	12 614	12 614	-	-	6 142	-	63	158	312	307
Persons 75 years and over	5 152	5 152	-	-	2 712	-	35	102	96	207
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	3 622	3 622	-	-	1 787	-	93	129	210	101
Percent below poverty level	10.6	10.6	-	-	12.2	-	39.9	35.3	18.9	21.7
Householder worked in 1989	2 326	2 326	-	-	1 151	-	57	88	107	59
With related children under 18 years	2 945	2 945	-	-	1 497	-	89	105	187	66
With related children under 5 years	1 563	1 563	-	-	854	-	41	52	146	39
Married-couple families	1 664	1 664	-	-	632	-	44	33	65	34
Householder worked in 1989	1 150	1 150	-	-	429	-	32	24	29	17
With related children under 18 years	1 181	1 181	-	-	461	-	44	30	46	17
With related children under 5 years	674	674	-	-	277	-	24	7	29	17
Female householder, no husband present	1 711	1 711	-	-	990	-	29	82	142	62
Householder worked in 1989	990	990	-	-	588	-	11	50	75	37
With related children under 18 years	1 567	1 567	-	-	904	-	29	70	138	49
With related children under 5 years	794	794	-	-	518	-	17	45	114	22
Unrelated individuals	6 559	6 559	-	-	4 738	-	105	104	142	531
Nonfamily householder	3 577	3 577	-	-	2 525	-	48	49	58	225
65 years and over	1 088	1 088	-	-	546	-	19	25	16	33
Persons	19 594	19 594	-	-	11 044	-	536	520	906	871
Percent below poverty level	15.4	15.4	-	-	19.5	-	52.3	35.8	22.7	34.6
Persons under 18 years	7 052	7 052	-	-	3 452	-	245	204	484	170
Related children under 18 years	6 839	6 839	-	-	3 335	-	245	194	478	160
Related children 5 to 17 years	4 608	4 608	-	-	2 112	-	186	126	289	112
Persons 65 years and over	1 564	1 564	-	-	725	-	19	40	32	49
Persons 75 years and over	873	873	-	-	446	-	19	27	6	28
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	8 445	8 445	-	-	5 446	-	240	208	367	436
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	26 763	26 763	-	-	14 061	-	611	687	1 292	1 176
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	48 241	48 241	-	-	22 551	-	777	1 062	1 987	1 581



Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households	3 968	1 999	1 770	1 869	1 538	1 484	2 851	3 406	2 380
Less than \$5,000	318	95	46	24	18	47	127	81	86
\$5,000 to \$9,999	622	334	91	79	34	148	300	234	246
\$10,000 to \$14,999	628	294	106	84	79	123	265	274	233
\$15,000 to \$24,999	824	495	265	354	205	286	656	700	454
\$25,000 to \$34,999	719	411	291	277	174	313	522	712	397
\$35,000 to \$49,999	531	266	346	570	284	265	567	776	414
\$50,000 to \$74,999	278	93	455	393	434	208	335	466	358
\$75,000 to \$99,999	31	11	83	67	121	36	65	112	100
\$100,000 or more	17	—	87	21	189	58	14	51	92
Median (dollars)	20 100	20 720	38 796	38 828	48 698	29 930	26 425	31 090	28 922
Mean (dollars)	23 723	22 550	42 017	38 884	59 369	35 484	29 895	34 234	36 646
Families	2 539	1 398	1 352	1 547	1 257	1 152	2 296	2 651	1 926
Median income (dollars)	23 305	24 565	44 167	41 318	52 975	33 692	30 000	33 305	31 793
Males 15 years and over, with income	3 231	1 652	1 814	1 746	1 404	1 412	2 941	3 407	2 412
Median income (dollars)	15 533	15 630	25 437	25 856	39 306	20 365	18 239	20 842	19 601
Percent year-round full-time workers	50.7	57.4	63.6	63.0	67.0	62.4	54.3	60.7	61.0
Median income (dollars)	22 419	21 161	31 021	30 971	45 891	23 428	23 946	27 001	25 938
Females 15 years and over, with income	3 409	1 643	1 476	1 761	1 393	1 350	2 510	3 030	2 109
Median income (dollars)	8 570	8 360	10 103	13 558	13 397	9 870	8 045	9 787	8 426
Percent year-round full-time workers	35.1	30.5	42.5	44.8	41.5	32.4	33.1	41.5	34.2
Median income (dollars)	15 503	16 555	18 358	19 092	21 474	16 968	14 167	16 818	16 827
Per capita income (dollars)	9 244	8 954	15 544	13 534	22 265	12 625	9 744	12 133	12 248
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households	3 968	1 999	1 770	1 869	1 538	1 484	2 851	3 406	2 380
With earnings	3 526	1 586	1 618	1 719	1 375	1 235	2 414	2 987	2 070
Mean earnings (dollars)	23 544	23 146	40 883	37 935	54 662	36 153	29 849	34 241	36 451
With Social Security income	693	582	322	304	247	399	590	742	554
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 622	7 268	6 477	7 076	8 540	7 194	7 153	8 041	7 493
With public assistance income	344	166	74	49	36	65	263	125	117
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 970	2 980	3 244	3 654	5 915	2 845	3 506	3 331	3 226
With retirement income	305	268	177	180	150	196	319	537	242
Mean retirement income (dollars)	4 863	5 723	10 568	9 215	13 924	7 014	7 065	6 183	6 074
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars)	26 636	25 780	46 760	40 529	66 765	40 992	31 589	36 461	39 658
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	26 100	22 469	44 101	42 578	65 268	45 404	30 183	36 269	37 589
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 640	29 246	49 230	37 312	68 563	36 655	33 618	36 666	42 101
Married-couple families (dollars)	31 779	28 099	49 046	44 218	69 868	42 985	34 490	38 533	42 572
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 766	25 790	47 910	47 714	69 788	48 694	34 085	39 271	40 988
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 658	30 244	50 066	39 051	69 959	37 309	35 082	37 772	44 365
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	13 308	16 152	23 794	19 067	36 382	23 188	16 958	19 746	17 975
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 682	10 977	14 443	18 503	33 390	15 253	11 823	17 322	17 138
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 887	23 417	38 365	21 222	43 487	31 750	28 182	23 310	19 435
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families	2 539	1 398	1 352	1 547	1 257	1 152	2 296	2 651	1 926
Householder worked in 1989	2 136	1 151	1 214	1 399	1 162	1 019	1 964	2 210	1 668
With related children under 18 years	1 677	724	682	969	690	586	1 454	1 447	1 086
With related children under 5 years	801	377	237	418	249	197	690	592	414
Married-couple families	1 733	1 088	1 188	1 301	1 133	1 033	1 855	2 300	1 648
Householder worked in 1989	1 520	895	1 078	1 184	1 042	917	1 644	1 931	1 453
With related children under 18 years	1 067	524	580	794	607	524	1 142	1 223	906
With related children under 5 years	560	298	206	360	238	183	577	520	350
Female householder, no husband present	581	262	110	188	108	79	309	252	184
Householder worked in 1989	429	216	82	171	104	65	207	188	132
With related children under 18 years	470	162	80	155	76	47	256	171	127
With related children under 5 years	191	63	31	58	11	11	83	49	46
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	2 139	766	534	495	328	383	799	1 061	632
Nonfamily householder	1 429	601	418	322	281	332	555	755	454
65 years and over	197	292	63	62	97	162	226	202	200
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	10 173	4 944	4 797	5 357	4 104	4 127	8 722	9 570	7 042
Persons under 18 years	3 201	1 381	1 295	1 740	1 190	1 247	2 917	2 778	2 249
Related children under 18 years	3 186	1 381	1 291	1 715	1 190	1 240	2 894	2 743	2 240
Related children 5 to 17 years	2 100	929	1 007	1 201	883	926	2 142	2 006	1 683
Persons 65 years and over	644	640	336	358	328	528	671	815	682
Persons 75 years and over	226	268	85	75	92	227	233	294	295
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families	448	208	48	50	7	44	322	159	182
Percent below poverty level	17.6	14.9	3.6	3.2	.6	3.8	14.0	6.0	9.4
Householder worked in 1989	276	116	28	45	3	28	179	94	132
With related children under 18 years	408	167	32	50	4	37	257	116	134
With related children under 5 years	194	85	17	37	4	18	119	58	67
Married-couple families	148	94	33	—	—	25	142	79	116
Householder worked in 1989	101	56	17	—	—	20	97	47	90
With related children under 18 years	117	76	17	—	—	18	110	46	77
With related children under 5 years	67	41	6	—	—	12	74	28	36
Female householder, no husband present	265	106	15	50	4	16	164	75	60
Householder worked in 1989	147	60	11	45	—	8	77	42	36
With related children under 18 years	256	83	15	50	4	16	142	65	51
With related children under 5 years	112	44	11	37	4	3	40	25	27
Unrelated individuals	695	202	76	98	54	91	244	205	146
Nonfamily householder	368	126	42	17	34	75	135	92	85
65 years and over	57	66	7	—	4	52	95	37	58
Persons	2 247	902	250	256	88	286	1 466	770	870
Percent below poverty level	22.1	18.2	5.2	4.8	2.1	6.9	16.8	8.0	12.4
Persons under 18 years	915	343	96	133	20	115	651	318	392
Related children under 18 years	908	343	92	108	20	108	639	283	385
Related children 5 to 17 years	604	263	71	74	16	72	478	197	277
Persons 65 years and over	101	66	25	—	4	61	137	61	85
Persons 75 years and over	28	57	—	—	—	45	48	32	59
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	1 046	416	132	88	56	69	413	307	263
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	3 007	1 295	413	377	122	453	1 933	1 246	1 258
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	5 009	2 456	836	842	440	1 236	3 767	2 847	2 550



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.		Brighton city (pt.) Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.) Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	605	1 900	7	—	1 039	910	—	1 381	1 302	2 027
Less than \$5,000	21	102	—	—	174	200	—	138	87	280
\$5,000 to \$9,999	55	208	—	—	335	229	—	100	151	366
\$10,000 to \$14,999	34	129	—	—	157	73	—	139	181	298
\$15,000 to \$24,999	118	356	—	—	223	209	—	202	395	468
\$25,000 to \$34,999	97	353	7	—	64	93	—	276	220	280
\$35,000 to \$49,999	157	387	—	—	46	77	—	215	158	237
\$50,000 to \$74,999	80	303	—	—	28	29	—	173	94	65
\$75,000 to \$99,999	24	48	—	—	7	—	—	75	16	33
\$100,000 or more	19	14	—	—	5	—	—	63	—	—
Median (dollars)	31 728	28 648	31 250	—	10 250	12 321	—	29 183	20 833	16 190
Mean (dollars)	36 265	31 877	30 000	—	15 227	16 061	—	36 549	23 879	20 233
Families	481	1 409	7	—	266	304	—	786	791	1 325
Median income (dollars)	35 938	33 560	31 250	—	14 750	17 447	—	37 931	23 397	20 445
Males 15 years and over, with income	626	1 758	7	—	821	2 001	—	1 151	1 115	1 835
Median income (dollars)	19 750	21 382	31 250	—	8 275	4 163	—	20 687	14 060	11 988
Percent year-round full-time workers	67.9	59.0	100.0	—	25.6	11.2	—	46.4	50.3	47.4
Median income (dollars)	28 050	29 976	31 250	—	18 106	16 146	—	30 909	20 511	17 294
Females 15 years and over, with income	503	1 765	—	—	812	2 278	—	1 449	1 096	1 690
Median income (dollars)	7 868	9 098	—	—	6 769	2 963	—	8 819	9 679	6 092
Percent year-round full-time workers	36.2	33.7	—	—	19.6	6.1	—	25.1	26.7	23.8
Median income (dollars)	18 833	17 885	—	—	12 639	9 400	—	19 020	15 865	14 747
Per capita income (dollars)	12 778	11 388	15 000	—	8 644	4 579	—	15 924	10 358	7 361
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	605	1 900	7	—	1 039	910	—	1 381	1 302	2 027
With earnings	545	1 609	7	—	683	794	—	1 120	993	1 593
Mean earnings (dollars)	36 082	33 064	30 000	—	15 848	14 137	—	32 600	22 941	21 551
With Social Security income	118	400	—	—	307	113	—	377	401	387
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 196	6 194	—	—	5 881	7 126	—	8 506	7 630	6 636
With public assistance income	41	86	—	—	137	49	—	65	75	379
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 139	3 315	—	—	3 923	2 877	—	3 138	3 829	3 903
With retirement income	60	237	—	—	93	94	—	228	233	130
Mean retirement income (dollars)	8 627	6 114	—	—	5 692	10 126	—	15 029	8 062	5 136
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	40 336	36 216	30 000	—	18 931	22 088	—	48 529	26 604	23 422
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	36 627	37 563	—	—	17 082	16 197	—	46 718	28 957	20 221
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	43 360	34 029	30 000	—	21 050	28 216	—	49 510	24 659	28 687
Married-couple families (dollars)	40 627	39 393	30 000	—	23 961	21 889	—	52 843	30 530	27 559
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	39 845	42 270	—	—	27 213	19 465	—	51 232	36 557	27 316
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	41 233	35 261	30 000	—	21 425	24 844	—	53 676	26 427	27 884
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	44 346	17 680	—	—	7 641	24 775	—	29 294	15 360	10 781
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	18 842	17 938	—	—	5 063	6 610	—	27 724	14 691	5 678
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	65 350	16 665	—	—	13 613	50 839	—	30 992	16 249	27 674
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	481	1 409	7	—	266	304	—	786	791	1 325
Householder worked in 1989	439	1 257	7	—	174	226	—	636	555	1 055
With related children under 18 years	222	894	—	—	168	167	—	289	392	860
With related children under 5 years	112	306	—	—	118	93	—	48	154	465
Married-couple families	419	1 167	7	—	178	213	—	654	595	926
Householder worked in 1989	381	1 027	7	—	131	169	—	537	406	774
With related children under 18 years	187	697	—	—	85	129	—	229	266	566
With related children under 5 years	93	259	—	—	85	74	—	41	115	244
Female householder, no husband present	31	192	—	—	63	56	—	102	135	319
Householder worked in 1989	29	180	—	—	33	27	—	74	88	201
With related children under 18 years	14	166	—	—	63	33	—	60	86	245
With related children under 5 years	8	41	—	—	23	14	—	7	23	183
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	196	651	—	—	1 012	1 228	—	981	763	997
Nonfamily householder	124	491	—	—	773	606	—	595	511	702
65 years and over	49	188	—	—	247	40	—	168	149	185
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	1 690	5 156	14	—	1 896	2 118	—	3 147	3 008	5 468
Persons under 18 years	479	1 639	—	—	316	272	—	509	641	1 691
Related children under 18 years	478	1 639	—	—	316	272	—	509	625	1 652
Related children 5 to 17 years	376	1 240	—	—	152	172	—	380	439	1 016
Persons 65 years and over	131	439	—	—	368	121	—	559	494	431
Persons 75 years and over	47	184	—	—	245	89	—	255	253	158
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	35	84	—	—	84	92	—	47	93	348
Percent below poverty level	7.3	6.0	—	—	31.6	30.3	—	6.0	11.8	26.3
Householder worked in 1989	19	71	—	—	44	71	—	37	70	236
With related children under 18 years	19	84	—	—	75	71	—	26	58	324
With related children under 5 years	14	47	—	—	40	28	—	9	29	240
Married-couple families	25	48	—	—	16	53	—	24	35	103
Householder worked in 1989	13	42	—	—	16	38	—	24	23	71
With related children under 18 years	11	48	—	—	7	39	—	18	6	87
With related children under 5 years	8	29	—	—	7	15	—	9	—	55
Female householder, no husband present	4	36	—	—	48	27	—	18	45	225
Householder worked in 1989	2	29	—	—	18	21	—	8	34	145
With related children under 18 years	2	36	—	—	48	27	—	8	39	217
With related children under 5 years	2	18	—	—	23	8	—	—	20	165
Unrelated individuals	53	136	—	—	487	856	—	449	220	380
Nonfamily householder	9	108	—	—	327	380	—	218	117	224
65 years and over	6	65	—	—	77	13	—	34	10	45
Persons	163	470	—	—	791	1 109	—	611	507	1 745
Percent below poverty level	9.6	9.1	—	—	41.7	52.4	—	19.4	16.9	31.9
Persons under 18 years	43	205	—	—	169	96	—	76	140	785
Related children under 18 years	42	205	—	—	169	96	—	76	124	755
Related children 5 to 17 years	28	132	—	—	101	67	—	32	85	382
Persons 65 years and over	9	65	—	—	91	13	—	45	26	63
Persons 75 years and over	6	28	—	—	65	8	—	25	21	31
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	66	93	—	—	466	601	—	317	230	1 094
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	254	720	—	—	911	1 306	—	698	725	2 178
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	537	1 557	—	—	1 475	1 592	—	968	1 274	3 301



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	260	530	616	1 020	1 119	1 570	1 997	1 752	998	1 892
Less than \$5,000	52	60	38	109	31	234	113	79	10	90
\$5,000 to \$9,999	58	105	67	156	105	294	286	149	47	312
\$10,000 to \$14,999	54	84	85	223	123	272	200	234	54	259
\$15,000 to \$24,999	33	164	191	259	249	341	312	435	97	468
\$25,000 to \$34,999	27	77	144	108	227	218	291	351	200	404
\$35,000 to \$49,999	36	36	53	118	184	132	307	342	278	266
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	—	30	39	126	71	335	127	224	82
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	4	8	—	51	—	96	6	45	11
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	8	23	8	57	29	43	—
Median (dollars)	12 000	15 645	20 122	15 579	27 644	14 748	28 368	24 475	39 107	21 167
Mean (dollars)	16 155	17 149	22 690	20 222	34 520	18 947	33 853	28 390	44 212	22 841
Families	212	365	478	412	823	851	1 294	1 097	823	1 313
Median income (dollars)	13 017	14 963	20 192	20 897	32 568	17 104	40 865	31 157	40 771	25 221
Males 15 years and over, with income	312	519	474	976	1 063	1 127	1 708	1 449	1 028	1 565
Median income (dollars)	8 786	10 993	15 877	10 058	19 449	12 218	21 458	18 206	25 206	15 821
Percent year-round full-time workers	39.1	32.8	61.4	34.0	43.7	41.1	56.6	47.8	58.0	57.4
Median income (dollars)	14 688	14 531	21 343	19 762	27 969	22 808	30 326	23 614	29 697	21 621
Females 15 years and over, with income	219	401	527	1 073	945	1 328	1 782	1 516	1 016	1 563
Median income (dollars)	4 258	5 962	7 787	6 313	10 491	7 160	9 886	10 554	11 276	8 539
Percent year-round full-time workers	8.7	17.5	26.2	16.4	32.8	30.9	33.7	32.1	36.5	30.6
Median income (dollars)	8 750	13 409	15 000	15 865	20 625	14 817	17 113	16 171	19 743	16 541
Per capita income (dollars)	4 812	6 068	7 795	8 663	13 779	8 079	13 834	12 634	14 759	9 115
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	260	530	616	1 020	1 119	1 570	1 997	1 752	998	1 892
With earnings	178	415	509	799	919	1 433	1 614	1 233	893	1 511
Mean earnings (dollars)	20 011	17 469	22 949	18 778	28 728	18 856	35 018	29 304	42 051	23 260
With Social Security income	44	150	84	241	328	227	451	625	201	561
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 149	6 173	6 380	6 094	8 571	5 150	7 044	7 937	8 848	7 204
With public assistance income	52	84	128	52	70	171	65	132	13	143
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 724	2 599	3 770	3 232	4 339	3 137	1 839	4 347	2 345	2 988
With retirement income	51	33	48	146	212	81	255	328	108	257
Mean retirement income (dollars)	1 832	5 798	11 282	9 783	13 616	5 459	11 082	8 517	13 382	5 916
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	17 348	17 436	22 641	23 077	40 771	21 774	44 239	34 243	46 390	26 342
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 108	15 964	22 682	23 427	32 788	19 003	45 632	31 173	45 144	23 551
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	21 440	19 181	22 570	22 743	46 307	27 395	42 486	35 937	47 480	29 154
Married-couple families (dollars)	21 158	21 641	26 539	26 132	44 576	29 611	46 800	36 118	48 047	28 255
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 289	20 912	29 570	28 586	38 306	28 276	50 726	36 256	47 330	26 190
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	25 491	22 564	23 145	23 747	48 161	31 305	42 704	36 054	48 619	30 185
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	7 302	7 848	9 494	15 157	17 631	10 327	24 040	22 816	20 664	17 851
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	2 726	3 457	9 828	10 180	14 486	9 441	22 202	16 989	20 318	12 837
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 892	13 885	3 360	22 125	25 287	14 706	35 783	31 291	21 421	23 417
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	212	365	478	412	823	851	1 294	1 097	823	1 313
Householder worked in 1989	148	284	342	316	660	694	1 139	812	737	1 095
With related children under 18 years	154	226	325	206	344	582	739	406	397	668
With related children under 5 years	82	92	167	119	136	294	169	156	124	348
Married-couple families	146	247	354	280	701	465	1 134	913	744	1 035
Householder worked in 1989	110	207	278	212	558	408	986	687	668	853
With related children under 18 years	105	146	201	138	262	266	597	308	337	500
With related children under 5 years	61	42	94	102	116	149	152	129	114	280
Female householder, no husband present	37	95	97	96	79	291	133	135	51	230
Householder worked in 1989	15	58	37	68	59	208	126	83	41	202
With related children under 18 years	33	70	97	61	56	248	115	80	41	130
With related children under 5 years	21	45	61	17	7	112	17	20	6	52
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	148	275	208	1 070	389	1 042	972	780	283	713
Nonfamily householder	48	165	138	608	296	719	703	655	175	579
65 years and over	19	62	14	169	112	45	215	278	45	282
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	949	1 453	1 766	2 317	2 774	3 706	4 856	3 929	2 891	4 644
Persons under 18 years	340	436	703	412	602	1 138	1 284	739	818	1 271
Related children under 18 years	340	426	697	400	593	1 138	1 279	739	804	1 271
Related children 5 to 17 years	227	296	457	232	436	734	1 019	506	623	837
Persons 65 years and over	63	158	91	293	447	155	506	791	229	608
Persons 75 years and over	35	102	31	202	188	28	219	359	74	258
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	93	129	115	89	47	261	63	51	31	176
Percent below poverty level	43.9	35.3	24.1	21.6	5.7	30.7	4.9	4.6	3.8	13.4
Householder worked in 1989	57	88	51	49	47	162	43	20	26	102
With related children under 18 years	89	105	109	54	42	240	50	46	15	135
With related children under 5 years	41	52	84	27	7	138	24	20	—	74
Married-couple families	44	33	38	31	17	64	39	18	16	94
Householder worked in 1989	32	24	23	14	17	41	26	8	16	56
With related children under 18 years	44	30	32	14	12	52	26	13	5	76
With related children under 5 years	24	7	23	14	7	45	17	13	—	41
Female householder, no husband present	29	82	77	53	21	175	17	26	15	74
Householder worked in 1989	11	50	28	30	21	106	10	5	10	46
With related children under 18 years	29	70	77	40	21	166	17	26	10	51
With related children under 5 years	17	45	61	13	—	78	7	7	—	33
Unrelated individuals	105	104	80	508	109	444	389	182	45	186
Nonfamily householder	48	49	25	211	65	263	275	109	5	123
65 years and over	19	25	7	33	23	10	134	46	—	66
Persons	536	520	549	813	252	1 377	582	321	144	779
Percent below poverty level	56.5	35.8	31.1	35.1	9.1	37.2	12.0	8.2	5.0	16.8
Persons under 18 years	245	204	322	147	80	564	86	71	41	268
Related children under 18 years	245	194	316	140	71	564	86	71	27	268
Related children 5 to 17 years	186	126	208	103	65	342	54	44	27	195
Persons 65 years and over	19	40	19	49	23	47	159	56	5	66
Persons 75 years and over	19	27	6	28	23	5	82	44	5	57
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	240	208	190	402	91	621	246	160	73	320
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	611	687	668	1 061	374	1 668	813	401	230	1 135
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	740	1 062	983	1 434	951	2 356	1 289	1 020	434	2 203



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Northglenn city (pt.) Weld County
	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	905	1 855	1 538	28	—	17	—	—
Less than \$5,000	32	24	18	—	—	—	—	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	34	79	34	—	—	—	—	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	20	84	79	—	—	—	—	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	124	340	205	8	—	—	—	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	169	277	174	13	—	11	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	185	570	284	7	—	—	—	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	237	393	434	—	—	—	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	43	67	121	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	61	21	189	—	—	6	—	—
Median (dollars)	39 893	39 047	48 698	32 143	—	33 750	—	—
Mean (dollars)	44 545	39 017	59 369	34 032	—	68 347	—	—
Families	632	1 539	1 257	28	—	17	—	—
Median income (dollars)	45 192	41 408	52 975	32 143	—	33 750	—	—
Males 15 years and over, with income	874	1 746	1 404	28	—	22	—	—
Median income (dollars)	30 169	25 856	39 306	20 313	—	20 000	—	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	65.9	63.0	67.0	100.0	—	77.3	—	—
Median income (dollars)	34 881	30 971	45 891	20 313	—	23 750	—	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	661	1 740	1 393	36	—	17	—	—
Median income (dollars)	10 991	13 488	13 397	9 063	—	16 458	—	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	39.9	44.9	41.5	—	—	35.3	—	—
Median income (dollars)	21 000	19 006	21 474	—	—	16 250	—	—
Per capita income (dollars)	17 909	13 532	22 265	11 630	—	21 517	—	—
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	905	1 855	1 538	28	—	17	—	—
With earnings	848	1 711	1 375	28	—	17	—	—
Mean earnings (dollars)	42 560	38 003	54 662	31 832	—	67 567	—	—
With Social Security income	122	298	247	—	—	5	—	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 153	7 086	8 540	—	—	2 652	—	—
With public assistance income	22	49	36	—	—	—	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 369	3 654	5 915	—	—	—	—	—
With retirement income	74	174	150	—	—	—	—	—
Mean retirement income (dollars)	15 726	9 392	13 924	—	—	—	—	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	51 029	40 618	66 765	34 032	—	68 347	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	50 754	42 578	65 268	27 040	—	34 380	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	51 253	37 501	68 563	42 100	—	82 501	—	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	53 339	44 218	69 868	34 032	—	31 991	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	55 376	47 714	69 788	27 040	—	34 380	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	51 738	39 051	69 959	42 100	—	30 000	—	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	28 948	18 879	36 382	—	—	135 001	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 737	18 503	33 390	—	—	—	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	53 167	20 686	43 487	—	—	135 001	—	—
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	632	1 539	1 257	28	—	17	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	580	1 391	1 162	28	—	17	—	—
With related children under 18 years	296	969	690	15	—	5	—	—
With related children under 5 years	103	418	249	15	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families	568	1 301	1 133	28	—	11	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	526	1 184	1 042	28	—	11	—	—
With related children under 18 years	263	794	607	15	—	5	—	—
With related children under 5 years	95	360	238	15	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	51	180	108	—	—	6	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	41	163	104	—	—	6	—	—
With related children under 18 years	33	155	76	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	8	58	11	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	326	489	328	—	—	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder	273	316	281	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and over	13	56	97	—	—	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 241	5 336	4 104	84	—	54	—	—
Persons under 18 years	535	1 740	1 190	20	—	15	—	—
Related children under 18 years	535	1 715	1 190	20	—	15	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	427	1 201	883	—	—	15	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	141	352	328	7	—	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	49	75	92	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	11	50	7	—	—	—	—	—
Percent below poverty level	1.7	3.2	.6	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	45	3	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	4	50	4	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	37	4	—	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	4	50	4	—	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	45	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	4	50	4	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	37	4	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	42	98	54	—	—	—	—	—
Nonfamily householder	35	17	34	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and over	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Persons	64	256	88	—	—	—	—	—
Percent below poverty level	2.9	4.8	2.1	—	—	—	—	—
Persons under 18 years	5	133	20	—	—	—	—	—
Related children under 18 years	5	108	20	—	—	—	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	5	74	16	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	43	88	56	—	—	—	—	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	96	377	122	—	—	—	—	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	187	842	440	—	—	—	—	—

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	29	—	838	83	2 398	107	865	14
Less than \$5,000	—	—	67	18	84	5	14	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	—	86	22	328	22	57	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	—	135	5	356	35	86	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	10	—	161	21	483	27	141	14
\$25,000 to \$34,999	8	—	139	9	501	7	122	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	143	6	399	—	161	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5	—	64	2	207	11	218	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	21	—	31	—	40	—
\$100,000 or more	6	—	22	—	9	—	26	—
Median (dollars)	26 406	—	23 707	11 875	23 976	14 213	36 736	22 813
Mean (dollars)	43 100	—	28 744	15 539	26 850	17 399	39 373	21 266
Families	21	—	635	53	1 688	85	720	8
Median income (dollars)	50 367	—	26 366	15 917	25 825	13 958	42 500	23 750
Males 15 years and over, with income	31	—	810	88	2 104	87	940	—
Median income (dollars)	19 625	—	16 419	8 125	16 651	13 393	20 163	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	80.6	—	58.0	39.8	55.8	56.3	61.5	—
Median income (dollars)	18 875	—	23 833	16 250	22 248	16 339	26 613	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	11	—	684	56	2 081	80	815	21
Median income (dollars)	14 792	—	5 469	4 375	9 386	6 129	9 363	18 958
Percent year-round full-time workers	45.5	—	33.3	5.4	37.8	28.8	44.5	38.1
Median income (dollars)	21 250	—	14 767	16 875	16 420	30 104	17 093	23 750
Per capita income (dollars)	17 235	—	10 538	6 568	9 905	6 394	13 463	14 163
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	29	—	838	83	2 398	107	865	14
With earnings	29	—	719	65	2 093	75	770	8
Mean earnings (dollars)	40 345	—	26 849	15 458	26 754	20 847	39 037	23 300
With Social Security income	5	—	204	14	466	21	200	6
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	1 500	—	6 988	6 372	7 338	8 986	6 674	6 600
With public assistance income	—	—	72	26	173	23	52	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	—	3 723	4 459	2 805	2 929	2 768	—
With retirement income	—	—	98	2	224	11	103	6
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	—	8 684	12 000	4 648	1 200	6 862	4 080
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	49 690	—	32 546	18 023	29 087	17 099	43 013	23 300
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 000	—	29 786	13 382	29 829	9 732	38 984	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	77 591	—	35 629	24 563	27 754	31 324	47 225	23 300
Married-couple families (dollars)	49 375	—	35 379	22 303	32 574	25 042	45 113	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 000	—	35 800	17 517	35 552	17 451	41 928	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	100 000	—	34 987	32 832	27 501	31 324	48 339	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	50 700	—	14 214	8 624	16 298	3 943	19 340	23 300
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	6 929	3 276	12 085	3 943	13 187	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	50 700	—	63 021	18 250	28 162	—	27 707	23 300
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	21	—	635	53	1 688	85	720	8
Householder worked in 1989	21	—	532	37	1 442	56	634	8
With related children under 18 years	10	—	346	31	1 095	56	386	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	190	15	507	29	134	—
Married-couple families	16	—	550	32	1 268	53	620	—
Householder worked in 1989	16	—	471	30	1 112	42	552	—
With related children under 18 years	10	—	276	22	801	24	317	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	134	6	411	18	111	—
Female householder, no husband present	5	—	77	14	290	32	59	8
Householder worked in 1989	5	—	53	7	221	14	41	8
With related children under 18 years	—	—	67	9	222	32	47	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	53	9	79	11	23	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	8	—	265	42	1 097	53	208	6
Nonfamily householder	8	—	203	30	710	22	145	6
65 years and over	—	—	32	3	152	10	50	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	75	—	2 222	200	6 467	300	2 556	21
Persons under 18 years	20	—	667	52	2 063	110	760	—
Related children under 18 years	20	—	667	49	2 048	110	756	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	20	—	387	37	1 366	92	580	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	221	14	489	32	195	6
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	65	5	198	10	36	—
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	—	—	95	12	187	32	37	—
Percent below poverty level	—	—	15.0	22.6	11.1	37.6	5.1	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	56	10	114	14	28	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	78	12	168	32	28	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	62	12	56	11	17	—
Married-couple families	—	—	27	3	84	—	26	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	6	3	60	—	17	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	14	3	65	—	17	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	6	3	22	—	6	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	65	9	90	32	11	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	47	7	41	14	11	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	61	9	90	32	11	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	53	9	34	11	11	—
Unrelated individuals	—	—	62	23	251	16	34	—
Nonfamily householder	—	—	33	14	105	3	7	—
65 years and over	—	—	9	—	47	—	7	—
Persons	—	—	357	58	870	123	186	—
Percent below poverty level	—	—	16.1	29.0	13.5	41.0	7.3	—
Persons under 18 years	—	—	162	23	351	75	91	—
Related children under 18 years	—	—	162	20	344	75	87	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	81	9	262	68	66	—
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	13	—	54	—	25	—
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	23	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	—	177	34	425	96	89	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	—	—	624	115	1 339	160	317	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	37	—	1 004	151	2 653	253	649	—



Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.							
	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	—	1 456	1 063	1 414	988	2 844	972	3 406
Less than \$5,000	—	47	64	54	36	127	26	81
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	148	79	118	78	300	66	234
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	123	102	148	118	265	90	274
\$15,000 to \$24,999	—	278	236	320	201	656	207	700
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	300	207	272	178	515	197	712
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	258	212	277	210	567	205	776
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	208	93	168	122	335	136	466
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	36	44	37	19	65	33	112
\$100,000 or more	—	58	26	20	26	14	12	51
Median (dollars)	—	29 718	27 382	27 428	27 850	26 360	29 778	31 090
Mean (dollars)	—	35 512	32 532	31 781	34 242	29 894	33 971	34 234
Families	—	1 124	876	1 166	819	2 289	795	2 651
Median income (dollars)	—	33 856	29 878	30 333	30 104	29 787	32 230	33 305
Males 15 years and over, with income	—	1 384	1 117	1 467	998	2 934	1 026	3 407
Median income (dollars)	—	20 368	18 826	16 847	19 155	18 191	20 152	20 842
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	61.6	64.3	57.7	57.4	54.2	62.0	60.7
Median income (dollars)	—	23 693	22 750	22 444	22 708	23 870	25 392	27 001
Females 15 years and over, with income	—	1 314	939	1 308	845	2 510	858	3 030
Median income (dollars)	—	9 943	7 470	9 097	8 412	8 045	8 601	9 787
Percent year-round full-time workers	—	33.3	33.7	37.4	35.9	33.1	34.4	41.5
Median income (dollars)	—	16 968	15 060	16 577	13 973	14 167	16 989	16 818
Per capita income (dollars)	—	12 645	11 173	10 370	11 785	9 736	11 531	12 133
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	—	1 456	1 063	1 414	988	2 844	972	3 406
With earnings	—	1 207	935	1 228	879	2 407	846	2 987
Mean earnings (dollars)	—	36 254	31 992	31 829	33 882	29 849	34 086	34 241
With Social Security income	—	399	237	338	227	590	216	742
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	7 194	7 349	8 121	7 208	7 153	7 344	8 041
With public assistance income	—	65	62	59	56	263	52	125
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	2 845	3 268	3 262	4 388	3 506	2 183	3 331
With retirement income	—	196	116	127	108	319	169	537
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	7 014	6 553	7 094	4 965	7 065	6 969	6 183
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	—	41 165	34 941	34 242	36 442	31 594	36 762	36 461
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	45 900	34 181	33 148	41 234	30 183	35 882	36 269
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	36 530	35 905	35 493	31 868	33 645	37 487	36 666
Married-couple families (dollars)	—	43 234	36 888	36 487	38 489	34 507	38 151	38 533
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	49 344	36 061	35 939	45 499	34 085	37 761	39 271
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	37 185	37 936	37 103	31 929	35 130	38 465	37 772
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	—	23 188	19 170	17 052	19 295	16 958	21 132	19 746
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	15 253	17 945	13 084	12 915	11 823	18 142	17 322
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	31 750	20 204	21 815	29 930	28 182	24 937	23 310
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	—	1 124	876	1 166	819	2 289	795	2 651
Householder worked in 1989	—	991	782	995	706	1 957	667	2 210
With related children under 18 years	—	571	511	646	426	1 454	389	1 447
With related children under 5 years	—	182	164	272	196	690	123	592
Married-couple families	—	1 005	777	1 023	693	1 848	721	2 300
Householder worked in 1989	—	889	707	895	603	1 637	618	1 931
With related children under 18 years	—	509	453	555	352	1 142	349	1 223
With related children under 5 years	—	168	155	249	178	577	111	520
Female householder, no husband present	—	79	59	110	72	309	50	252
Householder worked in 1989	—	65	43	74	56	207	25	188
With related children under 18 years	—	47	27	66	48	256	28	171
With related children under 5 years	—	11	6	11	12	83	10	49
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	—	383	236	322	227	799	238	1 061
Nonfamily householder	—	332	187	248	169	555	177	755
65 years and over	—	162	58	81	49	226	60	202
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	—	4 043	3 112	4 352	2 867	8 708	2 826	9 570
Persons under 18 years	—	1 227	954	1 391	845	2 917	790	2 778
Related children under 18 years	—	1 220	949	1 388	838	2 894	786	2 743
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	926	748	1 030	599	2 142	605	2 006
Persons 65 years and over	—	521	286	358	257	671	233	815
Persons 75 years and over	—	227	101	134	92	233	76	294
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	—	44	73	104	62	322	70	159
Percent below poverty level	—	3.9	8.3	8.9	7.6	14.1	8.8	6.0
Householder worked in 1989	—	28	56	71	37	179	33	94
With related children under 18 years	—	37	42	85	42	257	45	116
With related children under 5 years	—	18	23	40	20	119	20	58
Married-couple families	—	25	49	76	35	142	54	79
Householder worked in 1989	—	20	39	60	20	97	29	47
With related children under 18 years	—	18	24	59	17	110	34	46
With related children under 5 years	—	12	17	28	6	74	15	28
Female householder, no husband present	—	16	9	21	25	164	16	75
Householder worked in 1989	—	8	9	9	17	77	4	42
With related children under 18 years	—	16	7	21	23	142	11	65
With related children under 5 years	—	3	3	7	12	40	5	25
Unrelated individuals	—	91	76	75	36	244	61	205
Nonfamily householder	—	75	58	50	26	135	36	92
65 years and over	—	52	27	15	7	95	20	37
Persons	—	286	305	516	246	1 466	296	770
Percent below poverty level	—	7.1	9.8	11.9	8.6	16.8	10.5	8.0
Persons under 18 years	—	115	93	243	91	651	101	318
Related children under 18 years	—	108	88	243	84	639	99	283
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	72	58	169	63	478	70	197
Persons 65 years and over	—	61	67	26	28	137	43	61
Persons 75 years and over	—	45	33	24	14	48	9	32
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	69	101	129	96	413	79	307
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	—	453	428	774	523	1 933	382	1 246
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	—	1 236	1 185	1 673	952	3 767	881	2 847

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.						
	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Households	2 380	588	1 900	1 238	327	687	1 206
Less than \$5,000	86	21	102	73	16	84	70
\$5,000 to \$9,999	246	55	208	136	27	79	132
\$10,000 to \$14,999	233	34	129	179	34	45	185
\$15,000 to \$24,999	454	118	356	268	59	163	218
\$25,000 to \$34,999	397	86	353	233	55	170	198
\$35,000 to \$49,999	414	157	387	237	50	108	204
\$50,000 to \$74,999	358	80	303	81	64	28	127
\$75,000 to \$99,999	100	24	48	25	—	—	46
\$100,000 or more	92	13	14	6	22	10	26
Median (dollars)	28 922	31 339	28 648	23 221	29 821	22 629	24 896
Mean (dollars)	36 646	35 338	31 877	26 679	48 194	25 482	31 062
Families	1 926	464	1 409	978	250	527	953
Median income (dollars)	31 793	36 161	33 560	27 754	36 875	27 240	29 784
Males 15 years and over, with income	2 412	604	1 758	1 168	320	664	1 257
Median income (dollars)	19 601	19 750	21 382	16 318	19 531	17 598	16 269
Percent year-round full-time workers	61.0	67.5	59.0	60.8	56.9	60.8	58.3
Median income (dollars)	25 938	28 300	29 976	21 326	28 125	20 379	26 431
Females 15 years and over, with income	2 109	486	1 765	1 007	256	573	952
Median income (dollars)	8 426	7 696	9 098	7 193	10 870	5 591	7 333
Percent year-round full-time workers	34.2	36.2	33.7	34.7	43.4	24.1	36.2
Median income (dollars)	16 827	19 333	17 885	15 107	16 546	16 204	15 474
Per capita income (dollars)	12 248	12 494	11 388	9 663	18 476	10 225	10 951
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>							
Households	2 380	588	1 900	1 238	327	687	1 206
With earnings	2 070	528	1 609	1 036	301	584	1 059
Mean earnings (dollars)	36 451	35 068	33 064	26 304	47 782	24 536	31 599
With Social Security income	554	113	400	334	82	228	241
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 493	6 353	6 194	6 879	6 884	6 672	8 429
With public assistance income	117	41	86	83	13	36	63
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 226	4 139	3 315	2 176	3 142	4 344	2 672
With retirement income	242	60	237	138	36	76	113
Mean retirement income (dollars)	6 074	8 627	6 114	8 450	5 807	4 133	4 734
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>							
Families (dollars)	39 658	39 310	36 216	29 419	57 344	29 152	33 945
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	37 589	36 680	37 563	28 546	38 905	31 135	31 617
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	42 101	41 503	34 029	30 364	72 309	27 568	36 450
Married-couple families (dollars)	42 572	40 860	39 393	30 199	60 366	30 193	35 845
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 988	39 999	42 270	30 724	42 458	33 473	35 289
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	44 365	41 526	35 261	29 668	73 270	27 584	36 399
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	17 975	22 589	17 680	21 358	9 312	12 646	10 705
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 138	18 842	17 938	13 149	10 083	10 678	8 774
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 435	27 359	16 665	36 681	6 996	16 940	17 051
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>							
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>							
Families	1 926	464	1 409	978	250	527	953
Householder worked in 1989	1 668	422	1 257	823	228	450	819
With related children under 18 years	1 086	217	894	537	114	239	517
With related children under 5 years	414	112	306	185	49	109	199
Married-couple families	1 648	408	1 167	861	234	474	834
Householder worked in 1989	1 453	370	1 027	739	214	405	737
With related children under 18 years	906	182	697	444	98	210	432
With related children under 5 years	350	93	259	143	49	108	184
Female householder, no husband present	184	25	192	86	8	35	60
Householder worked in 1989	132	23	180	53	6	27	31
With related children under 18 years	127	14	166	64	8	27	49
With related children under 5 years	46	8	41	26	—	1	3
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	632	196	651	324	93	195	348
Nonfamily householder	454	124	491	260	77	160	253
65 years and over	200	49	188	124	19	75	75
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	7 042	1 636	5 156	3 394	852	1 769	3 421
Persons under 18 years	2 249	464	1 639	1 077	239	459	1 032
Related children under 18 years	2 240	463	1 639	1 065	239	459	1 026
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 683	361	1 240	799	149	299	785
Persons 65 years and over	682	131	439	388	99	306	329
Persons 75 years and over	295	47	184	137	34	146	126
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>							
Families	182	35	84	116	24	69	128
Percent below poverty level	9.4	7.5	6.0	11.9	9.6	13.1	13.4
Householder worked in 1989	132	19	71	86	17	48	82
With related children under 18 years	134	19	84	104	19	48	98
With related children under 5 years	67	14	47	54	2	27	42
Married-couple families	116	25	48	87	18	51	87
Householder worked in 1989	90	13	42	71	13	33	61
With related children under 18 years	77	11	48	75	13	30	59
With related children under 5 years	36	8	29	40	2	26	39
Female householder, no husband present	60	4	36	27	6	18	37
Householder worked in 1989	36	2	29	13	4	15	17
With related children under 18 years	51	2	36	27	6	18	35
With related children under 5 years	27	2	18	12	—	1	3
Unrelated individuals	146	53	136	107	19	95	91
Nonfamily householder	85	9	108	72	13	75	56
65 years and over	58	6	65	50	5	28	14
Persons	870	163	470	614	102	334	518
Percent below poverty level	12.4	10.0	9.1	18.1	12.0	18.9	15.1
Persons under 18 years	392	43	205	294	39	108	205
Related children under 18 years	385	42	205	291	39	108	202
Related children 5 to 17 years	277	28	132	201	35	75	155
Persons 65 years and over	85	9	65	65	15	56	29
Persons 75 years and over	59	6	28	30	13	42	21
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	263	66	93	205	66	85	206
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 258	254	720	879	133	442	722
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	2 550	537	1 557	1 415	262	733	1 348



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County					
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	117 367	117 367	53 871	518	681	3 515	2 288	8 537	4 621
Native	114 155	114 155	52 247	321	619	3 489	2 250	8 459	4 490
Foreign born	3 212	3 212	1 624	197	62	26	38	78	131
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	805	805	443	36	12	16	13	21	60
Persons 5 years and over	108 630	108 630	50 133	477	635	3 124	2 167	7 724	4 224
Speak a language other than English	11 339	11 339	5 050	350	174	309	112	537	502
Do not speak English "very well"	3 892	3 892	1 927	180	97	62	24	139	173
In linguistically isolated households	2 017	2 017	1 046	96	19	16	25	33	188
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	36 182	36 182	18 596	141	160	868	940	2 823	1 013
Preprimary school	2 384	2 384	983	4	5	61	24	200	32
Public school	1 814	1 814	603	4	5	46	7	120	32
Elementary or high school	20 906	20 906	8 166	126	121	635	190	1 555	784
Public school	19 882	19 882	7 608	115	118	577	190	1 467	745
College	12 892	12 892	9 447	11	34	172	726	1 068	197
Public college	12 213	12 213	9 102	11	34	166	709	998	164
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	70 936	70 936	31 369	320	458	2 186	1 295	4 686	2 981
Less than 9th grade	7 208	7 208	3 228	173	151	261	160	413	478
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	8 638	8 638	3 348	90	113	380	143	729	567
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	21 229	21 229	7 210	29	86	791	226	1 338	963
Some college, no degree	15 434	15 434	7 095	7	37	416	333	1 061	562
Associate degree	4 771	4 771	2 287	9	32	128	64	487	194
Bachelor's degree	8 942	8 942	5 155	12	39	126	313	435	175
Graduate or professional degree	4 714	4 714	3 046	—	—	84	56	223	42
Percent high school graduate or higher	77.7	77.7	79.0	17.8	42.4	70.7	76.6	75.6	64.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	19.3	19.3	26.1	3.8	8.5	9.6	28.5	14.0	7.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 240	1 240	1 015	1 615	1 600	1 578	561	1 209	1 491
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	108 630	108 630	50 133	477	635	3 124	2 167	7 724	4 224
Same house	51 191	51 191	20 185	20	335	1 405	630	2 893	1 839
Different house in United States	56 607	56 607	29 391	410	279	1 714	1 503	4 802	2 327
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	14 467	14 467	11 156	199	165	799	364	1 662	1 263
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	14 080	14 080	3 152	99	14	302	169	1 028	298
Different MSA/PMSA	19 507	19 507	10 210	83	42	348	697	1 136	478
Not in an MSA/PMSA	8 553	8 553	4 873	29	58	265	273	976	288
Abroad	832	832	557	47	21	5	34	29	58
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	56 296	56 296	26 166	196	279	1 487	1 047	4 286	1 975
Car, truck, or van	49 371	49 371	23 140	165	271	1 361	841	3 901	1 815
Drive alone	42 995	42 995	20 171	99	193	1 159	753	3 544	1 546
Carpooled	6 376	6 376	2 969	66	78	202	88	357	269
Public transportation	257	257	180	—	—	18	14	61	11
Other means	3 599	3 599	2 044	31	8	31	176	227	78
Worked at home	3 069	3 069	802	—	—	77	16	97	71
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.7	18.7	15.6	16.1	13.0	16.6	13.8	18.7	16.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	43 338	43 338	23 677	185	265	1 387	947	3 877	1 827
Central city	24 931	24 931	18 587	120	169	843	768	2 741	1 341
Outside central city	18 407	18 407	5 090	65	96	544	179	1 136	486
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	12 958	12 958	2 489	11	14	100	100	409	148
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	88 779	88 779	42 397	389	540	2 507	2 018	6 205	3 464
In labor force	60 500	60 500	28 144	214	350	1 608	1 172	4 672	2 150
Employed	57 326	57 326	26 679	196	291	1 487	1 089	4 373	1 993
Unemployed	3 132	3 132	1 448	18	59	121	77	299	157
Percent of civilian labor force	5.2	5.2	5.1	8.4	16.9	7.5	6.6	6.4	7.3
Females 16 years and over	45 914	45 914	22 442	170	239	1 278	1 061	3 418	1 844
Employed	25 989	25 989	12 610	57	103	635	453	2 278	923
Unemployed	1 252	1 252	612	—	13	66	21	98	27
With own children under 6 years	7 307	7 307	3 040	38	26	260	97	646	329
In labor force	4 694	4 694	1 999	12	11	158	57	467	158
With own children 6 to 17 years only	8 171	8 171	3 312	40	44	208	76	545	244
In labor force	6 498	6 498	2 718	24	25	152	49	442	186
Persons 16 to 19 years	7 693	7 693	4 230	45	22	159	158	404	192
Not enrolled in school	1 302	1 302	552	16	4	30	23	90	51
Unemployed or not in labor force	549	549	266	10	4	22	—	53	41
Not high school graduate	661	661	301	16	4	21	5	47	41
Employed	317	317	112	6	—	8	5	22	10
Unemployed	110	110	56	—	4	8	—	9	9
Not in labor force	234	234	133	10	—	5	—	16	22
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	67 712	67 712	32 367	257	347	1 747	1 417	4 971	2 438
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	51 043	51 043	22 963	220	272	1 393	907	3 795	1 916
50 to 52 weeks	35 182	35 182	14 764	88	126	1 043	479	2 522	1 382
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	75 733	75 733	35 722	348	403	2 119	1 502	5 585	2 723
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 963	1 963	886	16	4	126	24	182	55
With a mobility limitation	1 074	1 074	414	16	—	51	19	77	39
In labor force	268	268	131	10	—	10	9	22	11
With a self-care limitation	1 370	1 370	723	6	4	117	11	163	47
With a work disability	5 925	5 925	2 538	63	45	296	84	459	255
In labor force	2 886	2 886	1 239	24	15	96	57	236	113
Prevented from working	2 500	2 500	1 094	39	23	166	21	185	118
No work disability	69 808	69 808	33 184	285	358	1 823	1 418	5 126	2 468
In labor force	55 870	55 870	26 178	190	322	1 455	1 086	4 367	1 952
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	12 043	12 043	5 935	41	137	312	273	620	625
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 931	1 931	1 170	30	26	79	69	128	143
With a mobility limitation	1 499	1 499	818	30	20	50	64	98	64
With a self-care limitation	1 036	1 036	702	11	12	54	13	62	115



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.				Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	3 723	6 446	8 779	6 663	1 609	4 418	4 565	480
Native	3 658	6 244	8 537	6 432	1 521	4 339	4 029	283
Foreign born	65	202	242	231	88	79	536	197
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	6	33	52	50	69	11	143	36
Persons 5 years and over	3 448	5 868	8 107	6 141	1 500	4 346	4 064	439
Speak a language other than English	364	887	724	813	258	261	1 686	350
Do not speak English "very well"	107	268	242	250	114	90	807	180
In linguistically isolated households	13	81	97	143	124	20	469	96
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 062	1 911	2 304	1 896	491	3 603	1 129	141
Preprimary school	90	194	205	153	14	37	78	4
Public school	58	188	179	134	8	30	67	4
Elementary or high school	714	1 324	1 685	1 424	107	147	784	126
Public school	667	1 281	1 600	1 397	107	147	748	115
College	258	393	414	319	370	3 419	267	11
Public college	240	378	327	311	363	3 368	233	11
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	2 448	3 905	5 617	4 104	986	828	2 438	287
Less than 9th grade	190	522	448	558	273	69	692	167
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	244	521	848	517	141	88	445	84
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	758	1 343	2 140	1 398	182	143	593	8
Some college, no degree	474	846	1 220	843	182	211	392	7
Associate degree	189	228	355	185	25	72	144	9
Bachelor's degree	359	357	449	461	130	153	103	12
Graduate or professional degree	234	88	157	142	53	92	69	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	82.3	73.3	76.9	73.8	58.0	81.0	53.4	12.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	24.2	11.4	10.8	14.7	18.6	29.6	7.1	4.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 377	1 683	1 360	1 498	758	171	1 403	1 688
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	3 448	5 868	8 107	6 141	1 500	4 346	4 064	439
Same house	1 932	2 828	4 304	3 453	250	340	1 402	20
Different house in United States	1 491	2 984	3 784	2 657	1 230	3 940	2 496	372
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	348	18	14	182	521	214	1 194	191
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	726	1 127	1 497	1 091	181	87	311	69
Different MSA/PMSA	226	1 381	1 993	1 151	352	2 893	692	83
Not in an MSA/PMSA	191	458	280	233	176	746	299	29
Abroad	25	56	19	31	20	66	166	47
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	1 792	2 886	4 346	3 108	552	1 923	1 920	170
Car, truck, or van	1 528	2 507	3 852	2 652	443	1 088	1 729	147
Drive alone	1 376	2 045	3 326	2 313	389	951	1 226	81
Carpooled	152	462	526	339	54	137	503	66
Public transportation	6	11	11	7	—	13	15	—
Other means	134	161	192	198	98	786	122	23
Worked at home	124	207	291	251	11	36	54	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.5	23.4	26.0	23.7	12.9	9.9	15.2	17.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 692	1 125	1 190	1 731	522	1 739	1 784	159
Central city	680	63	43	355	448	1 551	1 274	102
Outside central city	1 012	1 062	1 147	1 376	74	188	510	57
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	100	1 761	3 156	1 377	30	184	136	11
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	2 766	4 567	6 586	4 805	1 409	4 208	3 286	351
In labor force	1 875	3 226	4 737	3 336	683	2 158	2 145	188
Employed	1 805	2 951	4 472	3 162	576	1 983	1 985	170
Unemployed	68	269	260	174	107	175	160	18
Percent of civilian labor force	3.6	8.4	5.5	5.2	15.7	8.1	7.5	9.6
Females 16 years and over	1 443	2 292	3 323	2 433	717	2 265	1 659	153
Employed	790	1 267	1 976	1 380	265	1 145	763	52
Unemployed	27	91	109	67	45	44	87	—
With own children under 6 years	208	526	580	460	89	89	394	38
In labor force	151	282	413	328	45	49	228	12
With own children 6 to 17 years only	311	444	667	509	8	54	246	40
In labor force	235	326	558	375	8	47	182	24
Persons 16 to 19 years	207	333	545	378	54	1 734	262	45
Not enrolled in school	25	96	131	69	8	29	99	16
Unemployed or not in labor force	12	22	47	27	—	—	58	10
Not high school graduate	16	64	45	28	—	8	99	16
Employed	7	47	23	15	—	8	41	6
Unemployed	9	—	4	3	—	—	20	—
Not in labor force	—	17	18	10	—	—	38	10
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 123	3 488	5 086	3 620	942	3 777	2 373	231
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 668	2 793	4 074	2 874	620	1 842	1 774	194
50 to 52 weeks	1 225	1 863	3 104	2 060	283	296	1 038	68
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 263	4 009	5 820	4 082	968	4 024	2 896	310
With a mobility or self-care limitation	31	139	114	155	60	58	122	16
With a mobility limitation	22	111	94	59	23	7	61	16
In labor force	2	38	23	20	—	7	8	10
With a self-care limitation	23	58	58	129	52	58	76	6
With a work disability	103	434	530	326	123	87	398	63
In labor force	54	268	250	178	33	52	124	24
Prevented from working	36	158	230	115	78	18	240	39
Na work disability	2 160	3 575	5 290	3 756	845	3 937	2 498	247
In labor force	1 742	2 864	4 380	3 061	645	2 084	1 993	164
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	501	552	761	656	338	113	390	41
With a mobility or self-care limitation	41	85	73	79	123	32	106	30
With a mobility limitation	41	73	68	64	107	22	82	30
With a self-care limitation	24	34	50	39	81	17	92	11



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.		Remainder of Weld County					
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 17	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	681	3 155	5 382	3 639	3 893	6 432	8 779	6 663
Native	619	3 120	5 339	3 574	3 770	6 230	8 537	6 432
Foreign born	62	35	43	65	123	202	242	231
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	12	9	12	6	43	33	52	50
Persons 5 years and over	635	2 841	4 883	3 384	3 594	5 854	8 107	6 141
Speak a language other than English	174	206	331	364	615	887	724	813
Do not speak English "very well"	97	60	79	107	189	268	242	250
In linguistically isolated households	19	9	24	13	131	81	97	143
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	160	1 311	1 512	1 048	1 151	1 911	2 304	1 896
Preprimary school	5	90	110	84	88	194	205	153
Public school	5	32	88	58	82	188	179	134
Elementary or high school	121	566	989	714	841	1 324	1 685	1 424
Public school	118	548	919	667	821	1 281	1 600	1 397
College	34	655	413	250	222	393	414	319
Public college	34	617	381	232	212	378	327	311
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	458	1 453	3 233	2 384	2 338	3 891	5 617	4 104
Less than 9th grade	151	96	317	190	294	522	448	558
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	113	288	441	244	314	521	848	517
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	86	303	1 035	752	834	1 329	2 140	1 398
Some college, no degree	37	344	717	459	471	846	1 220	843
Associate degree	32	197	290	161	149	228	355	185
Bachelor's degree	39	144	291	359	194	357	449	461
Graduate or professional degree	—	81	142	219	82	88	157	142
Percent high school graduate or higher	42.4	73.6	76.6	81.8	74.0	73.2	76.9	73.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	8.5	15.5	13.4	24.2	11.8	11.4	10.8	14.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 600	1 020	1 343	1 388	1 364	1 683	1 360	1 498
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	635	2 841	4 883	3 384	3 594	5 854	8 107	6 141
Some house	335	963	1 930	1 899	2 166	2 814	4 304	3 453
Different house in United States	279	1 869	2 933	1 460	1 402	2 984	3 784	2 657
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	165	640	1 022	332	312	18	14	182
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	14	248	780	726	649	1 127	1 497	1 091
Different MSA/PMSA	42	532	604	211	251	1 381	1 993	1 151
Not in an MSA/PMSA	58	449	527	191	190	458	280	233
Abroad	21	9	20	25	26	56	19	31
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	279	1 670	2 616	1 728	1 868	2 879	4 346	3 108
Car, truck, or van	271	1 503	2 398	1 486	1 647	2 500	3 852	2 652
Drive alone	193	1 315	2 229	1 334	1 399	2 038	3 326	2 313
Carpooled	78	188	169	152	248	462	526	339
Public transportation	—	43	18	6	—	11	11	7
Other means	8	107	120	134	115	161	192	198
Worked at home	—	17	80	102	106	207	291	251
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	13.0	20.0	17.9	15.4	18.6	23.4	26.0	23.7
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	265	1 504	2 373	1 628	1 652	1 125	1 190	1 731
Central city	169	1 135	1 606	623	694	63	43	355
Outside central city	96	369	767	1 005	958	1 062	1 147	1 376
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	14	166	243	100	216	1 754	3 156	1 377
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	540	2 309	3 896	2 702	2 800	4 553	6 586	4 805
In labor force	350	1 815	2 857	1 811	1 988	3 219	4 737	3 336
Employed	291	1 692	2 681	1 741	1 889	2 944	4 472	3 162
Unemployed	59	123	176	68	94	269	260	174
Percent of civilian labor force	16.9	6.8	6.2	3.8	4.7	8.4	5.5	5.2
Females 16 years and over	239	1 333	2 085	1 407	1 407	2 285	3 323	2 433
Employed	103	966	1 312	754	820	1 267	1 976	1 380
Unemployed	13	70	28	27	47	91	109	67
With own children under 6 years	26	198	448	192	244	526	580	460
In labor force	11	163	304	135	150	282	413	328
With own children 6 to 17 years only	44	200	345	311	320	444	667	509
In labor force	25	169	273	235	251	326	558	375
Persons 16 to 19 years	22	179	225	207	241	333	545	378
Not enrolled in school	4	39	51	25	61	96	131	69
Unemployed or not in labor force	4	25	28	12	20	22	47	27
Not high school graduate	4	14	33	16	31	64	45	28
Employed	—	—	15	7	19	47	23	15
Unemployed	4	—	9	9	10	—	4	3
Not in labor force	—	7	9	—	2	17	18	10
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	347	1 938	3 033	2 059	2 147	3 481	5 086	3 620
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	272	1 285	2 510	1 633	1 707	2 786	4 074	2 874
50 to 52 weeks	126	776	1 746	1 197	1 223	1 856	3 104	2 060
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	403	2 154	3 431	2 206	2 447	3 995	5 820	4 082
With a mobility or self-care limitation	4	72	110	31	90	139	114	155
With a mobility limitation	—	33	44	22	37	111	94	59
In labor force	—	19	3	2	4	38	23	20
With a self-care limitation	4	72	91	23	63	58	58	129
With a work disability	45	200	259	103	187	434	530	326
In labor force	15	120	116	54	77	268	250	178
Prevented from working	23	67	118	36	87	158	230	115
No work disability	358	1 954	3 172	2 103	2 260	3 561	5 290	3 756
In labor force	322	1 681	2 686	1 685	1 861	2 857	4 380	3 061
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	137	155	465	494	348	552	761	656
With a mobility or self-care limitation	26	24	104	41	36	85	73	79
With a mobility limitation	20	11	87	41	34	73	68	64
With a self-care limitation	12	24	38	24	22	34	50	39



**Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County					
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	57 326	57 326	26 679	196	291	1 487	1 089	4 373	1 993
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	5 967	5 967	3 272	8	11	218	101	408	93
Professional specialty occupations.....	6 785	6 785	3 965	—	19	82	147	450	123
Technicians and related support occupations.....	1 842	1 842	852	6	4	26	34	133	37
Sales occupations.....	6 284	6 284	3 577	—	23	102	134	517	238
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	8 935	8 935	4 266	—	12	220	134	904	300
Private household occupations.....	249	249	132	6	3	—	—	30	17
Protective service occupations.....	827	827	428	—	—	11	13	78	29
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	6 436	6 436	3 368	17	57	201	184	676	244
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	4 092	4 092	476	22	6	141	12	119	71
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	6 926	6 926	2 742	74	64	163	119	458	348
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	3 447	3 447	1 290	18	21	72	79	222	189
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	3 139	3 139	1 109	18	15	158	72	241	145
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	2 397	2 397	1 202	27	56	93	60	137	159
INCOME IN 1989									
Households.....	43 336	43 336	20 793	170	313	1 288	968	3 450	1 830
Less than \$5,000.....	2 440	2 440	1 515	27	28	71	108	272	86
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	4 688	4 688	2 544	52	46	129	162	510	279
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	4 649	4 649	2 370	34	46	178	201	561	286
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	8 740	8 740	4 261	12	108	313	226	706	443
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	7 735	7 735	3 438	28	68	268	112	639	377
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	7 643	7 643	3 218	6	13	184	110	473	255
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	5 296	5 296	2 388	5	—	94	41	241	93
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	1 207	1 207	564	—	4	29	—	31	11
\$100,000 or more.....	938	938	495	6	—	22	8	17	—
Median (dollars).....	26 317	26 317	24 198	11 364	17 401	23 474	15 369	20 668	21 014
Mean (dollars).....	31 790	31 790	30 584	17 652	18 587	27 590	20 247	24 068	23 067
Families.....	30 674	30 674	13 171	136	175	977	362	2 130	1 251
Median income (dollars).....	31 671	31 671	31 696	12 273	21 033	26 211	20 882	24 587	25 343
Per capita income (dollars).....	11 895	11 895	12 074	6 735	8 155	10 132	9 334	9 749	9 238
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households.....	43 336	43 336	20 793	170	313	1 288	968	3 450	1 830
With earnings.....	36 435	36 435	17 025	119	230	1 084	759	3 059	1 446
Mean earnings (dollars).....	31 563	31 563	29 962	20 731	19 068	26 537	18 959	23 817	23 558
With Social Security income.....	10 144	10 144	4 909	41	115	288	228	620	567
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 405	7 405	7 404	5 853	6 435	6 810	6 290	6 742	7 330
With public assistance income.....	2 524	2 524	1 332	24	23	151	46	270	136
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	3 448	3 448	3 668	4 639	2 527	3 506	2 537	2 879	2 784
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars).....	36 931	36 931	37 774	18 515	21 095	30 146	23 636	27 602	26 845
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	36 039	36 039	36 088	11 313	16 975	29 101	23 208	27 775	24 158
Married-couple families (dollars).....	39 931	39 931	41 819	22 575	22 045	33 008	26 548	32 486	28 807
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	40 848	40 848	42 676	14 990	19 071	35 617	27 823	36 036	26 987
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	18 851	18 851	19 188	11 257	16 795	13 386	15 636	14 611	17 723
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	14 636	14 636	14 889	3 040	3 130	8 914	10 350	11 654	12 463
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families.....	30 674	30 674	13 171	136	175	977	362	2 130	1 251
Householder worked in 1989.....	25 950	25 950	10 911	93	132	767	295	1 805	1 045
With related children under 18 years.....	16 313	16 313	6 819	88	81	542	168	1 321	601
With related children under 5 years.....	6 638	6 638	2 813	43	24	259	85	649	302
Married-couple families.....	25 743	25 743	10 663	84	143	828	257	1 473	984
Householder worked in 1989.....	22 058	22 058	8 933	54	109	687	202	1 284	811
With related children under 18 years.....	12 989	12 989	5 113	54	66	408	113	831	444
With related children under 5 years.....	5 459	5 459	2 143	31	14	167	76	457	245
Female householder, no husband present.....	3 545	3 545	1 896	29	23	121	78	452	227
Householder worked in 1989.....	2 635	2 635	1 421	16	18	52	66	347	194
With related children under 18 years.....	2 538	2 538	1 360	24	10	111	48	357	127
With related children under 5 years.....	895	895	520	12	5	77	9	142	41
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	17 848	17 848	11 055	88	179	419	1 027	1 905	737
Nonfamily householder.....	12 662	12 662	7 622	34	138	311	606	1 320	579
65 years and over.....	3 832	3 832	2 114	12	56	46	164	190	277
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	113 346	113 346	50 461	518	681	3 430	2 030	8 478	4 487
Persons under 18 years.....	31 016	31 016	12 341	148	156	1 094	300	2 462	1 187
Related children under 18 years.....	30 790	30 790	12 222	148	156	1 088	285	2 451	1 187
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	22 179	22 179	8 542	107	110	697	164	1 656	790
Persons 65 years and over.....	12 043	12 043	5 935	41	137	312	273	620	625
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families.....	2 718	2 718	1 300	62	30	149	67	310	144
Percent below poverty level.....	8.9	8.9	9.9	45.6	17.1	15.3	18.5	14.6	11.5
Householder worked in 1989.....	1 768	1 768	877	37	27	75	46	199	93
With related children under 18 years.....	2 123	2 123	1 051	58	27	126	40	276	103
With related children under 5 years.....	1 124	1 124	605	24	5	103	18	124	58
Married-couple families.....	1 295	1 295	481	24	20	51	18	92	66
Householder worked in 1989.....	873	873	324	12	17	29	9	59	48
With related children under 18 years.....	856	856	325	24	17	32	9	67	48
With related children under 5 years.....	462	462	181	12	—	23	9	33	29
Female householder, no husband present.....	1 252	1 252	707	24	10	95	44	190	78
Householder worked in 1989.....	750	750	451	11	10	43	32	112	45
With related children under 18 years.....	1 131	1 131	638	24	10	91	31	181	55
With related children under 5 years.....	589	589	374	12	5	77	9	76	29
Unrelated individuals.....	5 889	5 889	4 285	53	64	101	469	626	195
Nonfamily householder.....	3 261	3 261	2 322	26	44	41	200	344	119
65 years and over.....	982	982	501	12	25	16	25	57	59
Persons.....	15 416	15 416	8 735	284	164	621	633	1 680	674
Percent below poverty level.....	13.6	13.6	17.3	54.8	24.1	18.1	31.2	19.8	15.0
Persons under 18 years.....	5 041	5 041	2 395	110	47	323	77	596	231
Related children under 18 years.....	4 861	4 861	2 295	110	47	317	67	593	231
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	3 245	3 245	1 466	90	47	191	51	398	178
Persons 65 years and over.....	1 389	1 389	630	12	25	32	25	101	59
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	6 402	6 402	4 108	96	43	274	336	720	249
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	21 248	21 248	11 272	342	233	862	838	2 279	1 057



Table 21. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.				Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	1 805	2 951	4 472	3 162	576	1 983	1 985	170
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	151	300	381	306	67	115	85	—
Professional specialty occupations .....	260	226	382	298	47	271	99	—
Technicians and related support occupations .....	48	62	165	112	9	33	52	6
Sales occupations .....	165	279	397	261	79	269	193	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	337	443	741	400	105	366	222	—
Private household occupations .....	8	7	24	10	—	7	22	6
Protective service occupations .....	11	33	110	47	7	41	10	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	128	288	416	352	122	558	240	17
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	272	233	246	395	—	40	49	22
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	182	442	800	410	39	85	406	69
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	114	227	389	233	35	65	273	12
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	87	235	269	190	14	95	122	11
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	42	176	152	148	52	38	212	27
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households .....	1 373	2 238	3 147	2 246	911	826	1 733	151
Less than \$5,000 .....	41	101	67	75	141	182	222	27
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	142	195	205	231	310	208	319	52
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	104	190	244	223	133	73	254	34
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	236	533	619	410	200	183	379	12
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	302	423	668	375	53	79	280	20
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	246	481	733	388	34	72	187	6
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	208	267	452	356	28	29	59	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	36	42	108	96	7	—	33	—
\$100,000 or more .....	58	6	51	92	5	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	30 794	26 953	31 879	29 444	10 118	12 054	16 419	9 413
Mean (dollars) .....	36 684	30 232	34 969	37 356	15 411	16 218	20 680	12 854
Families .....	1 071	1 737	2 425	1 813	205	272	1 106	125
Median income (dollars) .....	34 693	30 982	34 255	32 395	15 417	17 500	20 878	11 023
Per capita income (dollars) .....	13 366	10 679	12 590	12 665	9 609	4 699	7 779	4 971
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households .....	1 373	2 238	3 147	2 246	911	826	1 733	151
With earnings .....	1 135	1 872	2 752	1 954	597	736	1 352	100
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	37 575	30 259	34 992	37 122	15 620	13 914	21 899	14 869
With Social Security income .....	377	485	689	517	281	97	355	36
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 327	7 457	8 281	7 634	5 939	7 589	6 771	6 458
With public assistance income .....	54	164	100	93	114	35	330	24
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 697	3 952	2 981	3 219	3 987	2 377	4 107	4 639
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars) .....	42 508	32 607	37 533	40 446	19 182	22 070	24 274	13 316
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	47 866	31 175	37 781	40 508	18 627	15 141	21 242	11 313
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	43 776	35 461	39 226	43 379	23 922	21 588	28 314	16 619
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	50 234	35 616	40 240	41 998	28 680	18 523	29 033	14 990
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	25 724	16 917	20 620	17 708	8 834	25 876	11 792	3 040
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	16 918	10 564	19 094	16 580	5 123	4 612	6 444	3 040
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families .....	1 071	1 737	2 425	1 813	205	272	1 106	125
Householder worked in 1989 .....	955	1 457	2 019	1 574	141	199	863	82
With related children under 18 years .....	526	1 047	1 277	1 005	122	146	685	88
With related children under 5 years .....	177	531	511	386	92	78	386	43
Married-couple families .....	990	1 429	2 149	1 555	147	198	767	78
Householder worked in 1989 .....	879	1 230	1 797	1 373	107	159	635	48
With related children under 18 years .....	489	810	1 109	841	64	114	440	54
With related children under 5 years .....	172	438	465	328	64	65	191	31
Female householder, no husband present .....	60	213	208	173	38	50	259	24
Householder worked in 1989 .....	55	145	159	124	24	21	148	11
With related children under 18 years .....	32	181	138	117	38	27	196	24
With related children under 5 years .....	5	63	38	44	18	8	157	12
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	336	685	990	593	886	1 136	894	80
Nonfamily householder .....	302	501	722	433	706	554	627	26
65 years and over .....	150	177	190	188	233	32	161	12
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	3 713	6 370	8 733	6 565	1 499	1 889	4 484	480
Persons under 18 years .....	1 077	1 995	2 436	2 056	193	209	1 326	148
Related children under 18 years .....	1 070	1 990	2 403	2 049	193	209	1 294	148
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	795	1 424	1 738	1 534	84	137	821	107
Persons 65 years and over .....	501	552	761	656	338	113	390	41
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families .....	32	186	118	154	68	92	260	62
Percent below poverty level .....	3.0	10.7	4.9	8.5	33.2	33.8	23.5	49.6
Householder worked in 1989 .....	22	75	65	113	44	71	155	37
With related children under 18 years .....	25	133	81	116	59	71	236	58
With related children under 5 years .....	14	64	42	51	35	28	185	24
Married-couple families .....	22	66	65	96	16	53	64	24
Householder worked in 1989 .....	17	21	39	77	16	38	32	12
With related children under 18 years .....	15	34	28	67	7	39	48	24
With related children under 5 years .....	11	26	24	26	7	15	26	12
Female householder, no husband present .....	10	110	51	58	32	27	176	24
Householder worked in 1989 .....	5	49	24	36	18	21	103	11
With related children under 18 years .....	10	94	41	49	32	27	168	24
With related children under 5 years .....	3	33	16	25	18	8	139	12
Unrelated individuals .....	79	170	186	129	413	798	360	53
Nonfamily householder .....	69	95	84	74	284	353	211	26
65 years and over .....	46	55	30	50	63	9	40	12
Persons .....	223	762	600	745	639	1 051	1 378	284
Percent below poverty level .....	6.0	12.0	6.9	11.3	42.6	55.6	30.7	59.2
Persons under 18 years .....	79	287	231	335	110	96	594	110
Related children under 18 years .....	72	282	198	330	110	96	571	110
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	46	185	136	240	57	67	289	90
Persons 65 years and over .....	55	85	50	74	77	9	58	12
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	23	197	241	248	364	562	796	96
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	309	1 027	993	1 078	759	1 211	1 712	342



Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.		Remainder of Weld County					
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 17	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	291	1 692	2 681	1 741	1 889	2 944	4 472	3 162
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	11	176	232	144	158	293	381	306
Professional specialty occupations	19	147	303	260	180	226	382	298
Technicians and related support occupations	4	41	92	48	36	62	165	112
Sales occupations	23	214	303	151	161	279	397	261
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	12	357	547	313	267	443	741	400
Private household occupations	3	9	21	8	—	7	24	10
Protective service occupations	—	38	40	11	46	33	110	47
Service occupations, except protective and household	57	311	365	128	175	288	416	352
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	6	33	86	258	284	233	246	395
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	64	127	331	182	217	442	800	410
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	21	96	126	114	148	227	389	233
Transportation and material moving occupations	15	62	179	87	134	235	269	190
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	56	81	56	37	83	176	152	148
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	313	1 406	2 044	1 345	1 300	2 231	3 147	2 246
Less than \$5,000	28	210	62	41	44	101	67	75
\$5,000 to \$9,999	46	234	276	142	113	195	205	231
\$10,000 to \$14,999	46	254	307	104	132	190	244	223
\$15,000 to \$24,999	108	330	376	228	298	533	619	410
\$25,000 to \$34,999	68	180	459	289	231	416	668	375
\$35,000 to \$49,999	13	132	341	239	262	481	733	388
\$50,000 to \$74,999	—	58	183	208	163	267	452	356
\$75,000 to \$99,999	4	—	31	36	37	42	108	96
\$100,000 or more	—	8	9	58	20	6	51	92
Median (dollars)	17 401	15 116	25 018	30 688	27 675	26 885	31 879	29 444
Mean (dollars)	18 587	19 164	27 442	36 740	32 380	30 233	34 969	37 356
Families	175	742	1 388	1 043	1 062	1 730	2 425	1 813
Median income (dollars)	21 033	19 891	27 088	34 977	30 709	30 962	34 255	32 395
Per capita income (dollars)	8 155	8 551	10 451	13 406	10 861	10 670	12 590	12 665
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	313	1 406	2 044	1 345	1 300	2 231	3 147	2 246
With earnings	230	1 296	1 763	1 107	1 118	1 865	2 752	1 954
Mean earnings (dollars)	19 068	18 898	27 433	37 720	32 617	30 260	34 992	37 122
With Social Security income	115	202	418	377	320	485	689	517
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 435	5 219	7 477	7 327	8 291	7 457	8 281	7 634
With public assistance income	23	124	146	54	49	164	100	93
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 527	3 056	2 730	2 697	3 461	3 952	2 981	3 219
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	21 095	22 536	30 310	42 736	35 054	32 617	37 533	40 446
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	16 975	20 644	32 041	48 488	34 089	31 175	37 781	38 508
Married-couple families (dollars)	22 045	30 025	33 455	44 059	37 397	35 488	39 226	43 379
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 071	30 562	38 077	50 983	37 139	35 616	40 240	41 998
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 795	11 165	18 690	25 724	16 993	16 917	20 620	17 708
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	3 130	10 268	13 601	16 918	13 673	10 564	19 094	16 580
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	175	742	1 388	1 043	1 062	1 730	2 425	1 813
Householder worked in 1989	132	624	1 181	927	898	1 450	2 019	1 574
With related children under 18 years	81	502	819	511	573	1 047	1 277	1 005
With related children under 5 years	24	246	403	162	226	531	511	386
Married-couple families	143	416	1 057	962	932	1 422	2 149	1 555
Householder worked in 1989	109	364	920	851	809	1 223	1 797	1 373
With related children under 18 years	66	230	601	474	487	810	1 109	841
With related children under 5 years	14	129	328	157	205	438	465	328
Female householder, no husband present	23	245	207	60	97	213	208	173
Householder worked in 1989	18	189	158	55	63	145	159	124
With related children under 18 years	10	211	146	32	61	181	138	117
With related children under 5 years	5	84	58	5	9	63	38	44
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	179	943	962	336	302	685	990	593
Nonfamily householder	138	664	656	302	238	501	722	433
65 years and over	56	45	145	150	81	177	190	188
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	681	3 155	5 323	3 629	3 890	6 356	8 733	6 565
Persons under 18 years	156	902	1 560	1 057	1 199	1 995	2 436	2 056
Related children under 18 years	156	902	1 549	1 050	1 196	1 990	2 403	2 049
Related children 5 to 17 years	110	588	1 068	795	900	1 424	1 738	1 534
Persons 65 years and over	137	155	465	494	348	552	761	656
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	30	197	113	32	86	186	118	154
Percent below poverty level	17.1	26.5	8.1	3.1	8.1	10.8	4.9	8.5
Householder worked in 1989	27	137	62	22	58	75	65	113
With related children under 18 years	27	176	100	25	70	133	81	116
With related children under 5 years	5	90	34	14	30	64	42	51
Married-couple families	20	44	48	22	60	66	65	96
Householder worked in 1989	17	26	33	17	47	21	39	77
With related children under 18 years	17	32	35	15	46	34	38	67
With related children under 5 years	—	25	8	11	20	26	24	26
Female householder, no husband present	10	138	52	10	19	110	51	58
Householder worked in 1989	10	96	16	5	9	49	24	36
With related children under 18 years	10	129	52	10	19	94	41	49
With related children under 5 years	5	50	26	3	5	33	16	25
Unrelated individuals	64	393	233	79	65	170	186	129
Nonfamily householder	44	239	105	69	42	95	84	74
65 years and over	25	10	47	46	15	55	30	50
Persons	164	1 059	621	223	432	762	600	745
Percent below poverty level	24.1	33.6	11.7	6.1	11.1	12.0	6.9	11.3
Persons under 18 years	47	380	216	79	197	287	231	335
Related children under 18 years	47	380	213	72	197	282	198	330
Related children 5 to 17 years	47	242	156	46	134	185	136	240
Persons 65 years and over	25	47	54	55	26	85	50	74
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	43	434	286	23	100	197	241	248
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	233	1 302	977	309	656	1 027	993	1 078



**Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>		
All persons .....	<b>524</b>	<b>524</b>
Native .....	502	502
Foreign born .....	22	22
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>		
Linguistically isolated households .....	11	11
Persons 5 years and over .....	<b>436</b>	<b>436</b>
Speak a language other than English .....	25	25
Do not speak English "very well" .....	11	11
In linguistically isolated households .....	11	11
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>		
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	<b>223</b>	<b>223</b>
Preprimary school .....	10	10
Public school .....	5	5
Elementary or high school .....	75	75
Public school .....	72	72
College .....	138	138
Public college .....	138	138
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>		
Persons 25 years and over .....	<b>215</b>	<b>215</b>
Less than 9th grade .....	11	11
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	24	24
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	42	42
Some college, no degree .....	71	71
Associate degree .....	—	—
Bachelor's degree .....	20	20
Graduate or professional degree .....	47	47
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	83.7	83.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	31.2	31.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>		
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	800	800
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>		
Persons 5 years and over .....	<b>436</b>	<b>436</b>
Same house .....	61	61
Different house in United States .....	375	375
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	108	108
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	25	25
Different MSA/PMSA .....	231	231
Not in on MSA/PMSA .....	11	11
Abroad .....	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>		
Workers 16 years and over .....	<b>219</b>	<b>219</b>
Car, truck, or van .....	154	154
Drove alone .....	127	127
Carpooled .....	27	27
Public transportation .....	3	3
Other means .....	60	60
Worked at home .....	2	2
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	13.3	13.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	192	192
Central city .....	121	121
Outside central city .....	71	71
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	27	27
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>		
Persons 16 years and over .....	<b>366</b>	<b>366</b>
In labor force .....	254	254
Employed .....	242	242
Unemployed .....	12	12
Percent of civilian labor force .....	4.7	4.7
Females 16 years and over .....	<b>96</b>	<b>96</b>
Employed .....	44	44
Unemployed .....	—	—
With own children under 6 years .....	10	10
In labor force .....	5	5
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	7	7
In labor force .....	7	7
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	<b>86</b>	<b>86</b>
Not enrolled in school .....	17	17
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	9	9
Not high school graduate .....	—	—
Employed .....	—	—
Unemployed .....	—	—
Not in labor force .....	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>		
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	<b>289</b>	<b>289</b>
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	200	200
50 to 52 weeks .....	108	108
<b>DISABILITY</b>		
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	<b>328</b>	<b>328</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	4	4
With a mobility limitation .....	4	4
In labor force .....	—	—
With a self-care limitation .....	4	4
With a work disability .....	9	9
In labor force .....	3	3
Prevented from working .....	6	6
No work disability .....	319	319
In labor force .....	251	251
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	2	2
With a mobility limitation .....	2	2
With a self-care limitation .....	2	2

Table 23. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>OCCUPATION</b>		
Employed persons 16 years and over	242	242
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	20	20
Professional specialty occupations	14	14
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—
Sales occupations	24	24
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	51	51
Private household occupations	—	—
Protective service occupations	9	9
Service occupations, except protective and household	40	40
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	17	17
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	47	47
Transportation and material moving occupations	7	7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	13	13
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>		
Households	189	189
Less than \$5,000	23	23
\$5,000 to \$9,999	35	35
\$10,000 to \$14,999	3	3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	37	37
\$25,000 to \$34,999	39	39
\$35,000 to \$49,999	47	47
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5	5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—
Median (dollars)	24 453	24 453
Mean (dollars)	23 784	23 784
Families	103	103
Median income (dollars)	30 750	30 750
Per capita income (dollars)	7 253	7 253
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>		
Households	189	189
With earnings	171	171
Mean earnings (dollars)	24 932	24 932
With Social Security income	14	14
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	4 105	4 105
With public assistance income	18	18
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 312	2 312
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>		
Families (dollars)	28 718	28 718
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	30 299	30 299
Married-couple families (dollars)	33 096	33 096
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 378	32 378
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 557	16 557
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 500	22 500
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>		
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>		
Families	103	103
Householder worked in 1989	88	88
With related children under 18 years	80	80
With related children under 5 years	50	50
Married-couple families	79	79
Householder worked in 1989	77	77
With related children under 18 years	70	70
With related children under 5 years	47	47
Female householder, no husband present	15	15
Householder worked in 1989	5	5
With related children under 18 years	7	7
With related children under 5 years	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	133	133
Nonfamily householder	86	86
65 years and over	4	4
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	435	435
Persons under 18 years	168	168
Related children under 18 years	168	168
Related children 5 to 17 years	80	80
Persons 65 years and over	12	12
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>		
Families	22	22
Percent below poverty level	21.4	21.4
Householder worked in 1989	11	11
With related children under 18 years	16	16
With related children under 5 years	14	14
Married-couple families	11	11
Householder worked in 1989	11	11
With related children under 18 years	11	11
With related children under 5 years	11	11
Female householder, no husband present	8	8
Householder worked in 1989	—	—
With related children under 18 years	2	2
With related children under 5 years	—	—
Unrelated individuals	44	44
Nonfamily householder	30	30
65 years and over	—	—
Persons	82	82
Percent below poverty level	18.9	18.9
Persons under 18 years	9	9
Related children under 18 years	9	9
Related children 5 to 17 years	5	5
Persons 65 years and over	6	6
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>		
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	40	40
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	114	114



Table 24. **Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>		
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>770</b>	<b>770</b>
Native .....	767	767
Foreign born .....	3	3
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>		
Linguistically isolated households .....	—	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	<b>638</b>	<b>638</b>
Speak a language other than English .....	103	103
Do not speak English "very well" .....	5	5
In linguistically isolated households .....	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>		
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b> .....	<b>217</b>	<b>217</b>
Preprimary school .....	24	24
Public school .....	24	24
Elementary or high school .....	150	150
Public school .....	150	150
College .....	43	43
Public college .....	43	43
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>		
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b> .....	<b>366</b>	<b>366</b>
Less than 9th grade .....	39	39
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	87	87
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	103	103
Some college, no degree .....	81	81
Associate degree .....	32	32
Bachelor's degree .....	17	17
Graduate or professional degree .....	7	7
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	65.6	65.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	6.6	6.6
<b>FERTILITY</b>		
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	2 011	2 011
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>		
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	<b>638</b>	<b>638</b>
Some house .....	218	218
Different house in United States .....	420	420
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	134	134
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	132	132
Different MSA/PMSA .....	107	107
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	47	47
Abroad .....	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>		
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>296</b>	<b>296</b>
Car, truck, or van .....	245	245
Drove alone .....	173	173
Carpooled .....	72	72
Public transportation .....	—	—
Other means .....	32	32
Worked at home .....	19	19
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	23.0	23.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	209	209
Central city .....	64	64
Outside central city .....	145	145
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	87	87
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>		
<b>Persons 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>498</b>	<b>498</b>
In labor force .....	374	374
Employed .....	334	334
Unemployed .....	39	39
Percent of civilian labor force .....	10.5	10.5
<b>Females 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>239</b>	<b>239</b>
Employed .....	142	142
Unemployed .....	22	22
With own children under 6 years .....	56	56
In labor force .....	35	35
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	51	51
In labor force .....	48	48
<b>Persons 16 to 19 years</b> .....	<b>58</b>	<b>58</b>
Not enrolled in school .....	23	23
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	12	12
Not high school graduate .....	21	21
Employed .....	9	9
Unemployed .....	12	12
Not in labor force .....	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>		
<b>Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989</b> .....	<b>405</b>	<b>405</b>
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	296	296
50 to 52 weeks .....	173	173
<b>DISABILITY</b>		
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years</b> .....	<b>471</b>	<b>471</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	31	31
With a mobility limitation .....	16	16
In labor force .....	10	10
With a self-care limitation .....	18	18
With a work disability .....	66	66
In labor force .....	42	42
Prevented from working .....	15	15
No work disability .....	405	405
In labor force .....	329	329
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	9	9
With a mobility limitation .....	9	9
With a self-care limitation .....	9	9

Table 25. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>OCCUPATION</b>		
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	334	334
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	26	26
Professional specialty occupations .....	4	4
Technicians and related support occupations .....	9	9
Sales occupations .....	37	37
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	34	34
Private household occupations .....	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	2	2
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	53	53
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	34	34
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	76	76
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	26	26
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	16	16
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	17	17
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>		
Households .....	231	231
Less than \$5,000 .....	9	9
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	37	37
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	13	13
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	81	81
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	20	20
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	31	31
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	32	32
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	8	8
\$100,000 or more .....	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	22 250	22 250
Mean (dollars) .....	29 302	29 302
<b>Families</b>	203	203
Median income (dollars) .....	23 092	23 092
Per capita income (dollars) .....	8 784	8 784
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>		
Households .....	231	231
With earnings .....	209	209
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	28 751	28 751
With Social Security income .....	31	31
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	4 969	4 969
With public assistance income .....	35	35
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	4 924	4 924
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>		
Families (dollars) .....	31 653	31 653
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	27 459	27 459
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	36 405	36 405
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	32 294	32 294
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	15 146	15 146
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	15 146	15 146
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>		
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>		
Families .....	203	203
Householder worked in 1989 .....	179	179
With related children under 18 years .....	169	169
With related children under 5 years .....	83	83
Married-couple families .....	158	158
Householder worked in 1989 .....	151	151
With related children under 18 years .....	126	126
With related children under 5 years .....	60	60
Female householder, no husband present .....	26	26
Householder worked in 1989 .....	19	19
With related children under 18 years .....	26	26
With related children under 5 years .....	18	18
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	59	59
Nonfamily householder .....	28	28
65 years and over .....	7	7
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	743	743
Persons under 18 years .....	288	288
Related children under 18 years .....	288	288
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	156	156
Persons 65 years and over .....	15	15
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>		
Families .....	33	33
Percent below poverty level .....	16.3	16.3
Householder worked in 1989 .....	16	16
With related children under 18 years .....	33	33
With related children under 5 years .....	17	17
Married-couple families .....	4	4
Householder worked in 1989 .....	4	4
With related children under 18 years .....	4	4
With related children under 5 years .....	4	4
Female householder, no husband present .....	19	19
Householder worked in 1989 .....	12	12
With related children under 18 years .....	19	19
With related children under 5 years .....	13	13
Unrelated individuals .....	37	37
Nonfamily householder .....	16	16
65 years and over .....	7	7
Persons .....	161	161
Percent below poverty level .....	21.7	21.7
Persons under 18 years .....	79	79
Related children under 18 years .....	79	79
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	42	42
Persons 65 years and over .....	7	7
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>		
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	60	60
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	181	181



Table 26. **Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County	
		Total	Greeley city
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>			
All persons -----	1 370	1 370	850
Native -----	1 010	1 010	538
Foreign born -----	360	360	312
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>			
Linguistically isolated households -----	93	93	77
Persons 5 years and over -----	1 257	1 257	784
Speak a language other than English -----	524	524	368
Do not speak English "very well" -----	224	224	159
In linguistically isolated households -----	165	165	134
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>			
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school -----	630	630	454
Preprimary school -----	17	17	10
Public school -----	11	11	4
Elementary or high school -----	299	299	193
Public school -----	271	271	172
College -----	314	314	251
Public college -----	307	307	251
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>			
Persons 25 years and over -----	733	733	384
Less than 9th grade -----	23	23	12
9th to 12th grade, no diploma -----	66	66	26
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	237	237	74
Some college, no degree -----	99	99	57
Associate degree -----	38	38	29
Bachelor's degree -----	150	150	98
Graduate or professional degree -----	120	120	88
Percent high school graduate or higher -----	87.9	87.9	90.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher -----	36.8	36.8	48.4
<b>FERTILITY</b>			
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years -----	886	886	771
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>			
Persons 5 years and over -----	1 257	1 257	784
Some house -----	592	592	275
Different house in United States -----	513	513	363
Central city of this MSA/PMSA -----	139	139	112
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA -----	63	63	6
Different MSA/PMSA -----	248	248	188
Not in on MSA/PMSA -----	63	63	57
Abroad -----	152	152	146
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>			
Workers 16 years and over -----	534	534	301
Car, truck, or van -----	441	441	241
Drove alone -----	359	359	201
Carpooled -----	82	82	40
Public transportation -----	-	-	-
Other means -----	66	66	49
Worked at home -----	27	27	11
Mean travel time to work (minutes) -----	16.3	16.3	15.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence -----	469	469	289
Central city -----	280	280	237
Outside central city -----	189	189	52
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence -----	65	65	12
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>			
Persons 16 years and over -----	977	977	596
In labor force -----	576	576	335
Employed -----	534	534	301
Unemployed -----	42	42	34
Percent of civilian labor force -----	7.3	7.3	10.1
Females 16 years and over -----	524	524	299
Employed -----	276	276	151
Unemployed -----	28	28	21
With own children under 6 years -----	84	84	53
In labor force -----	61	61	33
With own children 6 to 17 years only -----	73	73	43
In labor force -----	57	57	33
Persons 16 to 19 years -----	127	127	109
Not enrolled in school -----	2	2	-
Unemployed or not in labor force -----	1	1	-
Not high school graduate -----	2	2	-
Employed -----	1	1	-
Unemployed -----	1	1	-
Not in labor force -----	-	-	-
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>			
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 -----	689	689	407
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	465	465	252
50 to 52 weeks -----	286	286	143
<b>DISABILITY</b>			
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years -----	794	794	547
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	43	43	43
With a mobility limitation -----	26	26	26
In labor force -----	12	12	12
With a self-care limitation -----	31	31	31
With a work disability -----	44	44	42
In labor force -----	21	21	21
Prevented from working -----	21	21	21
No work disability -----	750	750	505
In labor force -----	501	501	314
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over -----	183	183	49
With a mobility or self-care limitation -----	12	12	-
With a mobility limitation -----	5	5	-
With a self-care limitation -----	7	7	-

**Table 27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County	
		Total	Greeley city
<b>OCCUPATION</b>			
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	534	534	301
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	54	54	48
Professional specialty occupations .....	84	84	37
Technicians and related support occupations .....	49	49	33
Sales occupations .....	30	30	7
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	91	91	47
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	4	4	4
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	109	109	89
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	43	43	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	35	35	22
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	26	26	14
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	4	4	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	5	5	—
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>			
Households .....	428	428	268
Less than \$5,000 .....	47	47	47
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	72	72	49
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	64	64	43
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	85	85	45
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	41	41	7
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	86	86	59
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	14	14	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	15	15	8
\$100,000 or more .....	4	4	4
Median (dollars) .....	17 500	17 500	13 214
Mean (dollars) .....	24 890	24 890	22 868
Families .....	277	277	141
Median income (dollars) .....	30 078	30 078	24 659
Per capita income (dollars) .....	8 635	8 635	7 764
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>			
Households .....	428	428	268
With earnings .....	342	342	213
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	24 564	24 564	24 972
With Social Security income .....	109	109	32
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 877	7 877	6 216
With public assistance income .....	30	30	30
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	5 420	5 420	5 420
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>			
Families (dollars) .....	30 738	30 738	31 529
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	33 549	33 549	34 530
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	34 000	34 000	39 747
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	40 092	40 092	43 182
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	18 506	18 506	16 100
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	15 062	15 062	15 062
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>			
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>			
Families .....	277	277	141
Householder worked in 1989 .....	223	223	110
With related children under 18 years .....	120	120	91
With related children under 5 years .....	42	42	22
Married-couple families .....	219	219	92
Householder worked in 1989 .....	181	181	71
With related children under 18 years .....	89	89	63
With related children under 5 years .....	34	34	14
Female householder, no husband present .....	52	52	49
Householder worked in 1989 .....	39	39	39
With related children under 18 years .....	28	28	28
With related children under 5 years .....	8	8	8
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	236	236	192
Nonfamily householder .....	151	151	127
65 years and over .....	30	30	8
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	1 275	1 275	755
Persons under 18 years .....	411	411	259
Related children under 18 years .....	411	411	259
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	298	298	193
Persons 65 years and over .....	183	183	49
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>			
Families .....	51	51	42
Percent below poverty level .....	18.4	18.4	29.8
Householder worked in 1989 .....	31	31	22
With related children under 18 years .....	23	23	22
With related children under 5 years .....	8	8	8
Married-couple families .....	32	32	23
Householder worked in 1989 .....	17	17	8
With related children under 18 years .....	9	9	8
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	19	19	19
Householder worked in 1989 .....	14	14	14
With related children under 18 years .....	14	14	14
With related children under 5 years .....	8	8	8
Unrelated individuals .....	109	109	106
Nonfamily householder .....	41	41	41
65 years and over .....	8	8	8
Persons .....	246	246	227
Percent below poverty level .....	19.3	19.3	30.1
Persons under 18 years .....	56	56	52
Related children under 18 years .....	56	56	52
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	38	38	34
Persons 65 years and over .....	38	38	38
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>			
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	166	166	164
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	307	307	234



**Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	27 456	27 456	12 273	913	950	993	586	2 559	1 374	504
Native	23 105	23 105	10 393	530	774	888	523	2 406	1 212	481
Foreign born	4 351	4 351	1 880	383	176	105	63	153	162	23
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	1 062	1 062	519	72	38	7	9	43	68	20
Persons 5 years and over	24 055	24 055	10 605	809	850	774	505	2 105	1 178	463
Speak a language other than English	14 893	14 893	6 289	731	613	417	282	986	582	250
Do not speak English "very well"	5 609	5 609	2 584	358	235	75	115	268	196	78
In linguistically isolated households	3 022	3 022	1 353	202	106	14	30	140	179	32
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	9 086	9 086	3 876	273	295	257	220	846	400	189
Preprimary school	561	561	201	4	9	5	21	56	16	—
Public school	476	476	146	4	9	5	18	27	16	—
Elementary or high school	7 119	7 119	2 888	269	267	232	151	682	378	127
Public school	6 940	6 940	2 783	258	264	232	151	674	370	117
College	1 406	1 406	787	—	19	20	48	108	6	62
Public college	1 323	1 323	756	—	19	20	48	96	6	62
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	12 717	12 717	5 597	431	503	385	305	1 047	654	259
Less than 9th grade	4 693	4 693	2 067	300	203	168	129	242	192	55
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2 824	2 824	1 280	113	150	85	58	342	158	28
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	2 862	2 862	1 022	12	104	111	33	190	218	109
Some college, no degree	1 420	1 420	665	—	28	10	49	157	47	38
Associate degree	376	376	218	—	13	5	20	92	29	5
Bachelor's degree	343	343	177	6	5	—	7	24	10	10
Graduate or professional degree	199	199	168	—	—	6	9	—	—	14
Percent high school graduate or higher	40.9	40.9	40.2	4.2	29.8	34.3	38.7	44.2	46.5	68.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	4.3	4.3	6.2	1.4	1.0	1.6	5.2	2.3	1.5	9.3
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 838	1 838	1 798	1 989	2 476	2 313	1 879	1 867	1 837	1 486
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	24 055	24 055	10 605	809	850	774	505	2 105	1 178	463
Some house	9 439	9 439	3 121	175	340	276	108	475	316	202
Different house in United States	13 651	13 651	6 965	547	466	493	373	1 595	807	246
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	5 140	5 140	4 123	268	415	274	135	647	460	120
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	4 230	4 230	812	114	27	99	43	434	155	47
Different MSA/PMSA	3 082	3 082	1 461	142	20	73	159	244	177	72
Not in an MSA/PMSA	1 199	1 199	569	23	4	47	36	270	15	7
Abroad	965	965	519	87	44	5	24	35	55	15
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	10 550	10 550	4 801	296	378	233	174	951	499	297
Car, truck, or van	9 562	9 562	4 373	265	311	214	161	860	465	292
Drove alone	6 726	6 726	3 058	137	212	176	87	606	387	247
Carpooled	2 836	2 836	1 315	128	99	38	74	254	78	45
Public transportation	39	39	14	—	—	8	—	10	—	—
Other means	684	684	359	27	61	7	13	61	20	5
Worked at home	265	265	55	4	6	4	—	20	14	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.0	20.0	16.5	19.5	11.3	13.1	19.9	21.7	16.2	18.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	8 035	8 035	4 448	264	378	220	167	871	479	280
Central city	4 273	4 273	3 047	165	249	176	112	572	324	187
Outside central city	3 762	3 762	1 401	99	129	44	55	299	155	93
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	2 515	2 515	353	32	—	13	7	80	20	17
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	17 330	17 330	7 871	608	644	528	349	1 423	797	362
In labor force	12 025	12 025	5 426	345	435	299	188	1 066	557	320
Employed	10 784	10 784	4 894	302	382	233	174	999	517	297
Unemployed	1 231	1 231	528	43	53	66	14	67	40	23
Percent of civilian labor force	10.2	10.2	9.7	12.5	12.2	22.1	7.4	6.3	7.2	7.2
Females 16 years and over	8 267	8 267	3 794	266	295	285	170	764	382	156
Employed	4 237	4 237	1 973	88	136	75	59	477	213	119
Unemployed	441	441	211	—	19	31	—	18	7	15
With own children under 6 years	2 201	2 201	1 026	73	63	149	40	239	126	25
In labor force	1 161	1 161	551	21	31	89	11	124	51	25
With own children 6 to 17 years only	2 078	2 078	889	64	78	56	51	214	101	69
In labor force	1 443	1 443	628	24	52	17	23	161	81	64
Persons 16 to 19 years	1 906	1 906	834	70	87	69	12	103	33	64
Not enrolled in school	602	602	278	20	20	36	2	13	9	14
Unemployed or not in labor force	299	299	148	14	8	22	—	7	9	14
Not high school graduate	457	457	229	20	15	30	2	13	9	10
Employed	211	211	94	6	7	14	2	6	—	—
Unemployed	118	118	66	—	8	8	—	—	—	4
Not in labor force	128	128	69	14	—	8	—	7	9	6
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	12 797	12 797	5 852	378	438	330	227	1 079	637	327
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	10 420	10 420	4 660	288	302	271	205	868	550	234
50 to 52 weeks	6 253	6 253	2 599	138	146	140	101	483	379	203
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	16 136	16 136	7 324	545	600	497	316	1 401	705	348
With a mobility or self-care limitation	571	571	280	39	59	5	12	73	31	—
With a mobility limitation	333	333	158	22	19	5	7	28	11	—
In labor force	106	106	68	10	11	—	—	—	11	—
With a self-care limitation	340	340	173	23	54	—	5	50	31	—
With a work disability	1 534	1 534	761	63	107	100	64	120	45	10
In labor force	639	639	279	28	43	16	13	60	34	10
Prevented from working	819	819	452	35	56	76	37	55	11	—
No work disability	14 602	14 602	6 563	482	493	397	252	1 281	660	338
In labor force	11 281	11 281	5 122	311	392	283	175	1 006	523	302
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	980	980	403	63	44	—	3	22	82	14
With a mobility or self-care limitation	199	199	89	34	10	—	3	—	10	—
With a mobility limitation	182	182	72	34	4	—	3	—	10	—
With a self-care limitation	105	105	55	11	6	—	—	—	10	—



Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.						Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 14.02	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	451	647	3 426	1 736	1 665	659	722	478	3 376	876
Native	437	507	2 669	1 461	1 390	647	652	431	2 578	503
Foreign born	14	140	757	275	275	12	70	47	798	373
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	—	23	152	48	54	—	90	13	200	72
Persons 5 years and over	397	581	3 100	1 559	1 457	621	604	448	2 883	772
Speak a language other than English	145	419	2 300	855	985	268	389	250	2 181	694
Do not speak English "very well"	40	162	908	299	305	55	172	88	1 074	338
In linguistically isolated households	—	54	512	111	164	—	151	45	594	202
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	158	204	1 239	591	536	287	210	153	936	253
Preprimary school	17	15	106	37	42	18	25	7	40	4
Public school	—	15	99	30	42	18	25	7	40	4
Elementary or high school	94	173	973	494	457	226	114	103	822	249
Public school	94	173	951	472	447	226	114	95	778	238
College	47	16	160	60	37	43	71	43	74	—
Public college	39	16	160	45	31	37	71	43	74	—
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	229	306	1 619	888	773	311	326	259	1 388	414
Less than 9th grade	34	130	718	247	351	64	149	66	713	300
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	14	52	334	201	150	63	74	65	351	96
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	88	70	321	290	173	124	37	55	160	12
Some college, no degree	45	33	187	95	66	31	54	57	94	—
Associate degree	—	12	7	25	9	16	—	8	50	—
Bachelor's degree	26	7	36	30	22	13	6	8	—	6
Graduate or professional degree	22	2	16	—	2	—	6	—	20	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	79.0	40.5	35.0	49.5	35.2	59.2	31.6	49.4	23.3	4.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	21.0	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.1	4.2	3.7	3.1	1.4	1.4
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 046	2 174	1 855	1 851	1 887	1 940	1 642	1 246	1 879	1 948
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	397	581	3 100	1 559	1 457	621	604	448	2 883	772
Same house	154	247	1 468	729	788	265	121	119	820	175
Different house in United States	243	318	1 434	761	646	356	472	317	1 827	510
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	186	58	7	19	67	60	299	239	1 178	268
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	17	187	823	371	374	250	46	15	168	77
Different MSA/PMSA	40	44	557	314	101	37	82	33	317	142
Not in an MSA/PMSA	—	29	47	57	104	9	45	30	164	23
Abroad	—	16	198	69	23	—	11	12	236	87
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	225	264	1 233	673	591	283	181	255	1 227	286
Car, truck, or van	219	232	1 122	625	532	263	169	229	1 143	255
Drove alone	169	172	631	453	383	184	107	172	711	127
Carpooled	50	60	491	172	149	79	62	57	432	128
Public transportation	—	1	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Other means	6	31	59	26	45	12	12	26	61	27
Worked at home	—	—	47	22	9	8	—	—	23	4
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.0	17.2	24.2	27.0	26.7	20.3	14.7	18.1	15.2	19.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	194	243	418	183	346	211	171	239	1 131	254
Central city	95	99	18	11	85	45	143	172	765	155
Outside central city	99	144	400	172	261	166	28	67	366	99
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	31	21	815	490	245	72	10	16	96	32
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	291	424	2 183	1 103	1 023	411	492	349	2 119	591
In labor force	231	324	1 525	740	674	315	193	279	1 454	335
Employed	225	267	1 267	689	598	302	181	255	1 275	292
Unemployed	6	57	252	51	76	13	12	24	179	43
Percent of civilian labor force	2.6	17.6	16.6	6.9	11.3	4.1	6.2	8.6	12.3	12.8
Females 16 years and over	127	186	1 020	521	498	200	234	161	1 047	259
Employed	83	99	460	281	231	134	104	90	486	88
Unemployed	6	19	96	14	24	—	—	17	90	—
With own children under 6 years	23	30	282	108	140	34	60	—	349	73
In labor force	16	21	113	71	74	20	27	—	186	21
With own children 6 to 17 years only	31	55	250	129	118	89	13	27	279	57
In labor force	24	43	182	93	83	59	13	16	193	24
Persons 16 to 19 years	23	70	236	116	126	54	51	46	238	70
Not enrolled in school	11	29	77	25	39	11	23	19	108	20
Unemployed or not in labor force	6	20	27	14	24	—	13	—	66	14
Not high school graduate	5	26	58	17	26	11	23	9	103	20
Employed	5	6	35	7	13	11	10	9	37	6
Unemployed	—	19	7	5	3	—	—	—	45	—
Not in labor force	—	1	16	5	10	—	13	—	21	14
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	245	324	1 609	800	689	331	296	250	1 541	368
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	206	253	1 345	668	610	247	253	217	1 250	278
50 to 52 weeks	160	176	781	479	378	171	118	132	639	128
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	271	382	2 047	1 000	916	390	353	325	2 027	528
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	12	68	39	49	—	26	14	76	39
With a mobility limitation	—	12	46	23	19	—	10	14	60	22
In labor force	—	—	23	5	5	—	—	—	30	10
With a self-care limitation	—	9	22	32	46	—	23	—	24	23
With a work disability	6	20	199	94	75	29	42	20	251	63
In labor force	—	5	124	39	20	20	—	—	81	28
Prevented from working	6	13	75	43	53	9	42	20	170	35
No work disability	265	362	1 848	906	841	361	311	305	1 776	465
In labor force	231	308	1 379	701	641	290	193	279	1 358	301
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	20	42	130	103	90	5	57	24	92	63
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	8	36	16	9	—	16	9	6	34
With a mobility limitation	—	8	36	16	9	—	11	9	—	34
With a self-care limitation	—	—	24	12	—	—	13	9	6	11



Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	950	548	472	909	414	1 166	451	445	1 650	647
Native	774	488	430	838	398	1 039	437	400	1 568	507
Foreign born	176	60	42	71	16	127	14	45	82	140
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	38	—	6	26	—	48	—	7	17	23
Persons 5 years and over	850	455	400	733	378	982	397	319	1 372	581
Speak a language other than English	613	244	206	276	207	498	145	173	710	419
Do not speak English "very well"	235	47	85	119	58	157	40	28	149	162
In linguistically isolated households	106	—	18	74	—	123	—	14	66	54
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	295	210	171	269	128	315	158	47	577	204
Preprimary school	9	—	21	30	—	7	17	5	26	15
Public school	9	—	18	13	—	7	—	5	14	15
Elementary or high school	267	194	111	210	90	302	94	38	472	173
Public school	264	194	111	210	90	294	94	38	464	173
College	19	16	39	29	38	6	47	4	79	16
Public college	19	16	39	17	33	6	39	4	79	16
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	503	210	237	350	231	546	229	175	697	306
Less than 9th grade	203	101	96	55	63	143	34	67	187	130
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	150	58	40	155	26	134	14	27	187	52
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	104	35	16	25	44	189	88	76	165	70
Some college, no degree	28	10	49	44	41	41	45	—	113	33
Associate degree	13	—	20	64	—	29	—	5	28	12
Bachelor's degree	5	—	7	7	29	10	26	—	17	7
Graduate or professional degree	—	6	9	—	28	—	22	—	—	2
Percent high school graduate or higher	29.8	24.3	42.6	40.0	61.5	49.3	79.0	46.3	46.3	40.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	1.0	2.9	6.8	2.0	24.7	1.8	21.0	—	2.4	2.9
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	2 476	2 682	2 011	2 148	2 101	1 677	1 046	1 908	1 671	2 174
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	850	455	400	733	378	982	397	319	1 372	581
Same house	340	195	64	143	219	217	154	81	332	247
Different house in United States	466	260	321	567	159	717	243	233	1 028	318
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	415	166	129	231	82	426	186	108	416	58
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	27	13	28	114	63	131	17	86	320	187
Different MSA/PMSA	20	63	133	92	14	152	40	10	152	44
Not in an MSA/PMSA	4	18	31	130	—	8	—	29	140	29
Abroad	44	—	15	23	—	48	—	5	12	16
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	378	110	148	315	270	463	225	123	636	264
Car, truck, or van	311	102	135	293	264	429	219	112	567	232
Drove alone	212	95	71	148	219	373	169	81	458	172
Carpooled	99	7	64	145	45	56	50	31	109	60
Public transportation	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	1
Other means	61	—	13	22	6	20	6	7	39	31
Worked at home	6	—	—	—	—	14	—	4	20	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	11.3	11.6	20.6	26.0	21.0	16.1	18.0	14.4	19.5	17.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	378	110	141	287	216	443	194	110	584	243
Central city	249	96	98	185	143	307	95	80	387	99
Outside central city	129	14	43	102	73	136	99	30	197	144
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	—	—	7	28	54	20	31	13	52	21
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	644	277	277	482	287	686	291	251	941	424
In labor force	435	144	154	348	270	497	231	155	718	324
Employed	382	110	148	327	270	475	225	123	672	267
Unemployed	53	34	6	21	—	22	6	32	46	57
Percent of civilian labor force	12.2	23.6	3.9	6.0	—	4.4	2.6	20.6	6.4	17.6
Females 16 years and over	295	161	138	277	109	324	127	124	487	186
Employed	136	32	49	175	103	202	83	43	302	99
Unemployed	19	26	—	13	—	—	6	5	5	19
With own children under 6 years	63	72	38	98	23	106	23	77	141	30
In labor force	31	41	11	52	23	51	16	48	72	21
With own children 6 to 17 years only	78	49	31	68	46	74	31	7	146	55
In labor force	52	17	17	63	40	63	24	—	98	43
Persons 16 to 19 years	87	50	10	30	25	33	23	19	73	70
Not enrolled in school	20	21	—	13	12	9	11	15	—	29
Unemployed or not in labor force	8	13	—	7	—	6	6	9	—	20
Not high school graduate	15	21	—	13	6	9	5	9	—	26
Employed	7	8	—	6	6	—	5	6	—	6
Unemployed	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19
Not in labor force	—	5	—	7	—	9	—	3	—	1
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	438	151	183	358	264	575	245	179	721	324
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	302	115	168	291	181	488	206	156	577	253
50 to 52 weeks	146	70	83	158	140	330	160	70	325	176
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	600	277	247	470	276	616	271	220	931	382
With a mobility or self-care limitation	59	5	—	44	—	11	—	—	29	12
With a mobility limitation	19	5	—	11	—	11	—	—	17	12
In labor force	11	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	54	—	—	38	—	11	—	—	12	9
With a work disability	107	68	46	45	13	39	6	32	75	20
In labor force	43	16	13	15	13	28	—	—	45	5
Prevented from working	56	52	22	25	—	11	6	24	30	13
No work disability	493	209	201	425	263	577	265	188	856	362
In labor force	392	128	141	333	257	469	231	155	673	308
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	44	—	—	12	11	60	20	—	10	42
With a mobility or self-care limitation	10	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	8
With a mobility limitation	4	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	8
With a self-care limitation	6	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—

Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	458	1 291	709	3 426	404	1 736	1 665	659	761
Native	391	1 081	626	2 669	269	1 461	1 390	647	606
Foreign born	67	210	83	757	135	275	275	12	155
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	14	52	18	152	12	48	54	—	65
Persons 5 years and over	420	1 146	626	3 100	371	1 559	1 457	621	675
Speak a language other than English	292	800	411	2 300	231	855	985	268	424
Do not speak English "very well"	74	284	127	908	104	299	305	55	254
In linguistically isolated households	30	180	34	512	54	111	164	—	234
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	166	430	236	1 239	157	591	536	287	249
Preprimary school	17	41	9	106	13	37	42	18	17
Public school	13	41	9	99	13	30	42	18	17
Elementary or high school	118	330	177	973	127	494	457	226	215
Public school	118	328	177	951	127	472	447	226	213
College	31	59	50	160	17	60	37	43	17
Public college	31	59	31	160	12	45	31	37	17
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	243	603	352	1 619	178	888	773	311	341
Less than 9th grade	90	228	152	718	47	247	351	64	115
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	40	128	35	334	53	201	150	63	124
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	70	143	103	321	54	290	173	124	66
Some college, no degree	30	67	45	187	16	95	66	31	25
Associate degree	3	20	15	7	3	25	9	16	5
Bachelor's degree	10	14	2	36	3	30	22	13	3
Graduate or professional degree	—	3	—	16	2	—	2	—	3
Percent high school graduate or higher	46.5	41.0	46.9	35.0	43.8	49.5	35.2	59.2	29.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	4.1	2.8	.6	3.2	2.8	3.4	3.1	4.2	1.8
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	2 308	1 604	1 687	1 855	2 083	1 851	1 887	1 940	2 386
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	420	1 146	626	3 100	371	1 559	1 457	621	675
Some house	272	666	460	1 468	160	729	788	265	317
Different house in United States	148	461	158	1 434	191	761	646	356	319
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	25	64	12	7	—	19	67	60	37
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	65	254	103	823	81	371	374	250	243
Different MSA/PMSA	11	64	29	557	97	314	101	37	33
Not in on MSA/PMSA	47	79	14	47	13	57	104	9	6
Abroad	—	19	8	198	20	69	23	—	39
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	186	553	287	1 233	173	673	591	283	265
Car, truck, or van	158	503	273	1 122	167	625	532	263	228
Drove alone	133	351	217	631	104	453	383	184	179
Carpooled	25	152	56	491	63	172	149	79	49
Public transportation	—	—	—	5	3	—	5	—	—
Other means	14	28	9	59	3	26	45	12	12
Worked at home	14	22	5	47	—	22	9	8	25
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.0	21.2	28.1	24.2	24.5	27.0	26.7	20.3	27.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	169	471	177	418	48	183	346	211	204
Central city	48	193	31	18	—	11	85	45	45
Outside central city	121	278	146	400	48	172	261	166	159
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	17	82	110	815	125	490	245	72	61
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	318	829	471	2 183	252	1 103	1 023	411	452
In labor force	212	619	308	1 525	190	740	674	315	289
Employed	186	564	295	1 267	173	689	598	302	266
Unemployed	26	55	13	252	17	51	76	13	23
Percent of civilian labor force	12.3	8.9	4.2	16.6	8.9	6.9	11.3	4.1	8.0
Females 16 years and over	141	393	214	1 020	104	521	498	200	211
Employed	49	230	111	460	64	281	231	134	89
Unemployed	23	19	6	96	5	14	24	—	5
With own children under 6 years	17	100	47	282	26	108	140	34	62
In labor force	7	64	25	113	14	71	74	20	37
With own children 6 to 17 years only	39	94	48	250	33	129	118	89	45
In labor force	26	73	32	182	25	93	83	59	18
Persons 16 to 19 years	44	125	50	236	26	116	126	54	42
Not enrolled in school	10	44	7	77	15	25	39	11	20
Unemployed or not in labor force	4	12	4	27	2	14	24	—	14
Not high school graduate	3	23	6	58	8	17	26	11	18
Employed	2	16	3	35	6	7	13	11	6
Unemployed	—	7	—	7	—	5	3	—	4
Not in labor force	1	—	3	16	2	5	10	—	8
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	207	641	333	1 609	187	800	689	331	331
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	172	506	299	1 345	162	668	610	247	283
50 to 52 weeks	103	330	189	781	93	479	378	171	209
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	284	784	453	2 047	245	1 000	916	390	413
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	22	17	68	3	39	49	—	8
With a mobility limitation	6	13	15	46	3	23	19	—	8
In labor force	—	2	—	23	—	5	5	—	2
With a self-care limitation	—	14	3	22	—	32	46	—	3
With a work disability	33	65	40	199	20	94	75	29	26
In labor force	17	25	17	124	5	39	20	20	9
Prevented from working	9	34	23	75	15	43	53	9	15
No work disability	251	719	413	1 848	225	906	841	361	387
In labor force	190	584	291	1 379	182	701	641	290	280
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	34	45	18	130	7	103	90	5	39
With a mobility or self-care limitation	9	9	17	36	—	16	9	—	3
With a mobility limitation	9	9	17	36	—	16	9	—	3
With a self-care limitation	3	7	4	24	—	12	—	—	—



**Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	10 784	10 784	4 894	302	382	233	174	999	517	297
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	519	519	310	—	16	7	7	53	40	29
Professional specialty occupations -----	465	465	246	—	6	6	—	49	10	19
Technicians and related support occupations -----	238	238	111	6	—	9	5	21	—	15
Sales occupations -----	536	536	270	—	34	—	—	55	21	28
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	1 131	1 131	548	10	15	29	23	121	55	25
Private household occupations -----	74	74	32	4	—	—	—	—	6	—
Protective service occupations -----	103	103	42	—	—	5	—	12	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	1 679	1 679	755	37	97	26	21	247	80	37
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	965	965	186	39	18	18	34	37	21	17
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	1 853	1 853	902	78	66	58	36	186	121	42
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	1 562	1 562	622	32	35	27	13	94	69	45
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	466	466	199	11	22	—	20	53	19	10
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	1 193	1 193	671	85	73	48	15	71	75	30
INCOME IN 1989										
Households -----	7 614	7 614	3 562	256	274	261	165	714	409	165
Less than \$5,000 -----	704	704	440	43	42	34	24	49	14	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	1 091	1 091	603	53	59	69	16	133	63	6
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	1 122	1 122	554	54	50	59	40	156	71	12
\$15,000 to \$24,999 -----	1 840	1 840	791	43	70	47	63	174	107	48
\$25,000 to \$34,999 -----	1 103	1 103	453	27	17	40	8	92	89	43
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	1 096	1 096	438	36	32	12	14	81	55	16
\$50,000 to \$74,999 -----	569	569	254	—	—	—	—	29	10	40
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	54	54	15	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more -----	35	35	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	19 426	19 426	17 044	13 103	13 654	13 456	15 284	15 990	20 375	30 074
Mean (dollars) -----	23 554	23 554	21 637	16 911	16 690	14 764	17 327	19 876	21 558	32 663
Families -----	6 288	6 288	2 800	222	227	218	120	608	354	146
Median income (dollars) -----	20 299	20 299	18 077	13 448	12 375	13 235	17 045	14 058	17 750	27 031
Per capita income (dollars) -----	6 548	6 548	6 306	4 649	4 620	3 760	5 030	5 858	6 565	10 465
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households -----	7 614	7 614	3 562	256	274	261	165	714	409	165
With earnings -----	6 626	6 626	3 044	183	223	218	136	657	362	159
Mean earnings (dollars) -----	24 571	24 571	22 921	20 366	17 804	15 439	15 971	19 555	21 689	32 205
With Social Security income -----	1 130	1 130	490	44	53	7	25	77	56	24
Mean Social Security income (dollars) -----	5 695	5 695	5 359	6 149	4 795	5 000	5 380	5 605	8 184	4 972
With public assistance income -----	1 289	1 289	740	52	73	83	43	131	82	7
Mean public assistance income (dollars) -----	3 631	3 631	3 807	4 724	2 746	4 307	4 962	3 218	3 474	7 000
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars) -----	24 384	24 384	22 800	17 422	15 997	13 549	19 159	19 557	20 861	32 188
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	22 958	22 958	21 004	15 372	15 434	13 769	18 740	16 391	16 561	31 644
Married-couple families (dollars) -----	29 232	29 232	28 839	21 020	21 726	18 407	25 828	26 134	24 076	34 360
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	28 810	28 810	28 596	19 263	21 737	19 513	26 304	22 954	20 803	34 168
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) -----	10 749	10 749	8 973	7 302	4 806	6 749	6 633	10 246	12 970	22 249
With own children under 18 years (dollars) -----	8 629	8 629	7 101	2 726	3 529	6 948	5 988	8 334	8 179	22 249
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families -----	6 288	6 288	2 800	222	227	218	120	608	354	146
Householder worked in 1989 -----	5 209	5 209	2 257	158	183	155	90	518	285	140
With related children under 18 years -----	4 777	4 777	2 139	164	158	203	94	513	254	124
With related children under 5 years -----	2 257	2 257	1 084	82	68	145	56	264	150	37
Married-couple families -----	4 364	4 364	1 808	156	147	121	66	338	221	124
Householder worked in 1989 -----	3 860	3 860	1 559	120	129	98	59	314	170	118
With related children under 18 years -----	3 277	3 277	1 326	115	93	106	59	277	154	102
With related children under 5 years -----	1 525	1 525	626	61	28	77	32	148	98	37
Female householder, no husband present -----	1 418	1 418	725	37	66	90	38	223	106	15
Householder worked in 1989 -----	913	913	466	15	40	50	22	164	88	15
With related children under 18 years -----	1 227	1 227	663	33	60	90	35	202	83	15
With related children under 5 years -----	597	597	377	21	40	68	24	101	43	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	2 508	2 508	1 445	92	135	75	74	262	121	27
Nonfamily householder -----	1 326	1 326	762	34	47	43	45	106	55	19
65 years and over -----	284	284	120	19	12	—	—	—	15	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	26 975	26 975	11 924	913	939	962	556	2 555	1 364	497
Persons under 18 years -----	10 931	10 931	4 698	351	336	507	237	1 194	584	183
Related children under 18 years -----	10 812	10 812	4 638	351	326	507	237	1 190	584	183
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	7 446	7 446	2 987	247	232	288	156	736	388	149
Persons 65 years and over -----	980	980	403	63	44	—	3	22	82	14
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families -----	1 723	1 723	912	93	102	123	39	202	103	6
Percent below poverty level -----	27.4	27.4	32.6	41.9	44.9	56.4	32.5	33.2	29.1	4.1
Householder worked in 1989 -----	1 079	1 079	569	57	67	60	26	122	55	6
With related children under 18 years -----	1 578	1 578	874	89	84	123	39	202	103	6
With related children under 5 years -----	905	905	517	41	47	90	28	116	58	—
Married-couple families -----	686	686	290	44	22	39	8	62	40	6
Householder worked in 1989 -----	500	500	193	32	13	16	8	48	10	6
With related children under 18 years -----	612	612	271	44	19	39	8	62	40	6
With related children under 5 years -----	371	371	160	24	7	22	8	34	22	—
Female householder, no husband present -----	908	908	525	29	66	84	31	118	63	—
Householder worked in 1989 -----	494	494	302	11	40	44	18	59	45	—
With related children under 18 years -----	863	863	519	29	60	84	31	118	63	—
With related children under 5 years -----	472	472	310	17	40	68	20	67	36	—
Unrelated individuals -----	1 113	1 113	689	64	66	49	46	89	35	—
Nonfamily householder -----	519	519	325	34	18	17	31	12	7	—
65 years and over -----	178	178	76	19	6	—	—	—	7	—
Persons -----	8 215	8 215	4 442	495	413	548	258	834	456	22
Percent below poverty level -----	30.5	30.5	37.3	54.2	44.0	57.0	46.4	32.6	33.4	4.4
Persons under 18 years -----	4 165	4 165	2 214	245	181	322	132	477	254	11
Related children under 18 years -----	4 081	4 081	2 163	245	171	322	132	473	254	11
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	2 711	2 711	1 365	186	103	210	92	284	199	11
Persons 65 years and over -----	314	314	116	19	15	—	—	12	7	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level -----	3 684	3 684	2 386	219	179	217	123	433	231	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level -----	10 666	10 666	5 378	570	534	700	377	1 081	558	42



Table 29. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.						Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 14.02	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	225	267	1 267	689	598	302	181	255	1 275	292
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	47	—	44	28	21	13	11	—	21	—
Professional specialty occupations.....	23	4	29	45	29	31	—	6	25	—
Technicians and related support occupations.....	—	2	37	19	10	15	5	9	17	6
Sales occupations.....	16	20	39	29	14	6	27	16	45	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	28	22	135	107	42	14	19	69	102	10
Private household occupations.....	—	4	7	3	3	10	—	—	22	4
Protective service occupations.....	—	—	—	14	12	—	—	7	10	—
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	12	44	187	120	101	27	26	72	148	37
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	10	57	190	22	55	5	—	9	40	39
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	20	46	189	105	90	61	24	17	324	78
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	39	44	223	118	121	92	20	10	250	32
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	—	8	51	38	20	10	—	—	76	11
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	30	16	136	41	80	18	49	40	195	75
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households.....	156	167	876	507	441	181	223	153	945	246
Less than \$5,000.....	13	6	51	26	25	16	43	5	173	43
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	8	11	153	63	57	5	52	19	142	53
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	7	21	101	50	69	—	42	31	158	54
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	21	79	184	120	131	24	54	48	237	33
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	21	21	115	97	67	43	20	16	113	27
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	33	27	177	97	53	65	12	15	90	36
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	53	2	71	41	34	28	—	19	32	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	—	—	16	11	5	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more.....	—	—	8	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	42 857	18 664	20 833	24 526	20 110	35 694	11 473	21 205	14 985	12 672
Mean (dollars).....	37 713	22 011	26 144	27 561	23 751	34 352	13 383	23 327	17 715	16 826
Families.....	133	129	780	428	383	148	125	105	743	212
Median income (dollars).....	40 694	19 567	20 662	25 370	20 478	37 500	12 232	17 344	16 175	13 017
Per capita income (dollars).....	10 233	5 941	6 730	7 711	6 295	8 987	5 475	7 934	5 156	4 628
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households.....	156	167	876	507	441	181	223	153	945	246
With earnings.....	150	156	755	441	379	165	142	138	802	173
Mean earnings (dollars).....	37 981	21 677	27 269	28 425	24 737	36 806	17 427	23 918	18 419	20 445
With Social Security income.....	28	27	127	106	102	11	42	31	108	44
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	3 947	4 559	5 274	6 775	5 741	5 062	5 025	5 559	6 170	6 149
With public assistance income.....	14	19	177	41	69	14	58	5	215	52
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	4 178	3 648	3 647	4 084	2 871	636	3 683	350	4 553	4 724
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars).....	37 883	23 839	26 017	28 543	23 640	36 490	14 983	20 604	18 628	17 348
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	45 142	24 350	26 608	27 129	23 818	35 223	11 154	14 209	16 791	15 108
Married-couple families (dollars).....	47 715	27 180	30 667	32 912	26 520	42 787	21 961	29 632	22 030	21 158
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	57 924	27 654	31 410	31 620	27 188	42 871	22 045	28 324	21 550	19 289
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	12 909	16 389	12 542	12 646	15 355	14 253	5 504	7 998	7 559	7 302
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	11 270	9 333	10 121	9 398	15 972	14 253	5 177	4 831	6 671	2 726
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families.....	133	129	780	428	383	148	125	105	743	212
Householder worked in 1989.....	105	117	658	348	308	141	63	84	601	148
With related children under 18 years.....	79	92	584	305	283	116	91	68	626	154
With related children under 5 years.....	36	37	239	138	128	20	65	24	308	82
Married-couple families.....	83	85	529	330	286	105	61	58	488	146
Householder worked in 1989.....	68	85	503	280	233	105	44	51	406	110
With related children under 18 years.....	53	70	425	238	202	85	32	29	403	105
With related children under 5 years.....	29	28	191	111	89	15	32	8	158	61
Female householder, no husband present.....	26	28	166	71	80	31	49	23	201	37
Householder worked in 1989.....	20	19	81	44	61	24	19	9	141	15
With related children under 18 years.....	26	15	135	49	66	31	49	23	188	33
With related children under 5 years.....	7	6	43	15	33	5	23	—	126	21
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	67	55	237	139	115	33	132	104	314	92
Nonfamily householder.....	23	38	96	79	58	33	98	48	202	34
65 years and over.....	—	17	56	29	22	—	7	10	42	19
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	444	647	3 420	1 730	1 629	625	633	472	3 371	876
Persons under 18 years.....	170	260	1 342	693	706	265	229	141	1 366	331
Related children under 18 years.....	158	260	1 319	685	702	265	229	141	1 337	331
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	104	194	993	511	502	227	111	111	844	227
Persons 65 years and over.....	20	42	130	103	90	5	57	24	92	63
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families.....	14	23	217	74	100	12	50	29	276	93
Percent below poverty level.....	10.5	17.8	27.8	17.3	26.1	8.1	40.0	27.6	37.1	43.9
Householder worked in 1989.....	14	17	122	47	66	5	10	24	194	57
With related children under 18 years.....	14	23	190	53	70	12	50	29	260	89
With related children under 5 years.....	7	15	91	30	52	5	33	9	176	41
Married-couple families.....	—	14	90	28	54	—	—	6	103	44
Householder worked in 1989.....	—	14	76	19	35	—	—	6	71	32
With related children under 18 years.....	—	14	90	17	31	—	—	6	87	44
With related children under 5 years.....	—	12	62	12	26	—	—	—	55	24
Female householder, no husband present.....	14	6	116	41	40	12	40	14	160	29
Householder worked in 1989.....	14	3	46	23	25	5	10	9	110	11
With related children under 18 years.....	14	6	100	31	33	12	40	14	160	29
With related children under 5 years.....	7	—	29	13	22	5	23	—	108	17
Unrelated individuals.....	35	20	128	37	48	9	76	19	122	64
Nonfamily householder.....	6	14	58	14	19	9	55	—	81	34
65 years and over.....	—	14	47	9	11	—	7	—	22	19
Persons.....	73	151	1 026	316	433	97	295	140	1 357	495
Percent below poverty level.....	16.4	23.3	30.0	18.3	26.6	15.5	46.6	29.7	40.3	56.5
Persons under 18 years.....	36	82	513	153	223	62	135	56	727	245
Related children under 18 years.....	24	82	501	145	221	62	135	56	707	245
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	16	54	368	97	137	44	79	46	382	186
Persons 65 years and over.....	—	14	83	29	29	—	21	5	22	19
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	50	46	304	138	123	24	242	67	898	219
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	81	227	1 316	480	603	97	305	191	1 659	570



Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	382	110	148	327	270	475	225	123	672	267
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	16	—	7	32	22	35	47	7	21	—
Professional specialty occupations.....	6	6	—	24	47	10	23	—	25	4
Technicians and related support occupations.....	—	—	5	21	16	—	—	9	—	2
Sales occupations.....	34	—	—	12	31	21	16	—	43	20
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	15	15	23	33	36	55	28	14	88	22
Private household occupations.....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	4
Protective service occupations.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	12	—
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	97	15	21	89	42	80	12	11	158	44
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	18	—	29	7	15	12	10	18	30	57
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	66	31	15	47	18	108	20	27	139	46
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	35	27	13	22	8	69	39	—	72	44
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	22	—	20	—	23	19	—	—	53	8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	73	16	15	40	12	60	30	32	31	16
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households.....	274	125	125	269	127	346	156	136	445	167
Less than \$5,000.....	42	5	12	27	—	9	13	29	22	6
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	59	50	12	68	11	57	8	19	65	11
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	50	23	37	61	6	46	7	36	95	21
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	70	35	45	56	8	80	21	12	118	79
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	17	12	5	29	20	89	21	28	63	21
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	32	—	14	15	20	55	33	12	66	27
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	—	—	—	13	55	10	53	—	16	2
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	13 654	12 344	15 536	13 720	42 188	22 500	42 857	13 889	17 411	18 664
Mean (dollars).....	16 690	13 000	18 829	17 382	45 312	23 049	37 713	16 385	21 384	22 011
Families.....	227	125	85	220	108	294	133	93	388	129
Median income (dollars).....	12 375	12 344	21 339	11 964	51 719	21 786	40 694	13 576	15 595	19 567
Per capita income (dollars).....	4 620	3 117	5 222	5 285	12 312	6 996	10 233	4 551	6 174	5 941
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households.....	274	125	125	269	127	346	156	136	445	167
With earnings.....	223	99	105	242	116	321	150	119	415	156
Mean earnings (dollars).....	17 804	13 292	17 073	17 575	46 676	22 478	37 981	17 225	20 709	21 677
With Social Security income.....	53	7	22	30	20	45	28	—	47	27
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	4 795	5 000	5 086	4 301	3 008	7 324	3 947	—	6 438	4 559
With public assistance income.....	73	62	24	78	11	62	14	21	53	19
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 746	3 835	4 917	3 567	1 398	3 554	4 178	5 701	2 705	3 648
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars).....	15 997	12 113	21 264	17 071	51 552	23 136	37 883	15 479	20 967	23 839
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	15 434	12 113	20 770	13 946	57 115	18 369	45 142	15 479	17 888	24 350
Married-couple families (dollars).....	21 726	17 268	29 272	26 661	53 938	25 204	47 715	19 729	25 921	27 180
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	21 737	19 218	30 545	21 586	60 805	21 087	57 924	19 729	23 556	27 654
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	4 806	5 146	6 457	8 307	—	16 874	12 909	9 045	11 660	16 389
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	3 529	5 332	6 457	8 127	—	10 836	11 270	9 045	8 495	9 333
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families.....	227	125	85	220	108	294	133	93	388	129
Householder worked in 1989.....	183	76	65	188	108	254	105	79	330	117
With related children under 18 years.....	158	110	69	191	81	205	79	93	322	92
With related children under 5 years.....	68	66	46	120	21	128	36	79	144	37
Married-couple families.....	147	65	48	97	102	193	83	56	241	85
Householder worked in 1989.....	129	56	41	92	102	153	68	42	222	85
With related children under 18 years.....	93	50	41	84	75	137	53	56	193	70
With related children under 5 years.....	28	29	29	51	21	87	29	48	97	28
Female householder, no husband present.....	66	53	28	94	—	74	26	37	129	28
Householder worked in 1989.....	40	13	15	74	—	74	20	37	90	19
With related children under 18 years.....	60	53	28	85	—	51	26	37	117	15
With related children under 5 years.....	40	37	17	54	—	32	7	31	47	6
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	135	29	69	93	31	96	67	46	169	55
Nonfamily householder.....	47	—	40	49	19	52	23	43	57	38
65 years and over.....	12	—	—	—	11	15	—	—	—	17
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	939	548	442	909	414	1 156	444	414	1 646	647
Persons under 18 years.....	336	313	195	444	139	487	170	194	750	260
Related children under 18 years.....	326	313	195	444	139	487	158	194	746	260
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	232	220	123	268	103	303	104	68	468	194
Persons 65 years and over.....	44	—	—	12	11	60	20	—	10	42
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families.....	102	78	32	96	—	71	14	45	106	23
Percent below poverty level.....	44.9	62.4	37.6	43.6	—	24.1	10.5	48.4	27.3	17.8
Householder worked in 1989.....	67	29	19	64	—	41	14	31	58	17
With related children under 18 years.....	84	78	32	96	—	71	14	45	106	23
With related children under 5 years.....	47	53	21	68	—	47	7	37	48	15
Married-couple families.....	22	25	8	20	—	40	—	14	42	14
Householder worked in 1989.....	13	16	8	15	—	10	—	—	33	14
With related children under 18 years.....	19	25	8	20	—	40	—	14	42	14
With related children under 5 years.....	7	16	8	20	—	22	—	6	14	12
Female householder, no husband present.....	66	53	24	54	—	31	14	31	64	6
Householder worked in 1989.....	40	13	11	34	—	31	14	31	25	3
With related children under 18 years.....	60	53	24	54	—	31	14	31	64	6
With related children under 5 years.....	40	37	13	33	—	25	7	31	34	—
Unrelated individuals.....	66	29	41	39	23	31	35	20	50	20
Nonfamily householder.....	18	—	26	12	11	7	6	17	—	14
65 years and over.....	6	—	—	—	11	7	—	—	—	14
Persons.....	413	364	229	405	23	345	73	184	429	151
Percent below poverty level.....	44.0	66.4	51.8	44.6	5.6	29.8	16.4	44.4	26.1	23.3
Persons under 18 years.....	181	225	115	239	—	179	36	97	238	82
Related children under 18 years.....	171	225	115	239	—	179	24	97	234	82
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	103	161	83	125	—	131	16	49	159	54
Persons 65 years and over.....	15	—	—	12	11	7	—	—	—	14
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	179	158	94	182	12	140	50	59	251	46
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	534	408	301	455	39	447	81	292	626	227



Table 29. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.**

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	186	564	295	1 267	173	689	598	302	266
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	18	21	9	44	5	28	21	13	12
Professional specialty occupations.....	5	20	14	29	2	45	29	31	4
Technicians and related support occupations.....	3	12	6	37	6	19	10	15	—
Sales occupations.....	4	49	9	39	10	29	14	6	15
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	10	35	23	135	16	107	42	14	36
Private household occupations.....	—	—	10	7	—	3	3	10	3
Protective service occupations.....	—	9	4	—	5	14	12	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	26	95	38	187	30	120	101	27	28
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	45	96	48	190	25	22	55	5	64
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	22	85	41	189	28	105	90	61	41
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	27	79	53	223	16	118	121	92	43
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	14	23	16	51	3	38	20	10	9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	12	40	24	136	27	41	80	18	11
INCOME IN 1989									
Households.....	124	315	171	876	92	507	441	181	216
Less than \$5,000.....	12	26	10	51	3	26	25	16	14
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	12	20	16	153	2	63	57	5	30
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	12	36	12	101	9	50	69	—	40
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	49	81	46	184	14	120	131	24	54
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	14	71	26	115	35	97	67	43	25
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	14	42	39	177	15	97	53	65	40
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	4	35	17	71	12	41	34	28	13
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	5	—	—	16	2	11	5	—	—
\$100,000 or more.....	2	4	5	8	—	2	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	20 595	24 083	25 938	20 833	29 773	24 526	20 110	35 694	17 500
Mean (dollars).....	25 480	28 486	30 152	26 144	31 731	27 561	23 751	34 352	22 665
Families.....	112	280	153	780	79	428	383	148	178
Median income (dollars).....	20 556	25 167	26 563	20 662	31 250	25 370	20 478	37 500	19 688
Per capita income (dollars).....	6 967	6 861	7 412	6 730	7 396	7 711	6 295	8 987	6 712
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households.....	124	315	171	876	92	507	441	181	216
With earnings.....	104	286	156	755	88	441	379	165	182
Mean earnings (dollars).....	26 023	29 344	30 617	27 269	31 772	28 425	24 737	36 806	23 828
With Social Security income.....	29	66	25	127	7	106	102	11	39
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 706	5 203	6 208	5 274	6 573	6 775	5 741	5 062	6 044
With public assistance income.....	19	19	18	177	9	41	69	14	30
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	4 245	1 943	2 593	3 647	3 909	4 084	2 871	636	2 501
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars).....	26 426	29 512	29 997	26 017	34 049	28 543	23 640	36 490	24 927
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	29 220	28 564	26 933	26 608	31 567	27 129	23 818	35 223	22 121
Married-couple families (dollars).....	29 486	32 183	31 748	30 667	34 075	32 912	26 520	42 787	26 219
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	31 160	31 390	29 339	31 410	31 559	31 620	27 188	42 871	25 055
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	9 409	17 245	13 694	12 542	32 000	12 646	15 355	14 253	13 058
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	200	12 838	15 104	10 121	32 000	9 398	15 972	14 253	9 412
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families.....	112	280	153	780	79	428	383	148	178
Householder worked in 1989.....	88	247	125	658	70	348	308	141	160
With related children under 18 years.....	73	199	105	584	61	305	283	116	115
With related children under 5 years.....	28	86	61	239	20	138	128	20	62
Married-couple families.....	95	232	132	529	78	330	286	105	137
Householder worked in 1989.....	79	213	112	503	70	280	233	105	130
With related children under 18 years.....	68	167	90	425	60	238	202	85	82
With related children under 5 years.....	25	83	56	191	20	111	89	15	34
Female householder, no husband present.....	13	40	14	166	1	71	80	31	26
Householder worked in 1989.....	7	29	7	81	—	44	61	24	15
With related children under 18 years.....	3	26	12	135	1	49	66	31	20
With related children under 5 years.....	3	—	2	43	—	15	33	5	15
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	19	62	30	237	17	139	115	33	53
Nonfamily householder.....	12	35	18	96	13	79	58	33	38
65 years and over.....	7	4	—	56	2	29	22	—	19
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	455	1 289	706	3 420	399	1 730	1 629	625	759
Persons under 18 years.....	163	516	260	1 342	153	693	706	265	333
Related children under 18 years.....	163	513	257	1 319	153	685	702	265	321
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	128	370	176	993	120	511	502	227	235
Persons 65 years and over.....	34	45	18	130	7	103	90	5	39
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families.....	20	43	24	217	10	74	100	12	35
Percent below poverty level.....	17.9	15.4	15.7	27.8	12.7	17.3	26.1	8.1	19.7
Householder worked in 1989.....	14	33	8	122	7	47	66	5	25
With related children under 18 years.....	13	38	15	190	10	53	70	12	34
With related children under 5 years.....	11	15	7	91	6	30	52	5	17
Married-couple families.....	13	33	17	90	10	28	54	—	27
Householder worked in 1989.....	9	30	8	76	7	19	35	—	24
With related children under 18 years.....	10	28	10	90	10	17	31	—	26
With related children under 5 years.....	8	12	5	62	6	12	26	—	14
Female householder, no husband present.....	5	7	7	116	—	41	40	12	8
Householder worked in 1989.....	5	3	—	46	—	23	25	5	1
With related children under 18 years.....	3	7	5	100	—	31	33	12	8
With related children under 5 years.....	3	—	2	29	—	13	22	5	3
Unrelated individuals.....	7	31	9	128	10	37	48	9	25
Nonfamily householder.....	6	20	3	58	6	14	19	9	18
65 years and over.....	4	4	—	47	—	9	11	—	11
Persons.....	87	230	106	1 026	84	316	433	97	223
Percent below poverty level.....	19.1	17.8	15.0	30.0	21.1	18.3	26.6	15.5	29.4
Persons under 18 years.....	35	117	40	513	44	153	223	62	128
Related children under 18 years.....	35	117	37	501	44	145	221	62	125
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	20	89	25	368	33	97	137	44	92
Persons 65 years and over.....	7	4	11	83	—	29	29	—	11
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	26	69	45	304	25	138	123	24	33
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	96	351	202	1 316	84	480	603	97	323



Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	101 950	101 950	46 785	485	3 026	2 098	7 473	3 623	4 200	4 811
Native	100 809	100 809	46 150	473	3 021	2 060	7 425	3 595	4 130	4 776
Foreign born	1 141	1 141	635	12	5	38	48	28	70	35
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	236	236	137	—	16	7	21	10	8	13
Persons 5 years and over	95 232	95 232	44 067	449	2 746	2 011	6 841	3 367	3 955	4 366
Speak a language other than English	3 372	3 372	1 457	28	140	53	196	71	284	183
Do not speak English "very well"	871	871	408	5	29	7	65	43	62	63
In linguistically isolated households	357	357	201	—	16	7	33	27	16	27
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	31 187	31 187	16 394	106	726	878	2 446	715	1 165	1 485
Preprimary school	2 088	2 088	868	5	61	17	174	22	79	132
Public school	1 551	1 551	512	5	46	—	111	22	49	57
Elementary or high school	16 975	16 975	6 499	71	493	141	1 265	502	759	938
Public school	16 081	16 081	6 028	71	435	141	1 177	471	746	869
College	12 124	12 124	9 027	30	172	720	1 007	191	327	415
Public college	11 488	11 488	8 700	30	166	703	949	158	308	370
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	63 771	63 771	28 150	341	1 997	1 201	4 228	2 498	2 777	2 993
Less than 9th grade	4 633	4 633	1 998	89	163	107	335	334	104	156
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	7 125	7 125	2 623	95	333	136	589	450	220	165
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	19 477	19 477	6 622	68	752	219	1 249	790	604	702
Some college, no degree	14 621	14 621	6 742	31	416	320	968	533	764	844
Associate degree	4 532	4 532	2 131	19	123	57	429	174	262	318
Bachelor's degree	8 771	8 771	5 082	39	126	306	435	175	506	574
Graduate or professional degree	4 612	4 612	2 952	—	84	56	223	42	317	234
Percent high school graduate or higher	81.6	81.6	83.6	46.0	75.2	79.8	78.1	68.6	88.3	89.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	21.0	21.0	28.5	11.4	10.5	30.1	15.6	8.7	29.6	27.0
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 158	1 158	909	1 347	1 466	547	1 096	1 385	1 267	1 389
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	95 232	95 232	44 067	449	2 746	2 011	6 841	3 367	3 955	4 366
Same house	45 450	45 450	18 303	240	1 209	587	2 639	1 613	1 946	1 989
Different house in United States	49 445	49 445	25 500	209	1 537	1 390	4 185	1 727	2 009	2 338
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	11 883	11 883	9 026	99	680	312	1 424	966	674	1 132
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	11 792	11 792	2 609	14	302	145	850	151	487	230
Different MSA/PMSA	17 926	17 926	9 367	42	297	660	1 124	322	539	543
Not in on MSA/PMSA	7 844	7 844	4 498	54	258	273	787	288	309	433
Abroad	337	337	264	—	—	34	17	27	—	39
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	50 389	50 389	23 368	210	1 415	998	3 839	1 638	2 334	2 607
Car, truck, or van	44 006	44 006	20 567	202	1 297	792	3 506	1 506	2 255	2 421
Drove alone	39 116	39 116	18 323	140	1 100	709	3 271	1 297	2 027	2 241
Carpooled	4 890	4 890	2 244	62	197	83	235	209	228	180
Public transportation	227	227	172	—	10	14	51	11	—	37
Other means	3 226	3 226	1 858	8	31	176	185	58	45	47
Worked at home	2 930	2 930	771	—	77	16	97	63	34	102
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.6	18.6	15.6	13.8	16.6	13.3	18.6	16.7	19.3	18.4
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	38 789	38 789	21 053	196	1 320	905	3 445	1 498	2 037	2 329
Central city	22 382	22 382	16 749	114	781	737	2 395	1 126	1 373	1 765
Outside central city	16 407	16 407	4 304	82	539	168	1 050	372	664	564
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	11 600	11 600	2 315	14	95	93	394	140	297	278
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	79 123	79 123	37 929	391	2 263	1 913	5 621	2 886	3 240	3 423
In labor force	53 797	53 797	25 010	252	1 485	1 117	4 187	1 762	2 444	2 697
Employed	51 308	51 308	23 818	222	1 415	1 040	3 914	1 638	2 372	2 620
Unemployed	2 457	2 457	1 179	30	70	71	273	124	72	77
Percent of civilian labor force	4.6	4.6	4.7	11.9	4.7	6.4	6.5	7.0	2.9	2.9
Females 16 years and over	41 151	41 151	20 242	181	1 132	1 000	3 061	1 565	1 588	1 810
Employed	23 496	23 496	11 393	80	604	435	1 991	756	1 030	1 327
Unemployed	1 028	1 028	505	13	50	21	98	27	47	34
With own children under 6 years	6 065	6 065	2 436	26	203	97	544	245	226	462
In labor force	3 996	3 996	1 615	11	122	57	391	114	115	376
With own children 6 to 17 years only	7 027	7 027	2 793	30	179	51	463	165	323	416
In labor force	5 673	5 673	2 332	18	141	37	360	127	280	370
Persons 16 to 19 years	6 658	6 658	3 773	6	117	153	378	159	209	257
Not enrolled in school	993	993	401	—	9	23	90	42	36	60
Unemployed or not in labor force	380	380	176	—	9	—	53	32	10	13
Not high school graduate	444	444	173	—	—	5	47	32	14	20
Employed	230	230	61	—	—	5	22	10	9	7
Unemployed	44	44	24	—	—	—	9	9	—	—
Not in labor force	170	170	88	—	—	—	16	13	5	13
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	60 537	60 537	28 988	256	1 626	1 354	4 536	1 960	2 555	2 874
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	45 217	45 217	20 248	201	1 293	851	3 411	1 498	2 041	2 179
50 to 52 weeks	31 742	31 742	13 278	94	987	435	2 288	1 084	1 552	1 695
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	66 823	66 823	31 593	283	1 906	1 427	5 013	2 222	2 918	3 085
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 686	1 686	782	—	126	24	158	35	51	73
With a mobility limitation	894	894	342	—	51	19	77	28	25	40
In labor force	218	218	102	—	10	9	22	—	8	33
With a self-care limitation	1 198	1 198	659	—	117	11	139	27	39	53
With a work disability	5 081	5 081	2 099	32	238	77	401	210	220	192
In labor force	2 544	2 544	1 071	12	80	57	188	79	148	141
Prevented from working	2 028	2 028	829	13	124	14	175	107	44	45
No work disability	61 742	61 742	29 494	251	1 668	1 350	4 612	2 012	2 698	2 893
In labor force	49 587	49 587	23 225	227	1 348	1 031	3 930	1 598	2 248	2 504
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	11 410	11 410	5 666	108	312	273	608	558	322	338
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 813	1 813	1 109	22	79	69	128	133	25	12
With a mobility limitation	1 381	1 381	757	16	50	64	98	54	12	6
With a self-care limitation	979	979	664	12	54	13	62	105	13	12

Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.					Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 7.01 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons .....	3 457	5 204	7 773	5 440	4 633	1 282	2 496	2 059	485
Native .....	3 425	5 176	7 630	5 411	4 517	1 228	2 464	2 050	473
Foreign born .....	32	28	143	29	116	54	32	9	12
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households .....	4	6	23	6	14	5	6	9	—
Persons 5 years and over .....	3 209	4 786	7 212	5 087	4 285	1 236	2 341	1 923	449
Speak a language other than English .....	204	87	274	124	256	79	65	83	28
Do not speak English "very well" .....	32	12	79	14	110	5	6	30	5
In linguistically isolated households .....	4	6	36	6	19	5	6	19	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	984	1 487	1 973	1 520	1 319	408	734	424	106
Preprimary school .....	88	174	178	117	149	6	67	38	5
Public school .....	56	168	157	98	138	—	53	27	5
Elementary or high school .....	643	993	1 428	1 103	903	57	306	184	71
Public school .....	596	968	1 346	1 086	891	57	263	184	71
College .....	253	320	367	300	267	345	361	202	30
Public college .....	235	305	295	295	201	338	349	168	30
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over .....	2 305	3 305	5 110	3 538	2 845	838	1 655	1 402	341
Less than 9th grade .....	135	296	322	304	229	202	148	154	89
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	214	408	759	405	264	102	146	195	95
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	724	1 170	1 947	1 275	915	173	339	446	68
Some college, no degree .....	459	784	1 146	791	685	153	502	328	31
Associate degree .....	187	221	346	178	235	25	132	116	19
Bachelor's degree .....	354	338	433	445	284	130	260	103	39
Graduate or professional degree .....	232	88	157	140	233	53	128	60	—
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	84.9	78.7	78.8	80.0	82.7	63.7	82.2	75.1	46.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	25.4	12.9	11.5	16.5	18.2	21.8	23.4	11.6	11.4
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	1 308	1 683	1 308	1 421	1 324	523	1 006	960	1 347
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over .....	3 209	4 786	7 212	5 087	4 285	1 236	2 341	1 923	449
Some house .....	1 780	2 214	3 859	2 880	2 082	233	941	792	240
Different house in United States .....	1 410	2 566	3 349	2 197	2 203	994	1 395	1 131	209
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	316	18	10	129	250	359	595	439	99
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	698	884	1 284	805	841	153	162	157	14
Different MSA/PMSA .....	210	1 243	1 798	1 082	760	334	365	393	42
Not in MSA/PMSA .....	186	421	257	181	352	148	273	142	54
Abroad .....	19	6	4	10	—	9	5	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over .....	1 680	2 463	3 946	2 695	2 327	487	1 179	952	210
Car, truck, or van .....	1 429	2 106	3 484	2 277	2 106	386	1 028	845	202
Drove alone .....	1 291	1 834	3 018	2 036	1 883	352	927	682	140
Carpooled .....	138	272	466	241	223	34	101	163	62
Public transportation .....	5	6	11	2	—	—	—	15	—
Other means .....	122	151	176	166	82	90	104	61	8
Worked at home .....	124	200	275	250	139	11	47	31	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	15.5	22.7	26.0	23.3	16.1	13.4	17.0	16.5	13.8
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	1 592	1 019	1 089	1 482	1 680	457	1 018	877	196
Central city .....	636	53	32	280	394	394	782	669	114
Outside central city .....	956	966	1 057	1 202	1 286	63	236	208	82
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	88	1 444	2 857	1 213	647	30	161	75	14
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over .....	2 585	3 780	5 947	4 073	3 350	1 195	2 027	1 719	391
In labor force .....	1 739	2 670	4 289	2 867	2 440	606	1 292	1 040	252
Employed .....	1 693	2 526	4 059	2 742	2 358	511	1 202	982	222
Unemployed .....	44	144	225	125	82	95	90	58	30
Percent of civilian labor force .....	2.5	5.4	5.3	4.4	3.4	15.7	7.0	5.6	11.9
Females 16 years and over .....	1 351	1 903	3 006	2 062	1 769	617	1 078	887	181
Employed .....	741	1 109	1 791	1 216	1 106	238	532	372	80
Unemployed .....	17	48	97	49	39	45	43	25	13
With own children under 6 years .....	194	407	515	342	341	52	181	125	26
In labor force .....	141	236	368	269	264	36	118	64	11
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	284	385	587	430	371	8	123	51	30
In labor force .....	210	292	490	321	328	8	97	33	18
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	175	259	476	298	235	49	96	76	6
Not enrolled in school .....	15	81	118	39	72	8	36	26	—
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	3	22	38	7	29	—	29	17	—
Not high school graduate .....	7	64	38	9	16	—	10	26	—
Employed .....	7	47	21	7	11	—	—	9	—
Unemployed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Not in labor force .....	—	17	17	2	5	—	—	17	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	1 981	2 898	4 605	3 128	2 577	826	1 399	1 232	256
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	1 568	2 313	3 684	2 428	1 964	509	982	884	201
50 to 52 weeks .....	1 139	1 630	2 827	1 795	1 453	229	698	606	94
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	2 109	3 265	5 233	3 425	2 821	804	1 557	1 387	283
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	22	89	95	137	43	37	75	84	—
With a mobility limitation .....	13	83	84	43	34	16	38	23	—
In labor force .....	2	27	21	17	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation .....	14	36	39	111	18	29	66	68	—
With a work disability .....	94	359	472	275	220	106	182	174	32
In labor force .....	54	229	227	173	126	33	103	43	12
Prevented from working .....	27	122	202	71	81	61	79	97	13
No work disability .....	2 015	2 906	4 761	3 150	2 601	698	1 375	1 213	251
In labor force .....	1 614	2 362	3 955	2 610	2 251	568	1 133	978	227
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	474	515	709	587	434	304	470	332	108
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	33	80	68	73	57	115	102	106	22
With a mobility limitation .....	33	68	63	58	57	99	63	82	16
With a self-care limitation .....	24	34	45	39	6	73	60	92	12



Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.						Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	1 170	2 021	2 704	4 382	3 531	4 790	1 856	4 769	3 373
Native	1 165	1 985	2 687	4 342	3 503	4 755	1 856	4 738	3 341
Foreign born	5	36	17	40	28	35	—	31	32
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	6	7	9	21	10	13	10	12	4
Persons 5 years and over	1 044	1 937	2 483	4 158	3 281	4 345	1 702	4 358	3 145
Speak a language other than English	86	49	61	76	71	183	54	135	204
Do not speak English "very well"	11	7	23	49	43	63	18	42	32
In linguistically isolated households	6	7	9	27	27	27	10	24	4
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	327	864	1 139	1 565	708	1 478	399	1 307	970
Preprimary school	44	17	73	85	22	132	17	101	82
Public school	35	—	32	35	22	57	11	79	56
Elementary or high school	181	135	435	838	502	938	312	830	643
Public school	181	135	417	773	471	869	254	760	596
College	102	712	631	642	184	408	70	376	245
Public college	102	695	605	642	151	363	64	344	227
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	733	1 146	1 277	2 668	2 419	2 979	1 264	2 951	2 241
Less than 9th grade	70	94	66	135	328	156	93	269	135
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	120	117	216	213	424	165	213	373	214
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	339	204	303	476	767	702	413	946	718
Same college, no degree	105	314	328	670	516	830	311	640	444
Associate degree	52	57	139	192	167	318	71	290	159
Bachelor's degree	38	304	144	542	175	574	88	291	354
Graduate or professional degree	9	56	81	440	42	234	75	142	217
Percent high school graduate or higher	74.1	81.6	77.9	87.0	68.9	89.2	75.8	78.2	84.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	6.4	31.4	17.6	36.8	9.0	27.1	12.9	14.7	25.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 328	534	826	1 015	1 386	1 396	1 577	1 278	1 318
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	1 044	1 937	2 483	4 158	3 281	4 345	1 702	4 358	3 145
Same house	341	560	845	1 963	1 576	1 968	868	1 794	1 747
Different house in United States	703	1 343	1 629	2 159	1 678	2 338	834	2 556	1 379
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	375	303	544	596	945	1 132	305	880	300
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	55	131	204	267	147	230	247	646	698
Different MSA/PMSA	149	641	520	931	319	543	148	604	195
Not in an MSA/PMSA	124	268	361	365	267	433	134	426	186
Abroad	—	34	9	36	27	39	—	8	19
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	575	954	1 482	2 359	1 592	2 599	840	2 357	1 616
Car, truck, or van	542	749	1 331	2 223	1 460	2 413	755	2 175	1 387
Drove alone	475	675	1 228	1 948	1 254	2 233	625	2 043	1 249
Carpooled	67	74	103	275	206	180	130	132	138
Public transportation	10	14	43	—	11	37	—	8	5
Other means	14	176	91	21	58	47	17	94	122
Walked at home	9	15	17	115	63	102	68	80	102
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.4	13.3	18.9	15.0	16.8	18.4	18.2	18.4	15.3
Walked in MSA/PMSA of residence	539	863	1 331	2 132	1 458	2 321	781	2 114	1 528
Central city	381	717	997	1 737	1 097	1 757	400	1 398	579
Outside central city	158	146	334	395	361	564	381	716	949
Walked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	36	91	151	227	134	278	59	243	88
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	832	1 843	2 082	3 373	2 807	3 402	1 431	3 539	2 521
In labor force	619	1 068	1 615	2 442	1 705	2 682	866	2 572	1 675
Employed	575	996	1 492	2 401	1 592	2 612	840	2 422	1 629
Unemployed	44	66	123	41	113	70	26	150	44
Percent of civilian labor force	7.1	6.2	7.6	1.7	6.6	2.6	3.0	5.8	2.6
Females 16 years and over	445	975	1 181	1 820	1 520	1 789	687	1 880	1 315
Employed	275	421	826	1 161	737	1 319	329	1 165	705
Unemployed	31	19	70	25	23	27	19	28	17
With own children under 6 years	90	92	150	200	238	462	113	394	178
In labor force	71	57	115	135	107	376	51	276	125
With own children 6 to 17 years only	42	49	160	406	165	416	137	303	284
In labor force	31	35	129	372	127	370	110	231	210
Persons 16 to 19 years	15	150	167	202	159	250	102	211	175
Not enrolled in school	—	23	39	36	42	60	9	51	15
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	25	12	32	13	9	28	3
Not high school graduate	—	5	14	14	32	20	—	33	7
Employed	—	5	7	7	10	7	—	15	7
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	9	—
Not in labor force	—	—	7	7	13	13	—	9	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	630	1 297	1 753	2 664	1 901	2 859	996	2 783	1 917
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	516	815	1 124	1 975	1 451	2 171	777	2 287	1 533
50 to 52 weeks	359	417	697	1 422	1 061	1 687	628	1 591	1 111
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	741	1 366	1 939	2 892	2 153	3 070	1 165	3 074	2 052
With a mobility or self-care limitation	59	12	60	17	35	73	67	98	22
With a mobility limitation	24	12	33	10	28	40	27	44	13
In labor force	4	9	19	—	—	33	6	3	2
With a self-care limitation	50	3	60	17	27	53	67	79	14
With a work disability	112	63	189	109	210	192	126	212	94
In labor force	54	53	109	54	79	141	26	79	54
Prevented from working	50	10	67	23	107	45	74	108	27
No work disability	629	1 303	1 750	2 783	1 943	2 878	1 039	2 862	1 958
In labor force	553	988	1 492	2 366	1 541	2 489	795	2 438	1 557
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	91	264	143	481	548	332	221	465	467
With a mobility or self-care limitation	37	69	24	113	133	12	42	104	33
With a mobility limitation	18	64	11	73	54	6	32	87	33
With a self-care limitation	31	13	24	50	105	12	23	38	24

Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
<b>All persons</b>	2 614	3 001	2 109	5 190	2 385	7 773	5 440	4 633	2 585
Native	2 595	2 985	2 091	5 162	2 359	7 630	5 411	4 517	2 569
Foreign born	19	16	18	28	26	143	29	116	16
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	2	11	—	6	—	23	6	14	—
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	2 446	2 794	1 961	4 772	2 238	7 212	5 087	4 285	2 409
Speak a language other than English	50	98	60	87	51	274	124	256	92
Do not speak English "very well"	9	23	—	12	8	79	14	110	11
In linguistically isolated households	2	15	—	6	—	36	6	19	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b>	776	853	577	1 487	572	1 973	1 520	1 319	690
Preprimary school	69	64	36	174	44	178	117	149	38
Public school	64	58	29	168	44	157	98	138	32
Elementary or high school	573	605	399	993	442	1 428	1 103	903	538
Public school	558	587	396	968	432	1 346	1 086	891	531
College	134	184	142	320	86	367	300	267	114
Public college	129	174	117	305	79	295	295	201	105
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b>	1 657	1 915	1 353	3 291	1 599	5 110	3 538	2 845	1 689
Less than 9th grade	119	153	83	296	109	322	304	229	115
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	163	215	176	408	283	759	405	264	219
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	639	729	609	1 156	681	1 947	1 275	915	660
Some college, no degree	403	424	247	784	326	1 146	791	685	288
Associate degree	75	132	81	221	76	346	178	235	102
Bachelor's degree	174	180	140	338	88	433	445	284	222
Graduate or professional degree	84	82	17	88	36	157	140	233	83
Percent high school graduate or higher	83.0	80.8	80.9	78.6	75.5	78.8	80.0	82.7	80.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	15.6	13.7	11.6	12.9	7.8	11.5	16.5	18.2	18.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 429	1 355	1 341	1 683	1 293	1 308	1 421	1 324	1 553
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	2 446	2 794	1 961	4 772	2 238	7 212	5 087	4 285	2 409
Some house	1 463	1 710	1 317	2 200	1 187	3 859	2 880	2 082	1 257
Different house in United States	983	1 077	644	2 566	1 037	3 349	2 197	2 203	1 148
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	98	274	26	18	5	10	129	250	123
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	558	465	255	884	309	1 284	805	841	586
Different MSA/PMSA	143	197	300	1 243	594	1 798	1 082	760	243
Not in an MSA/PMSA	184	141	63	421	129	257	181	352	196
Abroad	—	7	—	6	14	4	10	—	4
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	1 315	1 467	1 052	2 456	1 160	3 946	2 695	2 327	1 232
Car, truck, or van	1 027	1 285	893	2 099	971	3 484	2 277	2 106	984
Drove alone	949	1 154	781	1 827	828	3 018	2 036	1 883	884
Carpooled	78	131	112	272	143	466	241	223	100
Public transportation	—	—	4	6	11	11	2	—	4
Other means	74	94	45	151	21	176	166	82	52
Worked at home	214	88	110	200	157	275	250	139	192
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.0	17.9	24.8	22.7	29.7	26.0	23.3	16.1	20.4
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 236	1 313	729	1 019	356	1 089	1 482	1 680	1 008
Central city	480	550	153	53	13	32	280	394	289
Outside central city	756	763	576	966	343	1 057	1 202	1 286	719
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	79	154	323	1 437	804	2 857	1 213	647	224
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
<b>Persons 16 years and over</b>	1 918	2 214	1 585	3 766	1 826	5 947	4 073	3 350	1 920
In labor force	1 388	1 548	1 127	2 663	1 256	4 289	2 867	2 440	1 271
Employed	1 340	1 486	1 073	2 519	1 176	4 059	2 742	2 358	1 235
Unemployed	45	57	54	144	76	225	125	82	36
Percent of civilian labor force	3.2	3.7	4.8	5.4	6.1	5.3	4.4	3.4	2.8
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>	962	1 129	812	1 896	937	3 006	2 062	1 769	976
Employed	576	656	473	1 109	502	1 791	1 216	1 106	559
Unemployed	25	35	25	48	38	97	49	39	16
With own children under 6 years	154	188	161	407	118	515	342	341	153
In labor force	101	118	94	236	62	368	269	264	86
With own children 6 to 17 years only	258	241	147	385	183	587	430	371	231
In labor force	206	190	114	292	132	490	321	328	176
<b>Persons 16 to 19 years</b>	153	149	126	259	121	476	298	235	131
Not enrolled in school	16	25	29	81	34	118	39	72	20
Unemployed or not in labor force	2	10	—	22	18	38	7	29	10
Not high school graduate	11	11	19	64	19	38	9	16	12
Employed	9	6	19	47	8	21	7	11	4
Unemployed	—	3	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	2	2	—	17	9	17	2	5	8
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989</b>	1 532	1 690	1 243	2 891	1 359	4 605	3 128	2 577	1 396
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 201	1 354	970	2 306	1 105	3 684	2 428	1 964	1 089
50 to 52 weeks	915	998	681	1 623	810	2 827	1 795	1 453	839
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years</b>	1 674	1 900	1 360	3 251	1 599	5 233	3 425	2 821	1 599
With a mobility or self-care limitation	18	70	29	89	30	95	137	43	29
With a mobility limitation	16	26	25	83	23	84	43	34	23
In labor force	4	2	8	27	2	21	17	—	2
With a self-care limitation	9	51	9	36	10	39	111	18	8
With a work disability	101	140	88	359	179	472	275	220	156
In labor force	38	61	41	229	83	227	173	126	46
Prevented from working	49	62	33	122	85	202	71	81	95
No work disability	1 573	1 760	1 272	2 892	1 420	4 761	3 150	2 601	1 443
In labor force	1 313	1 445	1 039	2 355	1 130	3 955	2 610	2 251	1 172
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over</b>	241	309	225	515	223	709	587	434	321
With a mobility or self-care limitation	11	29	25	80	27	68	73	57	37
With a mobility limitation	11	27	25	68	27	63	58	57	35
With a self-care limitation	4	15	16	34	12	45	39	6	12



**Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	51 308	51 308	23 818	222	1 415	1 040	3 914	1 638	2 372	2 620
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	5 638	5 638	3 069	—	218	94	382	63	392	367
Professional specialty occupations .....	6 511	6 511	3 809	19	82	147	450	113	370	407
Technicians and related support occupations .....	1 718	1 718	783	4	26	29	123	37	95	151
Sales occupations .....	5 960	5 960	3 416	5	102	134	479	229	304	343
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	8 228	8 228	3 956	12	212	127	815	274	353	476
Private household occupations .....	208	208	110	3	—	—	30	17	6	15
Protective service occupations .....	752	752	402	—	6	13	66	29	43	43
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	5 573	5 573	2 989	51	181	184	550	200	211	212
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	3 629	3 629	398	6	141	7	108	62	46	5
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	5 945	5 945	2 219	57	152	112	408	261	255	346
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	2 582	2 582	917	15	60	73	200	132	114	108
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	2 851	2 851	975	15	158	67	201	126	110	84
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	1 713	1 713	775	35	77	53	102	95	73	63
INCOME IN 1989										
Households .....	39 151	39 151	18 729	244	1 187	916	3 143	1 556	1 572	1 679
Less than \$5,000 .....	2 061	2 061	1 254	18	71	95	260	81	46	11
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	4 100	4 100	2 202	40	84	162	445	263	78	71
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	3 983	3 983	2 016	34	155	188	472	215	87	77
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	7 799	7 799	3 848	88	305	212	624	381	209	326
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	7 099	7 099	3 136	60	243	107	618	322	248	256
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	7 042	7 042	2 994	4	184	103	435	200	319	510
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	4 950	4 950	2 224	—	94	41	241	83	415	340
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	1 190	1 190	560	—	29	—	31	11	83	67
\$100,000 or more .....	927	927	495	—	22	8	17	—	87	21
Median (dollars) .....	27 080	27 080	25 140	16 974	24 302	15 369	21 206	20 820	40 200	38 484
Mean (dollars) .....	32 688	32 688	31 664	17 734	28 763	20 309	24 663	22 863	43 352	38 976
Families .....	27 245	27 245	11 570	126	889	323	1 878	1 017	1 187	1 389
Median income (dollars) .....	32 805	32 805	33 341	20 652	27 336	20 687	26 200	26 113	46 229	41 329
Per capita income (dollars) .....	12 705	12 705	12 943	8 756	11 317	9 647	10 369	9 887	16 328	13 907
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households .....	39 151	39 151	18 729	244	1 187	916	3 143	1 556	1 572	1 679
With earnings .....	32 807	32 807	15 243	180	1 004	714	2 765	1 198	1 433	1 535
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	32 370	32 370	30 948	17 335	27 508	18 975	24 571	23 554	42 078	37 930
With Social Security income .....	9 479	9 479	4 607	91	281	221	595	526	298	276
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 493	7 493	7 510	7 053	6 855	6 043	6 819	7 171	6 598	7 394
With public assistance income .....	1 808	1 808	898	5	111	33	206	76	67	35
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 276	3 276	3 428	3 560	3 155	1 995	2 903	2 145	2 851	3 444
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars) .....	38 507	38 507	39 935	20 188	32 020	23 934	28 794	27 670	48 737	40 850
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	38 374	38 374	39 531	16 978	31 944	23 742	30 123	26 139	47 510	42 529
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	41 012	41 012	43 346	21 326	34 005	26 201	33 019	29 196	50 773	44 131
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	42 527	42 527	45 279	19 588	36 969	26 876	37 305	27 973	50 958	47 332
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	20 914	20 914	21 570	16 795	17 158	17 917	15 262	18 315	24 778	20 055
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	16 559	16 559	17 399	3 130	10 414	13 000	12 665	14 295	11 499	19 624
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families .....	25 823	25 798	10 998	49	822	309	1 649	989	1 129	1 357
Householder worked in 1989 .....	21 953	21 940	9 151	32	658	235	1 373	811	1 017	1 250
With related children under 18 years .....	13 103	13 103	5 368	17	423	130	980	449	534	853
With related children under 5 years .....	5 122	5 119	2 090	12	193	71	452	219	189	358
Married-couple families .....	22 248	22 212	9 227	25	729	218	1 220	816	1 006	1 175
Householder worked in 1989 .....	19 051	19 027	7 742	14	603	163	1 043	674	909	1 080
With related children under 18 years .....	10 799	10 788	4 227	7	345	88	694	353	454	712
With related children under 5 years .....	4 488	4 485	1 774	7	151	69	358	192	158	307
Female householder, no husband present .....	2 573	2 579	1 366	19	72	64	288	152	82	156
Householder worked in 1989 .....	2 000	2 006	1 046	13	34	45	220	124	67	151
With related children under 18 years .....	1 744	1 750	923	5	62	35	208	75	65	129
With related children under 5 years .....	474	474	253	—	34	2	75	20	31	51
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	15 591	15 608	9 709	94	380	949	1 705	617	467	398
Nonfamily householder .....	11 193	11 210	6 732	72	291	528	1 199	526	376	278
65 years and over .....	3 536	3 539	1 959	38	39	160	192	257	57	62
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	95 577	95 569	42 336	359	2 873	1 796	6 996	3 421	4 125	4 713
Persons under 18 years .....	24 814	24 814	9 569	100	806	218	1 947	760	1 078	1 505
Related children under 18 years .....	24 680	24 680	9 493	100	800	206	1 947	760	1 074	1 492
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	18 032	18 032	6 797	64	520	113	1 333	504	829	1 056
Persons 65 years and over .....	11 063	11 050	5 423	86	298	268	605	538	302	325
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families .....	1 707	1 710	766	11	75	59	206	105	36	36
Percent below poverty level .....	6.3	6.3	6.6	8.7	8.4	18.3	11.0	10.3	3.0	2.6
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 121	1 124	496	5	41	30	139	61	16	31
With related children under 18 years .....	1 203	1 206	531	5	52	24	166	64	20	36
With related children under 5 years .....	544	544	267	—	44	8	55	27	11	30
Married-couple families .....	913	916	307	—	26	23	78	54	21	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	596	599	201	—	13	6	45	46	5	—
With related children under 18 years .....	520	523	164	—	7	6	47	36	5	—
With related children under 5 years .....	276	276	102	—	7	6	25	19	—	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	676	676	391	11	46	31	115	43	15	36
Householder worked in 1989 .....	424	424	235	5	25	19	81	15	11	31
With related children under 18 years .....	589	589	319	5	42	18	106	20	15	36
With related children under 5 years .....	235	235	153	—	34	2	30	8	11	30
Unrelated individuals .....	4 951	4 955	3 655	25	93	444	507	139	64	63
Nonfamily householder .....	2 742	2 746	1 944	18	41	164	296	99	36	11
65 years and over .....	831	831	406	13	16	25	52	39	7	—
Persons .....	10 474	10 481	5 950	71	298	561	1 236	410	210	183
Percent below poverty level .....	11.0	11.0	14.1	19.8	10.4	31.2	17.7	12.0	5.1	3.9
Persons under 18 years .....	2 743	2 743	1 123	23	114	35	413	81	85	97
Related children under 18 years .....	2 623	2 623	1 057	23	108	28	413	81	81	84
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	1 813	1 813	678	23	52	20	305	56	60	58
Persons 65 years and over .....	1 141	1 141	522	19	32	33	84	39	25	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	4 367	4 371	2 764	23	138	296	517	159	126	38
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	15 014	15 019	7 923	103	528	719	1 720	684	353	296



Table 31. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990**

—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.					Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 7.01 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	1 693	2 526	4 059	2 742	2 358	511	1 202	982	222
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	151	287	360	289	222	67	144	64	—
Professional specialty occupations.....	258	226	345	273	285	47	167	74	19
Technicians and related support occupations.....	48	57	148	104	154	9	58	35	4
Sales occupations.....	150	269	379	255	228	69	151	148	5
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	319	373	660	367	340	96	220	145	12
Private household occupations.....	4	—	21	10	17	—	10	—	3
Protective service occupations.....	11	33	103	35	11	7	48	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	110	207	366	283	275	114	117	147	51
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	260	199	230	358	117	—	5	32	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	170	381	754	345	356	29	150	153	57
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	88	147	323	164	242	35	32	77	15
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	85	220	244	176	51	14	61	46	15
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	39	127	126	83	60	24	39	61	35
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households.....	1 306	1 921	2 869	1 919	1 711	793	1 107	1 034	244
Less than \$5,000.....	41	76	53	61	86	124	82	91	18
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	134	147	171	189	203	267	123	217	40
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	97	158	221	164	121	115	141	134	34
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	207	459	566	316	332	169	331	212	88
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	292	388	615	326	310	44	204	167	60
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	235	390	670	352	322	34	135	147	4
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	206	255	423	324	275	28	75	33	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	36	42	101	95	48	7	16	33	—
\$100,000 or more.....	58	6	49	92	14	5	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	31 120	27 469	32 191	31 479	27 921	10 179	20 887	18 009	16 974
Mean (dollars).....	37 357	31 330	35 475	39 668	31 699	16 019	24 125	22 965	17 734
Families.....	1 015	1 468	2 196	1 523	1 261	141	669	563	126
Median income (dollars).....	35 670	31 534	34 592	35 456	32 724	18 438	24 810	26 958	20 652
Per capita income (dollars).....	13 912	11 652	13 168	14 090	11 787	10 555	10 869	11 048	8 756
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households.....	1 306	1 921	2 869	1 919	1 711	793	1 107	1 034	244
With earnings.....	1 076	1 611	2 518	1 671	1 436	525	813	757	180
Mean earnings (dollars).....	38 331	30 945	35 321	39 228	32 740	15 720	23 024	25 314	17 335
With Social Security income.....	364	449	634	444	389	258	361	272	91
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 369	7 638	8 270	7 943	6 227	6 033	7 976	6 872	7 053
With public assistance income.....	46	86	82	46	72	79	52	156	5
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 513	3 216	3 016	3 598	3 836	4 099	4 618	2 987	3 560
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars).....	43 408	34 205	38 087	43 801	36 184	22 432	27 463	30 019	20 188
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	49 061	32 530	38 894	42 195	37 922	23 009	30 845	30 587	16 978
Married-couple families (dollars).....	44 582	35 778	39 518	46 116	39 057	25 004	30 652	33 719	21 326
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	51 680	35 662	41 220	44 784	42 185	29 651	36 964	42 059	19 588
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	26 922	21 658	22 509	19 990	18 340	15 123	16 872	16 430	16 795
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	16 918	12 871	20 390	18 409	18 875	4 550	16 883	2 055	3 130
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families.....	960	1 225	2 115	1 460	1 193	117	648	507	56
Householder worked in 1989.....	849	1 065	1 781	1 287	1 054	87	439	387	34
With related children under 18 years.....	476	674	1 085	747	730	62	316	188	22
With related children under 5 years.....	158	344	430	257	267	38	125	130	17
Married-couple families.....	894	1 068	1 875	1 302	1 007	93	510	406	27
Householder worked in 1989.....	788	919	1 579	1 167	873	63	334	336	11
With related children under 18 years.....	436	546	941	664	577	38	232	144	7
With related children under 5 years.....	153	298	390	241	232	38	102	86	7
Female householder, no husband present.....	51	118	170	93	148	14	101	75	24
Householder worked in 1989.....	46	107	137	63	143	14	68	25	18
With related children under 18 years.....	32	96	111	55	122	14	60	30	10
With related children under 5 years.....	5	21	29	7	29	—	23	30	5
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	309	469	872	483	593	732	613	623	94
Nonfamily householder.....	277	373	641	365	440	564	425	440	72
65 years and over.....	140	140	169	167	188	225	129	133	38
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	3 375	4 769	7 576	5 250	4 420	1 084	2 419	1 907	366
Persons under 18 years.....	978	1 516	2 031	1 529	1 369	87	530	290	100
Related children under 18 years.....	971	1 516	2 004	1 527	1 369	87	484	280	100
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	723	1 114	1 453	1 177	1 008	41	328	172	64
Persons 65 years and over.....	468	474	693	571	434	296	441	321	91
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families.....	21	91	69	77	59	18	64	37	16
Percent below poverty level.....	2.1	6.2	3.1	5.1	4.7	12.8	9.6	6.6	12.7
Householder worked in 1989.....	11	57	38	61	59	18	46	15	10
With related children under 18 years.....	14	53	47	59	59	18	29	37	10
With related children under 5 years.....	3	22	21	10	35	—	20	37	5
Married-couple families.....	11	44	43	60	42	—	29	—	—
Householder worked in 1989.....	6	21	23	53	42	—	17	—	—
With related children under 18 years.....	4	12	21	44	42	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years.....	—	12	13	8	29	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present.....	10	42	26	17	17	8	31	30	16
Householder worked in 1989.....	5	31	15	8	17	8	25	8	10
With related children under 18 years.....	10	36	26	15	17	8	25	30	10
With related children under 5 years.....	3	5	8	2	6	—	20	30	5
Unrelated individuals.....	68	93	163	95	116	334	184	252	25
Nonfamily householder.....	58	54	78	66	95	227	108	137	18
65 years and over.....	38	31	28	47	65	59	10	17	13
Persons.....	129	392	428	425	349	403	350	329	76
Percent below poverty level.....	3.8	8.2	5.6	8.1	7.9	37.2	14.5	17.3	20.8
Persons under 18 years.....	33	138	160	166	143	34	84	40	23
Related children under 18 years.....	26	138	133	164	143	34	68	30	23
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	18	110	95	140	88	22	39	—	23
Persons 65 years and over.....	47	37	32	56	65	59	21	27	19
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	23	103	158	134	62	188	155	161	23
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	209	546	721	641	593	504	517	453	108



Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

— Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.						Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	575	996	1 492	2 401	1 592	2 612	840	2 422	1 629
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	104	94	150	323	51	359	114	232	144
Professional specialty occupations .....	26	142	147	634	113	407	56	303	258
Technicians and related support occupations .....	9	29	31	22	37	151	17	92	48
Sales occupations .....	45	132	202	421	229	343	57	277	136
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	56	124	330	336	274	476	156	485	295
Private household occupations .....	—	—	9	4	17	15	—	21	4
Protective service occupations .....	6	13	38	33	29	43	—	28	11
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	104	174	233	288	200	212	77	317	110
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	15	7	33	34	51	5	126	75	246
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	73	98	127	135	255	346	79	281	170
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	27	69	84	30	125	108	33	116	88
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	85	66	62	78	116	84	73	139	85
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	25	48	46	63	95	63	52	56	34
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	485	875	1 252	1 839	1 512	1 665	702	1 891	1 278
Less than \$5,000 .....	33	89	198	113	81	11	38	62	41
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	17	144	195	268	247	71	67	250	134
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	56	186	211	181	205	77	99	261	97
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	156	209	285	304	381	312	149	339	199
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	132	103	180	266	315	256	111	438	279
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	53	97	117	281	200	510	131	318	228
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	30	39	58	280	72	340	64	183	206
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	8	—	—	96	11	67	21	31	36
\$100,000 or more .....	—	8	8	50	—	21	22	9	58
Median (dollars) .....	23 194	15 526	15 509	27 518	20 898	38 703	24 900	25 594	31 039
Mean (dollars) .....	25 325	20 431	19 615	33 335	22 854	39 125	31 138	28 006	37 429
Families .....	347	307	624	1 168	992	1 381	542	1 254	987
Median income (dollars) .....	26 208	20 562	20 595	40 437	26 023	41 434	30 244	28 056	36 295
Per capita income (dollars) .....	10 277	9 642	9 089	14 043	9 846	13 905	11 973	11 095	13 969
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households .....	485	875	1 252	1 839	1 512	1 665	702	1 891	1 278
With earnings .....	404	682	1 142	1 474	1 164	1 527	600	1 623	1 048
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	25 652	19 012	19 509	34 354	23 446	38 007	28 758	28 132	38 504
With Social Security income .....	77	212	190	431	516	270	204	405	364
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	6 505	6 004	5 356	7 232	7 194	7 412	6 988	7 505	7 369
With public assistance income .....	60	28	86	47	73	35	51	120	46
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 365	1 788	2 977	1 182	2 194	3 444	2 908	2 849	2 513
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars) .....	26 625	23 831	23 637	43 888	27 490	40 952	35 475	31 360	43 674
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	27 980	24 189	21 892	44 367	26 323	42 529	35 284	34 261	49 759
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	28 624	25 983	30 389	46 361	29 025	44 131	37 153	33 999	44 905
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	32 477	27 117	31 469	49 226	28 239	47 332	40 106	39 092	52 528
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	15 224	18 474	11 578	23 195	18 315	19 887	18 995	19 807	26 922
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	15 224	13 904	10 462	21 016	14 295	19 624	4 320	15 813	16 918
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families .....	319	294	552	1 109	964	1 355	497	1 112	933
Householder worked in 1989 .....	238	226	448	970	786	1 242	418	949	824
With related children under 18 years .....	192	127	318	629	434	853	229	671	464
With related children under 5 years .....	86	69	136	148	213	360	99	311	143
Married-couple families .....	262	207	332	960	800	1 182	465	904	869
Householder worked in 1989 .....	201	154	286	828	658	1 087	400	773	763
With related children under 18 years .....	135	87	152	493	347	719	208	553	426
With related children under 5 years .....	57	69	83	131	186	309	86	278	138
Female householder, no husband present .....	44	60	162	128	143	147	24	128	49
Householder worked in 1989 .....	24	45	114	121	115	136	10	108	46
With related children under 18 years .....	44	33	128	115	66	122	18	72	30
With related children under 5 years .....	24	—	43	17	20	51	10	24	5
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	179	919	826	914	589	392	208	879	306
Nonfamily householder .....	138	507	583	667	507	272	160	616	274
65 years and over .....	14	157	40	196	247	56	32	152	137
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	1 122	1 725	2 556	4 300	3 329	4 698	1 752	4 455	3 289
Persons under 18 years .....	333	211	664	1 121	747	1 505	473	1 283	958
Related children under 18 years .....	327	199	664	1 116	747	1 492	473	1 283	951
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	201	109	443	892	497	1 056	319	890	723
Persons 65 years and over .....	91	257	132	459	528	325	210	473	458
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families .....	37	57	129	63	105	36	34	71	19
Percent below poverty level .....	10.7	18.6	20.7	5.4	10.6	2.6	6.3	5.7	1.9
Householder worked in 1989 .....	22	30	83	43	61	31	19	56	11
With related children under 18 years .....	31	22	114	50	64	36	21	52	12
With related children under 5 years .....	31	6	47	24	27	30	13	8	3
Married-couple families .....	13	23	30	39	54	—	13	42	11
Householder worked in 1989 .....	7	6	18	26	46	—	6	27	6
With related children under 18 years .....	7	6	24	26	36	—	—	23	4
With related children under 5 years .....	7	6	17	17	19	—	—	8	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	24	29	99	17	43	36	18	16	8
Householder worked in 1989 .....	15	19	65	10	15	31	10	16	5
With related children under 18 years .....	24	16	90	17	20	36	18	16	8
With related children under 5 years .....	24	—	30	7	8	30	10	—	3
Unrelated individuals .....	51	430	323	348	127	63	42	184	68
Nonfamily householder .....	25	156	205	256	96	11	16	91	58
65 years and over .....	7	25	5	115	39	—	9	47	38
Persons .....	137	539	832	534	398	183	157	398	127
Percent below poverty level .....	12.2	31.2	32.6	12.4	12.0	3.9	9.0	8.9	3.9
Persons under 18 years .....	49	32	303	86	81	97	65	110	33
Related children under 18 years .....	43	25	303	86	81	84	65	110	26
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	20	20	202	54	56	58	32	103	18
Persons 65 years and over .....	19	33	24	133	39	—	9	54	47
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	32	286	364	216	154	38	102	147	21
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	212	687	1 044	749	643	296	312	661	207



Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
<b>OCCUPATION</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over.....	1 340	1 486	1 073	2 519	1 176	4 059	2 742	2 358	1 235
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	77	145	93	280	95	360	289	222	135
Professional specialty occupations.....	99	166	75	226	53	345	273	285	120
Technicians and related support occupations.....	36	25	50	57	30	148	104	154	53
Sales occupations.....	117	126	92	269	142	379	255	228	84
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	170	242	169	373	162	660	367	340	188
Private household occupations.....	11	—	2	—	2	21	10	17	10
Protective service occupations.....	28	39	10	33	14	103	35	11	13
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	135	118	114	207	92	366	283	275	117
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	283	218	181	199	142	230	358	117	244
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	182	154	129	381	187	754	345	356	132
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	44	79	24	147	97	323	176	242	59
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	127	121	94	220	125	244	164	51	59
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	31	53	40	127	35	126	83	60	21
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Households.....	921	1 081	798	1 914	863	2 869	1 919	1 711	993
Less than \$5,000.....	52	28	26	76	23	53	61	86	59
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	65	95	58	147	64	171	189	203	105
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	87	105	99	158	81	221	164	121	137
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	184	239	150	459	191	566	316	332	197
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	187	197	152	381	160	615	326	310	208
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	198	233	168	390	185	670	352	322	195
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	85	131	105	255	116	423	324	275	66
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	39	37	19	42	31	101	95	48	20
\$100,000 or more.....	24	16	21	6	12	49	92	14	6
Median (dollars).....	28 878	28 358	28 500	27 398	29 414	32 191	31 479	27 921	24 913
Mean (dollars).....	33 507	32 833	35 475	31 335	33 970	35 475	39 668	31 699	27 392
Families.....	746	868	651	1 461	702	2 196	1 523	1 261	772
Median income (dollars).....	31 643	31 653	31 116	31 559	32 312	34 592	35 456	32 724	28 971
Per capita income (dollars).....	11 978	11 929	13 452	11 643	12 099	13 168	14 090	11 787	10 418
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
Households.....	921	1 081	798	1 914	863	2 869	1 919	1 711	993
With earnings.....	818	924	708	1 604	741	2 518	1 671	1 436	828
Mean earnings (dollars).....	32 744	32 803	34 903	30 949	34 137	35 321	39 228	32 740	26 912
With Social Security income.....	197	270	198	449	204	634	444	389	277
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 291	8 815	7 298	7 638	7 440	8 270	7 943	6 227	6 987
With public assistance income.....	43	38	38	86	43	82	46	72	53
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	2 837	3 833	5 238	3 216	1 821	3 016	3 598	3 836	1 992
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
Families (dollars).....	36 348	35 965	38 289	34 225	36 854	38 087	43 801	36 184	30 325
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	35 322	35 360	46 278	32 530	36 533	38 894	42 195	37 922	30 067
Married-couple families (dollars).....	37 882	37 954	40 570	35 809	38 541	39 518	46 116	39 057	30 869
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	37 011	38 010	51 382	35 662	38 968	41 220	44 784	42 185	31 868
Female householder, no husband present (dollars).....	21 929	17 441	20 647	21 658	18 504	22 509	19 990	18 340	24 955
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	20 163	13 993	12 118	12 871	17 629	20 390	18 409	18 875	15 226
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>									
Families.....	726	818	650	1 215	660	2 116	1 457	1 188	767
Householder worked in 1989.....	658	696	569	1 048	554	1 773	1 284	1 049	638
With related children under 18 years.....	426	417	321	682	310	1 082	751	718	416
With related children under 5 years.....	136	174	135	339	92	432	261	249	119
Married-couple families.....	653	725	545	1 064	592	1 879	1 294	1 002	691
Householder worked in 1989.....	599	631	479	908	505	1 574	1 159	868	584
With related children under 18 years.....	380	359	262	560	271	941	663	565	356
With related children under 5 years.....	130	154	122	299	80	392	245	220	105
Female householder, no husband present.....	44	68	58	118	44	167	93	148	60
Householder worked in 1989.....	36	44	49	107	25	134	63	143	38
With related children under 18 years.....	24	39	36	96	27	108	55	122	44
With related children under 5 years.....	3	11	10	21	10	29	7	23	11
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.....	215	241	175	474	216	868	488	599	266
Nonfamily householder.....	175	194	129	378	159	637	370	446	222
65 years and over.....	51	74	44	128	58	165	168	188	105
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.....	2 579	2 925	2 083	4 757	2 330	7 573	5 252	4 421	2 568
Persons under 18 years.....	779	850	560	1 516	630	2 031	1 529	1 369	742
Related children under 18 years.....	774	850	556	1 516	626	2 004	1 527	1 369	742
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	608	646	409	1 114	478	1 453	1 177	1 008	564
Persons 65 years and over.....	245	294	229	456	210	698	572	434	324
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
Families.....	53	61	38	93	57	69	77	53	81
Percent below poverty level.....	7.1	7.0	5.8	6.4	8.1	3.1	5.1	4.2	10.5
Householder worked in 1989.....	42	38	29	51	23	38	61	53	61
With related children under 18 years.....	29	47	27	55	35	47	59	53	70
With related children under 5 years.....	12	25	13	16	14	21	10	29	37
Married-couple families.....	36	43	18	46	41	43	60	42	60
Householder worked in 1989.....	30	30	12	15	19	23	53	42	47
With related children under 18 years.....	14	31	7	14	24	21	44	42	49
With related children under 5 years.....	9	16	1	6	9	13	8	29	26
Female householder, no husband present.....	4	14	18	42	16	26	17	11	19
Householder worked in 1989.....	4	6	17	31	4	15	8	11	12
With related children under 18 years.....	4	14	18	36	11	26	15	11	19
With related children under 5 years.....	—	7	10	5	5	8	2	—	9
Unrelated individuals.....	69	41	21	99	51	160	95	116	77
Nonfamily householder.....	52	27	17	60	30	75	66	95	54
65 years and over.....	23	11	7	37	20	25	47	65	39
Persons.....	210	269	134	400	209	425	425	343	386
Percent below poverty level.....	8.1	9.2	6.4	8.4	9.0	5.6	8.1	7.8	15.0
Persons under 18 years.....	50	119	51	138	57	160	166	143	166
Related children under 18 years.....	45	119	47	138	55	133	164	143	166
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	30	78	38	110	37	95	140	88	109
Persons 65 years and over.....	60	22	17	43	40	29	56	65	54
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	72	60	45	103	54	158	134	56	167
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	324	400	302	560	291	715	633	593	551



**Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County			
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>51 138</b>	<b>51 138</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23 991</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>1 532</b>	<b>1 258</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	468	468	-	-	193	-	13	-	3	26
1985 to 1988 .....	3 092	3 092	-	-	1 624	-	9	29	71	4
1980 to 1984 .....	5 155	5 155	-	-	2 062	-	5	16	353	35
1970 to 1979 .....	17 659	17 659	-	-	8 056	-	47	111	538	46
1960 to 1969 .....	6 921	6 921	8	-	4 036	-	104	33	182	200
1950 to 1959 .....	5 156	5 156	-	-	3 437	-	44	88	129	311
1940 to 1949 .....	3 155	3 155	-	-	1 653	-	43	94	73	301
1939 or earlier .....	9 532	9 532	-	-	2 930	-	45	235	183	335
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	693	693	-	-	525	-	8	12	6	26
1 bedroom .....	5 590	5 590	-	-	3 395	-	60	85	123	283
2 bedrooms .....	16 361	16 361	-	-	7 584	-	149	282	557	573
3 bedrooms .....	18 446	18 446	-	-	7 313	-	87	169	640	249
4 bedrooms .....	7 621	7 621	-	-	3 912	-	-	58	137	91
5 or more bedrooms .....	2 427	2 427	8	-	1 262	-	6	-	69	36
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	599	599	-	-	553	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	776	776	-	-	652	-	-	-	-	-
Vocont condominium housing units .....	63	63	-	-	59	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	50 716	50 716	8	-	23 876	-	310	600	1 532	1 258
Source of water, public system or private company .....	46 428	46 428	-	-	23 931	-	310	606	1 422	1 258
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	39 667	39 667	-	-	23 698	-	270	606	951	1 255
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	339	339	-	-	57	-	-	13	9	14
Owner-occupied housing units .....	74	74	-	-	14	-	-	7	9	-
Renter-occupied housing units .....	76	76	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	14
Occupied housing units .....	<b>47 470</b>	<b>47 470</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22 647</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>554</b>	<b>1 449</b>	<b>1 146</b>
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	36 707	36 707	8	-	20 021	-	246	511	1 116	988
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	5 751	5 751	-	-	203	-	-	7	225	9
Electricity .....	3 414	3 414	-	-	1 898	-	21	36	33	124
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	245	245	-	-	28	-	-	-	6	9
All other fuels .....	1 222	1 222	-	-	396	-	-	-	69	12
No fuel used .....	131	131	-	-	101	-	-	-	-	4
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	2 792	2 792	-	-	1 888	-	37	100	67	124
1 .....	14 020	14 020	-	-	8 059	-	90	205	508	443
2 .....	18 852	18 852	8	-	8 733	-	90	163	565	398
3 or more .....	11 806	11 806	-	-	3 967	-	50	86	309	181
Vehicles per household .....	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	1.7	-	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>29 040</b>	<b>29 040</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12 198</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>863</b>	<b>299</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	3 178	3 178	-	-	1 407	-	47	25	110	44
1985 to 1988 .....	7 686	7 686	-	-	3 261	-	55	32	266	52
1980 to 1984 .....	5 125	5 125	-	-	2 063	-	8	42	224	42
1970 to 1979 .....	7 741	7 741	-	-	3 187	-	24	81	141	55
1969 or earlier .....	5 310	5 310	8	-	2 280	-	14	99	122	106
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>18 430</b>	<b>18 430</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10 449</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>847</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	9 618	9 618	-	-	5 923	-	70	158	294	482
1985 to 1988 .....	5 735	5 735	-	-	3 243	-	31	43	168	271
1980 to 1984 .....	1 658	1 658	-	-	733	-	5	31	67	65
1970 to 1979 .....	980	980	-	-	414	-	-	24	33	15
1969 or earlier .....	439	439	-	-	136	-	13	19	24	14
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	3 056	3 056	-	-	1 350	-	72	105	230	81
Householder 65 years and over .....	8 910	8 910	-	-	4 500	-	40	114	189	230
Owner-occupied housing units .....	6 547	6 547	-	-	3 110	-	28	95	178	111
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	50	50	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	6
No telephone in unit .....	218	218	-	-	89	-	9	-	-	4
No vehicle available .....	1 279	1 279	-	-	792	-	20	23	15	63
Complete plumbing facilities .....	47 320	47 320	8	-	22 602	-	267	547	1 440	1 132
1.00 or less persons per room .....	45 460	45 460	8	-	21 836	-	199	482	1 373	1 113
1.01 or more persons per room .....	1 860	1 860	-	-	766	-	68	65	67	19
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	150	150	-	-	45	-	-	7	9	14
1.00 or less persons per room .....	133	133	-	-	37	-	-	7	9	6
1.01 or more persons per room .....	17	17	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	8
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	37 229	37 229	30 000	-	38 607	-	24 921	17 317	28 532	27 318
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	20 389	20 389	-	-	18 549	-	12 820	15 102	19 801	17 043
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	7 432	7 432	-	-	4 436	-	133	204	279	329
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 071	2 071	-	-	856	-	51	84	68	8
Renter-occupied housing units .....	5 361	5 361	-	-	3 580	-	82	120	211	321

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21
All housing units.....	4 177	2 129	1 866	1 912	1 574	1 646	3 104	3 763	2 582
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990.....	6	—	79	45	56	13	14	40	14
1985 to 1988.....	369	34	398	273	471	59	264	172	108
1980 to 1984.....	704	229	317	299	418	87	541	544	264
1970 to 1979.....	1 941	972	707	1 063	567	471	874	1 570	937
1960 to 1969.....	569	432	211	176	44	114	304	457	237
1950 to 1959.....	323	360	28	42	3	142	200	124	178
1940 to 1949.....	132	78	39	—	5	77	154	133	78
1939 or earlier.....	133	24	87	14	10	683	753	723	766
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom.....	89	4	17	—	5	23	15	24	9
1 bedroom.....	589	213	168	42	82	139	301	196	166
2 bedrooms.....	1 746	829	404	298	329	481	1 186	1 264	694
3 bedrooms.....	1 304	827	760	921	608	666	1 132	1 686	1 175
4 bedrooms.....	342	206	420	519	412	237	392	492	424
5 or more bedrooms.....	107	50	97	132	138	100	78	101	114
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	10	23	23	28	221	19	—	12	2
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	341	13	16	38	22	17	34	14	3
Vacant condominium housing units.....	26	10	6	2	—	—	—	2	2
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities.....	4 162	2 117	1 866	1 912	1 567	1 612	3 069	3 717	2 574
Source of water, public system or private company.....	4 164	2 116	1 845	1 884	1 574	1 522	2 140	3 484	2 542
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	4 122	2 081	1 371	1 865	1 548	925	1 880	2 522	1 334
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	20	12	6	—	—	29	26	30	8
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	3	21	5	2
Renter-occupied housing units.....	20	—	6	—	—	12	—	5	—
Occupied housing units.....	3 932	1 964	1 755	1 855	1 515	1 517	2 855	3 413	2 417
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas.....	3 264	1 723	1 371	1 787	1 502	953	2 163	2 604	1 501
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	55	—	92	21	—	338	519	456	591
Electricity.....	506	175	262	25	13	109	129	223	215
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	3	—	—	—	65	13	5	12
All other fuels.....	68	59	30	22	—	52	31	125	98
No fuel used.....	39	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None.....	248	86	12	18	10	64	190	113	82
1.....	1 626	756	374	449	374	354	726	665	530
2.....	1 479	790	830	969	761	599	1 161	1 406	973
3 or more.....	579	332	539	419	370	500	778	1 229	832
Vehicles per household.....	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units.....	2 031	1 232	1 287	1 451	1 210	985	1 849	2 672	1 652
1989 to March 1990.....	263	189	125	219	139	104	215	311	133
1985 to 1988.....	716	400	408	471	447	218	482	680	423
1980 to 1984.....	356	240	270	290	366	148	395	563	314
1970 to 1979.....	513	227	404	368	252	296	421	718	484
1969 or earlier.....	183	176	80	103	6	219	336	400	298
Renter-occupied housing units.....	1 901	732	468	404	305	532	1 006	741	765
1989 to March 1990.....	1 070	341	329	219	157	192	491	360	303
1985 to 1988.....	632	249	85	152	122	176	338	222	271
1980 to 1984.....	167	84	38	21	14	90	68	82	96
1970 to 1979.....	32	58	12	12	9	52	89	40	67
1969 or earlier.....	—	—	4	—	3	22	20	37	28
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit.....	346	145	62	16	—	49	312	245	127
Householder 65 years and over.....	509	407	221	256	262	369	490	533	498
Owner-occupied housing units.....	356	274	185	242	231	264	347	479	401
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	5	14	3	—
No telephone in unit.....	17	17	—	9	—	11	39	8	1
No vehicle available.....	30	62	—	5	—	47	123	63	56
Complete plumbing facilities.....	3 912	1 964	1 749	1 855	1 515	1 502	2 834	3 403	2 415
1.00 or less persons per room.....	3 696	1 886	1 713	1 847	1 500	1 460	2 571	3 288	2 299
1.01 or more persons per room.....	216	78	36	8	15	42	263	115	116
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	20	—	6	—	—	15	21	10	2
1.00 or less persons per room.....	20	—	6	—	—	7	21	10	2
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	30 683	24 616	47 401	41 352	64 942	39 386	33 044	35 989	40 628
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	15 616	17 542	27 061	27 902	30 934	27 399	21 384	26 736	27 321
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	829	359	82	67	51	121	485	262	294
Owner-occupied housing units.....	117	176	41	20	10	50	192	127	122
Renter-occupied housing units.....	712	183	41	47	41	71	293	135	172



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.		Brighton city (pt.) Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.), Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
All housing units.....	649	2 002	8	—	1 081	1 056	—	1 448	1 389	2 198
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	21	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	14	178	—	—	81	—	—	3	16	35
1980 to 1984.....	29	179	—	—	44	—	—	48	16	24
1970 to 1979.....	199	970	—	—	241	77	—	153	105	617
1960 to 1969.....	24	151	8	—	104	264	—	215	220	314
1950 to 1959.....	55	46	—	—	92	167	—	413	372	325
1940 to 1949.....	38	59	—	—	94	222	—	244	184	337
1939 or earlier.....	269	401	—	—	425	326	—	372	476	546
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	3	—	—	—	177	70	—	21	11	97
1 bedroom.....	40	290	—	—	520	259	—	107	254	401
2 bedrooms.....	119	584	—	—	221	463	—	424	493	1 023
3 bedrooms.....	300	715	—	—	89	143	—	419	386	457
4 bedrooms.....	116	321	—	—	38	52	—	344	200	198
5 or more bedrooms.....	71	92	8	—	36	69	—	133	45	22
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	43	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	22	9	24
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	626	1 979	8	—	1 000	1 056	—	1 448	1 389	2 185
Source of water, public system or private company.....	591	1 992	—	—	1 081	1 056	—	1 448	1 389	2 176
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	74	1 906	—	—	1 081	1 056	—	1 442	1 375	2 167
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	18	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	13
Owner-occupied housing units.....	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Renter-occupied housing units.....	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
Occupied housing units.....	617	1 864	8	—	980	962	—	1 392	1 303	2 017
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	301	1 603	8	—	737	840	—	1 240	1 212	1 734
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	208	67	—	—	6	—	—	7	41	36
Electricity.....	23	149	—	—	166	108	—	116	44	192
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	64	45	—	—	64	14	—	29	—	21
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	6	34
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	11	87	—	—	295	184	—	83	90	371
1.....	72	494	—	—	460	384	—	525	580	724
2.....	243	753	8	—	162	233	—	542	464	560
3 or more.....	291	530	—	—	63	161	—	242	169	362
Vehicles per household.....	2.7	2.0	2.0	—	1.0	1.5	—	1.7	1.6	1.5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	381	1 156	8	—	116	161	—	860	632	831
1989 to March 1990.....	53	145	—	—	19	51	—	78	59	91
1985 to 1988.....	97	315	—	—	38	24	—	163	179	210
1980 to 1984.....	47	226	—	—	12	7	—	99	29	112
1970 to 1979.....	113	295	—	—	35	10	—	215	138	176
1969 or earlier.....	71	175	8	—	12	69	—	305	227	242
Renter-occupied housing units.....	236	708	—	—	864	801	—	532	671	1 186
1989 to March 1990.....	82	377	—	—	456	590	—	330	388	745
1985 to 1988.....	59	225	—	—	294	152	—	132	191	350
1980 to 1984.....	36	70	—	—	56	14	—	41	56	60
1970 to 1979.....	31	36	—	—	41	30	—	17	20	23
1969 or earlier.....	28	—	—	—	17	15	—	12	16	8
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	20	59	—	—	85	74	—	45	72	349
Householder 65 years and over.....	81	278	—	—	301	104	—	371	388	324
Owner-occupied housing units.....	61	170	—	—	37	79	—	325	262	259
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
No telephone in unit.....	—	4	—	—	13	6	—	—	—	35
No vehicle available.....	6	49	—	—	189	17	—	50	41	84
Complete plumbing facilities.....	610	1 864	8	—	980	962	—	1 392	1 294	2 010
1.00 or less persons per room.....	599	1 833	8	—	941	942	—	1 378	1 253	1 769
1.01 or more persons per room.....	11	31	—	—	39	20	—	14	41	241
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	7
1.00 or less persons per room.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	7
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	43 704	38 061	30 000	—	23 641	33 287	—	47 102	27 743	26 288
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	24 619	18 826	—	—	13 814	13 533	—	17 934	20 130	14 084
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	40	212	—	—	382	478	—	263	214	622
Owner-occupied housing units.....	12	55	—	—	25	23	—	64	44	94
Renter-occupied housing units.....	28	157	—	—	357	455	—	199	170	528

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)
All housing units.....	287	606	618	1 166	1 081	1 662	2 031	1 760	1 081	2 011
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	9	29	40	4	3	165	86	20	—	34
1980 to 1984.....	5	16	218	31	—	306	130	93	12	214
1970 to 1979.....	41	111	255	46	98	878	1 355	592	730	893
1960 to 1969.....	93	33	35	182	291	191	319	741	311	424
1950 to 1959.....	38	88	13	298	645	98	141	288	16	360
1940 to 1949.....	43	94	7	281	31	8	—	16	12	62
1939 or earlier.....	45	235	50	324	13	16	—	10	—	24
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	8	12	6	24	5	51	17	—	—	4
1 bedroom.....	60	85	24	267	22	353	343	217	12	205
2 bedrooms.....	149	282	223	512	247	686	471	614	148	774
3 bedrooms.....	70	169	330	238	414	478	673	492	349	789
4 bedrooms.....	—	58	35	89	276	75	360	294	492	189
5 or more bedrooms.....	—	—	—	36	117	19	167	143	80	50
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	10	60	58	87	23
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	322	141	18	27	13
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	26	3	6	—	10
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	287	600	618	1 166	1 081	1 654	2 031	1 760	1 081	2 011
Source of water, public system or private company.....	287	606	612	1 166	1 081	1 662	2 031	1 760	1 081	1 998
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	270	606	606	1 166	1 058	1 649	2 031	1 755	1 081	1 998
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	13	—	14	—	8	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	14	—	8	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	244	554	590	1 064	1 075	1 556	1 971	1 685	1 081	1 870
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	223	511	562	927	1 070	1 188	1 686	1 509	1 014	1 646
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	—	7	6	9	—	16	10	13	11	—
Electricity.....	21	36	7	108	5	279	211	130	19	161
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	—	9	11	—	55	43	28	31	59
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	18	21	5	6	4
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	37	100	29	111	26	166	161	110	6	86
1.....	84	205	219	407	359	734	654	731	202	720
2.....	79	163	241	377	487	521	796	632	596	732
3 or more.....	44	86	101	169	203	135	360	212	277	332
Vehicles per household.....	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.7	1.6	2.2	1.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	125	279	381	287	806	549	1 024	834	886	1 173
1989 to March 1990.....	36	25	59	44	71	61	67	68	47	184
1985 to 1988.....	43	32	137	48	119	154	250	162	223	367
1980 to 1984.....	8	42	124	41	38	155	141	103	153	219
1970 to 1979.....	24	81	61	51	185	146	481	229	364	227
1969 or earlier.....	14	99	—	103	393	33	85	272	99	176
Renter-occupied housing units.....	119	275	209	777	269	1 007	947	851	195	697
1989 to March 1990.....	70	158	91	437	139	569	540	338	116	328
1985 to 1988.....	31	43	75	254	96	361	271	359	67	244
1980 to 1984.....	5	31	23	64	29	62	58	88	6	73
1970 to 1979.....	—	24	14	13	5	15	78	48	6	52
1969 or earlier.....	13	19	6	9	—	—	—	18	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	72	105	73	66	32	167	19	20	—	133
Householder 65 years and over.....	40	114	57	217	304	138	468	513	167	390
Owner-occupied housing units.....	28	95	57	105	292	97	228	281	161	263
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
No vehicle available.....	20	23	15	61	15	15	121	68	6	62
Complete plumbing facilities.....	244	547	590	1 050	1 075	1 548	1 971	1 685	1 081	1 870
1.00 or less persons per room.....	176	482	545	1 038	1 058	1 453	1 965	1 679	1 081	1 801
1.01 or more persons per room.....	68	65	45	12	17	95	6	6	—	69
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	7	—	14	—	8	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	7	—	6	—	8	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	20 528	17 317	24 189	27 274	36 181	27 992	43 935	36 119	44 529	24 755
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	12 820	15 102	14 858	17 225	20 759	13 516	20 673	21 188	47 510	17 918
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	133	204	147	300	109	536	360	164	38	327
Owner-occupied housing units.....	51	84	42	8	44	58	58	16	38	163
Renter-occupied housing units.....	82	120	105	292	65	478	302	148	—	164



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Northglenn city (pt.) Weld County
	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)
All housing units.....	963	1 898	1 574	59	—	22	—	—
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990.....	79	45	56	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	355	273	471	—	—	—	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	188	299	418	—	—	—	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	223	1 055	567	9	—	10	—	—
1960 to 1969.....	85	170	44	—	—	—	—	—
1950 to 1959.....	19	42	3	14	—	5	—	—
1940 to 1949.....	—	—	5	13	—	—	—	—
1939 or earlier.....	14	14	10	23	—	7	—	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom.....	17	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom.....	142	42	82	—	—	—	—	—
2 bedrooms.....	201	298	329	26	—	—	—	—
3 bedrooms.....	271	921	608	10	—	7	—	—
4 bedrooms.....	267	505	412	23	—	5	—	—
5 or more bedrooms.....	65	132	138	—	—	10	—	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>								
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	23	28	221	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	16	38	22	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	6	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities.....	963	1 898	1 567	59	—	22	—	—
Source of water, public system or private company.....	963	1 884	1 574	59	—	17	—	—
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	934	1 865	1 548	10	—	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	876	1 841	1 515	49	—	22	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas.....	628	1 787	1 502	—	—	5	—	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	14	7	—	13	—	7	—	—
Electricity.....	234	25	13	23	—	—	—	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	22	—	—	—	10	—	—
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None.....	5	18	10	—	—	—	—	—
1.....	251	441	374	—	—	5	—	—
2.....	409	969	761	9	—	—	—	—
3 or more.....	211	413	370	40	—	17	—	—
Vehicles per household.....	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.4	—	3.9	—	—
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units.....	549	1 437	1 210	36	—	22	—	—
1989 to March 1990.....	70	219	139	9	—	10	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	194	471	447	—	—	—	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	124	290	366	—	—	—	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	145	360	252	—	—	7	—	—
1969 or earlier.....	16	97	6	27	—	5	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	327	404	305	13	—	—	—	—
1989 to March 1990.....	239	219	157	13	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	49	152	122	—	—	—	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	32	21	14	—	—	—	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	7	12	9	—	—	—	—	—
1969 or earlier.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit.....	22	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Householder 65 years and over.....	80	248	262	14	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	62	234	231	14	—	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities.....	876	1 841	1 515	49	—	22	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	871	1 833	1 500	49	—	22	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	5	8	15	—	—	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	53 609	41 554	64 942	39 322	—	55 855	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	29 255	27 902	30 934	22 700	—	—	—	—
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	41	67	51	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	14	20	10	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	27	47	41	—	—	—	—	—

Table 32. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)
<b>All housing units</b> -----	<b>23</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>2 515</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	3	26	6	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	—	—	31	—	204	—	43	—
1980 to 1984 -----	—	—	135	4	398	15	129	—
1970 to 1979 -----	6	—	283	—	1 063	79	484	8
1960 to 1969 -----	11	—	147	18	378	8	126	6
1950 to 1959 -----	6	—	116	13	225	—	9	—
1940 to 1949 -----	—	—	66	20	124	16	39	—
1939 or earlier -----	—	—	133	11	117	—	73	—
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom -----	—	—	—	2	38	—	—	—
1 bedroom -----	—	—	99	16	236	8	26	—
2 bedrooms -----	—	—	334	61	1 060	55	203	—
3 bedrooms -----	17	—	310	11	826	38	489	—
4 bedrooms -----	—	—	102	2	267	17	153	14
5 or more bedrooms -----	6	—	69	—	88	—	32	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>								
Owner-occupied condominium housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units -----	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities -----	23	—	914	92	2 508	106	903	14
Source of water, public system or private company -----	23	—	810	92	2 502	118	882	—
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	—	—	345	89	2 473	83	437	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	9	—	12	12	6	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	12	—	6	—
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>23</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>2 376</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas -----	23	—	554	61	2 076	77	743	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	—	219	—	39	—	78	14
Electricity -----	—	—	26	16	227	14	28	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	—	60	1	13	—	30	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	4	21	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None -----	—	—	38	13	82	—	7	—
1 -----	6	—	289	36	892	36	123	8
2 -----	11	—	324	21	958	58	421	—
3 or more -----	6	—	208	12	444	—	328	6
Vehicles per household -----	2.0	—	2.0	1.5	1.8	1.6	2.6	1.9
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>23</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1 482</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>14</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	11	—	51	—	202	5	55	—
1985 to 1988 -----	12	—	129	4	562	33	214	—
1980 to 1984 -----	—	—	100	1	201	21	146	—
1970 to 1979 -----	—	—	80	4	367	—	259	8
1969 or earlier -----	—	—	122	3	150	—	64	6
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>894</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>—</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	203	45	501	13	90	—
1985 to 1988 -----	—	—	93	17	271	5	36	—
1980 to 1984 -----	—	—	44	1	105	11	6	—
1970 to 1979 -----	—	—	19	2	17	6	5	—
1969 or earlier -----	—	—	18	5	—	—	4	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit -----	—	—	157	15	179	12	40	—
Householder 65 years and over -----	—	—	132	13	371	17	141	8
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	121	6	259	11	123	8
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	—	—	4	17	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	—	—	—	2	15	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	23	—	850	82	2 364	94	873	14
1.00 or less persons per room -----	23	—	828	75	2 243	85	842	14
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	22	7	121	9	31	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	9	—	12	—	6	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	—	9	—	12	—	6	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	48 796	—	31 965	28 375	31 680	21 867	42 783	20 588
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	—	—	22 541	15 031	17 981	10 051	21 972	—
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	—	—	132	29	293	32	41	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	26	—	59	13	27	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	106	29	234	19	14	—



Table 32. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.							
	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)
All housing units.....	—	1 587	1 176	1 573	1 083	3 096	1 042	3 763
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990.....	—	13	10	14	25	14	11	40
1985 to 1988.....	—	59	46	36	29	264	81	172
1980 to 1984.....	—	87	68	72	171	541	145	544
1970 to 1979.....	—	462	399	645	346	874	437	1 570
1960 to 1969.....	—	114	127	178	99	296	188	457
1950 to 1959.....	—	128	82	116	49	200	54	124
1940 to 1949.....	—	64	52	164	64	154	39	133
1939 or earlier.....	—	660	392	348	300	753	87	723
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom.....	—	23	—	11	10	15	2	24
1 bedroom.....	—	139	94	110	36	301	32	196
2 bedrooms.....	—	455	372	477	374	1 186	317	1 264
3 bedrooms.....	—	656	460	593	484	1 132	499	1 686
4 bedrooms.....	—	214	163	310	146	392	117	492
5 or more bedrooms.....	—	100	87	72	33	70	75	101
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>								
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	19	—	6	—	—	—	12
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	17	—	22	—	34	—	14
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities.....	—	1 553	1 144	1 568	1 074	3 061	1 039	3 717
Source of water, public system or private company.....	—	1 463	1 073	1 285	679	2 140	517	3 484
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	—	915	369	1 042	583	1 880	438	2 522
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	29	18	34	9	26	3	30
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	3	—	2	—	21	3	5
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	5
Occupied housing units.....	—	1 468	1 063	1 431	997	2 847	976	3 413
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas.....	—	953	410	1 034	619	2 155	555	2 604
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	—	325	514	298	339	519	305	456
Electricity.....	—	86	57	40	20	129	52	223
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	52	15	9	4	13	3	5
All other fuels.....	—	52	67	45	15	31	61	125
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None.....	—	64	34	41	28	190	2	113
1.....	—	354	239	343	232	726	177	665
2.....	—	590	420	615	388	1 153	407	1 406
3 or more.....	—	460	370	432	349	778	390	1 229
Vehicles per household.....	—	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.5	2.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	949	720	1 028	682	1 841	784	2 672
1989 to March 1990.....	—	95	93	112	37	215	97	311
1985 to 1988.....	—	218	170	186	175	482	203	680
1980 to 1984.....	—	148	128	125	158	395	118	563
1970 to 1979.....	—	296	198	365	176	421	240	718
1969 or earlier.....	—	192	131	240	136	328	126	400
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	519	343	403	315	1 006	192	741
1989 to March 1990.....	—	179	124	198	151	491	84	360
1985 to 1988.....	—	176	111	118	77	338	75	222
1980 to 1984.....	—	90	55	36	23	68	14	82
1970 to 1979.....	—	52	39	19	48	89	12	40
1969 or earlier.....	—	22	14	32	16	20	7	37
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit.....	—	49	59	83	64	312	61	245
Householder 65 years and over.....	—	355	198	233	183	490	153	533
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	250	142	200	147	347	141	479
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	5	—	—	—	14	3	3
No telephone in unit.....	—	11	3	1	4	39	2	8
No vehicle available.....	—	47	24	19	12	123	2	63
Complete plumbing facilities.....	—	1 453	1 063	1 429	997	2 826	973	3 403
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	1 411	1 017	1 339	961	2 563	938	3 288
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	42	46	90	36	263	35	115
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	15	—	2	—	21	3	10
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	7	—	2	—	21	3	10
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	—	39 389	34 813	34 338	36 997	33 057	36 853	35 989
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	—	27 517	24 008	25 846	26 468	21 384	22 802	26 736
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	—	121	139	167	97	485	98	262
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	50	88	75	54	192	59	127
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	71	51	92	43	293	39	135

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.						
	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
All housing units.....	2 582	627	2 002	1 385	380	867	1 397
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>							
1989 to March 1990 .....	14	21	18	17	—	25	18
1985 to 1988 .....	108	14	178	60	16	29	98
1980 to 1984 .....	264	29	179	89	10	91	122
1970 to 1979 .....	937	189	970	430	83	145	193
1960 to 1969 .....	237	24	151	88	21	67	136
1950 to 1959 .....	178	50	46	86	40	61	136
1940 to 1949 .....	78	38	59	94	64	60	174
1939 or earlier .....	766	262	401	521	146	389	520
<b>BEDROOMS</b>							
No bedroom .....	9	3	—	8	—	3	20
1 bedroom .....	166	40	290	169	14	60	163
2 bedrooms .....	694	119	584	387	80	288	467
3 bedrooms .....	1 175	293	715	633	215	374	527
4 bedrooms .....	424	111	321	163	62	82	157
5 or more bedrooms.....	114	61	92	25	9	60	63
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>							
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	2	—	7	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	3	—	15	—	—	—	—
Vocont condominium housing units .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Complete kitchen facilities .....	2 574	604	1 979	1 370	373	860	1 356
Source of water, public system or private company .....	2 542	574	1 992	1 251	143	309	618
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	1 334	74	1 906	778	9	97	595
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	8	18	12	12	3	20	21
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2	4	—	—	—	9	2
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	3	—	4	—	—	3
Occupied housing units .....	2 417	595	1 864	1 205	327	684	1 201
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>							
Utility gas .....	1 501	296	1 603	766	112	9	527
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	591	201	67	293	148	588	554
Electricity .....	215	23	149	67	12	65	67
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	12	21	—	38	24	2	16
All other fuels .....	98	54	45	41	31	20	37
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>							
None .....	82	11	87	52	17	—	43
1 .....	530	67	494	302	60	143	239
2 .....	973	243	753	519	142	243	466
3 or more .....	832	274	530	332	108	298	453
Vehicles per household .....	2.2	2.7	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1 652	359	1 156	749	215	474	743
1989 to March 1990 .....	133	43	145	57	6	45	58
1985 to 1988 .....	423	97	315	203	42	87	190
1980 to 1984 .....	314	47	226	115	14	106	136
1970 to 1979 .....	484	106	295	191	104	51	191
1969 or earlier .....	298	66	175	183	49	185	168
Renter-occupied housing units .....	765	236	708	456	112	210	458
1989 to March 1990 .....	303	82	377	193	52	67	182
1985 to 1988 .....	271	59	225	148	24	81	145
1980 to 1984 .....	96	36	70	63	14	31	80
1970 to 1979 .....	67	31	36	38	6	20	20
1969 or earlier .....	28	28	—	14	16	11	31
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
No telephone in unit .....	127	20	59	84	16	22	102
Householder 65 years and over .....	498	81	278	269	60	197	200
Owner-occupied housing units .....	401	61	170	213	56	156	146
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	8	4
No telephone in unit .....	1	—	4	7	—	11	17
No vehicle available .....	56	6	49	37	11	—	21
Complete plumbing facilities .....	2 415	588	1 864	1 201	327	675	1 196
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2 299	577	1 833	1 148	321	657	1 154
1.01 or more persons per room .....	116	11	31	53	6	18	42
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	2	7	—	4	—	9	5
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2	7	—	4	—	9	4
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	40 628	42 959	38 061	30 984	67 933	26 888	36 322
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	27 321	24 619	18 826	19 502	28 089	20 498	20 780
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	294	40	212	182	41	151	180
Owner-occupied housing units .....	122	12	55	63	26	87	80
Renter-occupied housing units .....	172	28	157	119	15	64	100



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County			
		Total	Brighton city (pt.)	Broomfield city (pt.)	Greeley city	Northglenn city (pt.)	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	20 415	20 415	8	-	9 953	-	82	233	320	234
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	14 632	14 632	8	-	6 982	-	60	109	238	137
Less than \$300 .....	483	483	-	-	295	-	5	25	-	24
\$300 to \$399 .....	1 152	1 152	-	-	538	-	18	52	17	21
\$400 to \$499 .....	1 721	1 721	-	-	823	-	-	14	42	22
\$500 to \$599 .....	2 288	2 288	-	-	961	-	21	10	39	39
\$600 to \$799 .....	4 608	4 608	8	-	2 077	-	16	8	97	24
\$800 to \$999 .....	2 416	2 416	-	-	1 267	-	-	-	23	7
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	1 608	1 608	-	-	828	-	-	-	20	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	246	246	-	-	148	-	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more .....	110	110	-	-	45	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	674	674	775	-	682	-	539	349	629	503
Not mortgaged .....	5 783	5 783	-	-	2 971	-	22	124	82	97
Less than \$100 .....	100	100	-	-	31	-	8	5	9	6
\$100 to \$199 .....	2 641	2 641	-	-	1 262	-	8	84	45	57
\$200 to \$299 .....	2 455	2 455	-	-	1 329	-	6	22	14	29
\$300 to \$399 .....	382	382	-	-	237	-	-	13	14	5
\$400 to \$499 .....	138	138	-	-	90	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more .....	67	67	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	204	204	-	-	210	-	119	160	179	185
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	4 868	4 868	-	-	2 275	-	36	128	90	86
Less than 20 percent .....	1 524	1 524	-	-	745	-	8	34	23	42
20 to 24 percent .....	570	570	-	-	263	-	-	17	-	12
25 to 29 percent .....	392	392	-	-	163	-	-	9	-	10
30 to 34 percent .....	448	448	-	-	239	-	-	12	26	-
35 percent or more .....	1 801	1 801	-	-	795	-	21	40	41	22
Not computed .....	133	133	-	-	70	-	7	16	-	-
Median .....	28.5	28.5	-	-	27.9	-	40.6	27.8	34.2	20.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	5 556	5 556	8	-	2 603	-	17	87	79	78
Less than 20 percent .....	2 117	2 117	-	-	1 094	-	6	55	23	43
20 to 24 percent .....	1 008	1 008	-	-	405	-	5	19	18	28
25 to 29 percent .....	1 015	1 015	-	-	476	-	6	10	11	-
30 to 34 percent .....	602	602	8	-	263	-	-	-	18	-
35 percent or more .....	808	808	-	-	359	-	-	3	9	7
Not computed .....	6	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Median .....	23.3	23.3	32.5	-	22.5	-	22.5	15.2	24.6	18.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	4 743	4 743	-	-	2 232	-	18	15	80	54
Less than 20 percent .....	2 568	2 568	-	-	1 251	-	13	15	41	41
20 to 24 percent .....	1 257	1 257	-	-	545	-	5	-	30	13
25 to 29 percent .....	571	571	-	-	302	-	-	-	9	-
30 to 34 percent .....	192	192	-	-	87	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more .....	153	153	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed .....	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median .....	19.1	19.1	-	-	18.7	-	16.0	10.0-	19.7	14.4
\$50,000 or more .....	5 248	5 248	-	-	2 843	-	11	3	71	16
Less than 20 percent .....	4 120	4 120	-	-	2 235	-	11	3	65	16
20 to 24 percent .....	774	774	-	-	444	-	-	-	6	-
25 to 29 percent .....	221	221	-	-	109	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	68	68	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more .....	65	65	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median .....	14.1	14.1	-	-	13.9	-	10.0-	10.0-	13.1	10.0-
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	16 859	16 859	-	-	10 412	-	119	269	502	847
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	517	517	-	-	327	-	5	-	48	18
\$100 to \$199 .....	1 668	1 668	-	-	1 077	-	21	22	132	40
\$200 to \$299 .....	3 184	3 184	-	-	2 191	-	34	44	106	198
\$300 to \$399 .....	4 490	4 490	-	-	2 874	-	50	136	68	303
\$400 to \$499 .....	2 931	2 931	-	-	1 848	-	9	32	79	163
\$500 to \$599 .....	1 611	1 611	-	-	949	-	-	6	16	37
\$600 to \$749 .....	1 086	1 086	-	-	754	-	-	11	23	51
\$750 to \$999 .....	315	315	-	-	205	-	-	-	-	18
\$1,000 or more .....	98	98	-	-	76	-	-	-	-	6
No cash rent .....	959	959	-	-	111	-	-	18	30	13
Median (dollars) .....	357	357	-	-	354	-	297	340	239	362
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	5 379	5 379	-	-	3 640	-	60	105	159	282
Less than 20 percent .....	270	270	-	-	192	-	5	-	31	-
20 to 24 percent .....	217	217	-	-	105	-	-	9	9	-
25 to 29 percent .....	506	506	-	-	366	-	-	6	14	18
30 to 34 percent .....	329	329	-	-	213	-	6	-	17	17
35 percent or more .....	3 661	3 661	-	-	2 594	-	40	84	69	243
Not computed .....	396	396	-	-	170	-	9	6	19	4
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	50.0+	-	42.2	50.0+	34.7	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	4 949	4 949	-	-	3 085	-	39	77	198	324
Less than 20 percent .....	761	761	-	-	478	-	6	-	55	42
20 to 24 percent .....	876	876	-	-	603	-	12	12	91	74
25 to 29 percent .....	782	782	-	-	591	-	6	16	6	47
30 to 34 percent .....	846	846	-	-	506	-	6	27	16	71
35 percent or more .....	1 400	1 400	-	-	888	-	9	22	30	83
Not computed .....	284	284	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	7
Median .....	29.4	29.4	-	-	28.8	-	26.3	31.9	22.4	29.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	4 358	4 358	-	-	2 473	-	12	69	127	148
Less than 20 percent .....	2 099	2 099	-	-	1 254	-	12	36	55	69
20 to 24 percent .....	1 069	1 069	-	-	638	-	-	15	25	26
25 to 29 percent .....	590	590	-	-	372	-	-	-	30	28
30 to 34 percent .....	180	180	-	-	107	-	-	6	-	-
35 percent or more .....	141	141	-	-	78	-	-	-	-	25
Not computed .....	279	279	-	-	24	-	-	12	17	-
Median .....	19.8	19.8	-	-	19.8	-	16.7	15.3	20.0	21.0
\$35,000 or more .....	2 173	2 173	-	-	1 214	-	8	18	18	93
Less than 20 percent .....	1 783	1 783	-	-	1 040	-	8	18	18	82
20 to 24 percent .....	155	155	-	-	117	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	24	24	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	5
30 to 34 percent .....	18	18	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more .....	4	4	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed .....	189	189	-	-	36	-	-	-	-	6
Median .....	13.8	13.8	-	-	14.0	-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	13.2

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02	Tract 14.03	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>1 235</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>897</b>	<b>1 368</b>	<b>1 107</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>1 186</b>	<b>1 516</b>	<b>1 127</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage.....	<b>1 023</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>1 156</b>	<b>872</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>1 153</b>	<b>803</b>
Less than \$300.....	42	39	—	—	—	9	30	8	28
\$300 to \$399.....	105	64	47	28	6	27	50	19	71
\$400 to \$499.....	139	81	60	83	41	72	106	81	107
\$500 to \$599.....	265	35	39	160	41	79	173	142	121
\$600 to \$799.....	403	185	112	396	141	175	340	391	239
\$800 to \$999.....	62	13	120	430	243	78	102	245	145
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	7	16	211	59	316	67	81	240	77
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	76	—	66	4	4	23	5
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	20	—	18	15	6	4	10
Median (dollars).....	587	595	939	771	953	679	668	754	666
Not mortgaged.....	<b>212</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>324</b>
Less than \$100.....	—	—	15	—	—	2	10	—	4
\$100 to \$199.....	111	148	20	69	48	117	173	145	172
\$200 to \$299.....	78	83	100	122	109	124	102	185	96
\$300 to \$399.....	—	6	52	14	42	7	9	19	24
\$400 to \$499.....	23	—	11	7	20	—	—	12	15
\$500 or more.....	—	—	14	—	16	16	—	2	13
Median (dollars).....	197	186	264	216	262	209	182	214	193
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000.....	285	263	66	200	106	192	262	328	306
Less than 20 percent.....	59	97	39	87	37	49	90	96	82
20 to 24 percent.....	13	28	—	26	6	27	32	54	22
25 to 29 percent.....	29	30	—	5	—	14	29	20	40
30 to 34 percent.....	29	34	—	18	16	11	6	8	21
35 percent or more.....	136	66	20	64	47	91	98	150	131
Not computed.....	19	8	7	—	—	—	7	—	10
Median.....	35.3	25.4	16.6	22.5	33.1	32.7	25.9	28.5	31.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	437	230	137	303	134	219	403	410	302
Less than 20 percent.....	143	121	46	48	15	105	129	102	104
20 to 24 percent.....	110	31	—	52	11	24	92	76	68
25 to 29 percent.....	88	38	10	82	29	35	60	78	46
30 to 34 percent.....	40	23	7	72	28	25	54	57	53
35 percent or more.....	56	17	68	49	51	30	68	97	31
Not computed.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	23.4	18.3	35.5	28.1	32.1	20.9	23.9	26.7	23.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	306	115	196	442	227	165	335	392	214
Less than 20 percent.....	186	67	84	166	97	98	162	153	136
20 to 24 percent.....	112	33	20	146	66	32	94	133	48
25 to 29 percent.....	8	7	55	112	27	20	44	36	11
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	13	18	24	4	7	42	16
35 percent or more.....	—	8	22	—	13	11	28	28	3
Not computed.....	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.3	18.5	23.2	21.9	21.3	18.4	20.3	21.6	16.9
\$50,000 or more.....	207	62	498	423	640	216	186	386	305
Less than 20 percent.....	183	54	317	314	456	179	152	258	245
20 to 24 percent.....	24	8	83	109	137	18	26	73	40
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	50	—	30	17	8	42	9
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	19	—	4	—	—	10	3
35 percent or more.....	—	—	29	—	13	2	—	3	8
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.3	14.1	16.3	15.5	16.4	13.8	13.7	16.6	14.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>1 889</b>	<b>729</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>603</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100.....	94	41	6	14	4	2	40	1	29
\$100 to \$199.....	115	77	6	6	—	66	88	10	39
\$200 to \$299.....	503	101	6	61	5	68	171	42	105
\$300 to \$399.....	705	187	56	62	57	61	176	124	140
\$400 to \$499.....	244	169	180	64	97	62	133	202	90
\$500 to \$599.....	119	79	67	66	58	16	135	129	54
\$600 to \$749.....	73	34	59	101	46	18	43	58	19
\$750 to \$999.....	15	10	16	27	21	4	37	12	18
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	6	3	8	—	—	8	13
No cash rent.....	21	31	14	—	5	92	98	58	96
Median (dollars).....	328	348	468	484	494	324	375	452	354
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000.....	780	245	75	58	41	81	266	115	153
Less than 20 percent.....	33	26	6	7	—	—	18	—	10
20 to 24 percent.....	57	—	—	—	—	11	12	—	7
25 to 29 percent.....	21	64	—	—	—	6	30	—	9
30 to 34 percent.....	33	33	6	7	—	2	19	—	2
35 percent or more.....	621	112	58	44	37	51	148	105	117
Not computed.....	15	10	5	—	4	11	39	10	8
Median.....	50.0+	34.2	50.0+	45.0	50.0+	43.3	42.8	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	581	202	109	88	69	125	254	163	156
Less than 20 percent.....	70	25	—	17	—	35	57	5	25
20 to 24 percent.....	132	33	—	—	—	8	38	8	24
25 to 29 percent.....	112	43	16	22	13	30	20	5	12
30 to 34 percent.....	126	28	38	12	17	8	63	49	14
35 percent or more.....	135	73	55	37	39	14	52	77	48
Not computed.....	6	—	—	—	—	30	24	19	33
Median.....	28.8	30.0	35.1	32.1	36.7	25.7	30.0	35.9	30.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	403	214	127	133	116	119	232	236	176
Less than 20 percent.....	310	79	52	53	26	63	93	80	92
20 to 24 percent.....	53	78	39	40	49	10	33	80	24
25 to 29 percent.....	24	43	19	35	25	13	51	36	28
30 to 34 percent.....	—	10	8	5	—	3	5	12	—
35 percent or more.....	16	—	—	—	11	2	23	7	—
Not computed.....	—	4	9	—	5	28	27	21	32
Median.....	15.2	21.7	20.9	21.7	23.0	17.5	21.4	21.7	18.0
\$35,000 or more.....	125	68	105	125	75	64	169	130	118
Less than 20 percent.....	119	47	88	103	67	35	139	103	76
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	12	18	8	2	14	8	9
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	10
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	21	5	—	—	25	16	12	23
Median.....	13.6	12.6	15.4	17.0	14.7	12.1	14.2	15.2	13.0



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.		Brighton city (pt.) Weld County	Broomfield city (pt.) Weld County	Greeley city, Weld County					
	Tract 22.01	Tract 22.02	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4.01	Tract 4.02	Tract 5
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>200</b>	<b>1 047</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>563</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	161	823	8	—	63	52	—	459	279	318
Less than \$300.....	7	6	—	—	11	—	—	7	14	27
\$300 to \$399.....	11	75	—	—	8	—	—	50	10	23
\$400 to \$499.....	3	48	—	—	22	26	—	12	28	111
\$500 to \$599.....	19	110	—	—	18	10	—	53	81	84
\$600 to \$799.....	27	340	8	—	4	9	—	126	93	46
\$800 to \$999.....	48	187	—	—	—	7	—	99	37	18
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	44	48	—	—	—	—	—	80	16	9
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	2	5	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
Median (dollars).....	875	705	775	—	478	525	—	749	611	499
Not mortgaged.....	39	224	—	—	31	58	—	366	270	245
Less than \$100.....	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	32	89	—	—	16	33	—	93	84	163
\$200 to \$299.....	5	119	—	—	15	25	—	190	180	57
\$300 to \$399.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	56	6	25
\$400 to \$499.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	27	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	146	210	—	—	198	194	—	235	218	183
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	39	206	—	—	37	17	—	177	230	216
Less than 20 percent.....	24	63	—	—	—	—	—	58	93	63
20 to 24 percent.....	2	21	—	—	—	—	—	17	25	47
25 to 29 percent.....	5	15	—	—	14	—	—	15	12	20
30 to 34 percent.....	1	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	40
35 percent or more.....	6	69	—	—	23	17	—	87	68	46
Not computed.....	1	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
Median.....	16.4	30.2	—	—	37.8	39.2	—	29.5	23.1	24.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	42	273	8	—	26	41	—	187	170	188
Less than 20 percent.....	13	95	—	—	11	18	—	107	69	74
20 to 24 percent.....	7	42	—	—	8	5	—	30	20	61
25 to 29 percent.....	4	58	—	—	7	18	—	21	42	37
30 to 34 percent.....	2	33	8	—	—	—	—	16	29	10
35 percent or more.....	16	45	—	—	—	—	—	13	10	6
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	26.3	24.9	32.5	—	21.3	22.5	—	18.3	24.0	21.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	51	296	—	—	19	32	—	179	88	109
Less than 20 percent.....	16	129	—	—	19	25	—	111	57	97
20 to 24 percent.....	15	98	—	—	—	—	—	43	22	—
25 to 29 percent.....	15	53	—	—	—	7	—	10	9	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
35 percent or more.....	5	4	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	23.2	21.0	—	—	10.0	10.0	—	16.2	17.9	15.1
\$50,000 or more.....	68	272	—	—	12	20	—	282	61	50
Less than 20 percent.....	34	226	—	—	12	20	—	204	56	50
20 to 24 percent.....	32	26	—	—	—	—	—	49	5	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	24	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
35 percent or more.....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	20.0	14.9	—	—	10.0	10.0	—	13.8	11.4	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>113</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>1 186</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	5	10	—	—	22	4	—	—	5	101
\$100 to \$199.....	3	68	—	—	194	121	—	33	52	229
\$200 to \$299.....	9	89	—	—	338	296	—	88	187	337
\$300 to \$399.....	26	266	—	—	150	219	—	145	187	264
\$400 to \$499.....	19	80	—	—	50	60	—	159	129	127
\$500 to \$599.....	9	75	—	—	12	49	—	30	51	76
\$600 to \$749.....	3	29	—	—	48	29	—	55	38	41
\$750 to \$999.....	—	11	—	—	21	18	—	6	16	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	29	5	—	7	—	—
No cash rent.....	39	40	—	—	—	—	—	9	6	11
Median (dollars).....	383	352	—	—	275	297	—	398	334	285
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	15	246	—	—	453	416	—	179	168	539
Less than 20 percent.....	—	10	—	—	17	4	—	—	—	46
20 to 24 percent.....	—	26	—	—	14	7	—	—	11	22
25 to 29 percent.....	—	13	—	—	83	31	—	10	—	58
30 to 34 percent.....	—	16	—	—	43	7	—	12	5	43
35 percent or more.....	4	136	—	—	277	367	—	133	149	319
Not computed.....	11	45	—	—	19	—	—	24	3	51
Median.....	50.0+	44.8	—	—	42.9	50.0+	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	50	144	—	—	220	240	—	156	189	351
Less than 20 percent.....	8	—	—	—	62	85	—	19	36	131
20 to 24 percent.....	8	14	—	—	45	53	—	10	71	83
25 to 29 percent.....	7	41	—	—	42	15	—	33	13	30
30 to 34 percent.....	5	27	—	—	24	26	—	36	16	49
35 percent or more.....	9	49	—	—	47	61	—	58	47	58
Not computed.....	13	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Median.....	26.8	31.9	—	—	25.4	23.3	—	32.2	23.9	22.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	21	190	—	—	147	109	—	153	229	240
Less than 20 percent.....	1	62	—	—	87	87	—	79	131	152
20 to 24 percent.....	7	88	—	—	19	—	—	42	71	61
25 to 29 percent.....	—	21	—	—	17	6	—	22	17	14
30 to 34 percent.....	3	19	—	—	—	11	—	10	10	13
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	24	5	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	23.2	21.9	—	—	17.7	16.5	—	19.8	18.8	18.4
\$35,000 or more.....	27	88	—	—	44	36	—	44	85	56
Less than 20 percent.....	22	85	—	—	35	29	—	25	85	56
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	7	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	5	3	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
Median.....	12.5	15.1	—	—	14.0	12.5	—	15.8	10.3	12.8

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12.01	Tract 12.02	Tract 13 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>59</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>804</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>644</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	37	109	92	132	475	173	772	491	665	423
Less than \$300.....	—	25	—	22	52	7	14	67	10	39
\$300 to \$399.....	18	52	4	20	77	30	39	31	62	64
\$400 to \$499.....	—	14	22	20	82	33	80	54	92	81
\$500 to \$599.....	9	10	24	39	76	20	105	81	83	35
\$600 to \$799.....	10	8	42	24	142	58	304	229	210	175
\$800 to \$999.....	—	—	—	7	23	18	113	23	146	13
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	—	—	—	10	7	117	6	41	16
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	21	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	503	349	585	508	549	588	686	619	701	584
Not mortgaged.....	22	124	7	92	331	40	155	313	123	221
Less than \$100.....	8	5	—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	8	84	7	54	170	20	70	160	32	143
\$200 to \$299.....	6	22	—	27	138	7	85	147	70	72
\$300 to \$399.....	—	13	—	5	17	—	—	—	15	6
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	6	13	—	—	6	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	119	160	175	184	198	200	207	197	234	185
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	30	128	29	80	217	56	174	191	107	247
Less than 20 percent.....	8	34	—	38	64	13	45	90	4	92
20 to 24 percent.....	—	17	—	12	30	—	13	35	18	17
25 to 29 percent.....	—	9	—	8	16	—	—	22	12	30
30 to 34 percent.....	—	12	18	—	—	22	42	6	12	34
35 percent or more.....	15	40	11	22	102	21	53	38	61	66
Not computed.....	7	16	—	—	5	—	21	—	—	8
Median.....	43.9	27.8	34.0	20.8	28.8	33.4	32.2	20.8	38.1	26.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	11	87	32	78	277	74	200	270	187	230
Less than 20 percent.....	6	55	—	43	175	25	81	159	65	121
20 to 24 percent.....	5	19	18	28	28	10	13	42	17	31
25 to 29 percent.....	—	10	—	—	41	32	29	41	39	38
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	14	—	9	—	28	5	22	23
35 percent or more.....	—	3	—	7	24	7	49	23	44	17
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.6	15.2	24.4	18.8	14.4	25.3	26.0	14.6	26.5	18.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	18	15	23	51	143	41	185	221	223	115
Less than 20 percent.....	13	15	9	38	107	35	85	119	142	67
20 to 24 percent.....	5	—	14	13	24	6	50	84	39	33
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	10	—	37	18	22	7
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	20	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	8
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.0	10.0	20.9	14.8	14.4	15.2	20.7	19.0	17.2	18.5
\$50,000 or more.....	—	3	15	15	169	42	368	122	271	52
Less than 20 percent.....	—	3	15	15	156	24	321	122	230	44
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	18	34	—	41	8
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	10.0	11.6	10.0	10.0	14.1	12.8	10.8	14.6	13.3
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>119</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>1 007</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>697</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	5	—	35	8	—	72	9	7	—	41
\$100 to \$199.....	21	22	45	40	—	64	154	22	—	74
\$200 to \$299.....	34	44	44	177	—	344	95	37	6	98
\$300 to \$399.....	50	136	32	272	110	326	247	371	47	177
\$400 to \$499.....	9	32	40	158	49	110	224	205	12	169
\$500 to \$599.....	—	6	13	37	70	57	100	156	33	73
\$600 to \$749.....	—	11	—	48	40	13	91	46	60	34
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	18	—	—	14	7	31	10
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	6	—
No cash rent.....	—	18	—	13	—	21	7	—	—	21
Median (dollars).....	297	340	240	362	464	306	388	397	596	348
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	60	105	68	246	60	472	308	183	6	229
Less than 20 percent.....	5	—	21	—	—	33	26	7	—	26
20 to 24 percent.....	—	9	—	—	—	29	13	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	6	14	12	—	10	78	—	—	64
30 to 34 percent.....	6	—	10	12	—	9	17	9	—	33
35 percent or more.....	40	84	23	218	60	376	166	149	6	102
Not computed.....	9	6	—	4	—	15	8	18	—	4
Median.....	42.2	50.0+	29.6	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	44.3	50.0+	45.0	33.4
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	39	77	101	309	77	298	288	292	25	190
Less than 20 percent.....	6	—	23	37	—	32	—	11	—	19
20 to 24 percent.....	12	12	43	74	15	78	42	26	6	33
25 to 29 percent.....	6	16	6	44	4	83	104	95	6	43
30 to 34 percent.....	6	27	8	64	20	63	36	50	—	28
35 percent or more.....	9	22	21	83	38	36	106	110	13	67
Not computed.....	—	—	—	7	—	6	—	—	—	—
Median.....	26.3	31.9	23.2	29.5	34.9	27.2	29.9	31.4	40.8	30.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	12	69	29	133	101	180	201	256	62	210
Less than 20 percent.....	12	36	15	54	31	154	68	125	21	79
20 to 24 percent.....	—	15	14	26	45	18	76	56	—	78
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	28	25	8	36	63	17	43
30 to 34 percent.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	8	5	24	10
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	25	—	—	6	7	—	—
Not computed.....	—	12	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Median.....	16.7	15.3	19.4	22.4	22.2	15.2	21.9	20.3	27.9	21.7
\$35,000 or more.....	8	18	11	89	31	57	150	120	102	68
Less than 20 percent.....	8	18	11	78	31	57	141	102	64	47
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	18	38	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	21
Median.....	10.0	10.0	15.4	13.3	16.9	12.5	13.1	13.5	15.7	12.6



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Northglenn city (pt.) Weld County
	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	530	1 362	1 107	9	—	7	—	—
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage.....	398	1 156	872	9	—	7	—	—
Less than \$300.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	16	28	6	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	22	83	41	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599.....	25	160	41	—	—	7	—	—
\$600 to \$799.....	60	396	141	—	—	—	—	—
\$800 to \$999.....	90	430	243	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	142	59	316	9	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	38	—	66	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	5	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	965	771	953	1 125	—	575	—	—
Not mortgaged.....	132	206	235	—	—	—	—	—
Less than \$100.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	8	69	48	—	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	63	116	109	—	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	38	14	42	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	11	7	20	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	6	—	16	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	286	216	262	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000.....	33	200	106	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	19	87	37	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	26	6	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	18	16	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	14	64	47	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.3	22.5	33.1	—	—	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	98	297	134	9	—	7	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	28	42	15	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	52	11	—	—	7	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	10	82	29	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	7	72	28	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	47	49	51	9	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	35.2	28.3	32.1	45.0	—	22.5	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	101	442	227	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	49	166	97	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	146	66	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	43	112	27	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	18	24	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	9	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	25.2	21.9	21.3	—	—	—	—	—
\$50,000 or more.....	298	423	640	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	193	314	456	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	43	109	137	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	42	—	30	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	13	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	7	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.8	15.5	16.4	—	—	—	—	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	313	404	301	—	—	—	—	—
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100.....	—	14	4	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	—	61	5	—	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	22	62	57	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	154	64	97	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599.....	62	66	58	—	—	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749.....	53	101	46	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	16	27	21	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	6	3	8	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	485	484	494	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000.....	49	58	41	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	44	44	37	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	5	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	50.0+	45.0	50.0+	—	—	—	—	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	76	88	69	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	16	22	13	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	24	12	17	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	36	37	39	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	34.6	32.1	36.7	—	—	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	93	133	116	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	44	53	26	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	28	40	49	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	16	35	25	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	20.4	21.7	23.0	—	—	—	—	—
\$35,000 or more.....	95	125	75	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	83	103	67	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	12	18	8	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.7	17.0	14.7	—	—	—	—	—

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County							
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.01 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	23	—	221	10	1 022	26	367	6
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage.....	23	—	146	5	850	10	287	—
Less than \$300.....	5	—	—	2	35	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	13	1	75	—	31	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	20	2	106	—	38	—
\$500 to \$599.....	12	—	15	—	245	—	14	—
\$600 to \$799.....	6	—	55	—	345	10	52	—
\$800 to \$999.....	—	—	23	—	44	—	30	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	—	20	—	—	—	69	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	38	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—
Median (dollars).....	577	—	711	375	587	725	847	—
Not mortgaged.....	—	—	75	5	172	16	80	6
Less than \$100.....	—	—	9	—	—	—	9	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	—	38	3	91	5	12	—
\$200 to \$299.....	—	—	14	2	71	11	37	6
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	14	—	—	—	14	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Median (dollars).....	—	—	180	192	196	264	226	225
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000.....	6	—	61	6	229	16	33	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	23	4	46	5	20	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	13	11	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	2	29	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	8	—	7	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	6	—	30	—	115	—	6	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	19	—	7	—
Median.....	37.5	—	34.7	17.5	36.4	21.4	17.5	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	6	—	47	—	363	—	39	6
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	23	—	118	—	18	6
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	100	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	11	—	56	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	4	—	40	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	9	—	49	—	21	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	27.5	—	25.2	—	23.2	—	36.3	12.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	—	—	57	3	265	—	95	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	32	3	151	—	35	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	16	—	106	—	20	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	9	—	8	—	12	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Median.....	—	—	18.2	11.3	18.9	—	22.9	—
\$50,000 or more.....	11	—	56	1	165	10	200	—
Less than 20 percent.....	11	—	50	1	159	10	124	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	6	—	6	—	40	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	—	13.7	10.0	12.0	17.5	14.9	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	293	70	882	32	103	—
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100.....	—	—	13	10	22	—	6	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	—	87	—	51	3	6	—
\$200 to \$299.....	—	—	62	21	159	3	6	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	36	31	379	10	34	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	39	5	134	—	26	—
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	3	—	62	6	5	—
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	23	3	60	—	6	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	30	—	—	10	14	—
Median (dollars).....	—	—	239	375	341	350	373	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000.....	—	—	91	36	308	16	26	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	10	—	—	—	6	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	9	—	28	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	6	11	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	7	5	24	—	6	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	46	25	245	10	14	—
Not computed.....	—	—	19	—	—	6	—	—
Median.....	—	—	42.7	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	35.8	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	—	—	97	15	283	12	33	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	32	5	38	6	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	48	—	54	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	3	29	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	8	7	63	—	14	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	9	—	99	6	19	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	21.7	29.2	31.6	35.0	35.7	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	—	—	98	15	223	4	34	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	40	15	156	—	8	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	11	—	35	—	11	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	30	—	16	—	3	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	17	—	—	4	9	—
Median.....	—	—	20.2	17.1	15.3	—	22.0	—
\$35,000 or more.....	—	—	7	4	68	—	10	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	7	4	62	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Median.....	—	—	10.0	12.5	15.0	—	12.5	—



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.							
	Tract 14.03 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	—	<b>783</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>796</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>1 178</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>1 516</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage.....	—	<b>517</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>1 153</b>
Less than \$300.....	—	9	14	23	3	30	2	8
\$300 to \$399.....	—	27	34	70	40	50	6	19
\$400 to \$499.....	—	72	48	122	31	106	8	81
\$500 to \$599.....	—	79	60	117	43	173	36	142
\$600 to \$799.....	—	175	86	168	85	332	70	391
\$800 to \$999.....	—	78	33	39	45	102	65	245
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	58	3	30	20	81	31	240
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	4	—	6	—	4	11	23
\$2,000 or more.....	—	15	3	—	—	6	—	4
Median (dollars).....	—	675	573	562	651	666	780	754
Not mortgaged.....	—	<b>266</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>363</b>
Less than \$100.....	—	2	4	—	—	10	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	—	117	34	145	58	173	19	145
\$200 to \$299.....	—	124	44	71	45	102	27	185
\$300 to \$399.....	—	7	6	5	7	9	5	19
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	12
\$500 or more.....	—	16	6	—	—	—	—	2
Median (dollars).....	—	209	220	179	197	182	231	214
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000.....	—	192	117	237	106	262	47	328
Less than 20 percent.....	—	49	20	62	28	90	13	96
20 to 24 percent.....	—	27	9	29	18	32	—	54
25 to 29 percent.....	—	14	10	33	9	29	4	20
30 to 34 percent.....	—	11	26	32	13	6	8	8
35 percent or more.....	—	91	48	81	38	98	22	150
Not computed.....	—	—	4	—	—	7	—	—
Median.....	—	32.7	33.4	29.2	28.9	25.9	34.1	28.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	—	210	101	252	118	395	83	410
Less than 20 percent.....	—	105	38	79	27	129	26	102
20 to 24 percent.....	—	24	21	78	27	92	10	76
25 to 29 percent.....	—	35	18	60	36	60	15	78
30 to 34 percent.....	—	25	6	21	13	46	16	57
35 percent or more.....	—	21	18	14	15	68	16	97
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	20.0	23.0	23.0	25.7	23.7	26.8	26.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	—	165	100	175	87	335	78	392
Less than 20 percent.....	—	98	39	124	59	162	24	153
20 to 24 percent.....	—	32	43	36	17	94	25	133
25 to 29 percent.....	—	20	15	10	10	44	16	36
30 to 34 percent.....	—	4	—	—	1	7	7	42
35 percent or more.....	—	11	3	5	—	28	6	28
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	18.4	21.3	15.5	16.8	20.3	23.0	21.6
\$50,000 or more.....	—	216	57	132	66	186	74	386
Less than 20 percent.....	—	179	53	121	53	152	55	258
20 to 24 percent.....	—	18	4	4	11	26	12	73
25 to 29 percent.....	—	17	—	7	2	8	7	42
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
35 percent or more.....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	13.8	10.9	12.5	13.0	13.7	15.0	16.6
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	—	<b>389</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>644</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100.....	—	2	16	2	7	40	—	1
\$100 to \$199.....	—	66	37	18	10	88	2	10
\$200 to \$299.....	—	68	40	54	31	171	11	42
\$300 to \$399.....	—	61	23	96	57	176	14	124
\$400 to \$499.....	—	62	31	50	44	133	50	202
\$500 to \$599.....	—	16	20	46	18	135	22	129
\$600 to \$749.....	—	18	11	9	12	43	18	58
\$750 to \$999.....	—	4	5	—	—	37	3	12
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
No cash rent.....	—	92	35	57	51	98	28	58
Median (dollars).....	—	324	288	370	377	375	448	452
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000.....	—	81	44	49	39	266	19	115
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	4	—	3	18	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	11	—	—	—	12	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	6	11	5	6	30	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	2	9	—	11	19	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	51	14	36	14	148	12	105
Not computed.....	—	11	6	8	5	39	7	10
Median.....	—	43.3	32.2	50.0+	33.6	42.8	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	—	125	64	111	72	254	61	163
Less than 20 percent.....	—	35	16	12	2	57	4	5
20 to 24 percent.....	—	8	11	23	6	38	5	8
25 to 29 percent.....	—	30	9	15	—	20	1	5
30 to 34 percent.....	—	8	13	3	31	63	5	49
35 percent or more.....	—	14	4	35	21	52	33	77
Not computed.....	—	30	11	23	12	24	13	19
Median.....	—	25.7	24.8	28.0	33.5	30.0	41.0	35.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	—	119	82	105	68	232	43	236
Less than 20 percent.....	—	63	27	56	14	93	4	80
20 to 24 percent.....	—	10	19	23	26	33	21	80
25 to 29 percent.....	—	13	6	—	2	51	6	36
30 to 34 percent.....	—	3	12	3	4	5	5	12
35 percent or more.....	—	2	—	6	4	23	2	7
Not computed.....	—	28	18	17	18	27	5	21
Median.....	—	17.5	21.3	18.3	22.1	21.4	23.6	21.7
\$35,000 or more.....	—	64	28	67	51	169	25	130
Less than 20 percent.....	—	35	28	54	35	139	22	103
20 to 24 percent.....	—	2	—	—	—	14	—	8
25 to 29 percent.....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	25	—	13	16	16	3	12
Median.....	—	12.1	12.1	13.0	10.0-	14.2	12.8	15.2

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.						
	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.01 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25.01	Tract 25.02
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>1 127</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>1 047</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>423</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>							
With a mortgage.....	803	154	823	276	43	41	275
Less than \$300.....	28	7	6	2	4	8	2
\$300 to \$399.....	71	11	75	35	14	—	42
\$400 to \$499.....	107	3	48	56	8	20	22
\$500 to \$599.....	121	12	110	77	9	7	55
\$600 to \$799.....	239	27	340	60	6	5	71
\$800 to \$999.....	145	48	187	20	2	1	42
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	77	44	48	18	—	—	41
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5	2	5	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	10	—	4	8	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	666	891	705	564	463	439	649
Not mortgaged.....	324	39	224	210	40	72	148
Less than \$100.....	4	2	4	6	2	13	4
\$100 to \$199.....	172	32	89	112	22	43	69
\$200 to \$299.....	96	5	119	77	14	15	61
\$300 to \$399.....	24	—	6	15	2	—	12
\$400 to \$499.....	15	—	6	—	—	1	2
\$500 or more.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	193	146	210	192	186	152	201
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Less than \$20,000.....	306	39	206	179	27	43	153
Less than 20 percent.....	82	24	63	78	16	28	32
20 to 24 percent.....	22	2	21	31	3	4	31
25 to 29 percent.....	40	5	15	14	2	—	3
30 to 34 percent.....	21	1	32	18	2	2	14
35 percent or more.....	131	6	69	36	4	9	66
Not computed.....	10	1	6	2	—	—	7
Median.....	31.0	16.4	30.2	21.7	17.9	13.5	32.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	302	35	273	146	21	44	94
Less than 20 percent.....	104	13	95	62	15	23	40
20 to 24 percent.....	68	—	42	39	4	12	10
25 to 29 percent.....	46	4	58	38	—	4	14
30 to 34 percent.....	53	2	33	2	2	—	11
35 percent or more.....	31	16	45	5	—	5	19
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	23.5	31.3	24.9	21.4	16.8	18.3	23.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	214	51	296	87	10	25	76
Less than 20 percent.....	136	16	129	64	10	25	57
20 to 24 percent.....	48	15	98	15	—	—	14
25 to 29 percent.....	11	15	53	5	—	—	5
30 to 34 percent.....	16	—	12	3	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	3	5	4	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.9	23.2	21.0	16.8	15.0	10.0	16.3
\$50,000 or more.....	305	68	272	74	25	1	100
Less than 20 percent.....	245	34	226	55	25	1	73
20 to 24 percent.....	40	32	26	7	—	—	25
25 to 29 percent.....	9	—	8	4	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	3	—	12	—	—	—	2
35 percent or more.....	8	2	—	8	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.5	20.0	14.9	15.3	10.0	17.5	15.6
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>312</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>							
Less than \$100.....	29	5	10	14	—	2	11
\$100 to \$199.....	39	3	68	49	—	4	50
\$200 to \$299.....	105	9	89	56	8	19	39
\$300 to \$399.....	140	26	266	78	18	13	34
\$400 to \$499.....	90	19	80	40	6	9	63
\$500 to \$599.....	54	9	75	30	2	—	30
\$600 to \$749.....	19	3	29	4	4	—	12
\$750 to \$999.....	18	—	11	—	—	—	5
\$1,000 or more.....	13	—	—	—	1	—	—
No cash rent.....	96	39	40	74	20	38	68
Median (dollars).....	354	383	352	333	371	295	379
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Less than \$10,000.....	153	15	246	110	11	19	95
Less than 20 percent.....	10	—	10	12	—	—	5
20 to 24 percent.....	7	—	26	4	—	—	15
25 to 29 percent.....	9	—	13	18	—	—	25
30 to 34 percent.....	2	—	16	8	—	2	5
35 percent or more.....	117	4	136	42	2	7	39
Not computed.....	8	11	45	26	9	10	6
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	44.8	35.0	50.0+	50.0+	29.9
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	156	50	144	86	14	19	105
Less than 20 percent.....	25	8	—	16	2	5	15
20 to 24 percent.....	24	8	14	13	—	4	9
25 to 29 percent.....	12	7	41	2	7	1	9
30 to 34 percent.....	14	5	27	15	2	—	13
35 percent or more.....	48	9	49	24	3	—	10
Not computed.....	33	13	13	16	—	9	49
Median.....	30.2	26.8	31.9	31.3	28.6	20.0	27.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	176	21	190	116	17	28	78
Less than 20 percent.....	92	7	62	63	16	23	32
20 to 24 percent.....	24	—	88	18	—	—	25
25 to 29 percent.....	28	—	21	3	1	—	2
30 to 34 percent.....	—	3	19	—	—	—	4
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Not computed.....	32	10	—	32	—	5	12
Median.....	18.0	23.2	21.9	16.0	17.7	13.8	20.2
\$35,000 or more.....	118	27	88	33	17	19	34
Less than 20 percent.....	76	22	85	28	6	5	27
20 to 24 percent.....	9	—	—	2	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	23	5	3	3	11	14	4
Median.....	13.0	12.5	15.1	13.1	11.3	12.5	16.3



**Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County					
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13
Occupied housing units -----	43 314	43 314	20 659	149	319	1 298	1 015	3 386	1 797
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 -----	347	347	138	13	—	3	15	6	—
1985 to 1988 -----	2 634	2 634	1 384	6	9	65	4	292	25
1980 to 1984 -----	4 504	4 504	1 823	—	—	331	29	634	178
1970 to 1979 -----	15 164	15 164	7 083	16	61	407	46	1 563	827
1960 to 1969 -----	5 956	5 956	3 550	31	11	167	171	454	348
1950 to 1959 -----	4 287	4 287	2 928	31	56	91	255	241	317
1940 to 1949 -----	2 501	2 501	1 310	16	60	64	228	86	78
1939 or earlier -----	7 921	7 921	2 443	36	122	170	267	110	24
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom -----	504	504	435	—	6	6	24	56	4
1 bedroom -----	4 314	4 314	2 813	30	37	85	252	459	192
2 bedrooms -----	13 149	13 149	6 301	63	203	465	441	1 389	721
3 bedrooms -----	16 093	16 093	6 321	56	46	562	179	1 083	651
4 bedrooms -----	7 051	7 051	3 650	—	27	111	83	306	186
5 or more bedrooms -----	2 203	2 203	1 139	—	—	69	36	93	43
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	43 138	43 138	20 567	149	313	1 298	1 015	3 378	1 797
Source of water, public system or private company -----	39 497	39 497	20 621	149	319	1 204	1 015	3 379	1 784
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	33 523	33 523	20 397	124	319	757	1 012	3 347	1 749
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	119	119	30	—	—	9	6	20	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	54	54	7	—	—	9	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	65	65	23	—	—	—	6	20	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas -----	33 351	33 351	18 312	134	295	975	878	2 816	1 573
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	5 420	5 420	167	—	7	221	9	55	—
Electricity -----	3 030	3 030	1 701	15	17	33	103	408	158
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	240	240	28	—	—	6	9	—	3
All other fuels -----	1 158	1 158	363	—	—	63	12	68	59
No fuel used -----	115	115	88	—	—	—	4	39	4
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None -----	2 278	2 278	1 552	17	49	47	120	160	69
1 -----	12 540	12 540	7 289	52	105	435	367	1 389	708
2 -----	17 436	17 436	8 121	46	131	512	362	1 336	716
3 or more -----	11 060	11 060	3 697	34	34	304	166	501	304
Vehicles per household -----	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	27 251	27 251	11 516	91	186	826	291	1 802	1 149
1989 to March 1990 -----	2 866	2 866	1 274	27	16	92	44	225	162
1985 to 1988 -----	7 163	7 163	3 060	34	10	247	52	625	377
1980 to 1984 -----	4 821	4 821	1 946	8	21	224	42	323	219
1970 to 1979 -----	7 255	7 255	2 999	13	47	141	47	462	221
1969 or earlier -----	5 146	5 146	2 237	9	92	122	106	167	170
Renter-occupied housing units -----	16 063	16 063	9 143	58	133	472	724	1 584	648
1989 to March 1990 -----	8 360	8 360	5 193	42	93	218	398	916	325
1985 to 1988 -----	4 932	4 932	2 840	16	13	148	232	478	181
1980 to 1984 -----	1 505	1 505	634	—	7	55	65	167	84
1970 to 1979 -----	863	863	366	—	7	33	15	23	58
1969 or earlier -----	403	403	110	—	13	18	14	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit -----	2 304	2 304	1 039	33	58	162	53	240	145
Householder 65 years and over -----	8 513	8 513	4 323	28	102	189	208	484	390
Owner-occupied housing units -----	6 336	6 336	3 050	22	95	178	103	340	268
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	39	39	13	—	—	—	6	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	158	158	67	3	—	—	—	8	17
No vehicle available -----	1 162	1 162	715	14	23	15	61	30	51
Complete plumbing facilities -----	43 195	43 195	20 629	149	319	1 289	1 009	3 366	1 797
1.00 or less persons per room -----	42 042	42 042	20 142	123	303	1 240	992	3 268	1 749
1.01 or more persons per room -----	1 153	1 153	487	26	16	49	17	98	48
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	119	119	30	—	—	9	6	20	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	111	111	30	—	—	9	6	20	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	37 571	37 571	38 883	21 743	17 284	28 895	27 517	30 764	25 069
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	21 005	21 005	19 039	13 464	17 872	21 439	17 055	15 797	17 935
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	6 133	6 133	3 707	80	85	208	271	656	286
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 837	1 837	764	43	46	55	8	107	150
Renter-occupied housing units -----	4 296	4 296	2 943	37	39	153	263	549	136

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.				Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	1 405	2 245	3 177	2 287	836	865	1 718	132
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 .....	13	5	23	12	—	—	—	13
1985 to 1988 .....	52	209	144	93	74	—	20	6
1980 to 1984 .....	67	441	453	237	30	—	24	—
1970 to 1979 .....	412	654	1 340	868	213	73	441	10
1960 to 1969 .....	104	206	387	204	90	195	250	26
1950 to 1959 .....	127	114	99	155	62	125	249	25
1940 to 1949 .....	72	103	115	71	61	178	254	16
1939 or earlier .....	558	513	616	647	306	294	480	36
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom .....	17	15	14	7	148	64	74	—
1 bedroom .....	92	169	143	123	411	180	333	30
2 bedrooms .....	395	765	1 004	589	177	374	745	63
3 bedrooms .....	589	896	1 479	1 059	63	135	390	39
4 bedrooms .....	221	340	444	399	23	43	171	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	91	60	93	110	14	69	5	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities .....	1 391	2 230	3 172	2 285	765	865	1 711	132
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 318	1 520	2 922	2 258	836	865	1 718	132
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	808	1 342	2 035	1 148	836	865	1 709	124
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	10	15	8	2	—	—	7	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	15	3	2	—	—	7	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	10	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas .....	887	1 685	2 396	1 408	629	750	1 495	117
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	307	445	450	562	6	—	18	—
Electricity .....	94	71	203	207	151	101	162	15
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	65	13	5	12	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	52	31	123	98	50	14	15	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None .....	58	122	101	75	259	143	314	17
1 .....	318	516	600	493	396	344	606	46
2 .....	558	944	1 295	923	125	225	473	35
3 or more .....	471	663	1 181	796	56	153	325	34
Vehicles per household .....	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.3	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.7
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units .....	946	1 534	2 521	1 583	87	153	742	74
1989 to March 1990 .....	102	153	288	128	19	43	72	22
1985 to 1988 .....	202	393	639	400	30	24	197	22
1980 to 1984 .....	140	340	536	302	12	7	94	8
1970 to 1979 .....	288	330	682	461	21	10	144	13
1969 or earlier .....	214	318	376	292	5	69	235	9
Renter-occupied housing units .....	459	711	656	704	749	712	976	58
1989 to March 1990 .....	156	343	302	275	380	538	629	42
1985 to 1988 .....	151	240	211	249	280	126	292	16
1980 to 1984 .....	80	59	75	90	35	14	47	—
1970 to 1979 .....	52	49	31	62	37	26	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	20	20	37	28	17	8	8	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit .....	30	163	182	110	63	58	287	33
Householder 65 years and over .....	356	417	509	483	270	93	271	28
Owner-occupied housing units .....	255	305	461	392	23	79	241	22
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	8	3	—	—	—	7	—
No telephone in unit .....	6	24	3	1	13	6	19	3
No vehicle available .....	44	93	60	54	178	13	54	14
Complete plumbing facilities .....	1 395	2 230	3 169	2 285	836	865	1 711	132
1.00 or less persons per room .....	1 375	2 116	3 101	2 190	817	845	1 531	106
1.01 or more persons per room .....	20	114	68	95	19	20	180	26
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	10	15	8	2	—	—	7	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2	15	8	2	—	—	7	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	40 050	32 889	36 357	41 257	20 502	32 832	26 356	13 112
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	28 580	23 420	27 888	27 581	14 247	13 308	14 576	13 464
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	104	279	210	258	320	455	510	80
Owner-occupied housing units .....	44	128	114	105	25	23	87	43
Renter-occupied housing units .....	60	151	96	153	295	432	423	37



Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.		Remainder of Weld County					
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 17	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	319	1 366	2 020	1 356	1 306	2 237	3 177	2 287
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	6	13	4	5	23	12
1985 to 1988 .....	9	118	174	52	29	209	144	93
1980 to 1984 .....	—	265	369	67	58	441	453	237
1970 to 1979 .....	61	721	842	403	509	654	1 340	868
1960 to 1969 .....	11	181	273	104	162	198	387	204
1950 to 1959 .....	56	57	184	113	100	114	99	155
1940 to 1949 .....	60	8	78	59	134	103	115	71
1939 or earlier .....	122	16	94	545	310	513	616	647
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom .....	6	51	5	17	3	15	14	7
1 bedroom .....	37	280	179	92	54	169	143	123
2 bedrooms .....	203	573	816	369	367	765	1 004	589
3 bedrooms .....	46	376	707	589	532	896	1 479	1 059
4 bedrooms .....	27	67	239	198	284	340	444	399
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	19	74	91	66	52	93	110
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities .....	313	1 358	2 020	1 342	1 306	2 222	3 172	2 285
Source of water, public system or private company .....	319	1 366	2 013	1 269	1 060	1 520	2 922	2 258
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	319	1 353	1 994	808	847	1 342	2 035	1 148
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	8	12	10	2	15	8	2
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	2	15	3	2
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	8	12	10	—	—	5	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas .....	295	1 033	1 783	887	938	1 677	2 396	1 408
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	7	16	39	294	276	445	450	562
Electricity .....	17	244	164	71	38	71	203	207
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	52	9	13	5	12
All other fuels .....	—	55	13	52	43	31	123	98
No fuel used .....	—	18	21	—	2	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None .....	49	108	52	58	34	122	101	75
1 .....	105	661	728	318	307	516	600	493
2 .....	131	484	852	549	562	936	1 295	923
3 or more .....	34	113	388	431	403	663	1 181	796
Vehicles per household .....	1.5	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units .....	186	507	1 295	910	953	1 526	2 521	1 583
1989 to March 1990 .....	16	52	173	93	99	153	288	128
1985 to 1988 .....	10	132	493	202	175	393	639	400
1980 to 1984 .....	21	155	168	140	110	340	536	302
1970 to 1979 .....	47	135	327	288	335	330	682	461
1969 or earlier .....	92	33	134	187	234	310	376	292
Renter-occupied housing units .....	133	859	725	446	353	711	656	704
1989 to March 1990 .....	93	474	442	143	180	343	302	275
1985 to 1988 .....	13	308	170	151	95	240	211	249
1980 to 1984 .....	7	62	105	80	29	59	75	90
1970 to 1979 .....	7	15	8	52	19	49	31	62
1969 or earlier .....	13	—	—	20	30	20	37	28
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit .....	58	130	110	30	57	163	182	110
Householder 65 years and over .....	102	138	346	342	226	417	509	483
Owner-occupied housing units .....	95	97	243	241	195	305	461	392
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	8	3	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	8	6	1	24	3	1
No vehicle available .....	23	15	15	44	19	93	60	54
Complete plumbing facilities .....	319	1 358	2 008	1 346	1 304	2 222	3 169	2 285
1.00 or less persons per room .....	303	1 293	1 975	1 326	1 251	2 108	3 101	2 190
1.01 or more persons per room .....	16	65	33	20	53	114	68	95
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	8	12	10	2	15	8	2
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	8	12	2	2	15	8	2
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 284	27 614	31 997	40 079	34 965	32 904	36 357	41 257
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 872	13 468	18 557	28 752	26 332	23 420	27 888	27 581
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	85	443	213	104	134	279	210	258
Owner-occupied housing units .....	46	58	49	44	61	128	114	105
Renter-occupied housing units .....	39	385	164	60	73	151	96	153

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County					
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>19 177</b>	<b>19 177</b>	<b>9 441</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>1 102</b>	<b>625</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	13 653	13 653	6 564	33	54	238	135	912	399
Less than \$300	422	422	277	5	18	—	22	25	33
\$300 to \$399	1 054	1 054	485	7	21	17	21	87	64
\$400 to \$499	1 575	1 575	742	—	—	42	22	133	68
\$500 to \$599	2 119	2 119	910	15	10	39	39	239	35
\$600 to \$799	4 310	4 310	1 959	6	5	97	24	370	170
\$800 to \$999	2 303	2 303	1 212	—	—	23	7	51	13
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1 526	1 526	792	—	—	20	—	7	16
\$1,500 to \$1,999	234	234	142	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	110	110	45	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	679	679	688	525	328	629	505	591	599
Not mortgaged	5 524	5 524	2 877	22	95	82	91	190	226
Less than \$100	81	81	20	8	—	9	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	2 548	2 548	1 234	8	70	45	57	111	143
\$200 to \$299	2 368	2 368	1 310	6	22	14	29	66	77
\$300 to \$399	344	344	208	—	3	14	5	—	6
\$400 to \$499	118	118	83	—	—	—	—	13	—
\$500 or more	65	65	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	204	204	209	119	158	179	188	191	186
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	4 531	4 531	2 159	30	78	90	84	230	240
Less than 20 percent	1 458	1 458	738	8	27	23	40	54	92
20 to 24 percent	544	544	253	—	7	—	12	13	28
25 to 29 percent	370	370	157	—	9	—	10	29	24
30 to 34 percent	401	401	199	—	—	26	—	18	34
35 percent or more	1 627	1 627	742	15	19	41	22	97	54
Not computed	131	131	70	7	16	—	—	19	8
Median	27.7	27.7	26.7	43.9	22.9	34.2	20.8	32.6	24.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999	5 184	5 184	2 449	6	60	79	72	406	208
Less than 20 percent	1 999	1 999	1 071	—	50	23	37	130	115
20 to 24 percent	918	918	354	—	—	18	28	110	24
25 to 29 percent	923	923	422	6	10	11	—	81	29
30 to 34 percent	560	560	246	—	—	18	—	29	23
35 percent or more	778	778	350	—	—	9	7	56	17
Not computed	6	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	23.2	23.2	22.1	27.5	13.6	24.6	19.7	23.3	16.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	4 469	4 469	2 106	8	8	80	54	284	115
Less than 20 percent	2 434	2 434	1 175	8	8	41	41	179	67
20 to 24 percent	1 182	1 182	529	—	—	30	13	97	33
25 to 29 percent	516	516	268	—	—	9	—	8	7
30 to 34 percent	187	187	87	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	148	148	47	—	—	—	—	—	8
Not computed	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	19.0	19.0	18.7	10.0	11.0	19.7	14.4	18.0	18.5
\$50,000 or more	4 993	4 993	2 727	11	3	71	16	182	62
Less than 20 percent	3 916	3 916	2 147	11	3	65	16	169	54
20 to 24 percent	730	730	416	—	—	6	—	13	8
25 to 29 percent	214	214	109	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	68	68	35	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	65	65	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	14.1	14.1	13.8	10.0	10.0	13.1	10.0	12.4	14.1
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>14 573</b>	<b>14 573</b>	<b>9 112</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>1 572</b>	<b>645</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	413	413	253	5	—	39	16	71	41
\$100 to \$199	1 403	1 403	896	—	—	107	40	62	66
\$200 to \$299	2 673	2 673	1 941	18	11	53	158	441	101
\$300 to \$399	3 795	3 795	2 455	29	84	68	252	591	173
\$400 to \$499	2 602	2 602	1 608	6	19	56	153	206	124
\$500 to \$599	1 459	1 459	872	—	6	16	31	104	65
\$600 to \$749	1 029	1 029	706	—	—	23	37	73	34
\$750 to \$999	295	295	205	—	—	—	18	9	10
\$1,000 or more	98	98	76	—	—	—	6	—	—
No cash rent	806	806	100	—	13	30	13	15	31
Median (dollars)	362	362	358	308	364	254	360	331	343
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	4 494	4 494	3 100	27	39	115	247	612	207
Less than 20 percent	213	213	145	5	—	25	—	—	26
20 to 24 percent	188	188	96	—	—	9	—	41	—
25 to 29 percent	447	447	322	—	—	14	18	21	53
30 to 34 percent	279	279	179	6	—	10	6	33	33
35 percent or more	3 082	3 082	2 226	16	33	44	219	502	85
Not computed	285	285	132	—	6	13	4	15	10
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	37.1	49.7	31.5	50.0+	50.0+	33.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	4 222	4 222	2 703	22	31	157	275	502	193
Less than 20 percent	620	620	416	6	—	47	29	44	25
20 to 24 percent	717	717	497	—	6	66	66	132	33
25 to 29 percent	698	698	553	6	—	6	47	103	43
30 to 34 percent	699	699	425	6	20	8	57	108	19
35 percent or more	1 259	1 259	799	4	5	30	69	115	73
Not computed	229	229	13	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median	29.7	29.7	28.9	29.2	32.4	22.4	29.1	28.6	29.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	3 923	3 923	2 209	9	58	102	121	361	177
Less than 20 percent	1 864	1 864	1 110	9	30	45	50	277	63
20 to 24 percent	958	958	561	—	15	10	26	44	78
25 to 29 percent	555	555	342	—	—	30	28	24	22
30 to 34 percent	174	174	107	—	6	—	—	—	10
35 percent or more	119	119	70	—	—	—	17	16	—
Not computed	253	253	19	—	7	17	—	—	4
Median	19.9	19.9	19.9	17.5	17.2	18.6	22.0	15.0	21.5
\$35,000 or more	1 934	1 934	1 100	—	5	18	81	97	68
Less than 20 percent	1 590	1 590	937	—	5	18	70	97	47
20 to 24 percent	144	144	106	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	18	18	12	—	—	—	5	—	—
30 to 34 percent	18	18	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	4	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	160	160	36	—	—	—	6	—	21
Median	13.8	13.8	14.0	—	10.0	10.0	12.5	14.0	12.6



Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.				Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	761	970	1 426	1 076	65	110	516	38
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage.....	502	708	1 094	765	48	52	285	16
Less than \$300.....	9	20	5	28	11	—	27	—
\$300 to \$399.....	22	36	19	61	8	—	23	7
\$400 to \$499.....	68	89	71	92	14	26	97	—
\$500 to \$599.....	75	131	132	117	11	10	70	9
\$600 to \$799.....	166	276	375	233	4	9	41	—
\$800 to \$999.....	76	85	227	145	—	7	18	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	67	65	238	76	—	—	9	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	4	—	23	3	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	15	6	4	10	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	684	672	760	678	468	525	496	506
Not mortgaged.....	259	262	332	311	17	58	231	22
Less than \$100.....	2	4	—	2	—	—	—	8
\$100 to \$199.....	115	165	124	169	9	33	156	8
\$200 to \$299.....	119	84	177	92	8	25	57	6
\$300 to \$399.....	7	9	19	22	—	—	18	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	12	13	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	16	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	209	181	217	192	197	194	182	119
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000.....	182	216	297	287	37	17	204	30
Less than 20 percent.....	45	78	90	80	—	—	63	8
20 to 24 percent.....	24	32	50	20	—	—	47	—
25 to 29 percent.....	14	22	20	35	14	—	20	—
30 to 34 percent.....	11	6	6	18	—	—	33	—
35 percent or more.....	88	71	131	126	23	17	41	15
Not computed.....	—	7	—	8	—	—	—	7
Median.....	33.6	24.1	27.1	31.3	37.8	39.2	24.1	43.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	204	345	384	285	11	41	176	—
Less than 20 percent.....	101	92	89	98	11	18	74	—
20 to 24 percent.....	22	85	74	58	—	5	61	—
25 to 29 percent.....	33	46	73	46	—	18	25	—
30 to 34 percent.....	20	54	54	52	—	—	10	—
35 percent or more.....	28	68	94	31	—	—	6	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	20.2	24.7	27.0	23.8	16.1	22.5	21.1	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	159	287	373	204	5	32	93	8
Less than 20 percent.....	96	140	142	129	5	25	81	8
20 to 24 percent.....	32	73	126	48	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	16	44	35	8	—	7	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	4	7	42	16	—	—	12	—
35 percent or more.....	11	23	28	3	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.3	20.2	21.8	17.1	10.0	10.0	15.1	10.0
\$50,000 or more.....	216	122	372	300	12	20	43	—
Less than 20 percent.....	179	100	244	242	12	20	43	—
20 to 24 percent.....	18	18	73	38	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	17	4	42	9	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	10	3	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	2	—	3	8	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.8	13.9	16.8	14.5	10.0	10.0	10.0	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	318	639	559	555	749	712	976	58
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100.....	2	28	1	26	13	—	70	5
\$100 to \$199.....	66	75	7	36	164	112	191	—
\$200 to \$299.....	39	68	32	91	318	278	286	18
\$300 to \$399.....	49	119	94	137	103	178	205	29
\$400 to \$499.....	54	123	184	81	41	51	96	6
\$500 to \$599.....	16	104	112	54	12	41	76	—
\$600 to \$749.....	18	43	57	18	48	29	41	—
\$750 to \$999.....	4	23	12	18	21	18	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	8	13	29	5	—	—
No cash rent.....	70	56	52	81	—	—	11	—
Median (dollars).....	334	402	458	357	274	294	286	308
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000.....	78	151	87	143	400	387	441	27
Less than 20 percent.....	—	18	—	10	14	—	46	5
20 to 24 percent.....	11	12	—	7	14	7	22	—
25 to 29 percent.....	6	17	—	9	73	27	45	—
30 to 34 percent.....	2	19	—	—	31	7	36	6
35 percent or more.....	48	72	79	112	255	346	258	16
Not computed.....	11	13	8	5	13	—	34	—
Median.....	42.1	35.5	50.0+	50.0+	44.1	50.0+	49.4	37.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	75	173	129	142	179	201	286	22
Less than 20 percent.....	22	33	2	19	51	73	109	6
20 to 24 percent.....	5	15	2	24	31	42	57	—
25 to 29 percent.....	18	20	5	9	34	15	30	6
30 to 34 percent.....	2	45	38	14	16	10	32	6
35 percent or more.....	14	52	66	45	47	61	58	4
Not computed.....	14	8	16	31	—	—	—	—
Median.....	26.0	31.6	36.9	31.3	26.1	23.3	23.0	29.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	113	177	226	166	126	88	193	9
Less than 20 percent.....	57	61	78	90	87	66	48	—
20 to 24 percent.....	10	33	78	22	7	—	14	—
25 to 29 percent.....	13	51	34	27	8	6	13	—
30 to 34 percent.....	3	—	11	—	—	11	—	—
35 percent or more.....	2	9	7	—	24	5	—	—
Not computed.....	28	23	18	27	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.7	22.4	21.7	17.9	15.9	15.6	18.7	17.5
\$35,000 or more.....	52	138	117	104	44	36	56	—
Less than 20 percent.....	29	112	90	67	35	29	56	—
20 to 24 percent.....	2	14	8	9	—	7	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	2	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	3	10	5	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Not computed.....	19	12	12	18	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.7	14.2	15.4	13.3	14.0	12.5	12.8	—

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.		Remainder of Weld County					
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)	Tract 17	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	149	191	911	752	745	962	1 426	1 076
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage.....	54	151	761	493	537	700	1 094	765
Less than \$300.....	18	7	18	9	18	20	5	28
\$300 to \$399.....	21	19	68	22	63	36	19	61
\$400 to \$499.....	—	33	100	68	117	89	71	92
\$500 to \$599.....	10	20	219	75	113	131	132	117
\$600 to \$799.....	5	58	312	166	154	268	375	233
\$800 to \$999.....	—	7	44	76	36	85	227	145
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	7	—	58	30	65	238	76
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	4	6	—	23	3
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	15	—	6	4	10
Median (dollars).....	328	588	591	679	563	670	760	678
Not mortgaged.....	95	40	150	259	208	262	332	311
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	2	—	4	—	2
\$100 to \$199.....	70	20	91	115	137	165	124	169
\$200 to \$299.....	22	7	59	119	66	84	177	92
\$300 to \$399.....	3	—	—	7	5	9	19	22
\$400 to \$499.....	—	13	—	—	—	—	12	13
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	13
Median (dollars).....	158	200	188	209	179	181	217	192
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000.....	78	45	185	182	219	216	297	287
Less than 20 percent.....	27	13	41	45	57	78	90	80
20 to 24 percent.....	7	—	13	24	27	32	50	20
25 to 29 percent.....	9	—	29	14	33	22	20	35
30 to 34 percent.....	—	11	7	11	32	6	6	18
35 percent or more.....	19	21	76	88	70	71	131	126
Not computed.....	16	—	19	—	—	7	—	8
Median.....	22.9	34.3	30.0	33.6	28.9	24.1	27.1	31.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	60	74	332	195	224	337	384	285
Less than 20 percent.....	50	25	105	101	71	92	89	98
20 to 24 percent.....	—	10	100	22	71	85	74	58
25 to 29 percent.....	10	32	49	33	52	46	73	46
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	29	20	16	46	54	52
35 percent or more.....	—	7	49	19	14	68	94	31
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.6	25.3	23.0	19.5	22.9	24.5	27.0	23.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	8	41	243	159	173	287	373	204
Less than 20 percent.....	8	35	144	96	122	140	142	129
20 to 24 percent.....	—	6	91	32	36	73	126	48
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	8	16	10	44	35	8
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	4	—	7	42	16
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	11	5	23	28	3
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.0	15.2	18.5	18.3	15.7	20.2	21.8	17.1
\$50,000 or more.....	3	31	151	216	129	122	372	300
Less than 20 percent.....	3	24	145	179	118	100	244	242
20 to 24 percent.....	—	7	6	18	4	18	73	38
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	17	7	4	42	9
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	3
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	2	—	—	3	8
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	12.5	12.4	13.8	12.4	13.9	16.8	14.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	133	859	713	318	284	639	559	555
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100.....	—	49	22	2	2	28	1	26
\$100 to \$199.....	—	39	23	66	10	75	7	36
\$200 to \$299.....	11	299	142	39	42	68	32	91
\$300 to \$399.....	84	302	289	49	90	119	94	137
\$400 to \$499.....	19	85	121	54	42	123	184	81
\$500 to \$599.....	6	57	47	16	38	104	112	54
\$600 to \$749.....	—	13	60	18	9	43	57	18
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	9	4	—	23	12	18
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	13
No cash rent.....	13	15	—	70	51	56	52	81
Median (dollars).....	364	315	343	334	371	402	458	357
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000.....	39	379	233	78	40	151	87	143
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	10
20 to 24 percent.....	—	29	12	11	—	12	—	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	10	11	6	5	17	—	9
30 to 34 percent.....	—	9	24	2	—	19	—	—
35 percent or more.....	33	316	186	48	27	72	79	112
Not computed.....	6	15	—	11	8	13	8	5
Median.....	49.7	50.0+	50.0+	42.1	50.0+	35.5	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	31	274	228	75	100	173	129	142
Less than 20 percent.....	—	23	21	22	12	33	2	19
20 to 24 percent.....	6	78	54	5	23	15	2	24
25 to 29 percent.....	—	74	29	18	15	20	5	9
30 to 34 percent.....	20	63	45	2	3	45	38	14
35 percent or more.....	5	36	79	14	27	52	66	45
Not computed.....	—	—	—	14	20	8	16	31
Median.....	32.4	27.4	31.1	26.0	26.7	31.6	36.9	31.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	58	156	205	113	86	177	226	166
Less than 20 percent.....	30	130	147	57	49	61	78	90
20 to 24 percent.....	15	18	26	10	14	33	78	22
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	16	13	—	51	34	27
30 to 34 percent.....	6	—	—	3	3	—	11	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	16	2	6	9	7	—
Not computed.....	7	—	—	28	14	23	18	27
Median.....	17.2	15.5	14.7	17.7	18.1	22.4	21.7	17.9
\$35,000 or more.....	5	50	47	52	58	138	117	104
Less than 20 percent.....	5	50	47	29	45	112	90	67
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	2	—	14	8	9
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	10
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	19	13	12	12	18
Median.....	10.0	13.1	15.8	12.7	13.4	14.2	15.4	13.3



**Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>187</b>	<b>187</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>		
1989 to March 1990 -----	4	4
1985 to 1988 -----	18	18
1980 to 1984 -----	13	13
1970 to 1979 -----	64	64
1960 to 1969 -----	22	22
1950 to 1959 -----	24	24
1940 to 1949 -----	38	38
1939 or earlier -----	4	4
<b>BEDROOMS</b>		
No bedroom -----	—	—
1 bedroom -----	75	75
2 bedrooms -----	62	62
3 bedrooms -----	32	32
4 bedrooms -----	18	18
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>		
Complete kitchen facilities -----	187	187
Source of water, public system or private company -----	176	176
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	172	172
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>		
Utility gas -----	145	145
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	4	4
Electricity -----	27	27
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—
All other fuels -----	11	11
No fuel used -----	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>		
None -----	33	33
1 -----	73	73
2 -----	76	76
3 or more -----	5	5
Vehicles per household -----	1.3	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>		
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	6	6
1985 to 1988 -----	18	18
1980 to 1984 -----	7	7
1970 to 1979 -----	2	2
1969 or earlier -----	—	—
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>154</b>	<b>154</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	114	114
1985 to 1988 -----	19	19
1980 to 1984 -----	8	8
1970 to 1979 -----	—	—
1969 or earlier -----	13	13
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>		
No telephone in unit -----	33	33
Householder 65 years and over -----	17	17
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	4	4
No vehicle available -----	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	187	187
1.00 or less persons per room -----	177	177
1.01 or more persons per room -----	10	10
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>		
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	35 523	35 523
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	19 857	19 857
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	55	55
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	55	55

**Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>		
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>
Less than \$300 .....	-	-
\$300 to \$399 .....	-	-
\$400 to \$499 .....	-	-
\$500 to \$599 .....	15	15
\$600 to \$799 .....	6	6
\$800 to \$999 .....	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	-	-
\$2,000 or more .....	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	581	581
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	-	-
Less than \$100 .....	-	-
\$100 to \$199 .....	-	-
\$200 to \$299 .....	-	-
\$300 to \$399 .....	-	-
\$400 to \$499 .....	-	-
\$500 or more .....	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	-	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>		
Less than \$20,000 .....	-	-
Less than 20 percent .....	-	-
20 to 24 percent .....	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-
Median .....	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	6	6
Less than 20 percent .....	-	-
20 to 24 percent .....	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	5	5
30 to 34 percent .....	1	1
35 percent or more .....	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-
Median .....	28.0	28.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	13	13
Less than 20 percent .....	13	13
20 to 24 percent .....	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-
Median .....	17.5	17.5
\$50,000 or more .....	2	2
Less than 20 percent .....	2	2
20 to 24 percent .....	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-
Median .....	12.5	12.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>151</b>	<b>151</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>		
Less than \$100 .....	-	-
\$100 to \$199 .....	15	15
\$200 to \$299 .....	43	43
\$300 to \$399 .....	41	41
\$400 to \$499 .....	38	38
\$500 to \$599 .....	9	9
\$600 to \$749 .....	5	5
\$750 to \$999 .....	-	-
\$1,000 or more .....	-	-
No cash rent .....	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	361	361
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>		
Less than \$10,000 .....	61	61
Less than 20 percent .....	-	-
20 to 24 percent .....	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	-	-
35 percent or more .....	50	50
Not computed .....	11	11
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	18	18
Less than 20 percent .....	7	7
20 to 24 percent .....	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	11	11
35 percent or more .....	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-
Median .....	30.9	30.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	40	40
Less than 20 percent .....	33	33
20 to 24 percent .....	7	7
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-
Median .....	16.7	16.7
\$35,000 or more .....	32	32
Less than 20 percent .....	32	32
20 to 24 percent .....	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-
Median .....	16.2	16.2



**Table 38. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
Occupied housing units .....	214	214
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>		
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	20	20
1980 to 1984 .....	33	33
1970 to 1979 .....	53	53
1960 to 1969 .....	51	51
1950 to 1959 .....	14	14
1940 to 1949 .....	19	19
1939 or earlier .....	24	24
<b>BEDROOMS</b>		
No bedroom .....	36	36
1 bedroom .....	16	16
2 bedrooms .....	53	53
3 bedrooms .....	64	64
4 bedrooms .....	40	40
5 or more bedrooms .....	5	5
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>		
Complete kitchen facilities .....	214	214
Source of water, public system or private company .....	204	204
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	168	168
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>		
Utility gas .....	146	146
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	32	32
Electricity .....	34	34
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—
All other fuels .....	2	2
No fuel used .....	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>		
None .....	16	16
1 .....	67	67
2 .....	58	58
3 or more .....	73	73
Vehicles per household .....	1.9	1.9
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>		
Owner-occupied housing units .....	132	132
1989 to March 1990 .....	18	18
1985 to 1988 .....	60	60
1980 to 1984 .....	19	19
1970 to 1979 .....	30	30
1969 or earlier .....	5	5
Renter-occupied housing units .....	82	82
1989 to March 1990 .....	47	47
1985 to 1988 .....	31	31
1980 to 1984 .....	4	4
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>		
No telephone in unit .....	33	33
Householder 65 years and over .....	12	12
Owner-occupied housing units .....	4	4
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—
No vehicle available .....	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	214	214
1.00 or less persons per room .....	160	160
1.01 or more persons per room .....	54	54
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>		
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	35 587	35 587
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 361	17 361
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	44	44
Owner-occupied housing units .....	9	9
Renter-occupied housing units .....	35	35

Table 39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County
Specified owner-occupied housing units	60	60
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
With a mortgage	48	48
Less than \$300	-	-
\$300 to \$399	-	-
\$400 to \$499	-	-
\$500 to \$599	13	13
\$600 to \$799	24	24
\$800 to \$999	6	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499	5	5
\$1,500 to \$1,999	-	-
\$2,000 or more	-	-
Median (dollars)	725	725
Not mortgaged	12	12
Less than \$100	-	-
\$100 to \$199	4	4
\$200 to \$299	5	5
\$300 to \$399	2	2
\$400 to \$499	1	1
\$500 or more	-	-
Median (dollars)	220	220
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		
Less than \$20,000	10	10
Less than 20 percent	4	4
20 to 24 percent	-	-
25 to 29 percent	2	2
30 to 34 percent	2	2
35 percent or more	2	2
Not computed	-	-
Median	27.5	27.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	15	15
Less than 20 percent	3	3
20 to 24 percent	9	9
25 to 29 percent	-	-
30 to 34 percent	3	3
35 percent or more	-	-
Not computed	-	-
Median	22.5	22.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	13	13
Less than 20 percent	5	5
20 to 24 percent	6	6
25 to 29 percent	2	2
30 to 34 percent	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-
Not computed	-	-
Median	21.3	21.3
\$50,000 or more	22	22
Less than 20 percent	21	21
20 to 24 percent	-	-
25 to 29 percent	1	1
30 to 34 percent	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-
Not computed	-	-
Median	13.2	13.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	78	78
GROSS RENT		
Less than \$100	-	-
\$100 to \$199	6	6
\$200 to \$299	16	16
\$300 to \$399	21	21
\$400 to \$499	14	14
\$500 to \$599	6	6
\$600 to \$749	2	2
\$750 to \$999	-	-
\$1,000 or more	-	-
No cash rent	13	13
Median (dollars)	328	328
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		
Less than \$10,000	34	34
Less than 20 percent	-	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-
25 to 29 percent	6	6
30 to 34 percent	2	2
35 percent or more	26	26
Not computed	-	-
Median	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	11	11
Less than 20 percent	-	-
20 to 24 percent	8	8
25 to 29 percent	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-
Not computed	3	3
Median	22.5	22.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	26	26
Less than 20 percent	9	9
20 to 24 percent	5	5
25 to 29 percent	2	2
30 to 34 percent	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-
Not computed	10	10
Median	19.4	19.4
\$35,000 or more	7	7
Less than 20 percent	7	7
20 to 24 percent	-	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-
Not computed	-	-
Median	14.4	14.4



**Table 40. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County	
		Total	Greeley city
Occupied housing units .....	<b>379</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>245</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>			
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	15	15	10
1980 to 1984 .....	46	46	25
1970 to 1979 .....	137	137	92
1960 to 1969 .....	79	79	71
1950 to 1959 .....	31	31	23
1940 to 1949 .....	31	31	17
1939 or earlier .....	40	40	7
<b>BEDROOMS</b>			
No bedroom .....	16	16	16
1 bedroom .....	43	43	31
2 bedrooms .....	134	134	103
3 bedrooms .....	127	127	70
4 bedrooms .....	33	33	20
5 or more bedrooms .....	26	26	5
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>			
Complete kitchen facilities .....	379	379	245
Source of water, public system or private company .....	361	361	245
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	315	315	245
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>			
Utility gas .....	301	301	207
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	31	31	—
Electricity .....	36	36	32
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	5	5	—
All other fuels .....	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	6	6	6
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>			
None .....	16	16	16
1 .....	169	169	144
2 .....	143	143	77
3 or more .....	51	51	8
Vehicles per household .....	1.7	1.7	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>			
Owner-occupied housing units .....	<b>190</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>80</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	19	19	5
1985 to 1988 .....	17	17	10
1980 to 1984 .....	53	53	41
1970 to 1979 .....	62	62	24
1969 or earlier .....	39	39	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	<b>189</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>165</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	94	94	92
1985 to 1988 .....	60	60	52
1980 to 1984 .....	31	31	21
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	4	4	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>			
No telephone in unit .....	10	10	6
Householder 65 years and over .....	110	110	31
Owner-occupied housing units .....	76	76	11
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	4	4	—
No vehicle available .....	10	10	10
Complete plumbing facilities .....	379	379	245
1.00 or less persons per room .....	368	368	240
1.01 or more persons per room .....	11	11	5
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>			
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	35 597	35 597	46 806
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	12 935	12 935	11 630
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	100	100	90
Owner-occupied housing units .....	10	10	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	90	90	90

Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County	
		Total	Greeley city
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	155	155	72
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS			
With a mortgage.....	92	92	52
Less than \$300.....	6	6	6
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	12	12	—
\$500 to \$599.....	20	20	5
\$600 to \$799.....	12	12	5
\$800 to \$999.....	11	11	11
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	31	31	25
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	700	700	942
Not mortgaged.....	63	63	20
Less than \$100.....	6	6	6
\$100 to \$199.....	7	7	—
\$200 to \$299.....	30	30	6
\$300 to \$399.....	10	10	8
\$400 to \$499.....	10	10	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	259	259	233
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$20,000.....	60	60	10
Less than 20 percent.....	13	13	—
20 to 24 percent.....	3	3	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	7	7	5
35 percent or more.....	37	37	5
Not computed.....	—	—	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	42.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	36	36	18
Less than 20 percent.....	28	28	12
20 to 24 percent.....	2	2	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	6	6	6
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—
Median.....	13.5	13.5	12.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	39	39	26
Less than 20 percent.....	17	17	14
20 to 24 percent.....	2	2	—
25 to 29 percent.....	20	20	12
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—
Median.....	25.1	25.1	10.0
\$50,000 or more.....	20	20	18
Less than 20 percent.....	14	14	12
20 to 24 percent.....	6	6	6
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—
Median.....	17.1	17.1	17.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	180	180	165
GROSS RENT			
Less than \$100.....	13	13	13
\$100 to \$199.....	5	5	5
\$200 to \$299.....	26	26	26
\$300 to \$399.....	81	81	73
\$400 to \$499.....	24	24	24
\$500 to \$599.....	23	23	18
\$600 to \$749.....	6	6	6
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	2	2	—
Median (dollars).....	351	351	350
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$10,000.....	92	92	92
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	13	13	13
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	73	73	73
Not computed.....	6	6	6
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	51	51	44
Less than 20 percent.....	6	6	6
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	2	2	—
30 to 34 percent.....	12	12	9
35 percent or more.....	29	29	29
Not computed.....	2	2	—
Median.....	36.9	36.9	37.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	18	18	13
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	13	13	13
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	5	5	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—
Median.....	23.5	23.5	22.5
\$35,000 or more.....	19	19	16
Less than 20 percent.....	14	14	11
20 to 24 percent.....	5	5	5
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—
Median.....	16.3	16.3	17.5



**Table 42. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01
Occupied housing units .....	7 554	7 554	3 501	237	297	235	154	708	377	134
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	58	58	13	13	—	—	9	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	330	330	189	9	14	6	4	40	14	4
1980 to 1984 .....	693	693	216	5	16	43	6	103	56	37
1970 to 1979 .....	2 551	2 551	1 077	41	55	99	—	358	165	84
1960 to 1969 .....	1 042	1 042	577	74	22	12	20	138	71	—
1950 to 1959 .....	769	769	492	30	27	16	57	46	45	2
1940 to 1949 .....	627	627	402	29	52	16	50	23	26	—
1939 or earlier .....	1 484	1 484	535	36	111	43	8	—	—	7
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	139	139	85	8	6	—	2	33	—	5
1 bedroom .....	875	875	467	38	40	23	31	59	53	4
2 bedrooms .....	2 953	2 953	1 366	115	114	84	60	319	79	27
3 bedrooms .....	2 504	2 504	1 041	70	100	93	49	193	186	70
4 bedrooms .....	817	817	391	—	37	35	12	81	52	28
5 or more bedrooms .....	266	266	151	6	—	—	—	23	7	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	7 515	7 515	3 501	237	297	235	154	708	377	134
Source of water, public system or private company .....	7 083	7 083	3 501	237	297	224	154	708	377	134
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	6 623	6 623	3 501	231	297	216	154	704	366	114
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	44	44	15	—	7	—	8	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	24	24	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	20	20	8	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	6 253	6 253	3 052	216	278	222	137	606	343	108
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	571	571	39	—	—	7	—	10	—	—
Electricity .....	637	637	369	21	19	—	17	92	34	26
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	79	79	34	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	10	10	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	854	854	572	37	58	28	8	130	19	—
1 .....	2 513	2 513	1 232	79	114	112	76	267	130	22
2 .....	2 580	2 580	1 087	79	65	82	51	186	181	49
3 or more .....	1 607	1 607	610	42	60	13	19	125	47	63
Vehicles per household .....	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.7	2.7
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	3 500	3 500	1 329	123	128	58	15	274	203	85
1989 to March 1990 .....	532	532	229	42	9	18	—	38	47	6
1985 to 1988 .....	1 021	1 021	450	43	27	33	—	127	100	32
1980 to 1984 .....	506	506	129	—	28	—	—	29	30	6
1970 to 1979 .....	958	958	372	24	34	7	15	56	20	34
1969 or earlier .....	483	483	149	14	30	—	—	24	6	7
Renter-occupied housing units .....	4 054	4 054	2 172	114	169	177	139	434	174	49
1989 to March 1990 .....	2 151	2 151	1 215	65	76	107	86	214	78	38
1985 to 1988 .....	1 345	1 345	720	31	38	26	53	211	70	11
1980 to 1984 .....	313	313	133	5	31	19	—	—	11	—
1970 to 1979 .....	205	205	91	—	24	19	—	9	15	—
1969 or earlier .....	40	40	13	13	—	6	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	1 323	1 323	628	64	47	89	24	145	25	—
Householder 65 years and over .....	648	648	307	40	23	—	2	9	51	10
Owner-occupied housing units .....	391	391	151	28	10	—	2	—	25	10
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	11	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	76	76	25	9	—	—	—	9	—	—
No vehicle available .....	211	211	122	20	7	—	2	—	11	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	7 510	7 510	3 486	237	290	235	146	708	377	134
1.00 or less persons per room .....	6 287	6 287	2 967	169	231	201	138	567	338	117
1.01 or more persons per room .....	1 223	1 223	519	68	59	34	8	141	39	17
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	44	44	15	—	7	—	8	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	27	27	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	17	17	8	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	31 033	31 033	31 261	21 529	17 643	19 125	39 739	29 760	23 794	37 199
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	16 066	16 066	14 717	13 163	14 154	12 236	16 369	14 863	15 196	27 174
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	2 307	2 307	1 248	120	138	133	63	199	111	6
Owner-occupied housing units .....	493	493	202	43	53	20	—	4	41	6
Renter-occupied housing units .....	1 814	1 814	1 046	77	85	113	63	195	70	—

Table 42. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.						Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 14.02	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	164	167	897	486	442	199	205	131	954	231
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	9	12	—	—	—	—	—	13
1985 to 1988 .....	33	6	42	23	8	7	18	9	35	9
1980 to 1984 .....	24	12	166	68	43	32	4	—	—	5
1970 to 1979 .....	92	40	191	186	177	90	21	11	297	41
1960 to 1969 .....	15	4	83	33	47	35	14	19	144	68
1950 to 1959 .....	—	14	112	32	30	—	43	35	96	30
1940 to 1949 .....	—	14	38	25	11	5	25	26	180	29
1939 or earlier .....	—	77	256	107	126	30	80	31	202	36
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	—	5	8	—	3	—	4	—	48	8
1 bedroom .....	6	20	118	33	48	26	74	9	119	38
2 bedrooms .....	38	56	458	177	159	65	65	74	498	115
3 bedrooms .....	45	70	260	201	175	92	39	42	163	70
4 bedrooms .....	49	11	34	65	53	16	7	6	109	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	26	5	19	10	4	—	16	—	17	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	164	154	886	484	440	199	205	131	954	231
Source of water, public system or private company .....	164	144	690	477	426	195	205	131	954	231
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	164	82	637	433	380	183	205	131	954	231
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	13	6	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	3	6	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	157	103	761	409	345	181	164	104	786	210
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	44	82	33	40	4	—	9	30	—
Electricity .....	7	17	54	39	50	9	20	18	132	21
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	—	—	5	6	5	14	—	6	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	6	13	92	18	17	20	53	16	159	37
1 .....	30	52	308	137	148	52	97	62	374	79
2 .....	94	68	338	213	179	64	42	32	255	79
3 or more .....	34	34	159	118	98	63	13	21	166	36
Vehicles per household .....	2.1	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	126	66	448	325	245	105	42	31	288	117
1989 to March 1990 .....	18	2	84	46	38	18	8	—	54	36
1985 to 1988 .....	34	16	103	69	63	32	8	11	78	43
1980 to 1984 .....	6	21	121	62	36	11	—	5	34	—
1970 to 1979 .....	59	18	102	64	75	44	14	—	74	24
1969 or earlier .....	9	9	58	84	33	—	12	15	48	14
Renter-occupied housing units .....	38	101	429	161	197	94	163	100	666	114
1989 to March 1990 .....	25	42	232	63	96	37	122	66	413	65
1985 to 1988 .....	13	38	131	63	64	41	21	30	206	31
1980 to 1984 .....	—	10	25	14	29	16	16	4	24	5
1970 to 1979 .....	—	8	41	11	8	—	4	—	23	—
1969 or earlier .....	—	3	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	13
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	7	26	206	101	73	20	48	25	209	64
Householder 65 years and over .....	30	20	84	61	43	4	38	17	82	40
Owner-occupied housing units .....	30	13	52	46	32	4	27	—	37	28
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	5	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	9	23	8	1	—	—	—	16	9
No vehicle available .....	—	10	40	6	7	—	11	5	36	20
Complete plumbing facilities .....	164	154	891	484	440	199	205	131	954	231
1.00 or less persons per room .....	164	125	685	410	354	199	173	97	765	163
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	29	206	74	86	—	32	34	189	68
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	13	6	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	5	6	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	43 233	25 758	32 339	31 766	27 608	40 883	25 308	34 207	24 976	21 658
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	15 952	21 028	16 249	19 632	19 724	10 692	11 853	20 001	12 593	13 163
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	20	37	285	96	126	53	90	25	376	120
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	10	83	29	51	—	5	—	41	43
Renter-occupied housing units .....	20	27	202	67	75	53	85	25	335	77



Table 42. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	297	124	124	263	119	322	164	111	445	167
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	14	6	4	16	—	14	33	—	24	6
1980 to 1984 .....	16	34	6	58	6	41	24	9	45	12
1970 to 1979 .....	55	40	—	142	66	133	92	59	216	40
1960 to 1969 .....	22	8	16	13	47	66	15	4	125	4
1950 to 1959 .....	27	8	57	34	—	45	—	8	12	14
1940 to 1949 .....	52	7	35	—	—	23	—	9	23	14
1939 or earlier .....	111	21	6	—	—	—	—	22	—	77
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	5
1 bedroom .....	40	—	29	30	28	48	6	23	29	20
2 bedrooms .....	114	35	41	115	11	72	38	49	204	56
3 bedrooms .....	100	69	42	97	50	160	45	24	96	70
4 bedrooms .....	37	20	12	21	3	35	49	15	60	11
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	—	—	—	27	7	26	—	23	5
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	297	124	124	263	119	322	164	111	445	154
Source of water, public system or private company .....	297	124	124	263	119	322	164	100	445	144
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	297	124	124	263	119	322	164	92	441	82
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	7	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
Owner-occupied housing units .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	278	124	110	218	116	291	157	98	388	103
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	10	44
Electricity .....	19	—	14	45	3	31	7	—	47	17
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
All other fuels .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	58	8	4	91	44	19	6	20	39	13
1 .....	114	60	62	79	—	103	30	52	188	52
2 .....	65	51	46	62	18	153	94	31	124	68
3 or more .....	60	5	12	31	57	47	34	8	94	34
Vehicles per household .....	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.8	1.7	2.1	1.3	1.6	1.9
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	128	47	13	64	56	171	126	11	210	66
1989 to March 1990 .....	9	7	—	9	—	42	18	11	29	2
1985 to 1988 .....	27	33	—	35	16	84	34	—	92	16
1980 to 1984 .....	28	—	—	9	13	19	6	—	20	21
1970 to 1979 .....	34	7	13	11	27	20	59	—	45	18
1969 or earlier .....	30	—	—	—	—	6	9	—	24	9
Renter-occupied housing units .....	169	77	111	199	63	151	38	100	235	101
1989 to March 1990 .....	76	43	73	89	35	71	25	64	125	42
1985 to 1988 .....	38	8	38	110	—	65	13	18	101	38
1980 to 1984 .....	31	12	—	—	28	—	—	7	—	10
1970 to 1979 .....	24	14	—	—	—	15	—	5	9	8
1969 or earlier .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	3
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	47	37	22	83	—	16	7	52	62	26
Householder 65 years and over .....	23	—	—	—	28	40	30	—	9	20
Owner-occupied housing units .....	10	—	—	—	—	14	30	—	—	13
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	9
No vehicle available .....	7	—	—	—	28	11	—	—	—	10
Complete plumbing facilities .....	290	124	116	263	119	322	164	111	445	154
1.00 or less persons per room .....	231	102	110	210	119	292	164	99	357	125
1.01 or more persons per room .....	59	22	6	53	—	30	—	12	88	29
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	7	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
1.00 or less persons per room .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 643	15 409	43 675	31 358	51 949	25 530	43 233	35 000	29 272	25 758
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	14 154	10 370	17 159	14 552	24 479	15 929	15 952	13 672	15 127	21 028
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	138	82	55	97	28	82	20	51	102	37
Owner-occupied housing units .....	53	20	—	—	—	28	—	—	4	10
Renter-occupied housing units .....	85	62	55	97	28	54	20	51	98	27

Table 42. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
Occupied housing units .....	140	316	190	897	84	486	442	199	193
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 .....	7	5	3	9	—	12	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	4	—	2	42	2	23	8	7	2
1980 to 1984 .....	8	10	17	166	21	68	43	32	6
1970 to 1979 .....	37	147	97	191	34	186	177	90	68
1960 to 1969 .....	22	37	9	83	16	33	47	35	18
1950 to 1959 .....	14	25	7	112	5	32	30	—	4
1940 to 1949 .....	3	36	13	38	3	25	11	5	7
1939 or earlier .....	45	56	42	256	3	107	126	30	88
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom .....	—	—	2	8	—	—	3	—	—
1 bedroom .....	20	23	10	118	—	33	48	26	31
2 bedrooms .....	57	123	44	458	22	177	159	65	61
3 bedrooms .....	46	90	98	260	44	201	175	92	76
4 bedrooms .....	12	59	29	34	9	65	53	16	23
5 or more bedrooms .....	5	21	7	19	9	10	4	—	2
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	136	314	190	886	84	484	440	199	193
Source of water, public system or private company .....	138	279	155	690	48	477	426	195	183
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	50	256	150	637	45	433	380	183	157
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	6	—	2	2	—	1
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	6	—	2	2	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas .....	49	267	144	761	52	409	345	181	168
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	73	35	33	82	18	33	40	4	23
Electricity .....	9	7	13	54	7	39	50	9	2
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
All other fuels .....	9	4	—	—	7	5	6	5	—
No fuel used .....	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None .....	16	15	14	92	—	18	17	20	12
1 .....	35	96	42	308	13	137	148	52	70
2 .....	50	102	54	338	32	213	179	64	66
3 or more .....	39	103	80	159	39	118	98	63	45
Vehicles per household .....	2.0	2.1	2.4	1.7	2.5	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	94	208	125	468	61	325	245	105	94
1989 to March 1990 .....	11	32	3	84	6	46	38	18	4
1985 to 1988 .....	9	39	41	103	26	69	63	32	25
1980 to 1984 .....	15	27	19	121	9	62	36	11	10
1970 to 1979 .....	33	80	50	102	10	64	75	44	26
1969 or earlier .....	26	30	12	58	10	84	33	—	29
Renter-occupied housing units .....	46	108	65	429	23	161	197	94	99
1989 to March 1990 .....	19	51	50	232	14	63	96	37	45
1985 to 1988 .....	16	35	8	131	7	63	64	41	30
1980 to 1984 .....	8	16	4	25	2	14	29	16	11
1970 to 1979 .....	3	4	3	41	—	11	8	—	9
1969 or earlier .....	—	2	—	—	—	10	—	—	4
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit .....	5	44	19	206	12	101	73	20	40
Householder 65 years and over .....	22	21	12	84	8	61	43	4	27
Owner-occupied housing units .....	16	21	7	52	8	46	32	4	14
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	1	—	23	—	8	1	—	—
No vehicle available .....	6	5	5	40	—	6	7	—	8
Complete plumbing facilities .....	140	316	190	891	84	484	440	199	192
1.00 or less persons per room .....	111	250	165	685	73	410	354	199	160
1.01 or more persons per room .....	29	66	25	206	11	74	86	—	32
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	6	—	2	2	—	1
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	6	—	2	2	—	1
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	24 370	34 181	30 790	32 339	36 210	31 766	27 608	40 883	27 156
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	23 734	20 289	27 591	16 249	20 324	19 632	19 724	10 692	17 892
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	30	61	34	285	14	96	126	53	53
Owner-occupied housing units .....	17	23	14	83	2	29	51	—	21
Renter-occupied housing units .....	13	38	20	202	12	67	75	53	32



Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 6	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>2 578</b>	<b>2 578</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>28</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
<b>With a mortgage</b>	<b>1 977</b>	<b>1 977</b>	<b>789</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>28</b>
Less than \$300	85	85	12	-	7	-	2	17	-	-
\$300 to \$399	210	210	74	18	38	-	-	18	7	-
\$400 to \$499	312	312	147	-	14	-	-	15	28	-
\$500 to \$599	324	324	98	15	-	-	-	43	-	6
\$600 to \$799	638	638	268	10	3	-	13	49	65	15
\$800 to \$999	270	270	159	-	-	-	-	11	-	7
\$1,000 to \$1,499	118	118	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999	14	14	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	616	616	633	519	359	-	771	546	620	927
<b>Not mortgaged</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>-</b>
Less than \$100	33	33	13	8	5	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199	307	307	88	8	31	7	-	-	5	-
\$200 to \$299	189	189	54	6	3	-	-	20	17	-
\$300 to \$399	58	58	44	-	13	-	-	-	6	-
\$400 to \$499	9	9	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	190	190	203	119	179	175	-	225	264	-
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000	660	660	219	36	67	7	2	39	55	-
Less than 20 percent	123	123	15	8	7	-	2	5	5	-
20 to 24 percent	74	74	17	-	17	-	-	-	11	-
25 to 29 percent	56	56	19	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
30 to 34 percent	75	75	41	-	12	7	-	11	-	-
35 percent or more	311	311	110	21	21	-	-	23	33	-
Not computed	21	21	17	7	10	-	-	-	-	-
Median	34.4	34.4	36.3	40.6	31.9	32.5	17.5	36.6	37.3	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	820	820	305	11	34	-	-	79	30	6
Less than 20 percent	269	269	65	6	12	-	-	21	-	-
20 to 24 percent	237	237	116	5	19	-	-	24	12	-
25 to 29 percent	178	178	73	-	-	-	-	7	12	-
30 to 34 percent	73	73	36	-	-	-	-	11	-	-
35 percent or more	63	63	15	-	3	-	-	16	6	6
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	23.0	23.0	23.8	14.6	21.3	-	-	23.9	26.3	37.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	590	590	253	18	10	-	13	30	36	-
Less than 20 percent	311	311	125	13	10	-	-	15	24	-
20 to 24 percent	159	159	61	5	-	-	13	15	12	-
25 to 29 percent	61	61	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	36	36	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	23	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	19.5	19.5	20.1	16.0	10.0	-	22.5	17.5	18.1	-
\$50,000 or more	508	508	218	-	3	-	-	25	7	22
Less than 20 percent	390	390	164	-	3	-	-	14	7	-
20 to 24 percent	107	107	54	-	-	-	-	11	-	22
25 to 29 percent	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	15.2	15.2	16.3	-	10.0	-	-	10.0	12.5	22.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>3 867</b>	<b>3 867</b>	<b>2 166</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	264	264	171	-	-	26	8	33	13	-
\$100 to \$199	591	591	413	21	22	54	9	63	11	-
\$200 to \$299	812	812	457	34	32	47	40	53	40	-
\$300 to \$399	1 048	1 048	590	50	85	5	54	183	31	17
\$400 to \$499	533	533	333	9	13	38	10	67	45	15
\$500 to \$599	227	227	101	-	-	3	-	15	30	7
\$600 to \$749	102	102	84	-	11	-	18	8	-	6
\$750 to \$999	28	28	5	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
\$1,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No cash rent	262	262	12	-	-	-	-	6	4	4
Median (dollars)	313	313	306	302	326	225	359	324	345	470
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000	1 442	1 442	878	55	70	83	35	180	64	-
Less than 20 percent	160	160	134	-	-	31	-	33	13	-
20 to 24 percent	73	73	37	-	9	-	-	16	-	-
25 to 29 percent	174	174	132	-	6	14	10	10	11	-
30 to 34 percent	95	95	75	6	-	7	11	-	-	-
35 percent or more	805	805	455	40	55	25	14	121	40	-
Not computed	135	135	45	9	-	6	-	-	-	-
Median	50.0+	50.0+	44.0	43.8	50.0+	27.7	33.4	50.0+	50.0+	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999	1 358	1 358	724	39	46	57	59	165	46	11
Less than 20 percent	308	308	162	6	-	15	18	36	14	-
20 to 24 percent	254	254	154	12	6	19	8	23	11	-
25 to 29 percent	145	145	95	6	16	-	-	9	15	5
30 to 34 percent	215	215	121	6	7	8	19	29	-	6
35 percent or more	315	315	180	9	17	15	14	62	6	-
Not computed	121	121	12	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
Median	26.9	26.9	27.1	26.3	30.7	23.6	30.9	32.0	24.1	30.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	736	736	433	12	29	33	39	53	64	28
Less than 20 percent	448	448	267	12	21	15	15	44	29	8
20 to 24 percent	164	164	103	-	8	18	16	9	10	16
25 to 29 percent	69	69	55	-	-	-	-	-	21	-
30 to 34 percent	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	22	22	8	-	-	-	8	-	-	4
Not computed	32	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	18.1	18.1	18.3	16.7	15.9	20.4	21.4	13.7	20.5	21.3
\$35,000 or more	331	331	131	8	18	-	6	36	-	10
Less than 20 percent	270	270	125	8	18	-	6	30	-	4
20 to 24 percent	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
25 to 29 percent	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	49	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	12.5	12.5	12.2	10.0	10.0	-	17.5	13.7	-	20.8

Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.						Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 14.02	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 6 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	126	58	346	219	196	105	42	31	180	59
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage.....	119	49	275	144	145	101	15	22	128	37
Less than \$300.....	—	5	25	3	3	6	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	10	18	—	34	12	—	—	—	18
\$400 to \$499.....	10	13	24	19	32	—	8	6	38	9
\$500 to \$599.....	—	6	65	15	26	12	7	11	52	9
\$600 to \$799.....	37	11	81	55	27	43	—	5	20	10
\$800 to \$999.....	61	4	17	43	8	13	—	—	18	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	11	—	35	9	13	15	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	4	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	835	487	620	717	517	676	497	573	530	503
Not mortgaged.....	7	9	71	75	51	4	27	9	52	22
Less than \$100.....	—	—	10	—	2	—	—	—	—	8
\$100 to \$199.....	—	2	43	39	32	4	12	—	22	8
\$200 to \$299.....	—	7	18	34	10	—	15	9	15	6
\$300 to \$399.....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	15	—
\$400 to \$499.....	7	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	2	3	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	475	218	151	197	176	175	209	275	213	119
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	9	18	58	72	71	—	13	—	16	30
Less than 20 percent.....	—	2	16	9	14	—	—	—	—	8
20 to 24 percent.....	—	3	—	14	7	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	11	2	9	—	8	—	5	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	2	—	4	9	—	—	—	6	—
35 percent or more.....	9	11	31	43	30	—	5	—	5	15
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	7
Median.....	50.0+	37.5	36.7	38.5	32.5	—	29.1	—	32.5	43.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	35	27	104	58	56	37	15	17	113	11
Less than 20 percent.....	10	16	66	24	17	13	—	—	29	6
20 to 24 percent.....	7	2	13	4	25	6	8	—	50	5
25 to 29 percent.....	9	2	25	14	8	11	7	6	24	—
30 to 34 percent.....	9	5	—	5	5	—	—	11	10	—
35 percent or more.....	—	2	—	11	1	7	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	25.3	19.2	14.5	25.4	22.2	24.6	24.7	31.1	22.7	14.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	36	11	110	44	30	48	14	5	38	18
Less than 20 percent.....	14	7	59	25	26	9	14	—	26	13
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	30	16	3	23	—	5	—	5
25 to 29 percent.....	11	4	—	1	1	11	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	11	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	12	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	21	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	26.8	16.3	19.6	19.1	12.5	23.3	10.0-	22.5	18.1	16.0
\$50,000 or more.....	46	2	74	45	39	20	—	9	13	—
Less than 20 percent.....	32	2	53	45	23	15	—	9	13	—
20 to 24 percent.....	14	—	17	—	16	5	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.2	10.0-	14.2	13.8	17.5	14.5	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	11.4
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	38	93	408	152	181	78	163	100	666	114
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	14	—	25	1	16	—	9	—	88	—
\$100 to \$199.....	6	11	45	3	25	—	44	6	149	21
\$200 to \$299.....	6	29	120	19	39	—	36	34	186	34
\$300 to \$399.....	—	12	79	49	41	58	65	24	115	50
\$400 to \$499.....	7	14	50	40	16	—	9	30	78	9
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	33	27	13	—	—	—	36	—
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	14	—
\$750 to \$999.....	5	—	14	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	27	42	8	30	20	—	6	—	—
Median (dollars).....	196	282	294	400	289	340	272	316	279	302
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	19	6	147	57	48	53	71	18	299	55
Less than 20 percent.....	7	—	8	—	2	—	3	—	46	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	7	—	7	—	—	6	22	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	19	—	7	—	11	—	34	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	2	—	18	—	36	6
35 percent or more.....	12	3	87	55	27	19	27	12	137	40
Not computed.....	—	3	26	2	3	34	12	—	24	9
Median.....	37.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	34.3	50.0+	34.9	43.8
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	14	60	144	46	52	18	52	32	258	39
Less than 20 percent.....	7	21	37	3	17	—	16	—	80	6
20 to 24 percent.....	—	3	38	6	9	—	14	16	54	12
25 to 29 percent.....	7	15	—	—	6	18	8	—	17	6
30 to 34 percent.....	—	3	43	11	—	—	8	—	49	6
35 percent or more.....	—	—	10	23	16	—	6	10	58	9
Not computed.....	—	18	16	3	4	—	—	6	—	—
Median.....	17.5	20.0	23.6	36.5	23.9	27.5	23.6	24.1	24.5	26.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	—	12	77	21	52	7	40	37	91	12
Less than 20 percent.....	—	12	52	9	36	—	19	14	77	12
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	7	7	7	7	12	23	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	7	2	1	—	9	—	14	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	4	2	8	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	15.7	17.7	20.4	16.1	22.5	20.4	21.0	15.9	16.7
\$35,000 or more.....	5	15	40	28	29	—	—	13	18	8
Less than 20 percent.....	5	9	36	25	14	—	—	13	18	8
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	6	4	3	15	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.5	11.3	13.8	15.8	11.5	—	—	10.0-	12.5	10.0-



Table 43. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.							Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.01 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>114</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>126</b>	—	<b>151</b>	<b>58</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>62</b>	—	<b>13</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>119</b>	—	<b>131</b>	<b>49</b>
Less than \$300.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	5
\$300 to \$399.....	38	—	—	11	—	7	—	—	7	10
\$400 to \$499.....	14	—	—	—	5	28	10	—	15	13
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	43	6
\$600 to \$799.....	3	—	13	—	24	65	37	—	49	11
\$800 to \$999.....	—	—	—	11	12	—	61	—	—	4
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	—	—	—	3	—	11	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	359	—	775	625	713	620	835	—	546	487
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	<b>52</b>	<b>7</b>	—	—	<b>8</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>7</b>	—	<b>20</b>	<b>9</b>
Less than \$100.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	31	7	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	2
\$200 to \$299.....	3	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	20	7
\$300 to \$399.....	13	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	179	175	—	—	175	300	475	—	225	218
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	67	7	—	11	5	39	9	—	28	18
Less than 20 percent.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	2
20 to 24 percent.....	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	12	7	—	11	5	—	—	—	—	2
35 percent or more.....	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	11
Not computed.....	10	—	—	—	—	33	9	—	—	—
Median.....	31.9	32.5	—	32.5	32.5	42.1	50.0+	—	39.1	37.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	34	—	—	—	12	30	35	—	79	27
Less than 20 percent.....	12	—	—	—	8	—	10	—	21	16
20 to 24 percent.....	19	—	—	—	—	12	7	—	24	2
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	4	12	9	—	7	2
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	11	5
35 percent or more.....	3	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	16	2
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	21.3	—	—	—	10.0—	26.3	25.3	—	23.9	19.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	10	—	13	—	10	36	36	—	30	11
Less than 20 percent.....	10	—	—	—	—	24	14	—	15	7
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	13	—	7	12	—	—	15	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	3	—	11	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0—	—	22.5	—	23.6	18.1	26.8	—	17.5	16.3
\$50,000 or more.....	3	—	—	11	29	7	46	—	14	2
Less than 20 percent.....	3	—	—	—	23	7	32	—	14	2
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	11	6	—	14	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0—	—	22.5	—	16.1	12.5	18.2	—	10.0—	10.0—
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>163</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>93</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	—	13	—	23	—	13	14	13	10	—
\$100 to \$199.....	22	34	9	35	28	11	6	20	28	11
\$200 to \$299.....	32	—	30	36	—	37	6	47	17	29
\$300 to \$399.....	85	—	44	55	—	21	—	5	128	12
\$400 to \$499.....	13	30	10	44	11	45	7	8	23	14
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	—	—	—	24	—	3	15	—
\$600 to \$749.....	11	—	18	—	24	—	—	—	8	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	6	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	27
Median (dollars).....	326	139	364	306	408	342	196	232	334	282
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	70	40	24	87	28	54	19	43	93	6
Less than 20 percent.....	—	21	—	33	—	13	7	10	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—
25 to 29 percent.....	6	14	4	10	28	11	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
35 percent or more.....	55	5	14	44	—	30	12	20	77	3
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	3
Median.....	50.0+	19.8	42.5	40.8	27.5	50.0+	37.1	38.8	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	46	30	47	61	11	37	14	27	104	60
Less than 20 percent.....	—	7	13	9	—	11	7	8	27	21
20 to 24 percent.....	6	—	8	10	—	11	—	19	13	3
25 to 29 percent.....	16	—	—	9	—	15	7	—	—	15
30 to 34 percent.....	7	8	12	11	—	—	—	—	18	3
35 percent or more.....	17	15	14	16	11	—	—	—	46	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	18
Median.....	30.7	35.0	31.0	29.7	45.0	23.4	17.5	21.4	33.3	20.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	29	7	34	44	—	60	—	26	9	12
Less than 20 percent.....	21	—	10	44	—	29	—	15	—	12
20 to 24 percent.....	8	7	16	—	—	10	—	11	9	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.9	22.5	22.2	13.1	—	20.5	—	18.0	22.5	15.7
\$35,000 or more.....	18	—	6	7	24	—	5	—	29	15
Less than 20 percent.....	18	—	6	7	24	—	5	—	23	9
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Median.....	10.0—	—	17.5	10.0—	17.5	—	17.5	—	14.8	11.3

Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>75</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage.....	37	134	73	275	20	144	145	101	47
Less than \$300.....	2	8	—	25	—	3	3	6	2
\$300 to \$399.....	10	20	21	18	—	—	34	12	4
\$400 to \$499.....	13	18	18	24	—	19	32	—	12
\$500 to \$599.....	4	28	6	65	2	15	26	12	9
\$600 to \$799.....	8	50	14	81	7	55	27	43	19
\$800 to \$999.....	—	6	11	17	9	43	8	13	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	2	3	35	2	9	13	15	1
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	2	—	4	—	—	2	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	464	568	486	620	817	717	517	676	556
Not mortgaged.....	25	44	24	71	11	75	51	4	28
Less than \$100.....	4	—	—	10	—	—	2	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	13	30	14	43	5	39	32	4	22
\$200 to \$299.....	5	11	7	18	6	34	10	—	6
\$300 to \$399.....	3	3	3	—	—	—	2	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	—	—
Median (dollars).....	177	178	190	151	208	197	176	175	178
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000.....	37	57	25	58	2	72	71	—	32
Less than 20 percent.....	11	17	7	16	2	9	14	—	12
20 to 24 percent.....	9	2	3	—	—	14	7	—	4
25 to 29 percent.....	4	5	2	11	—	2	9	—	2
30 to 34 percent.....	8	7	—	—	—	4	9	—	4
35 percent or more.....	5	26	13	31	—	43	30	—	8
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2
Median.....	24.2	33.2	35.4	36.7	17.5	38.5	32.5	—	23.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	14	63	36	104	19	58	56	37	14
Less than 20 percent.....	6	17	11	66	9	24	17	13	4
20 to 24 percent.....	4	17	16	13	2	4	25	6	8
25 to 29 percent.....	4	21	7	25	2	14	8	11	2
30 to 34 percent.....	—	8	—	—	3	5	5	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	2	—	3	11	1	7	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	21.3	24.3	22.2	14.5	21.3	25.4	22.2	24.6	21.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	2	19	21	110	3	44	30	48	18
Less than 20 percent.....	2	16	12	59	—	25	26	9	14
20 to 24 percent.....	—	3	4	30	—	16	3	23	4
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	5	—	3	1	1	11	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	21	—	2	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.5	11.8	18.5	19.6	27.5	19.1	12.5	23.3	17.5
\$50,000 or more.....	9	39	15	74	7	45	39	20	11
Less than 20 percent.....	9	34	14	53	5	45	23	15	10
20 to 24 percent.....	—	1	1	17	—	—	16	5	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	4	—	4	2	—	—	—	1
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.5	13.1	12.1	14.2	17.5	13.8	17.5	14.5	15.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>87</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100.....	8	—	4	25	—	1	16	—	5
\$100 to \$199.....	3	10	3	45	—	3	25	—	20
\$200 to \$299.....	9	28	6	120	4	19	39	—	17
\$300 to \$399.....	—	20	6	79	—	49	41	58	19
\$400 to \$499.....	2	21	10	50	2	40	16	—	6
\$500 to \$599.....	—	2	7	33	4	27	13	—	11
\$600 to \$749.....	2	—	—	—	5	2	1	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	14	—	3	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	9	20	24	42	2	8	30	20	9
Median (dollars).....	229	307	367	294	519	400	289	340	288
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000.....	9	20	20	147	4	57	48	53	29
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	2	—	3
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	7	—	—	7	—	4
25 to 29 percent.....	3	—	3	19	—	—	7	—	2
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	4	—	—	—	2	—	2
35 percent or more.....	6	20	8	87	2	55	27	19	16
Not computed.....	—	—	5	26	2	2	3	34	2
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	36.3	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	41.7
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	5	34	15	144	11	46	52	18	33
Less than 20 percent.....	—	6	2	37	—	3	17	—	11
20 to 24 percent.....	—	6	2	38	—	6	9	—	4
25 to 29 percent.....	—	2	—	—	—	—	6	18	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	43	—	11	—	—	4
35 percent or more.....	—	9	4	10	11	23	16	—	8
Not computed.....	5	11	7	16	—	3	4	—	6
Median.....	—	24.6	30.0	23.6	50.0+	36.5	23.9	27.5	23.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	14	35	3	77	—	21	52	7	18
Less than 20 percent.....	6	24	—	52	—	9	36	—	10
20 to 24 percent.....	2	6	3	—	—	7	7	7	5
25 to 29 percent.....	2	—	—	7	—	1	—	—	2
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	4	5	—	4	—	2	8	—	1
Median.....	13.3	17.4	22.5	17.7	—	20.4	16.1	22.5	14.7
\$35,000 or more.....	5	12	22	40	2	28	29	—	7
Less than 20 percent.....	5	8	10	36	2	25	14	—	7
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	4	12	4	—	3	15	—	—
Median.....	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	13.8	10.0-	15.8	11.5	—	11.5



**Table 44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>39 170</b>	<b>39 170</b>	<b>18 700</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>1 208</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>3 116</b>	<b>1 558</b>	<b>1 597</b>	<b>1 656</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	318	318	125	-	3	9	6	-	51	30
1985 to 1988 .....	2 480	2 480	1 315	9	59	-	282	20	336	236
1980 to 1984 .....	4 116	4 116	1 705	-	310	29	557	131	267	261
1970 to 1979 .....	13 730	13 730	6 444	49	397	46	1 440	704	599	922
1960 to 1969 .....	5 396	5 396	3 223	11	159	167	408	333	205	153
1950 to 1959 .....	3 922	3 922	2 703	48	83	239	227	294	26	40
1940 to 1949 .....	2 195	2 195	1 088	35	57	209	86	52	33	-
1939 or earlier .....	7 013	7 013	2 097	94	140	267	110	24	80	14
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	457	457	404	6	6	24	56	4	12	-
1 bedroom .....	3 848	3 848	2 528	32	77	247	449	150	124	36
2 bedrooms .....	11 573	11 573	5 488	149	441	419	1 250	666	323	246
3 bedrooms .....	14 695	14 695	5 792	38	519	161	1 029	554	670	802
4 bedrooms .....	6 504	6 504	3 391	21	96	79	248	141	377	466
5 or more bedrooms .....	2 093	2 093	1 097	-	69	36	84	43	91	106
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	39 010	39 010	18 608	240	1 208	966	3 108	1 558	1 597	1 656
Source of water, public system or private company .....	35 550	35 550	18 662	246	1 117	966	3 109	1 545	1 576	1 628
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	29 866	29 866	18 438	246	672	963	3 077	1 521	1 140	1 609
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	106	106	30	-	9	6	20	-	6	-
Owner-occupied housing units .....	50	50	7	-	9	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units .....	56	56	23	-	-	6	20	-	6	-
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	29 896	29 896	16 605	222	888	829	2 575	1 368	1 244	1 602
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	5 109	5 109	155	7	218	9	45	-	92	21
Electricity .....	2 684	2 684	1 469	17	33	103	389	124	231	18
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	236	236	28	-	6	9	-	3	-	-
All other fuels .....	1 130	1 130	355	-	63	12	68	59	30	15
No fuel used .....	115	115	88	-	-	4	39	4	-	-
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	1 873	1 873	1 253	42	39	116	100	61	12	5
1 .....	11 192	11 192	6 593	85	390	351	1 304	611	340	412
2 .....	15 994	15 994	7 510	93	483	337	1 258	601	769	862
3 or more .....	10 111	10 111	3 344	26	296	162	454	285	476	377
Vehicles per household .....	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.4	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>25 216</b>	<b>25 216</b>	<b>10 759</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>1 711</b>	<b>1 009</b>	<b>1 196</b>	<b>1 304</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	2 616	2 616	1 161	16	92	44	225	136	113	201
1985 to 1988 .....	6 603	6 603	2 790	5	233	52	582	300	376	437
1980 to 1984 .....	4 543	4 543	1 893	14	224	42	314	202	264	269
1970 to 1979 .....	6 679	6 679	2 784	47	134	34	447	201	370	303
1969 or earlier .....	4 775	4 775	2 131	69	122	106	143	170	73	94
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>13 954</b>	<b>13 954</b>	<b>7 941</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>1 405</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>352</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	7 226	7 226	4 502	77	187	376	803	263	280	180
1985 to 1988 .....	4 267	4 267	2 435	5	136	218	412	170	67	139
1980 to 1984 .....	1 304	1 304	571	-	48	65	167	73	38	21
1970 to 1979 .....	775	775	323	-	14	15	23	43	12	12
1969 or earlier .....	382	382	110	13	18	14	-	-	4	-
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	1 660	1 660	689	53	135	53	185	120	62	9
Householder 65 years and over .....	8 110	8 110	4 136	85	189	208	484	356	211	226
Owner-occupied housing units .....	6 063	6 063	2 941	85	178	103	340	249	175	212
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	39	39	13	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit .....	134	134	64	-	-	-	8	17	-	9
No vehicle available .....	1 058	1 058	660	16	15	61	30	51	-	5
Complete plumbing facilities .....	39 064	39 064	18 670	246	1 199	960	3 096	1 558	1 591	1 656
1.00 or less persons per room .....	38 463	38 463	18 440	240	1 172	949	3 030	1 519	1 572	1 648
1.01 or more persons per room .....	601	601	230	6	27	11	66	39	19	8
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	106	106	30	-	9	6	20	-	6	-
1.00 or less persons per room .....	106	106	30	-	9	6	20	-	6	-
1.01 or more persons per room .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	38 111	38 111	39 495	17 040	29 210	26 761	30 823	24 824	48 117	41 128
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	21 762	21 762	19 738	16 804	23 245	17 132	16 043	18 376	27 670	29 002
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	4 934	4 934	3 026	60	140	256	588	233	76	47
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1 556	1 556	648	31	48	8	107	129	35	20
Renter-occupied housing units .....	3 378	3 378	2 378	29	92	248	481	104	41	27

**Table 44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.					Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 7.01 (pt.)
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>1 341</b>	<b>1 915</b>	<b>2 899</b>	<b>1 953</b>	<b>1 659</b>	<b>758</b>	<b>1 140</b>	<b>1 010</b>	<b>246</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	13	5	23	12	15	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	48	183	129	89	162	63	7	—	9
1980 to 1984 .....	67	337	431	212	141	30	16	24	—
1970 to 1979 .....	404	591	1 224	708	810	208	74	219	49
1960 to 1969 .....	104	194	368	169	97	84	183	135	11
1950 to 1959 .....	115	75	75	135	46	49	306	194	48
1940 to 1949 .....	63	103	103	65	49	49	134	139	35
1939 or earlier .....	527	427	546	563	339	275	420	299	94
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	14	7	14	4	—	148	6	49	6
1 bedroom .....	88	120	128	94	217	375	218	225	32
2 bedrooms .....	364	622	919	466	441	148	364	385	149
3 bedrooms .....	568	782	1 343	931	613	50	322	269	38
4 bedrooms .....	221	330	408	348	296	23	185	77	21
5 or more bedrooms .....	86	54	87	110	92	14	45	5	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	1 335	1 900	2 894	1 953	1 648	687	1 140	1 003	240
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 262	1 236	2 649	1 936	1 659	758	1 140	1 010	246
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	782	1 076	1 801	851	1 591	758	1 126	1 001	246
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	2	15	8	—	—	—	9	7	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	15	3	—	—	—	—	7	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	2	—	5	—	—	—	9	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	843	1 364	2 173	1 144	1 416	568	1 090	901	222
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	292	437	417	541	63	6	23	6	7
Electricity .....	92	70	184	165	140	134	21	60	17
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	62	13	5	11	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	52	31	120	92	40	50	—	15	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	28	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	51	98	95	65	67	242	74	203	42
1 .....	297	406	520	378	436	346	507	319	85
2 .....	527	797	1 180	783	689	120	411	292	93
3 or more .....	466	614	1 104	727	467	50	148	196	26
Vehicles per household .....	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.1	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>915</b>	<b>1 343</b>	<b>2 329</b>	<b>1 392</b>	<b>1 051</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>151</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	102	131	263	93	127	11	59	32	16
1985 to 1988 .....	198	367	605	353	283	30	168	132	5
1980 to 1984 .....	127	274	496	276	215	12	24	78	14
1970 to 1979 .....	278	293	649	407	251	21	138	95	47
1969 or earlier .....	210	278	316	263	175	—	212	194	69
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>426</b>	<b>572</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>95</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	150	259	289	204	340	328	299	323	77
1985 to 1988 .....	138	207	159	203	178	267	152	118	5
1980 to 1984 .....	77	38	66	67	54	35	52	30	—
1970 to 1979 .....	44	48	29	59	36	37	20	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	17	20	27	28	—	17	16	8	13
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	23	97	140	54	39	37	41	131	53
Householder 65 years and over .....	343	392	472	451	274	257	371	235	85
Owner-occupied housing units .....	247	286	433	365	166	10	262	215	85
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	8	3	—	—	—	—	7	—
No telephone in unit .....	2	12	—	—	4	13	—	19	—
No vehicle available .....	37	83	57	49	49	178	36	48	16
Complete plumbing facilities .....	1 339	1 900	2 891	1 953	1 659	758	1 131	1 003	246
1.00 or less persons per room .....	1 326	1 843	2 850	1 927	1 628	751	1 124	951	240
1.01 or more persons per room .....	13	57	41	26	31	7	7	52	6
Locking complete plumbing facilities .....	2	15	8	—	—	—	9	7	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	2	15	8	—	—	—	9	7	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	40 432	33 129	36 576	43 092	37 779	22 695	27 410	27 412	17 040
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	29 110	25 248	28 897	29 835	20 132	14 494	20 138	16 405	16 804
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	84	200	164	168	159	280	184	224	60
Owner-occupied housing units .....	40	109	98	71	55	20	44	53	31
Renter-occupied housing units .....	44	91	66	97	104	260	140	171	29



Table 44. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder:**  
**1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.						Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	460	918	1 240	1 823	1 519	1 642	748	1 876	1 292
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—	—	30	3	6	13
1985 to 1988 .....	34	—	118	83	20	236	25	164	48
1980 to 1984 .....	184	25	227	116	131	261	126	330	67
1970 to 1979 .....	181	46	660	1 223	681	914	216	780	395
1960 to 1969 .....	27	156	168	260	330	147	132	240	104
1950 to 1959 .....	5	226	43	141	294	40	78	184	101
1940 to 1949 .....	—	204	8	—	39	—	57	78	50
1939 or earlier .....	29	261	16	—	24	14	111	94	514
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	6	24	51	17	4	—	—	5	14
1 bedroom .....	24	233	270	294	147	36	53	179	88
2 bedrooms .....	188	391	495	416	642	246	253	755	338
3 bedrooms .....	233	157	351	602	542	802	286	678	568
4 bedrooms .....	9	77	54	357	141	452	87	194	198
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	36	19	137	43	106	69	65	86
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	460	918	1 232	1 823	1 519	1 642	748	1 876	1 286
Source of water, public system or private company .....	454	918	1 240	1 823	1 506	1 628	663	1 869	1 213
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	448	918	1 227	1 823	1 506	1 609	224	1 850	782
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	6	8	—	—	—	9	12	2
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	12	2
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	432	795	926	1 541	1 343	1 602	456	1 649	843
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	6	9	16	10	—	7	212	29	279
Electricity .....	7	94	225	208	113	18	26	164	69
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	49
All other fuels .....	9	11	55	43	59	15	54	13	52
No fuel used .....	—	—	18	21	4	—	—	21	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	21	107	57	107	61	5	18	43	51
1 .....	153	333	629	635	602	404	237	675	297
2 .....	190	321	450	778	571	862	293	808	518
3 or more .....	96	157	104	303	285	371	200	350	426
Vehicles per household .....	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.2
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	334	268	485	968	982	1 290	471	1 226	879
1989 to March 1990 .....	52	44	52	67	136	201	40	173	93
1985 to 1988 .....	104	48	119	234	283	437	129	463	198
1980 to 1984 .....	124	41	146	128	192	269	100	168	127
1970 to 1979 .....	54	32	135	454	201	295	80	312	278
1969 or earlier .....	—	103	33	85	170	88	122	110	183
Renter-occupied housing units .....	126	650	755	855	537	352	277	650	413
1989 to March 1990 .....	48	348	427	494	257	180	139	376	137
1985 to 1988 .....	61	216	251	263	170	139	75	161	138
1980 to 1984 .....	11	64	62	20	73	21	37	105	77
1970 to 1979 .....	—	13	15	78	37	12	14	8	44
1969 or earlier .....	6	9	—	—	—	—	12	—	17
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	30	44	84	19	117	9	105	101	23
Householder 65 years and over .....	57	201	138	430	350	218	132	346	329
Owner-occupied housing units .....	57	99	97	228	249	204	121	243	233
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—	17	9	—	8	2
No vehicle available .....	15	61	15	83	51	5	—	15	37
Complete plumbing facilities .....	460	912	1 232	1 823	1 519	1 642	739	1 864	1 290
1.00 or less persons per room .....	443	906	1 190	1 817	1 480	1 634	729	1 840	1 277
1.01 or more persons per room .....	17	6	42	6	39	8	10	24	13
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	6	8	—	—	—	9	12	2
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	6	8	—	—	—	9	12	2
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	25 425	26 595	27 548	43 472	24 666	41 350	31 894	32 119	40 478
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 755	17 264	13 540	20 569	18 577	29 002	25 743	18 951	29 312
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	59	235	403	322	230	47	81	185	84
Owner-occupied housing units .....	22	8	58	58	129	20	26	49	40
Renter-occupied housing units .....	37	227	345	264	101	27	55	136	44

**Table 44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
Occupied housing units -----	905	1 091	795	1 907	877	2 899	1 953	1 659	987
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 -----	3	4	20	5	11	23	12	15	10
1985 to 1988 -----	38	29	24	183	69	129	89	162	48
1980 to 1984 -----	53	51	137	337	110	431	212	141	77
1970 to 1979 -----	327	417	222	591	370	1 224	708	810	294
1960 to 1969 -----	96	132	72	186	155	368	169	97	61
1950 to 1959 -----	66	81	40	75	42	75	135	46	62
1940 to 1949 -----	40	108	46	103	36	103	65	49	66
1939 or earlier -----	282	269	234	427	84	546	563	339	369
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom -----	—	3	—	7	2	14	4	—	—
1 bedroom -----	56	38	23	120	27	128	94	217	84
2 bedrooms -----	256	300	290	622	272	919	466	441	265
3 bedrooms -----	377	466	353	782	414	1 343	931	613	481
4 bedrooms -----	145	239	103	330	101	408	348	296	134
5 or more bedrooms -----	71	45	26	46	61	87	110	92	23
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	900	1 091	795	1 892	874	2 894	1 953	1 648	985
Source of water, public system or private company -----	828	865	477	1 236	435	2 649	1 936	1 659	884
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	288	669	390	1 076	361	1 801	851	1 591	536
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	2	—	15	3	8	—	—	3
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	2	—	15	3	3	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	3
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas -----	358	750	465	1 356	494	2 173	1 144	1 416	588
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	430	256	304	437	285	417	541	63	265
Electricity -----	48	33	7	70	41	184	165	140	61
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	15	9	4	13	3	5	11	—	33
All other fuels -----	54	41	15	31	54	120	92	40	40
No fuel used -----	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None -----	18	26	14	98	2	95	65	67	40
1 -----	204	241	190	406	162	520	378	436	227
2 -----	363	502	327	789	371	1 180	783	689	440
3 or more -----	320	322	264	614	342	1 104	727	467	280
Vehicles per household -----	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	614	808	545	1 335	708	2 329	1 392	1 051	636
1989 to March 1990 -----	80	80	34	131	91	263	93	127	52
1985 to 1988 -----	161	147	131	367	175	605	353	283	178
1980 to 1984 -----	110	98	135	274	107	496	276	215	101
1970 to 1979 -----	158	277	123	293	224	649	407	251	163
1969 or earlier -----	105	206	122	270	111	316	263	175	142
Renter-occupied housing units -----	291	283	250	572	169	570	561	608	351
1989 to March 1990 -----	105	137	101	259	70	289	204	340	146
1985 to 1988 -----	89	83	69	207	68	159	203	178	116
1980 to 1984 -----	47	20	19	38	12	66	67	54	50
1970 to 1979 -----	36	15	45	48	12	29	59	36	29
1969 or earlier -----	14	28	16	20	7	27	28	—	10
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit -----	54	34	45	97	49	140	54	39	44
Householder 65 years and over -----	169	208	166	392	142	472	451	274	227
Owner-occupied housing units -----	119	177	135	286	130	433	365	166	186
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	8	3	3	—	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	3	—	4	12	2	—	—	4	7
No vehicle available -----	18	14	7	83	2	57	49	49	29
Complete plumbing facilities -----	905	1 089	795	1 892	874	2 891	1 953	1 659	984
1.00 or less persons per room -----	892	1 067	784	1 835	850	2 850	1 927	1 628	963
1.01 or more persons per room -----	13	22	11	57	24	41	26	31	21
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	2	—	15	3	8	—	—	3
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	2	—	15	3	8	—	—	3
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	36 425	34 506	38 757	33 148	36 738	36 576	43 092	37 779	31 503
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	24 359	27 969	26 176	25 248	23 140	28 897	29 835	20 132	19 990
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	103	95	63	200	84	164	168	159	129
Owner-occupied housing units -----	71	45	40	109	57	98	71	55	42
Renter-occupied housing units -----	32	50	23	91	27	66	97	104	87



**Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley, CO MSA	Weld County		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Weld County						
		Total	Greeley city	Tract 7.01	Tract 7.02	Tract 8	Tract 10	Tract 13	Tract 14.01	Tract 14.02
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>17 603</b>	<b>17 603</b>	<b>8 862</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>1 033</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>863</b>	<b>1 221</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>12 503</b>	<b>12 503</b>	<b>6 124</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>857</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>1 030</b>
Less than \$300 .....	392	392	277	18	—	22	25	33	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	939	939	464	14	17	21	87	57	47	28
\$400 to \$499 .....	1 397	1 397	676	—	42	22	118	53	60	73
\$500 to \$599 .....	1 918	1 918	853	10	39	39	215	35	39	160
\$600 to \$799 .....	3 935	3 935	1 792	5	97	11	354	120	106	359
\$800 to \$999 .....	2 132	2 132	1 097	—	23	7	51	13	105	369
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	1 454	1 454	778	—	20	—	7	16	198	41
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	232	232	142	—	—	—	—	—	76	—
\$2,000 or more .....	104	104	45	—	—	—	—	—	20	—
Median (dollars) .....	685	685	690	331	629	441	594	570	941	764
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	<b>5 100</b>	<b>5 100</b>	<b>2 738</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>191</b>
Less than \$100 .....	61	61	12	—	9	—	—	—	15	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	2 316	2 316	1 167	53	38	57	111	143	20	69
\$200 to \$299 .....	2 231	2 231	1 269	19	14	29	52	66	100	116
\$300 to \$399 .....	312	312	185	—	14	5	—	—	52	6
\$400 to \$499 .....	118	118	83	—	—	—	13	—	11	—
\$500 or more .....	62	62	22	—	—	—	—	—	14	—
Median (dollars) .....	205	205	210	142	180	188	187	182	264	212
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	4 130	4 130	2 039	61	83	84	230	208	66	191
Less than 20 percent .....	1 384	1 384	730	27	23	40	54	92	39	87
20 to 24 percent .....	493	493	246	—	—	12	13	17	—	26
25 to 29 percent .....	334	334	144	9	—	10	29	24	—	5
30 to 34 percent .....	357	357	186	—	19	—	18	34	—	18
35 percent or more .....	1 450	1 450	680	19	41	22	97	33	20	55
Not computed .....	112	112	53	6	—	—	19	8	7	—
Median .....	27.0	27.0	25.6	25.3	34.9	20.8	32.6	22.4	16.6	21.6
<b>\$20,000 to \$34,999</b> .....	<b>4 679</b>	<b>4 679</b>	<b>2 275</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>268</b>
Less than 20 percent .....	1 817	1 817	1 017	43	23	37	116	115	46	38
20 to 24 percent .....	760	760	289	—	18	28	86	19	—	45
25 to 29 percent .....	832	832	398	10	11	—	81	26	10	73
30 to 34 percent .....	519	519	221	—	18	—	29	23	7	63
35 percent or more .....	745	745	344	—	9	7	40	11	62	49
Not computed .....	6	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Median .....	23.4	23.4	22.0	12.9	24.6	19.7	23.5	15.0	34.6	28.5
<b>\$35,000 to \$49,999</b> .....	<b>4 088</b>	<b>4 088</b>	<b>1 941</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>385</b>
Less than 20 percent .....	2 222	2 222	1 106	5	41	41	164	43	84	138
20 to 24 percent .....	1 090	1 090	478	—	30	—	97	21	20	146
25 to 29 percent .....	488	488	254	—	9	—	8	7	49	94
30 to 34 percent .....	156	156	56	—	—	—	—	—	13	7
35 percent or more .....	130	130	47	—	—	—	—	8	22	—
Not computed .....	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Median .....	19.1	19.1	18.5	12.5	19.7	12.5	18.4	18.9	22.5	21.9
<b>\$50,000 or more</b> .....	<b>4 706</b>	<b>4 706</b>	<b>2 607</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>377</b>
Less than 20 percent .....	3 703	3 703	2 059	—	65	16	169	47	317	282
20 to 24 percent .....	661	661	384	—	6	—	13	8	61	95
25 to 29 percent .....	209	209	109	—	—	—	—	—	50	—
30 to 34 percent .....	68	68	35	—	—	—	—	—	19	—
35 percent or more .....	65	65	20	—	—	—	—	—	29	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	13.9	13.9	13.7	—	13.1	10.0	12.4	14.7	15.7	14.8
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>12 583</b>	<b>12 583</b>	<b>7 910</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>1 393</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>349</b>	<b>352</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	240	240	143	—	22	10	61	28	6	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	1 051	1 051	638	—	78	31	52	66	6	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	2 287	2 287	1 657	6	53	158	414	61	6	55
\$300 to \$399 .....	3 304	3 304	2 184	51	63	235	513	147	33	55
\$400 to \$499 .....	2 322	2 322	1 445	19	41	153	160	124	160	57
\$500 to \$599 .....	1 337	1 337	814	6	13	31	104	49	53	59
\$600 to \$749 .....	973	973	659	—	23	33	65	34	53	101
\$750 to \$999 .....	287	287	200	—	—	18	9	10	16	22
\$1,000 or more .....	98	98	76	—	—	6	—	—	6	3
No cash rent .....	684	684	94	13	30	13	15	27	10	—
Median (dollars) .....	372	372	368	383	277	361	330	352	469	515
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	3 765	3 765	2 600	29	76	237	554	181	69	39
Less than 20 percent .....	110	110	58	—	—	—	—	13	6	—
20 to 24 percent .....	144	144	68	—	9	—	41	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	313	313	215	—	—	8	11	53	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	232	232	138	—	10	6	33	33	6	7
35 percent or more .....	2 722	2 722	2 011	23	44	219	454	72	52	32
Not computed .....	244	244	110	6	13	4	15	10	5	—
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.8	42.1	50.0+	50.0+	33.0	50.0+	50.0+
<b>\$10,000 to \$19,999</b> .....	<b>3 494</b>	<b>3 494</b>	<b>2 288</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>74</b>
Less than 20 percent .....	440	440	303	—	40	24	34	11	—	10
20 to 24 percent .....	614	614	443	6	66	66	109	22	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	629	629	496	—	47	47	103	28	11	15
30 to 34 percent .....	599	599	360	20	8	52	97	19	32	12
35 percent or more .....	1 052	1 052	679	5	15	69	73	67	43	37
Not computed .....	160	160	7	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Median .....	29.9	29.9	29.0	32.4	22.1	29.1	28.2	33.3	35.0	35.0
<b>\$20,000 to \$34,999</b> .....	<b>3 540</b>	<b>3 540</b>	<b>1 987</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>126</b>
Less than 20 percent .....	1 609	1 609	959	15	40	50	250	50	44	53
20 to 24 percent .....	880	880	515	7	7	10	44	68	23	33
25 to 29 percent .....	521	521	317	—	30	28	24	22	19	35
30 to 34 percent .....	174	174	107	6	—	—	—	10	8	5
35 percent or more .....	119	119	70	—	—	17	16	—	—	—
Not computed .....	237	237	19	7	17	—	—	—	5	—
Median .....	20.2	20.2	20.2	14.7	18.1	21.3	15.7	21.8	20.7	21.5
<b>\$35,000 or more</b> .....	<b>1 784</b>	<b>1 784</b>	<b>1 035</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>113</b>
Less than 20 percent .....	1 460	1 460	872	—	18	70	89	47	84	91
20 to 24 percent .....	144	144	106	—	—	—	—	—	6	18
25 to 29 percent .....	18	18	12	—	—	5	—	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent .....	18	18	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	140	140	36	—	—	6	—	21	5	—
Median .....	13.9	13.9	14.0	—	10.0	12.5	13.5	12.6	14.8	16.9

Table 45. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Weld County—Con.					Greeley city, Weld County			
	Tract 15	Tract 19.01	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22.02	Tract 1	Tract 4.02	Tract 5	Tract 7.01 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	730	812	1 289	925	942	52	518	371	119
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage.....	475	589	1 004	654	722	48	257	185	47
Less than \$300.....	4	5	5	25	—	11	14	27	18
\$300 to \$399.....	17	32	19	37	63	8	10	23	14
\$400 to \$499.....	59	77	62	75	48	14	22	73	—
\$500 to \$599.....	73	90	122	95	98	11	70	32	10
\$600 to \$799.....	162	254	336	208	297	4	88	21	5
\$800 to \$999.....	74	85	202	137	174	—	37	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	67	46	231	64	33	—	16	9	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	4	—	23	3	5	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	15	—	4	10	4	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	695	688	766	698	712	468	626	472	331
Not mortgaged.....	255	223	285	271	220	4	261	186	72
Less than \$100.....	2	—	—	2	4	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	115	130	106	140	85	4	84	134	53
\$200 to \$299.....	115	84	148	84	119	—	171	42	19
\$300 to \$399.....	7	9	19	22	6	—	6	10	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	12	13	6	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	16	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	208	189	217	196	211	175	216	179	142
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000.....	172	193	254	235	206	24	230	188	61
Less than 20 percent.....	45	74	87	68	63	—	93	63	27
20 to 24 percent.....	24	32	40	15	21	—	25	47	—
25 to 29 percent.....	14	18	18	31	15	6	12	15	9
30 to 34 percent.....	9	6	2	12	32	—	19	27	—
35 percent or more.....	80	56	107	101	69	18	68	36	19
Not computed.....	—	7	—	8	6	—	13	—	6
Median.....	31.7	23.0	25.0	29.9	30.2	38.8	23.1	23.3	25.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	192	287	351	242	236	11	153	75	53
Less than 20 percent.....	89	58	78	85	82	11	69	45	43
20 to 24 percent.....	22	72	72	41	36	—	20	11	—
25 to 29 percent.....	33	35	64	38	47	—	36	13	10
30 to 34 percent.....	20	54	51	48	33	—	18	—	—
35 percent or more.....	28	68	86	30	38	—	10	6	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	21.6	26.9	27.0	24.4	25.0	16.1	21.9	10.0	12.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	152	225	343	182	248	5	83	71	5
Less than 20 percent.....	91	103	123	110	120	5	57	71	5
20 to 24 percent.....	32	64	117	45	75	—	17	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	14	44	35	8	42	—	9	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	4	7	42	16	7	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	11	7	26	3	4	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.4	20.7	22.1	17.6	20.3	10.0	17.5	13.5	12.5
\$50,000 or more.....	214	107	341	266	252	12	52	37	—
Less than 20 percent.....	177	94	213	222	211	12	47	37	—
20 to 24 percent.....	18	9	73	24	21	—	5	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	17	4	42	9	8	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	10	3	12	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	2	—	3	8	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.9	13.5	17.2	14.3	15.0	10.0	12.4	10.0	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	293	508	482	418	584	684	539	479	95
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100.....	2	15	—	13	10	13	5	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	55	43	7	14	68	144	35	71	—
\$200 to \$299.....	39	51	23	66	89	296	153	145	6
\$300 to \$399.....	46	97	75	99	202	80	157	149	51
\$400 to \$499.....	48	83	160	70	80	41	93	36	19
\$500 to \$599.....	16	97	100	41	75	12	42	40	6
\$600 to \$749.....	18	43	56	18	29	48	38	27	—
\$750 to \$999.....	4	23	9	18	11	21	16	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	8	13	—	29	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	65	56	44	66	20	—	—	11	13
Median (dollars).....	337	427	468	376	360	275	334	310	383
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000.....	75	119	56	105	193	365	145	218	29
Less than 20 percent.....	—	10	—	8	10	14	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	11	5	—	—	26	14	5	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	6	11	—	2	13	66	—	11	—
30 to 34 percent.....	2	19	—	—	16	25	5	7	—
35 percent or more.....	48	61	50	90	117	239	132	182	23
Not computed.....	8	13	6	5	11	7	3	18	6
Median.....	42.1	37.1	50.0+	50.0+	40.5	43.6	50.0+	50.0+	46.8
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	62	110	114	104	120	168	142	87	31
Less than 20 percent.....	14	20	2	8	46	36	45	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	5	—	2	15	14	31	55	29	6
25 to 29 percent.....	15	20	5	6	17	34	13	13	—
30 to 34 percent.....	2	20	38	14	27	16	7	—	20
35 percent or more.....	14	42	54	32	49	41	31	—	5
Not computed.....	12	8	13	29	13	—	—	—	—
Median.....	27.0	32.7	35.8	33.0	34.2	26.0	23.2	19.8	32.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	107	150	210	124	183	107	186	136	35
Less than 20 percent.....	51	41	71	56	62	68	111	75	15
20 to 24 percent.....	10	33	71	17	81	7	48	48	7
25 to 29 percent.....	13	44	34	27	21	8	17	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	3	—	11	—	19	—	10	13	6
35 percent or more.....	2	9	7	—	—	24	—	—	7
Not computed.....	28	23	16	24	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.9	23.4	21.8	19.1	21.8	16.8	18.4	19.5	14.7
\$35,000 or more.....	49	129	102	85	88	44	66	38	—
Less than 20 percent.....	26	103	78	58	85	35	66	38	—
20 to 24 percent.....	2	14	8	9	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	3	10	—	5	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Not computed.....	19	12	9	8	3	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.9	14.5	14.9	13.8	15.1	14.0	11.5	13.2	—



Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Greeley city, Weld County—Con.						Remainder of Weld County		
	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14.02 (pt.)	Tract 7.02 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 15 (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>871</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>1 215</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>842</b>	<b>721</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage.....	92	119	151	724	317	1 030	146	706	466
Less than \$300.....	—	22	7	14	33	—	—	18	4
\$300 to \$399.....	4	20	19	39	57	28	13	68	17
\$400 to \$499.....	22	20	33	75	53	73	20	85	59
\$500 to \$599.....	24	39	20	101	35	160	15	195	73
\$600 to \$799.....	42	11	58	280	110	359	55	296	162
\$800 to \$999.....	—	7	7	101	13	369	23	44	74
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	—	7	114	16	41	20	—	58
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
Median (dollars).....	585	444	588	683	559	764	711	595	691
Not mortgaged.....	—	86	40	147	209	185	75	136	255
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	2
\$100 to \$199.....	—	54	20	62	143	69	38	91	115
\$200 to \$299.....	—	27	7	85	66	110	14	45	115
\$300 to \$399.....	—	5	—	—	—	6	14	—	7
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16
Median (dollars).....	—	188	200	210	182	211	180	183	208
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000.....	22	80	45	169	208	191	61	185	172
Less than 20 percent.....	—	38	13	45	92	87	23	41	45
20 to 24 percent.....	—	12	—	13	17	26	—	13	24
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	—	—	24	5	—	29	14
30 to 34 percent.....	11	—	11	37	34	18	8	7	9
35 percent or more.....	11	22	21	53	33	55	30	76	80
Not computed.....	—	—	—	21	8	—	—	19	—
Median.....	35.0	20.8	34.3	32.2	22.4	21.6	34.7	30.0	31.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	32	72	74	188	194	262	47	278	183
Less than 20 percent.....	—	37	25	73	115	32	23	91	89
20 to 24 percent.....	18	28	10	13	19	45	—	76	22
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	32	25	26	73	11	49	33
30 to 34 percent.....	14	—	—	28	23	63	4	29	20
35 percent or more.....	—	7	7	49	11	49	9	33	19
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	24.4	19.7	25.3	26.6	15.0	28.7	25.2	23.2	20.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	23	38	41	175	79	385	57	228	152
Less than 20 percent.....	9	38	35	85	43	138	32	129	91
20 to 24 percent.....	14	—	6	43	21	146	16	91	32
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	34	7	94	9	8	14
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	13	—	7	—	—	4
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	11
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	20.9	12.7	15.2	20.3	18.9	21.9	18.2	19.0	18.4
\$50,000 or more.....	15	15	31	339	45	377	56	151	214
Less than 20 percent.....	15	15	24	298	37	282	50	145	177
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	7	28	8	95	6	6	18
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.6	10.0	12.5	12.6	13.5	14.8	13.7	12.4	13.9
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>855</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>293</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100.....	22	8	49	9	28	—	—	12	2
\$100 to \$199.....	11	31	29	126	63	—	67	23	55
\$200 to \$299.....	38	147	272	85	61	55	15	142	39
\$300 to \$399.....	32	218	271	236	147	55	31	242	46
\$400 to \$499.....	10	148	49	210	124	57	31	111	48
\$500 to \$599.....	13	31	57	95	49	59	—	47	16
\$600 to \$749.....	—	30	13	67	34	101	23	52	18
\$750 to \$999.....	—	18	—	14	10	22	—	9	4
\$1,000 or more.....	—	6	—	6	—	3	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	13	15	7	21	—	30	—	65
Median (dollars).....	272	359	310	389	352	515	302	343	337
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000.....	28	212	339	270	175	39	48	215	75
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	26	13	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	29	13	—	—	9	12	11
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	—	50	53	—	—	11	6
30 to 34 percent.....	10	6	9	17	33	7	—	24	2
35 percent or more.....	18	194	286	156	72	32	26	168	48
Not computed.....	—	4	15	8	4	—	13	—	8
Median.....	38.3	50.0+	50.0+	49.3	33.0	50.0+	47.5	50.0+	42.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	65	262	237	266	144	74	70	179	62
Less than 20 percent.....	16	24	23	—	8	10	24	11	14
20 to 24 percent.....	37	66	68	42	22	—	29	41	5
25 to 29 percent.....	6	44	74	104	28	15	—	29	15
30 to 34 percent.....	—	52	52	36	19	12	8	45	2
35 percent or more.....	6	69	20	84	67	37	9	53	14
Not computed.....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
Median.....	22.2	29.3	26.9	29.4	33.7	35.0	21.9	30.9	27.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	22	99	129	198	150	126	72	205	107
Less than 20 percent.....	15	44	103	65	50	53	25	147	51
20 to 24 percent.....	7	10	18	76	68	33	—	26	10
25 to 29 percent.....	—	28	8	36	22	35	30	16	13
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	8	10	5	—	—	3
35 percent or more.....	—	17	—	6	—	—	—	16	2
Not computed.....	—	—	—	7	—	—	17	—	28
Median.....	15.0	22.7	16.7	22.0	21.8	21.5	25.4	14.7	17.9
\$35,000 or more.....	11	77	50	121	68	113	7	39	49
Less than 20 percent.....	11	66	50	117	47	91	7	39	26
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	4	—	18	—	—	2
25 to 29 percent.....	—	5	—	—	—	4	—	—	2
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	6	—	—	21	—	—	—	19
Median.....	15.4	12.5	13.1	12.0	12.6	16.9	10.0	15.1	12.9

**Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Weld County—Con.								
	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19.01 (pt.)	Tract 19.02	Tract 20 (pt.)	Tract 21 (pt.)	Tract 22.02 (pt.)	Tract 23
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>804</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>1 289</b>	<b>925</b>	<b>942</b>	<b>392</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	242	433	191	581	203	1 004	654	722	223
Less than \$300	12	15	3	5	2	5	25	—	—
\$300 to \$399	24	47	19	32	6	19	37	63	31
\$400 to \$499	35	104	13	77	8	62	75	48	43
\$500 to \$599	56	87	37	90	30	122	95	98	68
\$600 to \$799	76	118	68	246	61	336	208	297	41
\$800 to \$999	33	30	34	85	56	202	137	174	20
\$1,000 to \$1,499	3	28	17	46	29	231	64	33	12
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	4	—	—	11	23	3	5	—
\$2,000 or more	3	—	—	—	—	4	10	4	8
Median (dollars)	589	562	671	685	783	766	698	712	562
Not mortgaged	69	175	80	223	40	285	271	220	169
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	6
\$100 to \$199	21	113	40	130	14	106	140	85	87
\$200 to \$299	39	60	38	84	21	148	84	119	61
\$300 to \$399	3	2	2	9	3	19	22	6	15
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	2	12	13	6	—
\$500 or more	6	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Median (dollars)	240	180	200	189	233	217	196	211	193
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	80	173	74	193	43	254	235	206	137
Less than 20 percent	9	43	17	74	11	87	68	63	59
20 to 24 percent	—	27	15	32	—	40	15	21	24
25 to 29 percent	6	28	7	18	2	18	31	15	12
30 to 34 percent	18	25	13	6	8	2	12	32	14
35 percent or more	43	50	22	56	22	107	101	69	28
Not computed	4	—	—	7	—	—	8	6	—
Median	36.9	27.9	28.6	23.0	40.5	25.0	29.9	30.2	22.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	87	186	80	279	64	351	242	236	129
Less than 20 percent	32	62	16	58	17	78	85	82	55
20 to 24 percent	17	61	9	72	8	72	41	36	31
25 to 29 percent	14	39	29	35	13	64	38	47	36
30 to 34 percent	6	10	13	46	13	51	48	33	2
35 percent or more	18	14	13	68	13	86	30	38	5
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	23.4	22.5	27.6	26.4	27.7	27.0	24.4	25.0	21.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	98	156	66	225	73	343	182	248	68
Less than 20 percent	37	108	47	103	24	123	110	120	49
20 to 24 percent	43	33	13	64	23	117	45	75	11
25 to 29 percent	15	10	5	44	13	35	8	42	5
30 to 34 percent	—	—	1	7	7	42	16	7	3
35 percent or more	3	5	—	7	6	26	3	4	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	21.4	16.2	18.3	20.7	22.7	22.1	17.6	20.3	16.6
\$50,000 or more	46	93	51	107	63	341	266	252	58
Less than 20 percent	42	87	39	94	46	213	222	211	41
20 to 24 percent	4	3	10	9	12	73	24	21	7
25 to 29 percent	—	3	2	4	5	42	9	8	2
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	10	3	12	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—	8
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.4	12.3	13.4	13.5	15.2	17.2	14.3	15.0	14.2
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>252</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	8	2	3	15	—	—	13	10	9
\$100 to \$199	34	8	7	43	2	7	14	68	29
\$200 to \$299	25	26	25	51	7	23	66	89	37
\$300 to \$399	23	72	51	97	14	75	99	202	57
\$400 to \$499	29	29	34	83	48	160	70	80	34
\$500 to \$599	20	38	11	97	18	100	41	75	19
\$600 to \$749	9	9	12	43	13	56	18	29	4
\$750 to \$999	5	—	—	23	3	9	18	11	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	8	13	—	—
No cash rent	26	37	27	56	26	44	66	20	63
Median (dollars)	338	380	379	427	446	468	376	360	353
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	33	29	19	119	15	56	105	193	81
Less than 20 percent	4	—	3	10	—	—	8	10	9
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	26	—
25 to 29 percent	8	5	3	11	—	—	2	13	16
30 to 34 percent	7	—	7	19	—	—	—	16	6
35 percent or more	8	16	6	61	10	50	90	117	26
Not computed	6	8	—	13	5	6	5	11	24
Median	31.1	50.0+	32.5	37.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	40.5	32.9
\$10,000 to \$19,999	55	73	57	110	50	114	104	120	49
Less than 20 percent	16	6	—	20	4	2	8	—	5
20 to 24 percent	11	17	4	—	5	2	15	14	7
25 to 29 percent	9	13	—	20	1	5	6	17	—
30 to 34 percent	9	3	31	20	5	38	14	27	11
35 percent or more	4	22	17	42	22	54	32	49	16
Not computed	6	12	5	8	13	13	29	13	10
Median	23.9	27.9	33.5	32.7	37.2	35.8	33.0	34.2	33.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	68	67	65	150	43	210	124	183	96
Less than 20 percent	21	32	14	41	4	71	56	62	53
20 to 24 percent	17	14	23	33	21	71	17	81	13
25 to 29 percent	4	—	2	44	6	34	27	21	1
30 to 34 percent	12	3	4	—	5	11	—	19	—
35 percent or more	—	6	4	9	2	7	—	—	—
Not computed	14	12	18	23	5	16	24	—	29
Median	21.8	18.8	22.1	23.4	23.6	21.8	19.1	21.8	16.1
\$35,000 or more	23	52	29	129	23	102	85	88	26
Less than 20 percent	23	43	25	103	20	78	58	85	21
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	14	—	8	9	—	2
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	3	10	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	9	4	12	3	9	8	3	3
Median	13.1	13.6	10.0	14.5	13.1	14.9	13.8	15.1	13.7



Table 46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units		Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample		100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
Greeley, CO MSA -----	131 821	21.8	51 138	21.7	<b>GREELEY CITY, WELD COUNTY</b>				
<b>WELD COUNTY</b>					Tract 1 -----	2 059	13.8	1 134	14.8
					Tract 2 -----	4 948	15.4	1 003	15.3
					Tract 3 -----	—	—	—	—
					Tract 4.01 -----	3 250	16.2	1 448	16.1
					Tract 4.02 -----	3 044	15.8	1 389	15.9
					Tract 5 -----	5 554	11.0	2 198	11.5
Total -----	131 821	21.8	51 138	21.7	Tract 6 (pt.) -----	940	16.1	287	15.3
Brighton city (pt.) -----	17	11.8	7	14.3	Tract 7.01 (pt.) -----	1 566	15.8	609	15.1
Broomfield city (pt.) -----	4	—	2	—	Tract 7.02 (pt.) -----	1 679	14.5	615	13.7
Greeley city -----	60 536	14.3	23 991	14.3	Tract 8 (pt.) -----	2 562	14.7	1 136	15.7
Northglenn city (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—	Tract 9 -----	2 805	15.0	1 111	15.5
					Tract 10 (pt.) -----	3 706	12.6	1 662	12.5
<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN WELD COUNTY</b>					Tract 11 -----	4 856	12.1	2 031	11.9
					Tract 12.01 -----	3 880	15.2	1 774	15.8
					Tract 12.02 -----	3 045	17.1	1 067	16.7
Tract 6 -----	1 023	15.8	317	15.1	Tract 13 (pt.) -----	4 778	10.8	2 011	10.9
Tract 7.01 -----	1 570	15.8	610	15.1	Tract 14.01 (pt.) -----	2 273	15.4	1 016	14.7
Tract 7.02 -----	3 933	14.7	1 474	14.2	Tract 14.02 (pt.) -----	5 371	15.1	1 879	15.4
Tract 8 -----	2 761	16.2	1 224	17.2	Tract 14.03 (pt.) -----	4 108	16.6	1 574	16.3
Tract 10 -----	10 272	11.8	4 228	11.7	Tract 15 (pt.) -----	60	20.0	26	19.2
Tract 13 -----	5 157	10.9	2 147	11.0	Tract 21 (pt.) -----	13	—	3	—
Tract 14.01 -----	4 755	15.5	1 907	14.8	Tract 22.01 (pt.) -----	39	25.6	18	16.7
Tract 14.02 -----	5 387	15.1	1 887	15.4	Tract 22.02 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 14.03 -----	4 108	16.6	1 574	16.3	<b>NORTHGLENN CITY (PT.), WELD COUNTY</b>				
Tract 15 -----	4 113	35.4	1 613	35.2	Tract 20 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—
					<b>REMAINDER OF WELD COUNTY</b>				
Tract 19.01 -----	8 764	14.7	3 097	14.5	Tract 6 (pt.) -----	83	13.3	30	13.3
Tract 20 -----	9 620	35.7	3 763	34.7	Tract 7.01 (pt.) -----	4	—	1	—
Tract 21 -----	7 172	35.8	2 585	35.4	Tract 7.02 (pt.) -----	2 254	14.8	859	14.6
Tract 22.01 -----	1 646	34.6	627	34.4	Tract 8 (pt.) -----	199	34.7	88	36.4
Tract 22.02 -----	5 383	15.6	2 020	15.8	Tract 10 (pt.) -----	6 566	11.3	2 566	11.2
<b>BRIGHTON CITY (PT.), WELD COUNTY</b>					Tract 13 (pt.) -----	379	12.7	136	12.5
					Tract 14.01 (pt.) -----	2 482	15.5	891	14.9
Tract 19.01 (pt.) -----	17	11.8	7	14.3	Tract 14.02 (pt.) -----	16	18.8	8	25.0
<b>BROOMFIELD CITY (PT.), WELD COUNTY</b>					Tract 14.03 (pt.) -----	—	—	—	—
					Tract 15 (pt.) -----	4 053	35.6	1 587	35.5
Tract 20 (pt.) -----	4	—	2	—	Tract 16 -----	3 113	37.1	1 181	37.8
					Tract 17 -----	4 355	41.4	1 573	42.5
					Tract 18 -----	2 923	31.9	1 090	31.4
					Tract 19.01 (pt.) -----	8 747	14.7	3 090	14.5
					Tract 19.02 -----	2 841	42.9	1 040	43.2
					Tract 20 (pt.) -----	9 616	35.8	3 761	34.8
					Tract 21 (pt.) -----	7 159	35.9	2 582	35.5
					Tract 22.01 (pt.) -----	1 607	34.8	609	35.0
					Tract 22.02 (pt.) -----	5 383	15.6	2 020	15.8
					Tract 23 -----	3 419	41.6	1 394	42.5
					Tract 24 -----	839	31.5	371	30.5
					Tract 25.01 -----	1 807	25.6	866	29.2
					Tract 25.02 -----	3 419	32.8	1 395	32.0

# APPENDIX A.

## Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

#### Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into



12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

### **Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area**

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

### **American Indian Reservation and Trust Land**

**American Indian Reservation**—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

**Trust Land**—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

### **Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)**

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.



## **Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)**

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

## **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

## **BLOCK**

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers



with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

## **BLOCK GROUP (BG)**

### **Geographic Block Group**

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

### **Tabulation Block Group**

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

## **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

## **CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION**

### **Census Division**

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

#### **Northeast Region**

##### *New England Division:*

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

##### *Middle Atlantic Division:*

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

#### **Midwest Region**

##### *East North Central Division:*

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

##### *West North Central Division:*

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

#### **South Region**

##### *South Atlantic Division:*

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida



#### *East South Central Division:*

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

#### *West South Central Division:*

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

#### **West Region**

##### *Mountain Division:*

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

##### *Pacific Division:*

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

#### **Census Region**

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

#### **CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA**

##### **Block Numbering Area (BNA)**

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

#### **Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.



## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

## COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

### Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

### Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

### Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.



The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

### Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

### GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

### Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

### Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

### United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

### GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

#### Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```
United States
  Region
    Division
      State
        County
          County subdivision
            Place (or part)
              Census tract/block numbering area
                (or part)
                  Block group (or part)
                    Block
```

#### Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census



tract/block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State  
County "A"  
County "B"  
County "C"  
  
Place "X"  
Place "Y"  
Place "Z"

## HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

## INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

## METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The



metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## **Central City**

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

## **Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)**

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

## **Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)**

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

## **Metropolitan Area Title and Code**

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

## **OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES**

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

## **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

## **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.



Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

## Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

## Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

## POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.



## STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

## TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

## URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for



unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels— although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

### **Extended City**

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

### **URBANIZED AREA (UA)**

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

### **Urbanized Area Central Place**

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

### **Urbanized Area Title and Code**

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

### **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

## ZIP CODE®

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.





# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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## POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

### AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

**Median Age**—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

**Comparability**—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

### ANCESTRY

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.



The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The open-ended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

*Presentation Based on Persons:*

*Single Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

*Multiple Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

*Ancestry Unclassified*—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

*Presentations Based on Responses:*

*Total Ancestries Reported*—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

*First Ancestry Reported*—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

*Second Ancestry Reported*—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* and the 1990 CPH-3, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas* reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.



**Comparability**—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

## CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Citizen**—Persons who indicated that they were native-born and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

*Naturalized Citizen*—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

**Not a Citizen**—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

**Comparability**—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

## EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"—persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report questionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

*High School Graduate or Higher*—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or



its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

*Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate*—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be “high school dropouts.” There is no restriction on when they “dropped out” of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, “Median school years completed” was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. “Percent high school graduate or higher” and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, “Percent high school graduate or higher” can be calculated and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

**Comparability**—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether “completed the fourth year of college,” “completed the senior year of college,” and “college graduate” were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of “college graduates” from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and “Associate” degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose

residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as “Not in Labor Force.” In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

**Employed**—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) “at work”—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were “with a job but not at work”—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

**Unemployed**—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither “at work” nor “with a job but not at work” during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:



- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

**Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

**Experienced Unemployed**—These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

**Experienced Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

**Labor Force**—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

**Not in Labor Force**—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

**Worker**—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

**Actual Hours Worked Last Week**—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of "actual hours" differs from that of "usual hours" described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

**Limitation of the Data**—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons "at work" is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed "with a job, but not at work" is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under "Reference Week.")

**Comparability**—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see "Reference Week").

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example,



figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

## FERTILITY

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

## GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

**Institutionalized Persons**—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

**Type of Institution**—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

**Correctional Institutions**—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

**Prisons**—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)



operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

*Federal Detention Centers*—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

*Military Stockades, Jails*—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

*Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities*—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

*Police Lockups*—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

*Halfway Houses*—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

*Other Types of Correctional Institutions*—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

*Nursing Homes*—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

*Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals*—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals for Chronically Ill*—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.



*Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere*—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

*Juvenile Institutions*—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

*Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children*—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as "Public" and "Private."

*Residential Treatment Centers*—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

*Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

*Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

*Private Training Schools*—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

*Detention Centers*—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

**Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters")**—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as "other persons in group quarters" when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

*Rooming Houses*—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Group Homes*—Includes "community-based homes" that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

*Homes for the Mentally Ill*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private," and "Ownership not known." Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

*Homes for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as "Federal," "State," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

*Homes for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

*Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

*Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their



children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

*Other Group Homes*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

*Religious Group Quarters*—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

*College Quarters Off Campus*—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

*College Dormitories*—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Military Quarters*—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

*Agriculture Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

*Other Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations*—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)*—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used *entirely* for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used *partially* for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

*Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children*—Includes shelters/group homes which provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for juveniles.

*Visible in Street Locations*—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. All persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.



Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

*Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)*—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, “shelters for abused women” are included in the category “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

*Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals*—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

*Crews of Maritime Vessels*—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

*Staff Residents of Institutions*—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

*Other Nonhousehold Living Situations*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or “T-Night” enumeration at YMCA’s, YWCA’s, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

*Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters*—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

**Limitation of the Data**—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of “types of group quarters”:

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an “I,” for institutional, or an “N,” for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an “Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List.” (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

*Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)*—For the 1990 census “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America’s total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

1. How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
6. How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.



The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by census-takers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Comparability**—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of “care” only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: “halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)” and “wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere,” which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, “Group homes” is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with “Other group homes” only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers’ dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase “inmates of institutions” was changed to “institutionalized persons.” Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as “other persons in group quarters,” and the phrase “staff residents” was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include “hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse” and “military hospitals for the chronically ill.” The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation. (For more information on the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

## HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicated that they were of “other Spanish/Hispanic” origin. Persons of “Other Spanish/Hispanic” origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic” category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under “Household Type and Relationship.”)

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person’s mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person’s mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample



questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Comparability**—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word “descent” was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term “Mexican-Amer.” used in 1980 was shortened further to “Mexican-Am.” to reduce misreporting (of “American”) in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as “other Spanish/Hispanic” to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the “Mexican-Amer.” category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category “No, not Spanish/Hispanic” as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category “Central or South American” was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations “Mexican-American” and “Chicano” were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

## HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

**Persons Per Household**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

### Relationship to Householder

**Householder**—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder



is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of “married-couple families” or “married-couple households” in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of “married persons with spouse present” in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as “spouse.” For sample tabulations, the number of “married persons with spouse present” includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

**Child**—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child’s age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

*Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter*—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Stepson/Stepdaughter*—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Own Child*—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an “own child” is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

“Related children” in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

**Other Relatives**—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

*Grandchild*—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

*Brother/Sister*—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

*Parent*—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

*Other Relatives*—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

**Nonrelatives**—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

*Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child*—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

*Housemate or Roommate*—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

*Unmarried Partner*—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

*Other Nonrelatives*—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

## Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.



## Family Type

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

*Married-Couple Family*—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

*Other Family:*

*Male Householder, No Wife Present*—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

*Female Householder, No Husband Present*—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

**Persons Per Family**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

## Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

## Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

## Unmarried-Couple Household

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

## Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

## Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

**Comparability**—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

## INCOME IN 1989

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of



wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

## Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

1. *Wage or Salary Income*—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
2. *Nonfarm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses includes costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
3. *Farm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
4. *Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income*—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

5. *Social Security Income*—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.
6. *Public Assistance Income*—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.
7. *Retirement or Disability Income*—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.
8. *All Other Income*—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

**Income of Households**—Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

**Income of Families and Persons**—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

**Median Income**—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.



For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean Income**—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

**Comparability**—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income



- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social Security income
- Public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of



banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

## INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

### Industry

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 236 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since

1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

### Occupation

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 501 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 501 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

### Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

**Private Wage and Salary Workers**—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a



private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these subcategories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

**Government Workers**—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

**Self-Employed Workers**—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

**Unpaid Family Workers**—Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

**Salaried/Self-Employed**—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

**Comparability**—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical



Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

## JOURNEY TO WORK

### Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;



Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

**Limitation of the Data**—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was



asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

## **Means of Transportation to Work**

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, "Car, truck, or van," includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, "Public transportation," includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, "Other means," includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, "Other means," may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

## **Private Vehicle Occupancy**

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, "Drove alone," includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

**Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van**—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

## **Time Leaving Home to Go to Work**

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## **Travel Time to Work**

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## **LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH**

### **Language Spoken at Home**

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in



question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Household Language**—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. **Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples**

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples
Spanish	Spanish	Spanish, Ladino
Other Indo-European	French	French, Cajun, French Creole
	Italian	
	Portuguese	
	German	
	Yiddish	
	Other West Germanic	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch
	Scandinavian	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish
	Polish	
	Russian	
	South Slavic	Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	Other Slavic	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian
	Greek	
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese
	Other Indo-European, not elsewhere classified	Armenian, Gaelic, Lithuanian, Persian
	Chinese	
	Japanese	
	Mon-Khmer	
	Tagalog	
	Korean	
	Vietnamese	
All other languages	Other languages (part)	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish
	Arabic	
	Hungarian	
	Native North American languages	
	Other languages (part)	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa



## Ability to Speak English

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

**Linguistic Isolation**—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

**Limitation of the Data**—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

**Comparability**—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25-group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

## MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

**Never Married**—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

**Ever Married**—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

**Now Married, Except Separated**—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

**Separated**—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.



**Widowed**—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

**Divorced**—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

**Now Married**—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as “separated.”

*Spouse Present*—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

*Spouse Absent*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

*Separated*—Defined above.

*Spouse Absent, Other*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of “now married, spouse present” males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Comparability**—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term “never married” which replaces the term “single” in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

## MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were

identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

## PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as “Born abroad, country not specified.”

**Nativity**—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

**Native**—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

**Foreign Born**—Includes persons not classified as “Native.” Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.



The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth; the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

**Comparability**—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

## POVERTY STATUS IN 1989

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, *Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989*.

### Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—

Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

**Specified Poverty Levels**—Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 (\$12,674 x 1.25) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

### Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—

The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds



shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

**Income Deficit**—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

**Mean Income Deficit**—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

**Comparability**—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.

3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

**Current Population Survey**—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

## RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual).	\$6,310									
Under 65 years.....	6,451	\$6,451								
65 years and over.....	5,947	5,947								
Two persons.....	8,076									
Householder under 65 years...	8,343	8,303	\$8,547							
Householder 65 years and over.....	7,501	7,495	8,515							
Three persons.....	9,885	9,699	9,981	\$9,990						
Four persons.....	12,674	12,790	12,999	12,575	\$12,619					
Five persons.....	14,990	15,424	15,648	15,169	14,798	\$14,572				
Six persons.....	16,921	17,740	17,811	17,444	17,092	16,569	\$16,259			
Seven persons.....	19,162	20,412	20,540	20,101	19,794	19,224	18,558	\$17,828		
Eight persons.....	21,328	22,830	23,031	22,617	22,253	21,738	21,084	20,403	\$20,230	
Nine or more persons.....	25,480	27,463	27,596	27,229	26,921	26,415	25,719	25,089	24,933	\$23,973



self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

**White**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Black**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

**American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut**—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

*American Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

*American Indian Tribe*—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flat-head) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

*Eskimo*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

*Aleut*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian.

**Asian or Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

**Asian**—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

*Chinese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

*Filipino*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

*Japanese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

*Asian Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

*Korean*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

*Vietnamese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.



*Cambodian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

*Hmong*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

*Laotian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

*Thai*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

*Other Asian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

**Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

*Hawaiian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

*Samoan*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

*Guamanian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

*Other Pacific Islander*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

**Other Race**—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

The written entries under "Indian (Amer.)," and "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)" were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the "Other race" category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under "Other race" underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.



**Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census**

Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese	Hawaiian
Filipino	Samoa
Japanese	Guamanian
Asian Indian	Other Pacific Islander <sup>1</sup>
Korean	Carolinian
Vietnamese	Fijian
Cambodian	Kosraean
Hmong	Melanesian <sup>3</sup>
Laotian	Micronesian <sup>3</sup>
Thai	Northern Mariana Islander
Other Asian <sup>1</sup>	Palauan
Bangladeshi	Papua New Guinean
Bhutanese	Ponapean (Pohnpeian)
Borneo	Polynesian <sup>3</sup>
Burmese	Solomon Islander
Celebesian	Tahitian
Ceram	Tarawa Islander
Indochinese	Tokelauan
Indonesian	Tongan
Iwo-Jiman	Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese	Yapese
Malayan	Pacific Islander, not specified
Maldivian	
Nepali	
Okinawan	
Pakistani	
Sikkim	
Singaporean	
Sri Lankan	
Sumatran	
Asian, not specified <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>1</sup>In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

<sup>2</sup>Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

<sup>3</sup>Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

**Comparability**—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

## REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

**Comparability**—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of



these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

## RESIDENCE IN 1985

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on immigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Immigrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of immigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Outmigrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of immigrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net immigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Immigrants and outmigrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the immigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of immigrants to (or outmigrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of immigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the immigrants or outmigrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

**Comparability**—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.



## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or "dropouts" and an unemployment rate for the "dropout" population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in "Educational Attainment," "Employment Status," and "School Enrollment and Type of School." The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines *enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate*. The difference is Armed Forces.

**Comparability**—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

**Public and Private School**—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are defined as private. Persons who filled both the "public" and "private" circles are edited to the first entry, "public."

**Level of School in Which Enrolled**—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," "elementary or high school," or "college" according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in "college." Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving "NO DIPLOMA" were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.")

**Comparability**—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census' use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular



school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

## SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

## SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Sex Ratio**—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

**Comparability**—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

## VETERAN STATUS

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Veteran Status**—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now



serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

**Period of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two "Korean conflict" categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the "Vietnam era and Korean conflict" category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

**Years of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

**Limitation of the Data**—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report "2 years").

**Comparability**—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, "September 1980 or later" was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

## WORK DISABILITY STATUS

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as "Prevented from working" or "Not prevented from working."

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

## WORK STATUS IN 1989

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1989." All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1989." Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as "Did not work in 1989."



## Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

## Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

**Year-Round Full-Time Workers**—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

**Number of Workers in Family in 1989**—The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

**Limitation of the Data**—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

**Comparability**—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been

used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

## YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

**Limitation of the Data**—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

**Comparability**—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

## HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.)



Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.**—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Comparability**—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

## ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this



item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

**Comparability**—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

## AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

## BEDROOMS

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if

they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

**Comparability**—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

## BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

**Comparability**—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability**—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.



## CONDOMINIUM FEE

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990.

## CONDOMINIUM STATUS

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly owned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

**Limitation of the Data**—Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

**Comparability**—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renter-occupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

## CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

**Median and Quartile Contract Rent**—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No



cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Contract Rent**—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

**Comparability**—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

## DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

**Comparability**—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## FARM RESIDENCE

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

**Comparability**—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

## GROSS RENT

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

**Comparability**—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.



## GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

## HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

**Utility Gas**—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

**Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas**—Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

**Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.**—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

**Wood**—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, saw-mill or construction scraps, or the like.

**Solar Energy**—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

**Other Fuel**—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

**No Fuel Used**—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

**Comparability**—Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

## INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

**Comparability**—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all



occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

## MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

**Comparability**—This item is new for 1990.

## MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

**Comparability**—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

## MORTGAGE STATUS

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

**Comparability**—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,



condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

## PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

**Median Persons in Unit**—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Persons in Occupied Housing Units**—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

## PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Mean Persons Per Room**—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

## PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a

sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

**Comparability**—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for year-round units.

## POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and two-persons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

## REAL ESTATE TAXES

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.



The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

**Median Rooms**—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Rooms**—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

## SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

**Comparability**—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

## SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.



In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

**Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs**—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

### **SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989**

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

### **SEWAGE DISPOSAL**

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

**Comparability**—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

### **SOURCE OF WATER**

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

**Comparability**—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

### **TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT**

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

**Comparability**—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.



## TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

**Owner Occupied**—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under "Mortgage Status.")

**Renter Occupied**—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

**Comparability**—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

## UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

**1-Unit, Detached**—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

**1-Unit, Attached**—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

**2 or More Units**—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

**Mobile Home or Trailer**—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

**Other**—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

**Comparability**—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are



shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

## USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability**—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

## UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

**Limitation of the Data**—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

**Comparability**—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

## VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

*For Rent*—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

*For Sale Only*—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

*Rented or Sold, Not Occupied*—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

*For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use*—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

*For Migrant Workers*—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

*Other Vacant*—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.



**Homeowner Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

**Rental Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

**Comparability**—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, "seasonal/recreational/occasional use" combined vacant units classified in 1980 as "seasonal or migratory" and "held for occasional use." Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

## VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

**Median and Quartile Value**—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Value**—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$500,000 or more"

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

## VEHICLES AVAILABLE

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

**Vehicles Per Household**—This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

**Limitation of the Data**—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly overreported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

**Comparability**—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented



separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

## YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

**Comparability**—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

## YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category “1989 or March 1990” was used. For a houseboat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer’s model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

**Median Year Structure Built**—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

**Limitation of the Data**—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially “Built in 1939 or earlier.” The introduction of the “Don’t know” category (see the discussion on “Comparability”) may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

**Comparability**—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, “Don’t Know,” was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

## DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (-).

### Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. “Pareto interpolation” is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is



computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### **Percentages, Rates, and Ratios**

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

### **Quartile**

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

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### INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that



published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

## ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

## Calculation of Standard Errors

**Totals and Percentages**—Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machine-readable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or



estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

**Sums and Differences**—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$SE_{\hat{X}}$  and  $SE_{\hat{Y}}$  of estimates  $\hat{X}$  and  $\hat{Y}$ :

$$SE_{(\hat{X} + \hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X} - \hat{Y})} = \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

**Ratios**—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X}/\hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

**Medians**—For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as  $N/2$ ). Treat  $N/2$  as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about  $N/2$ . Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about  $N/2$ . By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about  $N/2$ . Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

## Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;



2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

## Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

$$SE(9,948) = \sqrt{5(9,948) (1 - 9,948/21,220)}$$

$$= 163 \text{ persons.}$$

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is  $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$  percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)]$$

or

$$9,654 \text{ to } 10,242$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86



percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is  $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$  percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$\begin{aligned} SE(6.7) &= \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2} \\ &= 1.34 \text{ percentage points} \end{aligned}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$\begin{aligned} [6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)] \\ \text{or} \\ 4.50 \text{ to } 8.90 \end{aligned}$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$9948/9314 = 1.07$$

$$\begin{aligned} SE(1.07) &= \left( \frac{9948}{9314} \right) \sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}} \\ &= .029 \end{aligned}$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$\begin{aligned} [1.07 - 1.645(.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(.029)] \\ \text{or} \\ 1.02 \text{ to } 1.12 \end{aligned}$$

## ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

## PERSONS

### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters

### STAGE II: SAMPLING RATES

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2



### STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

### STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White
	Persons of Hispanic Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years
2	5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
	Female
10-18	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-in-structure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

## STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.

## All Other Housing Units

11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

## STAGE II: SAMPLING RATE CATEGORY

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

## STAGE III: UNITS IN STRUCTURE

1	Single unit structure
2	Multi-unit structure consisting of fewer than 10 individual units
3	Multi-unit structure consisting of 10 or more individual units

## STAGE IV: TENURE/RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER/VALUE OR RENT

Group	Owner
	White Householder
	Householder of Hispanic Origin
	Value
1	Less than \$20,000
2	\$20,000 to \$39,999
3	\$40,000 to \$59,999
4	\$60,000 to \$79,999
5	\$80,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000 to \$249,999
8	\$250,000 to \$299,999
9	\$300,000 or more
10	Other <sup>1</sup>
	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin
11-20	Same value categories as groups 1 through 10
	Black Householder
21-40	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder
41-60	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
61-80	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Householder of Other Race
81-100	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20

## Renter

## White Householder

## Householder of Hispanic origin

## Rent

101	Less than \$100
102	\$100 to \$199
103	\$200 to \$299
104	\$300 to \$399
105	\$400 to \$499
106	\$500 to \$599
107	\$600 to \$749
108	\$750 to \$999
109	\$1,000 or more
110	No cash rent

## Householder Not of Hispanic Origin

111-120	Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110
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## Black Householder

121-140	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
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## Asian or Pacific Islander Householder

141-160	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
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## American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder

161-180	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
---------	--

## Householder of Other Race

181-200	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
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## Vacant Housing Units

1	Vacant for rent
2	Vacant for sale
3	Other vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

<sup>1</sup>Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.



## Control of Nonsampling Error

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

**Undercoverage**—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mail-out, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections and updated through a field operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional canvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

**Respondent and Enumerator Error**—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

**Processing Error**—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

**Nonresponse**—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely



reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

## **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.



**Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total <sup>1</sup>	Size of publication area <sup>2</sup>													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50 .....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100 .....	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250 .....	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500 .....	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000 .....	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500 .....	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000 .....	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

<sup>1</sup>For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

$\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

<sup>2</sup>The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

**Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage <sup>1</sup>													
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	
2 or 98 .....	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
5 or 95 .....	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	
10 or 90 .....	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
15 or 85.....	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
20 or 80.....	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
25 or 75.....	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
30 or 70.....	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	
35 or 65.....	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	
50 .....	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	

<sup>1</sup>For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

$\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Colorado

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percent or more
<b>POPULATION</b>				
Age.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status.....	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.4
Household type and relationship.....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Children ever born.....	2.5	2.1	1.2	1.0
Work disability and mobility limitation status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Ancestry.....	1.9	1.6	1.0	0.8
Place of birth.....	1.8	1.5	1.0	0.8
Citizenship.....	1.8	1.4	0.8	0.6
Residence in 1985.....	1.9	1.7	1.0	0.8
Year of entry.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	1.6	1.3	0.8	0.6
Educational attainment.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
School enrollment.....	1.7	1.4	0.8	0.6
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	2.1	1.9	1.4	0.9
Household type.....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Family type.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Group quarters.....	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5
Subfamily type and presence of children.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Employment status.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.4
Industry.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Occupation.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Hours per week and weeks worked in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Number of workers in family.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Place of work.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.5
Means of transportation to work.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Travel time to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Private vehicle occupancy.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Time leaving home to go to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Type of income in 1989.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Family income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Poverty status in 1989 (persons).....	1.6	1.4	0.8	0.7
Poverty status in 1989 (families).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Armed Forces and veteran status.....	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.5
<b>HOUSING</b>				
Age of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.6
Condominium status.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.5
Tenure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Occupancy status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Value.....	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Year structure built.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Rooms, bedrooms.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Kitchen facilities.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Source of water, plumbing facilities.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Sewage disposal.....	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.5
House heating fuel.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.6
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Vehicles available.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year householder moved into structure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Mortgage status and monthly mortgage costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5





# APPENDIX D.

## Collection and Processing Procedures

### CONTENTS

Data Collection Procedures .....	D-2
Enumeration and Residence Rules .....	D-1
Processing Procedures .....	D-4

### ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Persons in the Armed Forces**—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.



**Persons on Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

**Persons Away at School**—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

**Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day**—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

## Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States



Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

## Followup

**Nonresponse Followup**—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

**Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup**—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

## Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

## Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.



5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.





# APPENDIX E.

## Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

### Your Guide for the

# 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
<b>How</b> to fill out your census form	<b>2</b>
<b>Example</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Your</b> answers are confidential	<b>2</b>
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CENSUS '90



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

D4



## How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

### Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
00 00 00	1 8 0 0 0 0	00 00 00	1 8 0 0 0 0
10 10 10	9 1 0 1 0 0	10 10 10	9 1 0 1 0 0
20 20 20	2 0 2 0 2 0	20 20 20	2 0 2 0 2 0
30 30 30	3 0 3 0 3 0	30 30 30	3 0 3 0 3 0
40 40 40	4 0 4 0 4 0	40 40 40	4 0 4 0 4 0
50 50 50	5 0 5 0 5 0	50 50 50	5 0 5 0 5 0
60 60 60	6 0 6 0 6 0	60 60 60	6 0 6 0 6 0
70 70 70	7 0 7 0 7 0	70 70 70	7 0 7 0 7 0
80 80 80	8 0 8 0 8 0	80 80 80	8 0 8 0 8 0
90 90 90	9 0 9 0 9 0	90 90 90	9 0 9 0 9 0

## Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups—including community organizations—and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

## Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a.** List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- b.** If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.
- 2.** Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1. If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.
- If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.
- 4.** Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.

If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).

If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, fill one circle only. Please do not print the race in the boxes.

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

- 5.** Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.
- 6.** If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
- 7.** A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.

A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term "**Mexican-Am.**" refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

## Instructions for Question H1a through H1b

- H1a.** Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.
- b.** If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.



## Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

### H2. Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

*Detached* means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

### H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

### H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is **not** owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is **not** paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

### H5a. Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.

### b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

### H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

### H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day . . . . .	30	4 times a year . . . . .	3
By the week . . . . .	4	2 times a year . . . . .	6
Every other week . . . .	2	Once a year . . . . .	12

### b. Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

## Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

### H8. The person listed in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.

### H10. Mark **Yes**, have all three facilities if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark **No** if any of the three facilities is not present.

### H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.

### H12. Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do **not** count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

### H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.

**Solar energy** is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. **Other fuel** includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

### H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for **Individual well**.

**Drilled wells**, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

### H16. A **public sewer** may be operated by a government body or private organization. A **septic tank or cesspool** is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

### H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, *not* the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

### H18. A **condominium** is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. Cooperative occupants should mark **No**.

### H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.

### b. This property is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.



## Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

**H20.** If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.**

If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.**

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [ ] the two utilities.

**H21.** Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.

**H22.** When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

**H23a.** The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24b.

**H24a.** A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.

**H25.** A *condominium fee* is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.

**H26.** Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

## Instructions for Question 8

**8.** For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

## Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

**9.** A person should fill the **Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization** circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the **Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas** circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the **Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents** circle.

**10.** If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stay.

**11.** Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A *public school* is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

**12.** Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has **successfully completed** or the **highest degree** the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of *professional school degrees* include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

**13.** Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. *All* persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.



## Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

- 14a.** Mark **Yes** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark **No** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).
- b.** If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

### Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

### Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

### Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark **No, lived outside the city/town limits** in part (4).

### Part (4)

Mark **Yes** if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

- 15.** Mark **Yes** if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.
- Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.
- Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- 17a.** For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two **Yes, active duty** circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark **Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only**. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark **No**. Count **World War II Merchant Marine Seaman** service as active duty; do **not** count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.
- 18.** Mark **Yes** to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark **Yes** to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.
- 19.** Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

## Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

- 20.** Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.

### 21a. Count as work — Mark **Yes**:

- Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
- Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
- Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
- Active duty in Armed Forces.

### Do not count as work — Mark **No**:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.

- 22a.** Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

*If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.*

*If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.*

*If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.*

*If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.*

*If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.*

- d.** *If the person worked in New York city and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.*

*If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.*

*If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.*

- e.** *If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.*

- 23a.** *If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.*

- b.** *If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for **Drove alone**.*

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.



## Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- 24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work*. DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon*, fill the **a.m.** circle.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight*, fill the **p.m.** circle.
- b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25.** If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.
- 26a.** Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
- b.** Mark **No, already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.  
Mark **No, temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.  
Mark **No, other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
- b.** Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following –</b> | <b>Do not enter –</b> |
| Metal furniture manufacturing                   | Furniture company     |
| Retail grocery store                            | Grocery store         |
| Petroleum refining                              | Oil company           |
| Cattle ranch                                    | Ranch                 |
- 29.** Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following –</b> | <b>Do not enter –</b> |
| Production clerk                                | Clerk                 |
| Carpenter's helper                              | Helper                |
| Auto engine mechanic                            | Mechanic              |
| Registered nurse                                | Nurse                 |
- 30.** Mark **Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization** if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance company, or similar organization.  
Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark **PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization**.  
For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate *government* category; for example, mark **State GOVERNMENT employee** for a state university, or mark **Local GOVERNMENT employee** for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

## Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.
- b.** Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- 32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.  
If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.
- a.** Include wages and salaries from *all jobs before* deductions. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of *incorporated* businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.
- b.** Include **NONFARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.
- c.** Include **FARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. Also *exclude* amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.
- d.** Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds.  
Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.  
Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.
- e.** Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers *before* Medicare deductions.
- f.** Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. *Exclude* assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.
- g.** Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.
- h.** Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.  
*Do not include the following as income in any item:*
- Refunds or rebates of any kind
  - Withdrawals from savings of any kind
  - Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
  - Inheritances or insurance settlements
  - Any type of loan
  - Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.



## **What the Census Is About — Some Questions and Answers**

### **Why are we taking a census?**

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

### **What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?**

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

### **How long have we been taking the census?**

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

### **How are you being counted?**

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

## **Why the Census Asks Certain Questions**

**Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.**

*It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.*

### **Name?**

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

### **Value or rent?**

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

### **Complete plumbing?**

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

### **Place of birth?**

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

### **Job?**

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

### **Income?**

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.



CENSUS '90

# OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

**The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.**

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years--or until the year 2062--only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else--no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency--is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

**How to get started--and get help.**

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

**Please answer and return your form promptly.**

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.  
**Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.**

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**Para personas de habla hispana -**

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**  
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628  
Approval Expires 07/31/91

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

**1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.**

**Include**

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

**Do NOT include**

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
<b>1</b>			<b>7</b>		
<b>2</b>			<b>8</b>		
<b>3</b>			<b>9</b>		
<b>4</b>			<b>10</b>		
<b>5</b>			<b>11</b>		
<b>6</b>			<b>12</b>		

**1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle ☐ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

**NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.**



<p>Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</p>	PERSON 1		PERSON 2	
	Last name	Middle initial	Last name	Middle initial
<p><b>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If <b>Other relative</b> of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.</p>	<p>START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.</p> <p>If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.</p>		<p>If a <b>RELATIVE</b> of Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Husband/wife      <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter      <input type="radio"/> Father/mother</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter      <input type="radio"/> Grandchild</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other relative →</p> <p>If <b>NOT RELATED</b> to Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child      <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate      <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative</p>	
<p><b>3. Sex</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Male      <input type="radio"/> Female</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Male      <input type="radio"/> Female</p>	
<p><b>4. Race</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.</p> <p>If <b>Indian (Amer.)</b>, print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →</p> <p>If <b>Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</b>, print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. →</p> <p>If <b>Other race</b>, print race. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese      <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino      <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian      <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean      <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese      <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese      <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino      <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian      <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean      <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese      <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>	
<p><b>5. Age and year of birth</b></p> <p>a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.</p> <p>b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.</p>	<p>a. Age</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0</p> <p>1 0 1 0 1</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>1 8 0 0 0 0</p> <p>9 0 1 0 1 0</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p>		<p>a. Age</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0</p> <p>1 0 1 0 1</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>1 8 0 0 0 0</p> <p>9 0 1 0 1 0</p> <p>2 0 2 0</p> <p>3 0 3 0</p> <p>4 0 4 0</p> <p>5 0 5 0</p> <p>6 0 6 0</p> <p>7 0 7 0</p> <p>8 0 8 0</p> <p>9 0 9 0</p>	
<p><b>6. Marital status</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Now married      <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed      <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Now married      <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed      <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>	
<p><b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If <b>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</b>, print one group. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>	
<p><b>FOR CENSUS USE</b> →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>		<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>	

PERSON 7		NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a—H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD	
Last name		<b>H1a.</b> Did you leave anyone out of your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, a newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home? <input type="radio"/> Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). <input type="radio"/> No	
First name Middle initial			
<b>If a RELATIVE of Person 1:</b> <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother or Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Other relative <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter		<b>H5a.</b> Is this house on ten or more acres? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No  <b>b.</b> Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
<b>If NOT RELATED to Person 1:</b> <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative			
<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female		<b>H6.</b> What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale?  <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="radio"/> Less than \$10,000  <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 to \$14,999  <input type="radio"/> \$15,000 to \$19,999  <input type="radio"/> \$20,000 to \$24,999  <input type="radio"/> \$25,000 to \$29,999  <input type="radio"/> \$30,000 to \$34,999  <input type="radio"/> \$35,000 to \$39,999  <input type="radio"/> \$40,000 to \$44,999  <input type="radio"/> \$45,000 to \$49,999  <input type="radio"/> \$50,000 to \$54,999  <input type="radio"/> \$55,000 to \$59,999  <input type="radio"/> \$60,000 to \$64,999  <input type="radio"/> \$65,000 to \$69,999             </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="radio"/> \$70,000 to \$74,999  <input type="radio"/> \$75,000 to \$79,999  <input type="radio"/> \$80,000 to \$89,999  <input type="radio"/> \$90,000 to \$99,999  <input type="radio"/> \$100,000 to \$124,999  <input type="radio"/> \$125,000 to \$149,999  <input type="radio"/> \$150,000 to \$174,999  <input type="radio"/> \$175,000 to \$199,999  <input type="radio"/> \$200,000 to \$249,999  <input type="radio"/> \$250,000 to \$299,999  <input type="radio"/> \$300,000 to \$399,999  <input type="radio"/> \$400,000 to \$499,999  <input type="radio"/> \$500,000 or more             </div> </div>	
<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="radio"/> Chinese  <input type="radio"/> Filipino  <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian  <input type="radio"/> Korean  <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese  <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)             </div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Japanese  <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian  <input type="radio"/> Samoan  <input type="radio"/> Guamanian  <input type="radio"/> Other API             </div> </div>			
<b>a.</b> Age <b>b.</b> Year of birth <div style="display: flex;"> <div style="width: 50%;">             0 0 0 0 0              1 0 1 0 1              2 0 2 0              3 0 3 0              4 0 4 0              5 0 5 0              6 0 6 0              7 0 7 0              8 0 8 0              9 0 9 0           </div> <div style="width: 50%;">             1 8 0 0 0              9 0 1 0 1              2 0 2 0              3 0 3 0              4 0 4 0              5 0 5 0              6 0 6 0              7 0 7 0              8 0 8 0              9 0 9 0           </div> </div>		<b>H2.</b> Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. <input type="radio"/> A mobile home or trailer <input type="radio"/> A one-family house detached from any other house <input type="radio"/> A one-family house attached to one or more houses <input type="radio"/> A building with 2 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 3 or 4 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 5 to 9 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 10 to 19 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 20 to 49 apartments <input type="radio"/> A building with 50 or more apartments <input type="radio"/> Other	
<b>H3.</b> How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment? Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 33%;"> <input type="radio"/> 1 room  <input type="radio"/> 2 rooms  <input type="radio"/> 3 rooms           </div> <div style="width: 33%;"> <input type="radio"/> 4 rooms  <input type="radio"/> 5 rooms  <input type="radio"/> 6 rooms           </div> <div style="width: 33%;"> <input type="radio"/> 7 rooms  <input type="radio"/> 8 rooms  <input type="radio"/> 9 or more rooms           </div> </div>		<b>Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment —</b> <b>H7a.</b> What is the monthly rent? <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="radio"/> Less than \$80  <input type="radio"/> \$80 to \$99  <input type="radio"/> \$100 to \$124  <input type="radio"/> \$125 to \$149  <input type="radio"/> \$150 to \$174  <input type="radio"/> \$175 to \$199  <input type="radio"/> \$200 to \$224  <input type="radio"/> \$225 to \$249  <input type="radio"/> \$250 to \$274  <input type="radio"/> \$275 to \$299  <input type="radio"/> \$300 to \$324  <input type="radio"/> \$325 to \$349  <input type="radio"/> \$350 to \$374             </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <input type="radio"/> \$375 to \$399  <input type="radio"/> \$400 to \$424  <input type="radio"/> \$425 to \$449  <input type="radio"/> \$450 to \$474  <input type="radio"/> \$475 to \$499  <input type="radio"/> \$500 to \$524  <input type="radio"/> \$525 to \$549  <input type="radio"/> \$550 to \$599  <input type="radio"/> \$600 to \$649  <input type="radio"/> \$650 to \$699  <input type="radio"/> \$700 to \$749  <input type="radio"/> \$750 to \$999  <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 or more             </div> </div>	
<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced		<b>b.</b> Does the monthly rent include any meals? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
FOR CENSUS USE			
<b>A. Total persons</b> <div style="display: flex;"> <div style="width: 50%;">             0 0              1 1              2 2              3 3              4 4              5 5              6 6              7 7              8 8              9 9           </div> <div style="width: 50%;">             0 0              1 1              2 2              3 3              4 4              5 5              6 6              7 7              8 8              9 9           </div> </div>		<b>B. Type of unit</b> <input type="radio"/> Occupied <input type="radio"/> Vacant <input type="radio"/> First form <input type="radio"/> Regular <input type="radio"/> Cont'n <input type="radio"/> Usual home elsewhere  <b>C1. Vacancy status</b> <input type="radio"/> For rent <input type="radio"/> For seas/rec/occ <input type="radio"/> For sale only <input type="radio"/> For migrant workers <input type="radio"/> Rented or sold, not occupied <input type="radio"/> Other vacant  <b>C2. Is this unit boarded up?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
<b>D. Months vacant</b> <input type="radio"/> Less than 1 <input type="radio"/> 6 up to 12 <input type="radio"/> 1 up to 2 <input type="radio"/> 12 up to 24 <input type="radio"/> 2 up to 6 <input type="radio"/> 24 or more		<b>E. Complete after</b> <input type="radio"/> LR <input type="radio"/> TC <input type="radio"/> QA <input type="radio"/> JIC 1 <input type="radio"/> P/F <input type="radio"/> RE <input type="radio"/> I/T <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> MV <input type="radio"/> ED <input type="radio"/> EN <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> P0 <input type="radio"/> P3 <input type="radio"/> P6 <input type="radio"/> JIC 2 <input type="radio"/> P1 <input type="radio"/> P4 <input type="radio"/> IA <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> P2 <input type="radio"/> P5 <input type="radio"/> SM <input type="radio"/>  <b>F. Cov.</b> <input type="radio"/> 1b <input type="radio"/> 1a <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> H1	
<b>G. DO</b> <div style="display: flex;"> <div style="width: 50%;">             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0              1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1              2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2              3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3              4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4              5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5              6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6              7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7              8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8              9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9           </div> <div style="width: 50%;">             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0              1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1              2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2              3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3              4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4              5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5              6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6              7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7              8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8              9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9           </div> </div>		<b>ID</b> <div style="display: flex;"> <div style="width: 50%;">             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0              1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1              2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2              3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3              4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4              5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5              6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6              7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7              8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8              9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9           </div> <div style="width: 50%;">             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0              1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1              2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2              3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3              4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4              5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5              6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6              7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7              8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8              9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9           </div> </div>	



<p><b>H8.</b> When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1959 or earlier         </p>	<p><b>H14.</b> Which <b>FUEL</b> is used <b>MOST</b> for heating this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood  <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  <input type="radio"/> Electricity  <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  <input type="radio"/> Coal or coke  <input type="radio"/> Wood  <input type="radio"/> Solar energy  <input type="radio"/> Other fuel  <input type="radio"/> No fuel used         </p>	<p><b>H20.</b> What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.</p> <p><b>a. Electricity</b></p> <p>           \$ _____ .00            Yearly cost — Dollars         </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or electricity not used         </p>
<p><b>H9.</b> How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house or apartment were on the market for sale or rent?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> No bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms         </p>	<p><b>H15.</b> Do you get water from —</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> A public system such as a city water department, or private company?  <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well?  <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well?  <input type="radio"/> Some other source such as a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.?         </p>	<p><b>b. Gas</b></p> <p>           \$ _____ .00            Yearly cost — Dollars         </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or gas not used         </p>
<p><b>H10.</b> Do you have <b>COMPLETE</b> plumbing facilities in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, have all three facilities  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H16.</b> Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer  <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  <input type="radio"/> No, use other means         </p>	<p><b>c. Water</b></p> <p>           \$ _____ .00            Yearly cost — Dollars         </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge         </p>
<p><b>H11.</b> Do you have <b>COMPLETE</b> kitchen facilities; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H17.</b> About when was this building first built?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959  <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949  <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier  <input type="radio"/> Don't know         </p>	<p><b>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</b></p> <p>           \$ _____ .00            Yearly cost — Dollars         </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or these fuels not used         </p>
<p><b>H12.</b> Do you have a telephone in this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H18.</b> Is this house or apartment part of a condominium?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p> <p><i>If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.</i></p>	
<p><b>H13.</b> How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> 1  <input type="radio"/> 2  <input type="radio"/> 3  <input type="radio"/> 4  <input type="radio"/> 5  <input type="radio"/> 6  <input type="radio"/> 7 or more         </p>	<p><b>H19a.</b> Is this house on less than 1 acre?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to H20  <input type="radio"/> No         </p> <p><b>b.</b> In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> \$1 to \$999  <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499  <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 to \$4,999  <input type="radio"/> \$5,000 to \$9,999  <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 or more         </p>	

**INSTRUCTION:**

Answer questions H21 TO H26, if this is a one-family house, a condominium, or a mobile home that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; otherwise, go to page 6.

**H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H23a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt } Go to H23b
- ☐ Yes, contract to purchase }
- ☐ No — Skip to H24a

**b. How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

**c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, taxes included in payment
- ☐ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

**d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, insurance included in payment
- ☐ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

**H24a. Do you have a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No — Skip to H25

**b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required

Answer ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —

**H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

Answer ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME —

**H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees on this mobile home and its site last year? Exclude real estate taxes.**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6. ➔



PERSON 1			14a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?		18. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which —	
Last name _____ First name _____ Middle initial _____  <b>8. In what U.S. State or foreign country was this person born?</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)	<input type="radio"/> Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for the next person <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to 15a <input type="radio"/> No		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <b>a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?</b>			
<b>9. Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in the United States — Skip to 11 <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas <input type="radio"/> Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents <input type="radio"/> Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization <input type="radio"/> No, not a citizen of the United States	<b>b. Where did this person live 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?</b> <b>(1) Name of U.S. State or foreign country</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (If outside U.S., print answer above and skip to 15a.) <b>(2) Name of county in the U.S.</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> <b>(3) Name of city or town in the U.S.</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> <b>(4) Did this person live inside the city or town limits?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, lived outside the city/town limits		<b>b. Prevents this person from working at a job?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			
<b>10. When did this person come to the United States to stay?</b> <input type="radio"/> 1987 to 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1985 or 1986 <input type="radio"/> 1965 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1982 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1964 <input type="radio"/> 1980 or 1981 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> Before 1950	<b>15a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 16 <b>b. What is this language?</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 20px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (For example: Chinese, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese) <b>c. How well does this person speak English?</b> <input type="radio"/> Very well <input type="radio"/> Not well <input type="radio"/> Well <input type="radio"/> Not at all		<b>19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does this person have any difficulty —</b> <b>a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <b>b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No If this person is a female — <b>20. How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted.</b> None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>			
<b>11. At any time since February 1, 1990, has this person attended regular school or college?</b> Include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree. <input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private school, private college	<b>16. When was this person born?</b> <input type="radio"/> Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a <input type="radio"/> Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person		<b>21a. Did this person work at any time LAST WEEK?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) <input type="radio"/> No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work. — Skip to 25			
<b>12. How much school has this person COMPLETED?</b> Fill ONE circle for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received. <input type="radio"/> No school completed <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten <input type="radio"/> 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade <input type="radio"/> 5th, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade <input type="radio"/> 9th grade <input type="radio"/> 10th grade <input type="radio"/> 11th grade <input type="radio"/> 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA <input type="radio"/> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE - high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED) <input type="radio"/> Some college but no degree <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Occupational program <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Academic program <input type="radio"/> Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS) <input type="radio"/> Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA) <input type="radio"/> Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) <input type="radio"/> Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)	<b>17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide.</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes, now on active duty <input type="radio"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now <input type="radio"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 18 <b>b. Was active-duty military service during —</b> Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. <input type="radio"/> September 1980 or later <input type="radio"/> May 1975 to August 1980 <input type="radio"/> Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) <input type="radio"/> February 1955—July 1964 <input type="radio"/> Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) <input type="radio"/> World War II (September 1940—July 1947) <input type="radio"/> World War I (April 1917—November 1918) <input type="radio"/> Any other time <b>c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had?</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 50px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-top: 5px;"></div> Years		<b>b. How many hours did this person work LAST WEEK (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 100px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-top: 5px;"></div> Hours			
<b>13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin?</b> (See instruction guide for further information.) <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)	<b>22. At what location did this person work LAST WEEK?</b> If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. <b>a. Address (Number and street)</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> (If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest street or intersection.) <b>b. Name of city, town, or post office</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> <b>c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, outside the city/town limits <b>d. County</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> <b>e. State</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> <b>f. ZIP Code</b> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; height: 30px; margin-top: 5px;"></div>					



**23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK?** If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.

- ☐ Car, truck, or van    ☐ Motorcycle  
☐ Bus or trolley bus    ☐ Bicycle  
☐ Streetcar or trolley car    ☐ Walked  
☐ Subway or elevated    ☐ Worked at home  
☐ Railroad    ☐ Skip to 28  
☐ Ferryboat    ☐ Other method  
☐ Taxicab

If "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.

**b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ Drove alone    ☐ 5 people  
☐ 2 people    ☐ 6 people  
☐ 3 people    ☐ 7 to 9 people  
☐ 4 people    ☐ 10 or more people

**24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ a.m.  
☐ p.m.

**b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?**

Minutes — Skip to 28

**25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ Yes, on layoff  
☐ Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.  
☐ No

**26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 27

**b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered?**

- ☐ No, already has a job  
☐ No, temporarily ill  
☐ No, other reasons (in school, etc.)  
☐ Yes, could have taken a job

**27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?**

- ☐ 1990    ☐ 1980 to 1984  
☐ 1989    ☐ 1979 or earlier  
☐ 1988    ☐ Never worked  
☐ 1985 to 1987

**28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB ACTIVITY.** Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.

**28. Industry or Employer**

**a. For whom did this person work?**

If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle — ☐ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.

(Name of company, business, or other employer)

**b. What kind of business or industry was this?**

Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)

**c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle**

- ☐ Manufacturing    ☐ Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)  
☐ Wholesale trade  
☐ Retail trade

**29. Occupation**

**a. What kind of work was this person doing?**

(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, cake icer)

**b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?**

(For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, icing cakes)

**30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle**

- ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions  
☐ Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization  
☐ Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)  
☐ State GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ Federal GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

**31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 32

**b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989?**

Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

Weeks

**c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?**

Hours

**32. INCOME IN 1989 —**

Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989.

For income received jointly, see instruction guide. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate.

If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.

**a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**d. Interest, dividends, net rental income or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments.**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.**

☐ Yes  
☐ No    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

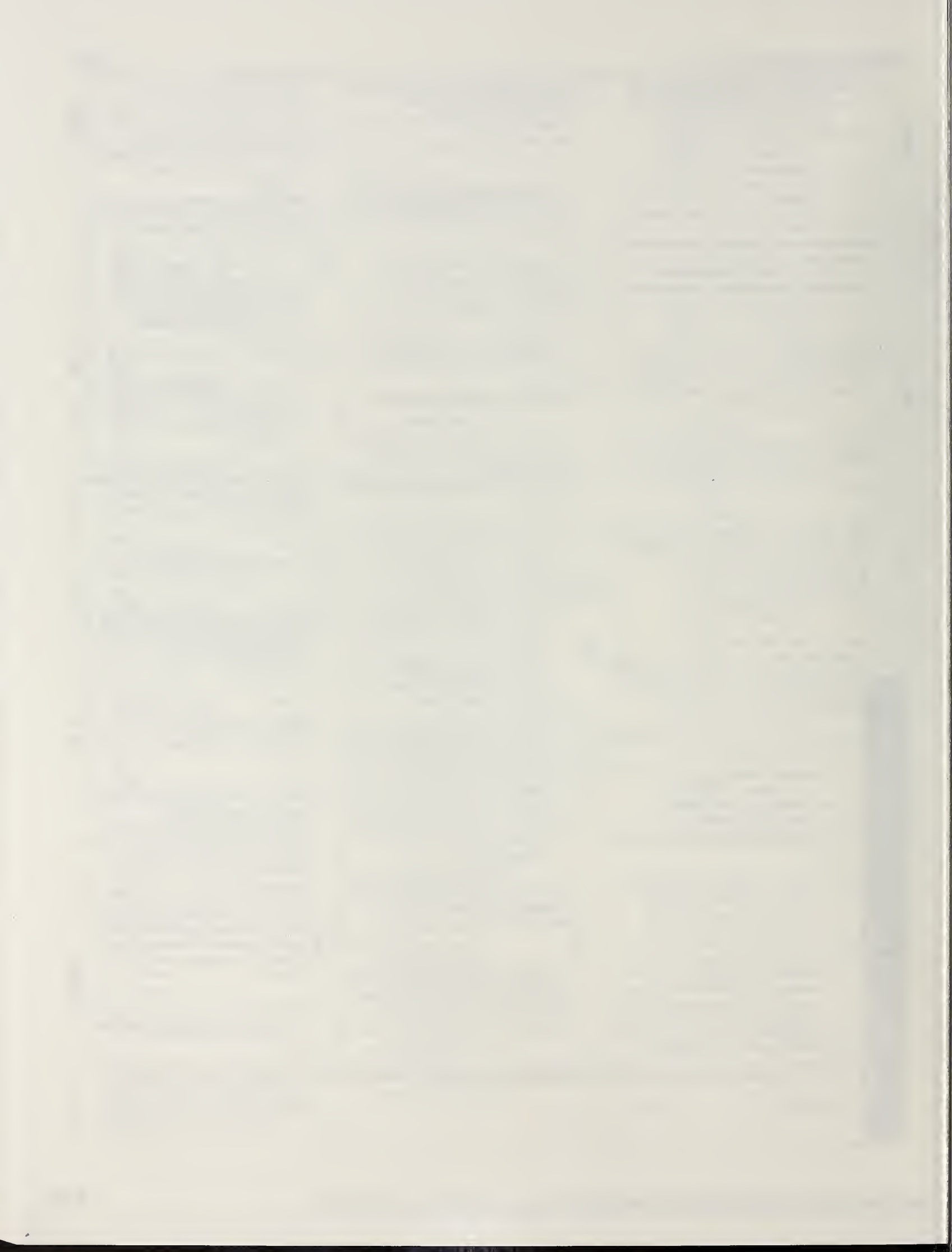
**33. What was this person's total income in 1989?**

Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

☐ None    OR    \$ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn the page and answer questions for Person 2 listed on page 1. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.





# APPENDIX F.

## Data Products and User Assistance

### CONTENTS

Data Products .....	F-1
Geographic Products .....	F-3
Other Census Bureau Resources .....	F-5
Reference Materials .....	F-4
Sources of Assistance .....	F-4

The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

### DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

### Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

### Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data**—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)



**Summary Tape Files (STF's)**—These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

**Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)**—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

**Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files**—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

**Other Special Computer Tape Files**—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

## Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

## Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

## Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

## Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

## User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations—

UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County



Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

## GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

**County Block Maps**—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

**County Subdivision Outline Maps**—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

**Voting District Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

### Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP



Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

## REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide*. This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program*. A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics*. A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community*. A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers*. A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base*. A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You*. The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement*. A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.

- *Census Catalog and Guide*. A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

## SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC, Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.



## Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

## Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

## Other Sources of Products and Services

**State Data Centers—**The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

**National Services Program—**The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

**National Clearinghouse—**The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries—**There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

## OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People:* Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry:* Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction:* Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms:* Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade:* Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations:* Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the



annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

## **Current Demographic and Housing Programs**

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

## **Economic Censuses and Surveys**

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

## **Agriculture Census and Surveys**

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

## **Governments Census and Surveys**

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

## **Foreign Trade Statistics**

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

## **Other Statistical Activities**

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

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**100-PERCENT COMPONENT**

**Population**

Household relationship  
Sex  
Race  
Age  
Marital status  
Hispanic origin

**Housing**

Number of units in structure  
Number of rooms in unit  
Tenure—owned or rented  
Value of home or monthly rent  
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)  
Vacancy characteristics

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**SAMPLE COMPONENT**

**Population**

*Social characteristics:*  
Education—enrollment and attainment  
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.  
Ancestry  
Language spoken at home  
Migration (residence in 1985)  
Disability  
Fertility  
Veteran status

*Economic characteristics:*

Labor force  
Occupation, industry, and class of worker  
Place of work and journey to work  
Work experience in 1989  
Income in 1989  
Year last worked

**Housing**

Year moved into residence  
Number of bedrooms  
Plumbing and kitchen facilities  
Telephone in unit  
Vehicles available  
Heating fuel  
Source of water and method of sewage disposal  
Year structure built  
Condominium status  
Farm residence  
Shelter costs, including utilities

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NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CPH-1	<b>Summary Population and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	<b>Population and Housing Unit Counts</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
<b>100-Percent and Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-3	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas</b>	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress</b>	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-5	<b>Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CP-1	<b>General Population Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data—Con.</b>				
1990 CP-1-1A	<b>General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	<b>General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	<b>General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CP-2	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	<b>Population Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CH-1	<b>General Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	<b>General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CH-2	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	<b>Housing Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census subjects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

Geographic areas

Description

STF 1 (100 percent)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 900 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas	
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas	
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	Over 2,100 cells/items of 100-percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 2 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
STF 3 (Sample)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	Over 3,300 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area
	B <sup>3</sup>	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State	
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States	



Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

	Geographic areas	Description
STF 4 (Sample)	A In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNAs. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNAs	
	B State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.
	C U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	

<sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

<sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

<sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

**Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products**

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas ( MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
5 Percent—PUMS Areas		County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)		MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas





# APPENDIX G.

## Maps

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps**—These are county-based maps that depict the boundaries and codes of census tracts or block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries and names of counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian/Alaska Native areas. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. Printed versions of these maps are available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office (GPO).



ORIGINAL ARTICLES											
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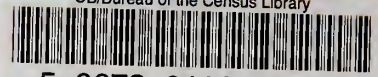








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